"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy, slightly warmer today; rain or snow Friday; winds becoming south and moderate.
For full weather report see Page 19.

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BRYAN TO STUMP ON WILSON'S TRAIL; WOOD TESTIFIES

Ex-Secretary Is to Fight Preparedness, and General Calls for Larger Army.

WOOD BEFORE SENATORS

Tells Military Committee That the Nation Must Have 210,000 Regulars.

HITS AT VOLUNTEER SYSTEM

Advocates Universal Service and Large Reserve Force—Fletcher Praises Fleet.

Defence plans, criticisms thereof, and political moves hanging thereon, provided a large part of last night's news from the national capital. Representative Bailey of Pennsylvania, as spokesman for William J. Bryan, announced yesterday in Washington that the ex-Secretary of State would take the stump to oppose President Wilson's plans for preparedness, and that he might trail the President when Mr. Wilson went on his speaking tour.

Major General Leonard Wood told the Senate Military Affairs Committee that universal military service would be necessary to defend the country from possible attack, and that the regular army should be increased to 210,000 men. He denounced the volunteer system as a failure and favored a trained reserve force twice the size of the regular army.

The annual report of Admiral Fletcher, made public yesterday, disclosed that he stated that on June 30 the Atlantic fleet was better balanced and was doing better shooting than ever before. But he called attention to the need of more officers and men, more fast cruisers, and made many other suggestions for improvements.

BRYAN TO TAKE THE STUMP.

Will Trail Wilson When He Tours Country for Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—When President Wilson takes the stump to advocate his program for military preparedness he will be trailed by William J. Bryan in opposition to an increase of the nation's defenses. It is even probable that Mr. Bryan will visit the same cities and cover the same ground that the President does, although it is asserted that if this happens it will not be by any prearranged plan.

President Wilson's speaking tour will begin early in February and probably will cover Middle Western States, including Ohio. He already has engagements to deliver two addresses in New York on Jan. 31, and will make no trips before that time.

Announcement of Mr. Bryan's tour was made by Representative Warren Worth Bailey of Pennsylvania, one of the most active opponents of the Administration's military program and for many years a loyal follower of Mr. Bryan. Representative Bailey not only is busy organizing the anti-preparedness forces in Congress, but he also is in constant communication with Mr. Bryan and is thoroughly conversant with his plans.

Among President Wilson's supporters this announcement is construed as a "declaration of war" upon the part of Mr. Bryan, and an indication of his intention to carry his opposition to the Administration's military program to the last ditch, which probably will be the Democratic National Convention. The fight will be for the control of the Resolutions Committee, which will draft the platform. The Bryan factionists insist that they will write the platform as they did four years ago, and that many of its planks will be directly opposite to the views of President Wilson.

"I have reliable information," said Representative Bailey today, "that Mr. Bryan intends making an appeal direct to the people for their support in his efforts to prevent this Government from entering militaristic program. He will go out upon the stump just as the President will do, and in this way the public, or a considerable portion of it, will hear the arguments of the leaders of both sides.

Mr. Bryan's friends in Congress will not admit that his attitude means a split in the party. Upon this phase Representative Bailey said:

"I wish you would make it plain that because Mr. Bryan sees fit to oppose the militaristic program of the President, it does not mean that he will oppose Mr. Wilson for re-election. There are many Democrats who wish this point emphasized. We feel that we are perfectly free to oppose a policy which we think is contrary to Democratic doctrine and which has not been sanctioned either by the people or by the national organization of the party, without being classed as opponents of the President. There is a distinction and it should be pointed out."

"Do you mean to say that Mr. Bryan will support President Wilson for re-election even though he fights the Administration program?" Mr. Bailey was asked.

"I mean to say that I have no information to the effect that Mr. Bryan will oppose the President," he answered. "The point that I am making is that, merely because Mr. Bryan is not in sympathy with the Administration's program and is doing all he can to prevent militarism, he is not to be regarded as an opponent of President Wilson for re-election."

"Do you think the division in the Democratic Party over preparedness will develop into a serious rupture?" he was asked.

"I do not see how it can be avoided," replied Mr. Bailey

GEN. WOOD WANTS ARMY OF 210,000

Says the Nation Never Will Be Secure from Attack Under Volunteer System.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs today, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, former Chief of Staff of the army, expressed his belief that the country would not be secure against attack before a system of universal service was adopted.

General Wood was not arguing for such a system now. He realized, he

Continued on Page 4.

BEST AIRCRAFT NOW SAID TO BE GERMAN

New Fokker Plane, 200 Horse Power, Has Destroyed 13 British Craft in a Month.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 20.—"British flying men are outengined and outpowered by the new German Fokker battleplane," says The Daily Mail today.

"The French authorities concede that the latest type of Fokker is more powerful than the latest French Nieuport or Morane machines. The Fokker is a monoplane with a 200 horse power engine. The German official communications claim that this type of machine has brought down thirteen British aircraft during the last month."

In August of last year it was announced that Glenn H. Curtiss was building war aeroplanes for the Allies which would weigh nearly two tons and have twin engines developing 320 horsepower. In November Colonel Thomas L. Eggleston of Washington announced that the Christmas Aeroplane Company of Washington had closed an order with the Allies for eleven Class B battleship cruiser type aeroplanes to be larger than any then built. They were to have a wing spread of 180 feet and twin engines developing 1,600 horsepower.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The immediate formation of an independent armed flying squadron, the essential purpose of which would be to carry the war into Germany, is the recommendation of the French Aerial League, the founders of which include M. Barthou, a former Premier; Georges Clemenceau, and other prominent men.

The League yesterday received a report from its Technical Committee urging that the Government Aviation Service act with the League in studying ways and means for realizing the objects the League has in view.

Resolutions adopted by the League say that the supremacy of the air may constitute one of the elements for victory, that France must do everything to win this supremacy and maintain it, and that there exist no material obstacles which cannot be overcome.

ETHLYN LALANDE HELD AS INSANE IN LONDON

Girl Famous in New Orleans for Her Beauty Had Lived Abroad for Years.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Miss Ethlyn Lalande of New York, who asserts that she is a niece of Theodore Roosevelt, has been detained by the police for an examination into her sanity. If her relatives in New York will send for her, the police say, they will send her home without proceeding with the proposed action to have her committed to an English asylum for the insane. Miss Lalande came here on war relief work.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 19.—The detention of Miss Ethlyn Lalande in London on a charge of insanity caused a sensation in New Orleans, where she was reared. She comes of one of the oldest and most prominent Creole families of the city and is closely connected with wealthy society leaders here. She is the daughter of the late John Lalande, and the granddaughter of the late Mrs. J. C. Rathbone, both of whom were prominent in their lifetime.

Miss Lalande is one of three sisters, all noted for beauty. The oldest, Miss Juanita, especially famous as a beauty, was sponsor at the christening of the battleship Louisiana ten or twelve years ago. Later she was on the stage for a time. She has not been in New Orleans for several years. The other sisters, Ethlyn and Tuby, went to Paris several years ago, and lived in a fashionable quarter.

In Paris Ethlyn Lalande became acquainted with a wealthy Frenchwoman, who practically adopted her. She intended to make Miss Lalande her heir, but changed her mind, and an estrangement resulted. Miss Lalande returning to a boarding house. Her friends in New Orleans thought that she was still there.

Miss Lalande's father was a wealthy cotton broker of New Orleans, also a sugar planter. In later years the family lost some of its wealth, but it retains a considerable sum.

Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., said yesterday that he had never heard of Ethlyn Lalande and that he was certain she was not related in any way to his family. Miss Lalande's name does not appear in the New York City directory.

MRS. S. L. GLASGOW, WIDOWED, ENDS LIFE

Shoots Herself, Leaving Note Asking to be Buried Beside General, Who Died Sunday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Because she felt she could not live alone, Mrs. Winona Glasgow, 45 years old, widow of Brig. Gen. Samuel Lyle Glasgow, who won promotion for his share in the siege of Vicksburg in the civil war, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting herself through the heart today in her apartments at the Falkstone Courts. General Glasgow, who was 76 years old, died there on Sunday night of hardening of the arteries. This morning his body was cremated.

Mrs. Glasgow went to the crematory this morning with her brother, Charles Schlichter, and her sister, Mrs. Charles W. Dietts of Burlington, Iowa. They accompanied the widow back to her apartments. She sent Mrs. Dietts out for marketing and in the latter's absence wrote this note:

I am lonesome, and cannot live without the General. It is my request that my ashes be placed along with his at Arlington tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Please forgive me for this, but it is my only solace.

When Mrs. Dietts returned, Mrs. Glasgow, who had neither slept nor eaten since her husband's death, said she would lie down and rest. Going into her room, she partly disrobed, lay upon a bed, covered herself with a comfort, placed the revolver against her heart and pulled the trigger. Two hours later, when they called her for dinner, her brother and sister discovered her dead body.

Mrs. Glasgow married General Glasgow ten years ago in Chicago. Four years ago they came to Washington to enable the General to conduct a legislative campaign for old age pensions for civil war veterans.

FLORIDA-AUGUSTA-CUBA-SOUTH.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE. 4 All Steel Electric Lighted Ltd. Trains Daily via Standard R. R. of South. Office, B'way & 29th St.—Advt.

MAY NOT INSIST ON A DISAVOWAL OF THE LUSITANIA

Washington Expects Settlement Omitting Any Reference to Ethics of Torpedoing.

NEW PROPOSAL LOOKED FOR

United States Has Rejected Berlin's Attempt to Justify Submarine's Act.

LIKE ARABIC AGREEMENT

Some Such Compromise Anticipated —Germany Making Reparation and Expressing Regret.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Germany's proposal to incorporate in the settlement of the Lusitania case a reservation of any admission of wrongdoing by her submarine commander is understood to have been rejected by the United States. A new proposal from the Berlin Government is expected momentarily, however, and there is a possibility that the controversy may be closed by the elimination of all mention of the merits or demerits of the actual torpedoing of the vessel, Germany agreeing to pay an indemnity for the American lives lost, reiterating expressions of regret, and calling attention directly or by inference to the contention that she already has given the most effective disavowal by making assurances for the future.

If in the new proposition there should be another such reservation or any attempt to justify the sinking of the Lusitania on the ground that the act constituted a reprisal in retaliation for the British blockade of Germany, that also probably will be rejected. There were indications tonight, however, that Germany believed that the United States might, under certain circumstances, accept a proposal omitting mention of the legality or illegality of the act. One of a somewhat similar nature resulted in an agreement over the sinking of the steamship Arabic.

A Precedent for the Future.

Because the negotiations by mutual agreement are held to be confidential by officials of the State Department and the German Embassy, it has not been disclosed just how far a proposal of this character would go toward a complete settlement satisfactory to both sides, or whether the United States is prepared to insist upon Germany admitting in so many words that the torpedoing of the Lusitania was unjustifiable.

There are, it was said, numerous objections to accepting a form of settlement which, by going into a discussion of the broad questions involved, might serve as an undesirable precedent in the future. Such a form was understood to have been suggested in the most recent proposal submitted by Germany through Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador. It is known that the opinion prevails in various quarters that such a discussion virtually is superfluous, the belief being that the United States already has achieved its aims.

Official and Teutonic diplomatic circles remain optimistic regarding the ultimate outcome of the negotiations. A strong desire prevails to settle the controversy in a manner satisfactory to both Governments and pleasing to public opinion in both countries. Officials, however, do not believe that a settlement in which Germany was permitted to reserve an admission of wrongdoing would meet with approval in the United States, while, on the other hand, it is declared that the opposition in Germany and public opinion there would not approve of a settlement which would entail an admission that the commander of the submarine was wrong in sinking the Lusitania.

Consequently it was considered in various quarters that there was a strong probability that a settlement might be effected by eliminating discussion of the acts of the commander under a policy of the German Government which has since been changed as the result of negotiations with the United States over submarine warfare.

The Mediterranean Assurances.

It is considered in Teutonic circles that the recent assurances regarding the conduct of submarine warfare in the Mediterranean, where, because no blockade exists, no reprisals are necessary, from the German point of view, contain evidence of the good faith of the German Government in regard to the entire subject of submarine operations. It is urged that the same rules would have applied to the conduct of warfare in the North Sea had not Great Britain attempted a blockade of Germany.

Consideration of these contentions, along with the understanding that the United States, except in a humanitarian sense, has no interest in the North Sea operations, unless they involve the safety of Americans, has added to the belief that an offer of a settlement somewhat similar to that in the Arabic case might be acceptable.

RESUMES RECRUITING.

Derby Hopes by Appeals to Make Compulsion a Dead Letter.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Another great recruiting campaign on voluntary lines was inaugurated today at a meeting in Downing Street between the Earl of Derby and the members of the Central Recruiting Committee. The intention is to make another attempt, through the stimulus of a widespread appeal by posters and other advertising measures, to lend such a measure of success to the voluntary movement that the Military Service Bill shall become a dead letter.

Lord Derby presided at the meeting, which was attended by civilians and military men of high rank, labor members of the House of Commons and others interested in recruiting. It was decided to invite the mayors of corporations and other local authorities to co-operate in securing both single and married men for the service.

The Manor, Asheville, N. C. The English Inn of America. Albert Malone, Mgr.—Advt.

Reichstag Told British Blockade Is Effective And Germany Is Deceiving Only Herself

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18, (via London, Jan. 19.)—The debate at the closing session of the German Reichstag today was notable for the extreme outspoken criticism of the censorship, especially as it is applied to the Socialist newspapers, as well as to general news concerning the war situation.

According to the report of the Cologne Gazette, the Socialist member, Wilhelm Dittman, charged that the Prussian Government was making careful preparations that the elections should turn in their favor.

"We must," said Herr Dittmann, "destroy this pernicious mania which only regards voices, claiming conquest as the expression of the will of the people. The people are against a will which cries for conquest."

Dr. Stresemann, National Liberal, scathingly criticised a Government policy of only allowing the people to hear opinions favorable to Germany. He said:

"We can bear the fresh breath of criticism. That things are not going well with us and that England's blockade is effective is known abroad so exactly that it is needless to hide anything.

"The Government ought to send broadcast the news, not in highly colored phrases that everything is going well, but that much is going ill and that, therefore, it is our duty to assume every burden created by the situation."

Convoys for Noncontraband Cargoes a Feature of New British Blockade

Neutrals May Be Asked to Supply Escort for Their Guaranteed Merchant Ships Sailing Through British Waters—Final Plan to Be Announced Soon.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Statements that are being made in Washington and other places as to the character of the blockade tightening process which Great Britain has in contemplation may be regarded as speculative. The facts are that while the whole subject is under consideration, as was first announced in these dispatches a week ago, the British Government has not yet decided upon the course of action that will be taken. Furthermore, whatever policy is undertaken will have to receive the sanction of the other members of the Entente for complete unity of policy on the part of England, France particularly, and to a certain extent Italy and Russia, is desired in a question which is bound to arouse some measure of opposition from neutrals.

Among the possible solutions of the problem now under consideration is a scheme whereby neutral Governments would provide a naval convoy through British waters for merchant vessels carrying cargoes guaranteed as noncontraband by the Governments concerned. This, of course, is only a partial solution, and the difficulties of it are foreseen.

The British Government, it may be stated with authority, is not in the least disposed to give ear to the extremists who are urging that the interests of neutral nations be disregarded in order to win the war by strangling Germany. What the Government is aiming at is to increase the severity of the blockade to the limit compatible with a proper consruction of sea law as it affects both belligerents and neutrals. It is intimated a plan whereby this may be achieved will be formulated within a week or so.

Baltic the Chief Problem.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—From views obtained in official circles it is known that the chief obstacle in the way of substituting an actual blockade of Germany for the situation created under the Orders in Council is provided by the Baltic.

The problem of controlling the Baltic, so that the precedents established during the American civil war may be met, is giving the Government considerable trouble, and on its solution depends the decision of the Cabinet as to canceling the Orders in Council.

The controversy between Great Britain and Sweden over the detention of mails has reached an impasse, with both sides stubbornly refusing to allow its rival's mails to be expedited through the respective countries. Sweden now is holding an enormous quantity of English mail destined for Russia, while mail is being taken from every Scandinavian liner brought into Kirkwall, Scotland.

Vigorous representations are being made by the diplomats of both countries, but the controversy presents so many novel features that extensive debates may be expected. Neutral diplomatic circles here are more concerned over the detention of mails than any other fact arising from the British blockade.

The Foreign Office takes the definite stand that a parcel, no matter what class of postage it bears, is no more entitled to protection than is ordinary freight. The neutral countries have not yet controverted this stand, but base their objections on interferences and delays to which actual first-class postal correspondence has been subjected.

Great Britain further claims the right to censor mails in transit to other countries if the ship carrying them comes voluntarily into a British port. This directly affects mails to Holland. The United States, backed by other neutral countries, it is said, will contend that since it is impossible on account of the British war measures in the English Channel for Dutch liners to avoid coming within the three-mile limit, the mails aboard them are entitled to the same immunity as those aboard ships which are forcibly brought into port from the high seas.

An odd feature of the controversy is Sweden's detention of British mails to Russia, this being the first tangible reprisal measure by a neutral. Swedish diplomats declare that since the Swedish Government forbids the export of certain articles she has a right to hold up the British parcel post.

The Politiken of Copenhagen says that anxiety has been aroused in Stockholm by the speech at the opening of the Swedish Parliament by King Gustave, who urged vigorous preparation of national defenses in view of belligerent disregard of neutral rights. The situation is a source of concern in Stockholm on account of the seizure by the British last week of a large quantity of provisions from the Swedish-American steamship Stockholm, from New York.

The action of the British authorities is criticized sharply by the Swedish press, which expressed the opinion that the value of the goods seized cannot be regarded as anything like an adequate offset to the effect of the incident on relations between Sweden and Great Britain. Some of the Swedish newspapers say that such actions are worse than an open rupture.

Hjalmar Branting, Socialist leader in the second Swedish Chamber, who recently visited the allied front in Flanders, is quoted by the Social Demokraten as saying that he prefers decisive action a day too early rather than a day too late, in order to save Sweden from complications.

"It is noted that King Gustave, in his speech from the throne did not make the usual reference to the good relations of Sweden with foreign powers," the correspondent adds. "Several interpellations on foreign affairs are expected during the session."

"Why does the American press declare that the United States would welcome the declaration of a formal effective blockade? Why should American traders desire the imposition of an arrangement under which none of their stuff could get through to Germany?"

These questions are asked by The Morning Post, which finds its answer in a dispatch from its Washington correspondent who explains that the German element in the United States believes the establishment of an effective blockade impossible and that the declaration of a blockade would instantly embroil the Entente Allies with the United States.

Rush Censorship of Mail.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Assurances from the British Foreign Office that neutral mail opened by British censors and found to be "innocent" was not being unnecessarily delayed reached the State Department today through Ambassador Page.

So far there has been no formal reply to the American note to London protesting against mail interference. Officials regard the Foreign Office assurances, however, as evidence that the protest at least has resulted in speeding up censorship. The department issued this announcement:

"The department is in receipt of telegraphic advices from the American Ambassador at London stating that he has been informed by the British Foreign Office that mail and parcel post matter detained by the authorities and found to be 'innocent' is forwarded to the addresses immediately, but that matter retained is placed in the Prize Court."

The note to Great Britain, which has been in preparation at the State Department some time presenting the American view regarding the treatment of contraband of war, is being held up pending development of the Allies' purpose as to a formal blockade. It was indicated at the department today that while the communication would not be delayed indefinitely, the United States would wait a reasonable time inasmuch as a blockade declaration probably would necessitate some changes in this Government's attitude.

FRENCH AND BRITISH IN A WAR CONFERENCE

Two Premiers and Their Associates Meet in London and Discuss Plans.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Members of the French and British Governments held another war conference this afternoon in Downing Street. France was represented by Premier Briand, Jules Cambon, General Under Secretary of the Foreign Ministry, and Alexandre Millerand, former Minister of War. For the British Government, Premier Asquith, Lord Kitchener, Sir Edwin Grey, and Arthur J. Balfour were present. A number of French and British military and naval officers also attended the meeting.

Further plans for active prosecution of the war were discussed.

For nourishing diet in grippe or sore throat use Horlick's Malted Milk. Avoid substitutes.—Advt.

EMPEROR WILLIAM PAYS VISIT TO NISH

Meets King Ferdinand of Bulgaria There and Makes Him a German Field Marshal.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A Reuter dispatch says that Emperor William was in Nish, Serbia, yesterday. According to this information, which was forwarded from Nish by way of Berlin, the German Emperor met King Ferdinand of Bulgaria at Nish.

"The monarchs greeted each other cordially," the dispatch says, "and then reviewed from the citadel a procession of Bulgarian, Macedonian, and German troops.

"The Emperor presented King Ferdinand with a field Marshal's baton, and the King appointed the Emperor honorary commander of a Bulgarian infantry regiment."

PINEHURST, N. C. Centre of outdoor sports. Hotel Carolina. Holly Inn, Berkshire, now open.—Advt.

MONTENEGRO REJECTS TERMS OF PEACE; GREEK KING AND 'HIGHEST MAN IN FRANCE' HAVE IT OUT IN NEWSPAPER INTERVIEWS

Text of the French Official Announcement of Montenegro's Rejection of Austria's Terms

PARIS, Wednesday, Jan. 19.—The following official statement was issued here today:

The wireless news of the surrender of the Montenegrin army appears somewhat premature. It is now announced from another source that negotiations between Austria and Montenegro have been broken off, the conditions of surrender imposed by Austria having been found quite unacceptable by Montenegro.

The King, the royal family, and the diplomatic corps are about to proceed to Italy.

Montenegrin Consulate in Paris Excuses Nicholas.

PARIS, Tuesday, Jan. 18, (Delayed.)—Respecting the report that Montenegro had agreed to surrender to Austria-Hungary, the Montenegrin Consulate here issued the following statement tonight:

The press announces that unhappy Montenegro has been forced to submit to the inevitable after fighting heroically under particularly disadvantageous conditions against an enemy formidably armed and greatly outnumbering the Montenegrins.

It may be considered certain that if the King and Government have given in this was because the army had exhausted its stock of ammunition. Even flight had become impossible, the enemy being on the frontiers. There was no way out by sea, and there was intense hostility on the Albanian side. If the Serbian Army was able to escape from Serbia, the feeble Montenegrin forces, worn out by superhuman exertions of a long and desperately effective resistance and by privations of all sorts, did not possess the means of seeking refuge on friendly soil.

It is easy to discuss and criticise the conditions relative to the suspension of hostilities—all the details of which emanate from an enemy source. The unfortunate victim may even be covered with opprobrium, but that cannot take away from the reputation of gallant little Montenegro nor diminish the sublimely heroic rôle she has so honorably played in the great war.

Greek King Denounces Allies' Acts; 'French Authority' Answers Him

King Appeals to America Against the Allies and Says the War Will End in a Draw.

ATHENS, Jan. 18, 8:45 P. M., (via Paris.)—King Constantine sent this morning for The Associated Press correspondent in order to express through the newspapers of the United States, as he said, his profound indignation at what he termed "the unheard-of highhandedness of the recent action of the Allies toward Greece."

The King was greatly moved as he recited one after the other the long list of what he called "the Allies' encroachments on the sovereignty of Greece culminating in the occupation of Corfu and the blowing up of the bridge at Demir Hissar."

"It is the merest cant," said the King, "for Great Britain and France to talk about the violation of the neutrality of Belgium and Luxemburg after what they themselves have done and are doing here. I have tried in every way I know how to get fair play in the British and French press and to obtain a fair hearing from the British and French public. No sooner had the British newspapers attacked Greece with the most amazing perversion of fact and misrepresentation of motives, than I called one of their correspondents and gave him face to face a full statement of Greece's position. I have given a most frank statement to the French press through one of the French newspapers which had been most bitterly attacking Greece.

"The only forum of public opinion open to me is that of the United States. The situation is far too vital for me to care a snap about royal dignity in the matter of interviews, when the very life of Greece as an independent country is at stake. I shall appeal to America again and again, if necessary, for that fair hearing which is denied to me by the countries of the Allies.

Complains of Occupation.

"Just look at the list of Greek territory already occupied by the Allied troops—Lemnos, Imbros, Mytilene, Castelloriza, Corfu, Saloniki, including the Chalcidice Peninsula, and a large part of Macedonia. In proportion to all Greece it is as if that part of the United States which was won from Mexico after the Mexican War were occupied by foreign troops—and not so much as 'by your leave.'

"What matters that they promise to pay for the damage done when the war is over? They cannot pay for the sufferings of my people, driven out of their homes. They plead military necessity. It was under the constraint of military necessity that Germany invaded Belgium and occupied Luxemburg.

"It is no good claiming that the neutrality of Greece was not guaranteed by the powers now violating it, as was the case in Belgium, for the neutrality of Corfu is guaranteed by Great Britain, France, Russia, Austria, and Prussia. And yet that has not made any difference in their action.

Why Blow Up the Bridge?

"And what about that plea of military necessity? Where is the military necessity of destroying the Demir-Hissar bridge, which cost a million and a half drachme and which was the only practicable route by which we can revictual my troops in Eastern Macedonia? The bridge was mined. It could have been blown up on a moment's notice at the enemy's approach. It is admitted that there was no enemy anywhere near the bridge and no indication that any was coming. What military reason was there, therefore, to blow up the bridge now except to starve out the Greek troops around Serres and Drama?

"Where is the necessity for the occupation of Corfu? If Greece is the ally of Serbia so also is Italy, and transportation of Serbs to Albania and Italy would be simpler than to Corfu. Is it because the Italians are refusing to accept Serbs, fearing a spread of cholera, and that the Allies think that the Greeks want to be endangered by cholera any more than the Italians?

"They say that they are occupying Castelloriza, Corfu, and other points in search for submarine bases. The British Legation at Athens has a stand-

Continued on Page 2.

France Defends Allies' Course and Charges That Greece Harbors Submarines.

PARIS, Jan. 18, (Delayed.)—The highest French authority takes the occasion of the interview with King Constantine to define the principles according to which France has acted toward Greece and to give to The Associated Press certain facts concerning Greece's course toward the Allies.

"The interview given by King Constantine to The Associated Press," said this personage, "recalls point by point observations which, both in matter and manner, show the groundlessness of his accusation against the Allies.

"He reproaches the Allies with hypocrisy in talking of Germany's violation of the neutrality of Belgium and Luxemburg after what they have done in Greece. But the Allies talked of the violation before their own action, and for the excellent reason that Germany violated the neutrality of Belgium and Luxemburg without excuse or provocation of the neutrality of Belgium and what passed in Greece, independently of other considerations mentioned further on, is the consequence of a long war, characterized by the ruin of small peoples by Germany.

"A Temporary Occupation."

"The King declares that the Allies have occupied Greek territories without his permission. There is no question of an occupation, properly speaking, but of a temporary use of certain portions. As regards the islands referred to, the Entente powers made use of them provisionally because Turkey had always refused to recognize Greek possession of them—a use made with the tacit consent of Greece, which only protested for form's sake, which negotiated on the subject with the Allies, making certain stipulations as to methods for the utilization of the islands and receiving in exchange formal promises as to their purely temporary use, as to compensation for all possible damages, and even other promises not unconnected with Greek foreign policy. The Allies were everywhere received by the population with the greatest cordiality and were found by them to be a source of profit, besides being provisioned by them.

"As to Saloniki, the case is still far otherwise than King Constantine avers. The Allies only went to Saloniki in order to succor Serbia, Greece's ally, and as an answer to the mobilization by Serbia's traditional enemy, Bulgaria. Serbia, attacked on two sides, was not in a position to obtain from the Greeks the 150,000 men stipulated for in the Treaty of Alliance. It was to reach these men that the Allies went to Saloniki, at the request of the Greek Government, which otherwise refused to mobilize.

"The arrival of the Franco-British forces at Saloniki has drawn forth only a purely formal protest, and the Greek military authorities have received orders to give them every facility.

"The analogy between the military necessities which called the Allies to Saloniki to help Greece's ally, Serbia, and those claimed by Germany for the violation of Belgium simply does not exist. The Greek people have received the Allies cordially. The Greek Government, even before the arrival of the Allies, had already shown favor to the Serbians by granting them considerable facilities for the transport of their armament as well as provisions. The Germans crushed the Belgians, who were defending their country, in order to reach a peaceable people beyond them.

"Greece's neutrality has from the beginning been a benevolent one toward the Allies. This has been declared to them officially, not only by M. Venizelos, but also his successors, several times; yet during recent months the Greek Government has permitted Germans and Austrians to violate its neutrality by using the Greek coasts and islands as a base for provisioning their submarines.

"The fact that no one has been able to locate this base exactly proves the cleverness of the Germans, but their fury at the presence of the Allies at Castelloriso, Corfu, and other well-

Continued on Page 2.

NICHOLAS GOING TO ITALY

Breaks Off Negotiations with Austria—Terms 'Wholly Unacceptable.'

BRITISH PEOPLE ROUSED

Allies Generally, Not Italy, Are Blamed for Little Kingdom's Plight.

WAR'S CONDUCT CRITICISED

Necessity for Closer Co-operation Among the Allies Urged in England and Italy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 20.—Montenegro's reported surrender has considerably heightened the discontent with which the progress of the war is regarded in England. Even if tonight's report that the negotiations for surrender have been broken off should prove true, it is not believed that Montenegro can again effectively cooperate with the Allies. The first tendency was to blame Italy for her inaction, but it soon became evident that the Allies generally, and not Italy individually, were responsible. In some well-informed quarters, indeed, it is held that had Italy's advice been followed by other members of the Entente Montenegro would not have fallen.

The first proposals for a general war council of the Allies came from Italy. The Italian suggestions were worked out slowly and even yet have not been set on a satisfactory basis. Such consultations as that now being held in London between British and French Ministers are only a step in the desired direction. The Italian General Staff has been consistently opposed to dissipation of the allied strength in expeditions to secondary theatres of war. In all these expeditionary ventures only one has been really successful, namely, the Russian expedition to Persia, and its entire success is largely dependent on the results achieved by the British forces in Mesopotamia.

"What is wrong?" is the general question. A year ago everybody expected, as The Manchester Guardian says, that "If we could only survive the first six months of war without irretrievable disaster we could begin to draw away in the second six months. Instead we have fallen behind. Some blame for this state of things is to be put on the geographical position of the Central Alliance, which is exceedingly strong and gives the enemy the great advantage of what are known as interior lines, but the greater part of the blame is on ourselves and not on nature.

"The Central Powers since the easily defeats of Austria, which almost brought her to her knees, are in effect one, Germany; we remain four great powers at different points of the circumference, with different angles of vision, and though all are inspired with the same determination to win, each has a different philosophy of politics and no accepted formulae of a war policy to which all will give instinctive obedience. In no spirit of arrogance we may claim to have the men, the ships, and the money, and, for that matter, the ability, too, and yet we do not make progress."

Greater unity of control is declared to be the remedy. A supreme war council embracing representatives of all the Allies, such as Italy suggested, may be impossible, but it is advanced as an alternative plan that much could be accomplished by allocating certain campaigns to definite centres and arranging for international representation at each centre. Thus the direction of the western campaign could be in Paris, in the hands of a small but representative Anglo-French staff, in close touch through London with Petrograd, and the campaign in the Balkans could be run by a similar committee in permanent session in Egypt or some other central position. It would be easier than to make arrangements for pooling all information at the disposal of each and co-ordinate strategy and diplomacy.

Another point which is made in this connection has no relation to the oft-quoted remark that this war has not produced any great military genius. Germany's advantage is in the possession of a General Staff with scientifically trained brains. To their requirements all other influences in Germany are subsidiary. Among the Allies political and other influences, generally speaking, carry greater weight than purely military considerations.

Would Confine War to Main Theatre.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 20.—The Times military correspondent, in a long analysis of the progress of the Entente Allies' campaign, urges the concentration of military power on the western front and the abandonment of further secondary operations in distant theatres.

"The main forces of our chief enemy," says the writer, "are still on the western front. This is the centre of gravity of the German military power. We should strike persistently at the centre of gravity if we aim at decisive victory.

"The British and French have diverted to distant theatres since the war began 600,000 men with corresponding

guns and munitions. We hold, had these been at our disposal for the May or September offensives in the west, we might have dealt the Germans a fatal blow.

"These secondary campaigns, moreover, goad into activity armies with which we are not particularly concerned, such as the Bulgars, which might not be particularly hostile if we let them alone, and play the German game of saving the German troops and diverting us from our main purpose. This purpose is to go on killing or wounding 200,000 Germans monthly until the Fatherland yields. Let us be quit of our wander-year and get back to the main business in hand."

The writer maintains that the allied forces have not even yet remedied the shortage in the shell supply, and says: "We have not yet delivered a serious attack without any concern for our supply of shells. Our long periods of quiescence between attacks, which are objectionable in principle, are due to want of shells. When we have an unlimited supply we can do better."

The correspondent urges better co-operation between the British and French commands and declares that a general offensive along the whole western line would hurt the Germans most because it would prevent them from bringing reinforcements to the threatened point from adjacent places. His final observation is that the British high command is too largely in control of cavalry Generals, and urges increased use of artillery officers.

Italy Also Wants More Unity.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 19.—I understand that Italy has put herself unreservedly in the hands of the Allies, trusting that this will lead others to do likewise in the interest of complete co-operation.

The more time passes after the Balkan reverses the more the conviction gains ground that the ultimate victory of the Allies depends on perfect union in aim, organization and supreme command and the sacrificing when necessary of both personal and national selfish pride.

In this sense the press and people urge the government to use its influence with the Allies, hoping that past misfortunes due to conflicting interests and opinions may be a lesson for the future.

ROME, Jan. 19.—The Italian Parliament has not yet taken official cognizance of the recent disaster in Montenegro, but there is no doubt in many minds that this matter will form the basis of criticism of the Government.

Political significance is attached to the movements of King Victor Emanuel, who is back in Rome. A week ago the King returned from the front, and then went to Taranto and, after that, to Brindisi.

The Stefani News Agency makes official denial that the King, while at Taranto, saw the Montenegrin Prince Mirko, who, it says, is not in Italy. The King reviewed the fleet, which may have more active work before it in view of threatened Austrian attacks from the new base.

The Stefani Agency sends a dispatch from Ancona, quoting from a speech made by Salvatore Brazilai, Minister without portfolio in the Cabinet.

"The surrender of Montenegro," said Signor Barziali, "would make it imperative that we consider the domination of the Adriatic, especially if heroic Serbia is ever to have a port there. The truth is that if in the last hours artillery taken by Italy from her own defenses had arrived at the summit of Mount Lovcen, Austria would have been enriched only that much more in war spoils.

"Regarding the Albanian relief expedition it is only possible now for me to state that Italy organized the Avlona expedition when she saw clearly that no possible help could reach the Serbs from Saloniki. Italy thus went to the rescue of the Serbs with no self-interest. Her future conduct will be regulated in the interest of the common struggle. Italy entered freely into the struggle and carries with her loyalty of intention and eloquent deeds that her allies cannot doubt, though they must understand her interior difficulties, above all her economic situation. Today the common cause is renewed by our faith in ultimate victory for national unity and European liberty."

The new military situation as it is developing and outlined in the Italian press, is the subject of much concern. The Messaggero in an editorial says:

"Now look out for Rumania. The hour has come for the Allies to revise their methods, military, diplomatic, and economic, and no longer talk, but act."

The Piccolo says:

"The surrender of Montenegro in no way affects the final issue of the European conflict. It has not diminished the political or military efficiency of the Allies, but there is no doubt that at this moment it imposes a terrible responsibility on them."

HOLIDAY SPIRIT IN BERLIN.

Great Hopes Based on Announcement of Montenegro's Surrender.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 19.—The authorities have ordered flags out, following the official announcement by Austria of Montenegro's capitulation. The result is that Berlin is gay with thousands of pennants and a holiday spirit prevails.

In political circles the capitulation is considered chiefly important as a terrible blow to Italy, with Russia in the second line, but there is the same discreet tendency noticed at the time of the Ancona notes to let Austria-Hungary do all the talking for publication on a matter that primarily is her own business.

While, therefore, no German personages will talk officially there is very general agreement with Count Tisza's utterances to the Hungarian Parliament that one is justified in assuming that Montenegro sued for peace with the full knowledge of Italy, and that there is deep significance in the fact that Italy did not take all measures to save Montenegro from capitulation, particularly as it is known that the Entente had declared Serbia, Montenegro and Albania to be in Italy's sphere of influence.

The Vienna Allgemeine Zeitung, which is close to the Austrian Foreign Office, says:

"King Nicholas has always been considered a shrewd calculator. If he saw himself compelled to lay down his arms that is proof that he no longer has any doubts as to which side ultimate success in the world war will fall. The capitulation is a terrible blow for Russia, whose Czar toasted the ruler of the Black Mountains as his one friend and who saw in Montenegro an important outpost against Austria."

The entire German press exults with self-restraint, all editorial comment agreeing first in lauding the brave Montenegrins for their gallant fight against hopeless odds; second, in paying an admiring tribute to King Nicholas "for his political shrewdness in picking the ultimate winners of the world war and throwing in his lot with the Central Powers"; third, in cautioning their readers not to overestimate the importance of Montenegro's surrender, and, fourth, in suggesting that its political importance may be more farreaching than can at present be estimated.

Major Mohrat of the Tageblatt writes:

"The surrender also includes the giving over of all towns and villages, together with all means of transit, particularly the railways. Through these various measures all the Austrian troops will become free for work elsewhere, with the exception of those needed to secure the coast of Montenegro."

LONDON, Jan. 19.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam says that at today's session of the Upper House of the Prussian Diet, according to dispatches from Berlin, the President once more referred to the surrender of Montenegro.

He said it constituted evidence that the Entente, while outwardly appearing to be a structure of solid form, was mouldering internally and would soon collapse. He regarded the splendid success of the Austrian troops at Lovcen as a favorable omen for the definite result of the war.

KAISER'S PALACE FOR SERBS.

Peter's Government May Occupy the Achilleion at Corfu.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORFU, Jan. 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Members of the Serbian Government have arrived here on an Italian cruiser from Brindisi. The aged Premier, M. Pasitch, bore the fatigue of the journey well. I saw him for a few minutes on landing. Despite the reverses which have overtaken his country, the Premier is full of hope for the future, convinced that there will rise a new, greater and more powerful Serbia.

It is proposed that the temporary seat of Serbian Government be established here. Achilleion, the Kaiser's villa, now in occupancy of the French, probably will be utilized for the purpose.

GERMANY STRIVES TO WIN GREEK KING

Her "New Diplomacy Works to Take Advantage of Crisis in Athens.

ALLIES' BLOCKADE CLOSE

Kingdom Has Only Three Days' Supply of Food on Hand, Berlin Paper Is Informed.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 17, (Delayed.)—All interest today is centred in Greece, as the conviction spreads here that Greece's hour at last has struck for choosing between the two groups of powers. That the Germans are awaiting the momentous coming of events with their usual calm confidence, however, is well illustrated by the fact that recent serious dispatches about Greece have been absolutely without effect on the Berlin stock market.

Opinion here ranges all the way from the belief that the Entente is plotting to dethrone King Constantine and set up Venizelos as President of a republic to a conviction that the Allies see the desperation of their position and are staking everything in a last attempt to drag Greece into the world war. The general impression here is that whatever success might have attended the Entente's efforts three months ago, they are too late now, with Serbia and Montenegro gone, to make any decisive change in the military situation.

Speculation regarding Greece's probable course gets its keenest edge from the connection with the problem of Saloniki and the effect on Rumania's attitude. There is an important body of optimistic opinion that King Constantine will not only cling to neutrality as long as he can keep his crown, but may even be driven into the Central Powers' camp. It is no secret in well-informed circles here that not since the first diplomatic battle of the Balkans has Germany's new diplomacy been fighting at such high pressure as now.

The Lokal Anzeiger correspondent wires from Sofia:

"Greece's position is regarded as most grave here. According to Finance Minister Toncheff's views, the Entente will now blockade all Greece and use it as a new base of operations, which, however, will not have any influence on the Saloniki action. In political circles the situation is viewed more optimistically. The belief is that this new action will bring Greece to her senses A prominent representative said it was quite evident the Entente intended to start a revolution against King Constantine, but that the latter would find ways and means to protect himself and the independence of his country.

"I am certain that next week will bring developments of the utmost importance. According to my information, Greece will send a new note to the Entente tomorrow demanding the withdrawal of Anglo-French troops from Greek soil."

The Frankfort Gazette learns from Constantinople dispatches from Athens that the internal conditions of Greece continue to be most serious; that the agitation of former Premier Venizelos's supporters against the position of the King continues unhindered and with unlimited means, while the Government does not appear to have sufficient backbone to take strong action. Also that the Allies are allowing only extremely limited imports into Greece by sea, so that there is only food on hand at most for three days.

Dr. Leo Lederer, the unusually well-connected correspondent of the Tageblatt at Sofia, wires:

"From a well-informed political source I learn that the problem of Saloniki is having a very large influence on the orientation of Rumania's policy. The importance attaching to the possession of Saloniki, according to my informant, is best illustrated by confidential utterance to a group of Liberal politicians by the brother of the Rumanian Prime Minister, that the giving up of Saloniki by the French and English would be equivalent to suicide for the Allies.

"If the Anglo-French succeed in holding Saloniki, Rumania will continue to be at least an uncomfortable neighbor from the viewpoint of the Central Powers, but if the Anglo-French are driven out of Saloniki, the Allies' influence in Rumania, both morally and politically, will be gone for all time."

WOMAN SUICIDE A SUPPOSED SPY

Mrs. Leahm Sent Huge Sums Abroad, Presumably to German Spies in London.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKES-BARRE, Penn., Jan. 19.—Mrs. Marie Leahm, aged 40, a native of Germany and the common-law wife of August Leahm, a German mill worker, is believed by the authorities here to have been a spy in the employ of the German Government, through whom large sums of money were sent to German spies in England.

Mrs. Leahm ended her life here last night with a bullet in the head. Her body was found in her home by Leahm on his return from work. A revolver was clutched in her right hand and on a table was a note which said that cause for her self-destruction would be found on Page 29 of her memorandum book.

Inspection of the book by Deputy Coroner Stanley Kuryloski today brought to light some suspicious evidence. Many disconnected German sentences, thought to be a code, were found on the page mentioned, and opposite were the names of fifty persons and a big list of money, ranging in amounts from $100,000 to $160,000.

Leahm tonight admitted that for the last eighteen months his wife had been very busy. He said she made weekly visits to New York, telling him that she was the agent of English people who owned New York real estate, but who could not come to America because of the war. She is said to have raised large sums on this property, and Leahm says that frequently she had bundles of currency in her possession. Neighbors also say they saw the woman with stacks of paper currency.

Leahm said the woman recently told him that it was her custom to convert the currency into gold and to send the gold to England by a certain sea Captain whose ship was met by her English clients. Shortly before her death she had $20,000 in cash, but no trace of this money can be found. Her bank accounts here show only small deposits.

In the last year Mrs. Leahm acquired two automobiles to aid her in her work. She said her English clients gave them to her. She met at frequent intervals mysterious strangers, who, she said, came to see her regarding the New York property for which she was agent. Leahm says the woman was at home very little in the last eighteen months. The couple lived in a house of their own and not until her death did it become known that they were never married. Leahm says the woman was the legal wife of a Brooklyn man, who still lives there.

GREEK KING'S TALK

Continued from Page 1.

ing offer of £2,000, a great fortune to any Greek fisherman, for information leading to the detection o a submarine base, but never yet received any news about a submarine base in Greece, and never yet have any submarines been seen supplied rom Greece.

"The history of the Balkan politics of the Allies is a record of one crass mistake after another, and now, through pique over the failure of their every Balkan calculation, they try to unload on Greece the result of their own stupidity. We warned them that the Gallipoli expedition would be fruitless and that the Austro-Germans would certainly crush Serbia. They would not believe and now, like angry unreasonable children, the Entente Powers turn upon Greece. They have deliberately thrown away every advantage they ever had of Greek sympathy. At the beginning of the war 80 per cent. of the Greeks were favorable to the Entente, today not 40, no, not 20 per cent., would turn their hand to aid the Allies."

"Why does your Majesty not demobilize?" asked the correspondent

"Perhaps I shall, but I do not feel I can afford to disarm before the fate of Saloniki is decided. The Allies evacuated Gallipoli after a year. One day they may change their mind about Saloniki, leaving the place at the mercy of the first comer. Saloniki is Greek; I propose that it shall remain Greek."

Will be Hard to Conquer Germany.

"Does your Majesty believe that Germany can be victorious?" asked the correspondent.

"That depends," replied the King, "on what is meant by victorious. If you mean take London, Paris, and Petrograd, probably not. But I believe the Teutons can defend themselves where they are for a very long time. If economic exhaustion does not force Germany to sue for peace I believe it will be very difficult, if not impossible, to conquer her in a military way."

"Then what does your Majesty think will be the outcome of the war?"

The King replied:

"A draw—don't you?"

By royal order the above interview was countersigned by Court Marshal Mercati.

FRANCE'S ANSWER

Continued from Page 1.

known submarine nests shows the reality of their organization.

"It will one day be interesting to learn the revelation made on this subject by the papers seized on Consuls and agents of the Germanic Quadruplice at Saloniki, Mytilene and Corfu. It was from the coasts of these islands or peninsulas that the pirates who sank the Ancona and the Persia set out.

"How, then, since that time can one invoke even the neutrality of Corfu, where on the very eve of the French disembarkation there was a complete German staff? How can one invoke this neutrality, which was established as the condition of a gift made by England to Greece, and not in the interest of Greece, but in that of England?

"Is the presence of the Serbs in Greece and the Allies at Corfu really a violation of a neutrality, already so openly violated by the Germans? Since Greece is unable to succor her ally, notwithstanding a formal engagement to that effect, how can she refuse her an asylum?

No Cholera Among the Allies.

"As to cholera, it does not exist. Cases of 'cholerine due to excess following on privation' were discovered among the Serbian troops. And are the crews of French, English, or Italian transports afraid of the disease? In any case, all preventive measures have been taken.

"The population of Corfu is most sympathetic toward the French Alpine soldiers. The French Government is sending grain and other provisions in advance.

"The charges about the bridge at Demir-Hissar are without foundation. The cost of the bridge will be repaid. It was indispensable to blow up the bridge to prevent or embarrass the enemy's transportation of his heavy artillery.

"The King says there are no troops of the enemy there, yet he does not cease telling the Allies that they are going to be attacked and destroyed if they do not quit the place forthwith.

"As to the violent epithets the King applies to the policy of the Allies, they cannot change the truth. The Greek Government was so little convinced that the Gallipoli enterprise would be a failure that they tried by every means to take part in it, and it was only their exaggerated demands that caused their co-operation to be refused. If the enterprise has been a failure, and the Serbs have been crushed, the fact is due to Greece's declining to fulfil her engagements as an ally toward Serbia, and allowing her territory to be surrounded by the armies of her bitterest enemy.

Greek Populace Friendly to Allies.

"As to the sympathies of the Greek people, it is enough to examine the figures regarding recent absentians at the last elections to see what they mean or to recall the fact that a while ago M. Venizelos, the friend of the Entente, was cheered by thousands of people.

"The King declares he cannot demobilize. He fails to add that the Allies continue at his request to advance money to rGeece for its mobilization. He is afraid Saloniki will be no longer Greek if the Allies are driven from it. Then why does he want to persuade the Allies to go? And why does he not take his place beside them?

"Concerning his opinion about the result of the war, it is pleasant that a sovereign so much impressed by Germany's power publicly avows that she cannot be victorious. This shows how right an impartial people are in proclaiming that she will be crushed."

ISAAC ROSE DETAINED BY BRITISH OFFICIALS

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Isaac Rose, a New York theatrical man, former husband of Saharet, the dancer, was removed by the British authorities from the liner Rotterdam at Falmouth today, charged with having a trunk filled with German war literature.

Rose, according to the authorities, was in possession of three American passports, one of which was much out of date; the second issued May 30, 1915, in the Dutch East Indies, and the third of recent date. These passports will be turned over to the American Embassy, and if nothing is found wrong with them Rose will be permitted to proceed, but the trunk will be retained by the British authorities.

The trunk, the officials say, was filled with pamphlets, newspapers, war pictures, and books, all on the subject of the present conflict, many of the documents being addressed to M. B. Claussen, 30 East Forty-second Street, New York, while other packages containing documents in five different languages were addressed to places in all the Central and South American Republics and in the West Indies.

CONSULATE ANGERED BY ESCAPE OF SPY

Charles Fox, Representing British Authorities, Denounces Deputy for Letting Lincoln Go.

JUDGE ALSO IS CRITICAL

No Trace Yet Found of Fugitive—British Embassy to Take Up the Matter.

Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, the German spy who eluded Deputy United States Marshal Johnson in a Brooklyn restaurant last Saturday, is still at large. Although a large force of United States Secret Service men is working night and day on the case, nothing has been heard of the fugitive. Nevertheless, Captain William M. Offley, Chief of the Bureau of Investigation under the Department of Justice, expressed confidence yesterday that Lincoln would be caught sooner or later.

British officials in this country have expressed indignation at the way in which Lincoln evaded extradition agents of Scotland Yard who came over to get the prisoner but had to return without him made open assertions that "some person or some group of persons" was putting up money to enable the alleged forger to fight for freedom even after the British Government had given its pledge that Lincoln would not be tried for espionage.

Charles Fox, who represented the British Consulate in its attempt to extradite Lincoln, visited United States Marshal Power in Brooklyn yesterday. The two men were closeted together for more than an hour. Neither would tell the result of their conference, but Mr. Fox said:

"Lincoln's escape is the greatest piece of carelessness on the part of officers sworn to uphold law and order that I ever heard of. I warned them, too, that something would happen if they were not careful."

At the British Consulate it was announced that the Consul General had not yet been officially notified by the Marshal's office that Lincoln had escaped. It is known, however, that the matter is in the hands of the British Embassy at Washington.

The escape of Lincoln brought forth sharp comment from Judge Thomas I. Chatfield, who dismissed the writ of habeas corpus for Lincoln after assurances had been given that the British were making their charge of forgery in good faith.

"If any man has been guilty of allowing undue privileges to United States prisoners," he said, "the United States District Attorney should take action. The deputy had no right to take his prisoner into a restaurant. The Government makes provisions for feeding the prisoners elsewhere. Prisoners have no right even to leave the jail, unless by order of the court or the District Attorney."

United States Marshal Power disagreed with Judge Chatfield's assertion that Lincoln should not have been taken into the restaurant. He declared that it was the rule when prisoners were detained at the Federal Building until after time for meals in the jail to make the best arrangements possible for feeding them.

"From all the facts I have so far," said the Marshal, "the escape is the result of perfectly inexcusable carelessness, and absolutely nothing more serious. Deputy Marshal Johnson simply was not alert enough. He should be blamed for nothing more than negligence."

The Marshal was not so sanguine as Captain Offley as to the ultimate capture of Lincoln, but asserted that every one of his men could be relied upon to do his best.

It was learned that Lincoln was seen on Fulton Street in Brooklyn several hours before his escape, walking a few paces in front of his custodian, and smoking a cigar.

Deputy Marshal Johnson, from whom Lincoln escaped, is 24 years old, and has been in the service of the United States Marshal since May, 1915. He lives at 1,826 Sixty-third Street, Brooklyn, and before his appointment by Marshal Power was a stenographer. Johnson spent yesterday in the Marshal's room preparing a report on the escape for Washington.

EMBASSY SUSPECTS PLOT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The British Embassy received today a further report from the British Consul General in New York in regard to the circumstances attending the escape of I. T. T. Lincoln, the German spy. Ambassador Spring-Rice will present the case to the State Department as soon as all the facts are at hand. British detectives attached to the office of the Consul General in New York are at work to discover whether the escape was planned.

If it proves to have been simply a matter of carelessness without any connivance, the Ambassador will ask that the deputy at least be reprimanded. If there should be evidence of anything worse the Ambassador will insist on a criminal prosecution. It was evident from what was said tonight that Embassy officials suspect that there was a plot to get Lincoln out of custody.

It was denied positively at the Department of Justice today that the escape of Lincoln occurred as a result of an understanding on the part of department officials that he was to receive immunity for translating or interpreting papers connected with espionage cases.

According to Departcent advices Lincoln was arrested at the request of the British Government on the charge of forgery with a view to his extradition for trial in England. After his arrest he told Charles Clive Nayley, the British Consul General in New York, that he had a vast amount of information in regard to German affairs, had many secret papers, and could decipher readily any German cipher. A German dispatch in cipher was given to him, but he was unable to make anything out of it, and his proffers of assistance were rejected.

Department of Justice officials said today that the Department had nothing whatever to do with Lincoln's employment as a translater or an informant as to German affairs.

FRENCH STEAMER SUNK; TWO OF CREW MISSING

Captain and Fourteen Survivors from the Leoville Are Landed—British Ship Destroyed.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—The French steamer Leoville, of 755 tons, has been sunk. The Captain and fourteen survivors have been landed. Two men are missing.

The British steamship Marere has also been sunk. Her crew was rescued.

The Marere, 6,443 tons gross, was owned in London. She was 450 feet long and was built in Belfast in 1902. No records of her recent movements are available.

NAVY HEADS WARNED OF E-2 MONTHS AGO

Lieut. Cooke, Submarine's Commandant, Told His Fear of Edison Battery Gas.

ASKED FOR GAS DETECTORS

Got No Response from Department—Edison Man Opposed Plan to Discover Condition of Cells.

Lieutenant Charles M. Cooke, U. S. N., Commander of the submarine E-2, testifying yesterday before the Naval Board of Inquiry, which is investigating the explosion of last Saturday, said that on Sept. 9 last he had addressed an official communication, through the proper channels, to the Bureau of Steam Engineering, in the Navy Department, asking that the E-2 be supplied with hydrogen detecting appartus of some sort.

In that letter Lieutenant Cooke said he was convinced that "the possible danger to be apprehended in the use of the Edison battery is an explosion of hydrogen.' Up to the present the Navy Department has not answered the letter from the E-2's commanding officer.

Lieutenant Cooke's statement that he had warned the Navy Department so many months ago came near the close of the session yesterday afternoon. The question that brought out the information was asked by Lieutenant J. O. Fisher, the Recorder of the board. Several representatives of the Edison Storage Battery Company were in the board room at the time, among them Miller R. Hutchison, Mr. Edison's chief assistant, who was in personal charge of the Edison battery installation on the E-2.

First Hint of Suspected Danger.

Until Lieutenant Cooke had told of writing to the Navy Department for a hydrogen detector to safeguard the men of the E-2, not a word had been said to indicate that any officer of the navy or anybody else had ever had reason to foresee such an accident as overtook the E-2. Lieutenant Cooke, youthful in appearance, alert, and expert in matters pertaining to submarines, was the only witness before the court yesterday afternoon. He answered all questions in carefully measured words. It is doubtful if a clearer-speaking witness ever appeared before a naval court. Not once was he at a loss for an answer for any question.

Lieutenant Cooke also testified that weeks ago he had recommended to the Navy Department that a system of individual volt reading connections be installed on the E-2 which would make it possible at all times to know the exact condition of every one of the 240 cells in the E-2's batteries. This recommendation was disapproved by the department, and also by experts of the Edison Storage Battery Company. Mr. Hutchison of the Edison forces subsequently informed him that, in his opinion, the connections were not needed, "as the reversal of a cell would occasion no injury and would do the cell good." Mr. Hutchison, Lieutenant Cooke added, when he used the word "injury," had in mind injury to the apparatus and not to persons.

No Official Test Made.

In beginning his testimony Lieut. Cooke pointed out that at the time of the explosion none of the official tests on which the acceptance of the Edison battery depended had been made. All tests up to that time were preliminary to the official trials of the battery. In the preliminary tests he said the Edison Storage Battery Company was represented by Mr. Hutchison, H. H. Smith, and C. W. Norton.

When the names of Mr. Edison's assistants were brought out Capt. Bullard, the President of the Board, ruled that the Edison Company would from then on be considered as an interested party and that its representatives would be permitted to suggested questions to witnesses.

Lieut. Cooke said the test underway when the explosion occurred had been made at the request of Mr. Smith of the Edison staff.

"Some changes had been made in the ventilation system of the forward batteries," said Lieut. Cooke, "to secure uniform cooling of the cells. To test the effectiveness of these changes it was desired by the Edison Company to discharge the battery to zero voltage, and then to charge for seven hours at 700 amperes, and aftter that to conduct a high rate discharge at about 2,100 amperes. The purpose was to obtain data regarding the heating of the cells."

Lieut. Cook said he thought the ventilator system was designed by the hull division in the New York yard in accordance with the wishes of the Edison Company. He was not consulted, but he saw some of the plans and suggested certain changes.

"Owing to the protests of the Edison Company," continued Lieut. Cook, "regarding certain suggested changes, the Bureau of Steam Engineering decided that the suggestoons be held in abeyance until more knowledge concerning the battery was gained"

Plea for Testing Apparatus.

"Did you at any time communicate with the Navy Department regarding hydrogen gas?" Lieut. Cooke was asked.

"Yes," he answered. "Early in last September I wrote a letter to the Bureau of Steam Engineering requesting that we be supplied with a hydrogen testing outfit to be used in connection with the Edison batteries then being installed on the E-2. In the letter I recommended that it be supplied because 'it is considered that the possible danger to be apprehended by the use of Edison storage batteries is an explosion of hydrogen. Such an instrument should be supplied.'

"What reply did you get to that letter?"

"The request was never returned to me, but I saw some time later a copy of the request, showing that it had been referred to various persons."

When Lieutenant Cooke failed to get his hydrogen testing outfit he got apparatus from the chemists of the navy yard and took samples of the air in the E-2 when "discharging with boat sealed up." Later chemists were sent to the E-2 to make tests under conditions of charging and discharging. The result of these tests was not brought out yesterday.

"When you entered the E-2 after the explosion were any of the ventilating motors still running?"

"Yes, the port battery ventilating motor was still running."

This question was asked, it is understood, to bring out that the ventilating apparatus in the E-2 was in order at the time of the explosion. Another ventilating motor was stopped when struck by a piece of metal in the blow-up.

The Board visited the Naval Hospital yesterday and questioned Raymond Otto, a second class naval electrician of the E-2's crew. He was asked if he had noticed any of the wires smoking or sparking. He said that a few days before the explosion there had been some trouble with some of the wires, but that the defects had been repaired and there was no subsequent trouble up to the time of the explosion. He stated emphatically that none of the men working in the submarine had violated the regulation against smoking. He said he was on deck and looking down into the submarine through a hatch at the time.

The explosion, he said, threw him into the air and he fell back on the deck dazed, but at no time unconscious. The smoke, at first whitish in color, he said, soon became heavy and black.

Before the explosion Otto said he knew that four of the cells in the batteries were reversed, that is, they had been exhausted earlier than other cells and were recharging again. Otto said he was certain there were no exposed lights on the submarine which might have caused the hydrogen to explode.

The board will resume its inquiry at 9:30 o'clock today.

OVERCOME ON THE SENECA.

Men Enter Hold of Coast Guard Ship Too Soon After Fumigation.

Five members of the crew of the United States coast guard ship Seneca, and the ship's surgeon, were overcome by fumigating gas yesterday afternoon as the cutter lay in dry dock in the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The process of fumigating had been completed by Dr. Norman Roberts of the United States Public Health Service and Assistant Surgeon R. R. Sayre of the Seneca, when the ship's cook, Shevando Aguirre, a Filipino, and one of the cabin boys, E. Peland, opened a compartment not yet cleared of gas by the ventilating apparatus.

Dr. Sayre, who was in the officer's wardroom amidships, saw the men fall and ran to their assistance, at the same time calling for aid. N. Devine, Quartermaster; S. Schmucker, Assistant Master at Arms, and M. Caratti, a seaman, rushed forward when they heard Sayre's cries, and were overcome, one by one.

BRITISH OFFICIAL HELD FOR PASSPORT FRAUDS

Dallas, Home Office Clerk, and Russian Face Trial for Conspiracy.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—James Dallas, Chief Clerk of the Department of the Home Office dealing with aliens, and Noi Yoachim Altans, otherwise known as Altschuler, who were arrested yesterday by Scotland Yard detectives, were arraigned in Bow Street Police Court today on a charge of conspiracy and remanded until Tuesday next. Dallas's bail is £500 and Altschuler's, who is a Russian subject, is £2,000.

It is charged that Dallas, in the capacity of chief clerk at the Home Office, accepted money to commit various acts in violation of his public duty. It is reported that the charges are connected with thet false permits issued to aliens.

Altans is a professional singer, who has frequently appeared in opera in Russia. It is alleged that many aliens were enabled to leave the country on permits obtained with the assistance of the prisoners.

It is understood that the aliens chiefly benefited by the alleged bribery were Turko-Spanish Jews, many of whom proceeded to Holland with the false permits with no intention of returning to Turkey, but merely being desirous to escape probable internment in Great Britain. The number of fraudulent passes obtained in this manner during the last few months is reported to have been considerable.

SAYS GERMAN LOSSES AMOUNT TO 2,535,768

British Official Puts Them Far Below Earlier Estimates by Germans Themselves.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Harold J. Tennant, Parliamentary Under Secretary for War, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that the total German casualties, as published in the Berlin casualty lists to date were 2,535,768. Of this number, he said, 588,986 were killed.

The war Under Secretary said the German wounded and missing numbered 1,566,549, while 356,153 men had been taken prisoners. In addition, 24,080 Germans had died from various causes.

The figures as given out by Mr. Tennant embrace the entire Germany Army.

If Mr. Tennant's figures are correct, the German losses have been by no means so large as generally reported, even by the Germans themselves. The total of German casualties given out in Berlin July 31, 1915, was 4,006,000.

Taking the more recently announced Prussian casualties, it is found that on November 10 the number was 2,099,454; on November 19, 2,178,918; on December 15, 2,244,248, and on December 22, 2,287,083. The proportionate figure for January 18 would, therefore, be 2,425,296, or within 100,000 of the figures given by Mr. Tennant as for the whole of Germany. This difference could easily be made up from recent casualties on the Russian front.

A SERB DAY SUGGESTED.

President Asked to Proclaim One for Collecting Relief Funds

Mme. Eleanor Lazarovich-Hrebelianovich of this city, who was Miss Eleanor Calhoun, has addressed a letter to President Wilson, asking him to proclaim a Serb Day on which collections shall be made to provide the American Red Cross with funds to continue the work for the Serbs, which it was forced through lack of means to abandon. In her letter after pointing out that similar relief days were proclaimed for the benefit of the Poles and Jews, she says:

"I think it important to suggest that the collections on that day should be made solely by and through American Red Cross organizations, and that all funds so collected, should be administered and distributed solely by the National American Red Cross through its own medical unit in Serbia and among the Serb refugees in neighboring States and by the United States Consular representatives in those lands."

ALLIED AVIATORS IN MANY FIGHTS

French Shell Metz and Arnaville—British Damage a German Supply Depot.

19 AIR DUELS IN ONE DAY

British Lose Two Machines and Disable Five Adversaries—Airship Seen Over Norway.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—French and British aviators have been particularly active in the last few days of fighting on the Western front. Tonight's British official report tells of nineteen aerial battles on Monday, when a destructive raid was made on a German supply depot about ten miles from Albert. Five German machines were forced to descend, and the British lost two. A French squadron, in reprisal for a German air raid on Nancy, last night dropped twenty-two bombs on the railway stations at Metz and Arnaville.

German mine activity is reported by the British. The French artillery has been in action at various points along the front.

The British official communication issued tonight says:

On Monday sixteen of our aeroplanes attacked an enemy supply depot at Le Sars, northeast of Albert, causing considerable damage. During the day there were nineteen air encounters, in which five of the enemy machines were driven down, and two of our aeroplanes were lost.

Tuesday afternoon the enemy exploded two mines south of Fricourt, doing slight damage.

Today we successfully bombarded hostile trenches at several points. At dusk a party of our troops raided enemy trenches north of the River Lys and brought back several prisoners. The enemy exploded a mine near the Hohenzollern redoubt and another in front of our trenches southeast of Cuinchy, (near La Bassée. No damage was done.

Hostile artillery has been active northwest of Fromelles and east of Ypres.

A hostile aeroplane was brought down near Frelinghien by our fire.

Tonight's French official report says:

To the south of the Somme, in the sector of Lihons, an enemy blockhouse was destroyed by our fire.

Between Soissons and Rheims our trench guns caused serious damage to the enemy works in the region of Ailles, west of Craonne.

In the Argonne we cannonaded moving troops in the region north of Les Courtes Chaussées.

In Lorraine a fire carried out against a group of houses occupied by the Germans near Alincourt, west of Château Salins, has given the best results.

In the night of Jan. 18-19, two German aeroplanes having dropped four bombs on Nancy, one of our squadrons immediately took the air and bombarded the railway stations at Metz and Arnaville. Twenty-two shells were dropped on the buildings, which suffered some damage.

Following is the Berlin official report:

On the Yser front a small German detachment advanced into the enemy trenches and captured one machine-gun. There have been mining operations by both sides on this front to the west of Lille and as far south as the Somme River.

Last night enemy airmen dropped bombs on Metz. So far only material damage has been reported.

An enemy aeroplane fell this morning at a point southwest of Thiancourt. One of the occupants of the machine was killed.

AIRSHIP OVER NORWAY.

Foreign Craft Sighted at Trondhjem Last Evening Bound West.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan, 20.—Dispatches from Copenhagen report that a foreign airship was sighted over Trondhjem, Norway, at 9 o'clock last evening.

It was proceeding westward.

DEATH TO RESIST GERMANS

Bissing Decrees It to Belgians in Civil and Military Cases.

AMSTERDAM, Thursday, Jan. 20, (via London.)—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger's Brussels correspondent sends the following to his paper:

"General von Bissing, Governor General in Belgium, has issued a proclamation threatening death to those guilty of incendiary actions or causing inundations, or those guilty of attacks upon or resistance to the armed German civil or military authorities."

To Cultivate Spanish Americas.

BERLIN, Jan. 19, (By Wireless to Sayville.)—An association has been formed in Hamburg under the name of the Ibero-American Society. Its purpose is to promote cultural relations with South and Central America, Spain, and Portugal. Dr. Schardel has been elected President.

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The search for a reliable Executor

FRIENDS, no matter how reliable, are usually too busy to undertake the duties of executor of a will. Reliable relatives—a wife, for example—may shrink from the responsibility involved in the management of the estate.

Yet every will must be administered.

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HOW GERMANY PAYS FOR WAR

Popular Delusions of Prosperity Arising from Money Inflation Are Not Shared by the Rich.

SPIRIT OF PRIVATE CAPITAL

It Feels the Tremendous Strain and Expects It to Increase, but Is Unshirking.

GLIMPSES OF THE BOERSE

Speculative Enthusiasm for Shipping Shares Without a Sea to Sail Ships On.

By GARET GARRETT.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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BERLIN, Dec. 29.—Strangers in San Francisco after the earthquake were filled with a common astonishment and asked invariably the same question: "The money that people are spending so freely—where does it come from?" It was impossible that people should be really richer than before, and yet evidence of their seeming to be so was on every hand and in every direction, especially in places of eating, drinking, and amusement. The answer, when forthcoming, was simple enough. It was insurance money. The people at large were enjoying the capital of the few. The rich, there or somewhere, were poorer, but all the rest were for the present richer.

There now is somewhat of that same phenomenon in Germany. More money is in circulation than was ever the case before, and money in hand is already half spent. There is that illusion of money prosperity which invariably accompanies currency inflation. The rich are each day poorer, and the very poor remain so, as is always the case. Between is the great other class through whose hands the money passes. In all the large cities the restaurants, the cafes, and the theatres are continually crowded with patrons. There is no dancing in Germany; that is principally what one misses. At the opera the highest-priced seats, 5 to 10 marks, as well as the cheaper ones, are all taken for every performance. At Munich the Bavarian King's famous Hofbrau Haus is as interesting as ever, and, notwithstanding a rise of 10 pfennigs in the price of beer per litre, one may have to look through several great rooms before finding a place at which to sit and drink it. On the first floor, where the people are the King's children still, petulant, noisy, unpolitical, and easily made happy, the visitor's sensation is that of falling unawares into a hive of colossal bees. They are as disinterested and as uncurious as bees. They sit, men and women, all together at long tables, as tight as they can sit, buzzing incessantly, beating the tables with their palms, sipping amber fluid out of glasses with pewter lids that pop open when the glass is raised and close when it is put down, with a click, click, click that adds a continuous metallic note to the confusion of human voices.

Drinking Up the Treasure.

But at Munich, also, is a well-known collector of porcelains who points to his beloved and beautiful things, saying: "I tell my American friends that if the war lasts much longer they can have these objects at any price they will name. I cannot afford to keep them."

The people at the Hofbrau Haus are drinking up his porcelains. So is wealth transmitted in this modern world. They do not know it. He does. This is to put the worst of it first. Germans naturally put the other side first. They say—even bankers and economists say: "You can see for yourself how it is. Money is very abundant. The people are richer than they were before. Our money does not go abroad as England's money does. It remains here among us, and circulates endlessly."

One is sure from this that it is as one suspected. The war has set economic thought on its head in Germany. Nobody is thinking straight about what is taking place. So one is obliged to answer:

"To say that the German people are really richer than before the war started is to say a meaningless thing. No neutral can understand it. Economic laws cannot, like international law, be suddenly suspended. This perpetual circulatory motion of money you boast of, and the abundance of the medium, only tend to conceal the fact that Germany is using up its capital."

To this the German banker, or the economist, unexpectedly replies: "Of course. We know that, too. That is what capital is for. We may not be using it up as fast as you think, because at the same time we are saving a great deal more relatively than in peace times. The rich—they especially are saving. But, notwithstanding that, it is true, as you say, we are using up capital in Germany. We shall get it back. That is the point."

"You mean in the form of indemnities?"

"Yes. Either money indemnities or commercial concessions; both perhaps. Yes, both. And then you shall see."

"But when you have won the war your enemies may be unable to pay."

"They can pay," the answer is. "They will have to pay."

This idea of obtaining large money indemnities in the conditions of peace is prominent, not to say paramount in Germany's financial calculations.

Suppose Debts Should be Repudiated?

There are only two ways of meeting the cost of war. One way is to pay the bill as you go, out of your own resources, which entails both heroic saving and the consumption of accumulated capital. The other way is to borrow. The general practice is to adopt both methods, as England does, as France, Italy, and Russia do. They pay what they can, as they go, deriving the means partly from economy in private expenditures and partly from stores of accumulated capital; and then, besides, they borrow heavily abroad.

The advantage of borrowing is that the cost is spread over a long period of years, and may be paid off by easy instalments after the return of peace, under normal conditions of commerce and trade. But Germany does not borrow abroad, at least very little, and pays almost the whole cost out of her own resources as she goes. There are advantages in this plan, too. That, indeed, would be the ideal way to pay for war—provided only that at the end you were able to replenish the stores of capital that had been used up in the process. There is at least one other advantage. Though it lies in the region of remote contingency it is nevertheless real for purposes of present consideration. A Government that owes money only to its own people, which is the same as to say that the people owe it to themselves and each other, is obviously in a position very different from that of a Government that owes a great deal of money abroad to strangers. One could halve its debt, cut the rate of interest or repudiate it altogether, a majority of the people assenting, without imparing its credit abroad or reducing in the least the power to borrow among strangers. The other Government, owing money abroad, could not diminish the principal of its debt or alter the rate of interest without ruining its credit abroad.

A shrewd-minded German economist asked suddenly this staggering question: "What would be the effect if in the conditions of peace it were stipulated that all the belligerent countries should repudiate their war loans?

After some reflection, the answer of a neutral was: "It is a very immoral thing to consider. It is too large a question to be met offhand. What shall one say? The obvious effect, of course, would be a relocation of wealth so sudden as perhaps to be very disastrous, certainly ruinous."

"No," he said, "the effect on the people at large. What would that be?"

"Perhaps, if you consider only the people at large, the noncapitalistic mass, it would be a great relief to them not to have to go on for generations, perhaps forever, paying interest on this huge, unimaginable debt that Europe is piling up. It would mean simply that they were not obliged to restore to private hands the capital that had been dispersed among them during war."

But there again was the former problem. Germany might repudiate her war debt, or a portion of it, by reducing the rate of interest, purely as a matter of internal policy, without reference to the feelings or economic beliefs of the world outside, whereas, nations that had borrowed outside could do no such thing at all. They would have to consider facts of international policy.

"A Matter of Terms and Relations."

It must not be assumed from this that the thought of repudiation is working in Germany. But repudiation, besides being a very ugly word, is a matter of terms and relations. Many arrangements may be repudiation really which seem not to be, and go by other names. For example, it is very well known that the rich will be enormously taxed and super-taxed after the war, and it is already decided that war profits will be partly confiscated by a special kind of tax that may be called almost punitive. The difficulty of capturing war profits that have become widely diffused in private hands will be solved arbitrarily. A man's wealth will be compared with what it was before the war. If it has increased, the assumption will be that the increase arose from war profits, and it will bear the confiscatory tax accordingly. Corporations that are now thriving on war contracts are required to hold their extraordinary profits in suspense. They will be attended to suitably. Besides all of this, it is already suggested that an ideal way of levying an income tax after the war would be to reduce the rate of interest on the war loans. In that way the rich would pay the most, having been individually the largest purchasers of the war loans.

Each loan has had a wider popular base than its predecessor. Subscriptions of 100 to 2,000 marks ($25 to $250) were on the first loan, 926,059 in number, yielding 734,000,000 marks; on the second, 2,113,220, yielding 1,662,000,000 marks, and on the third, 2,883,799, yielding 2,165,000,000 marks. That fact, of course, is in theory if not in practice a strong protection against repudiation of interest or principal after the war, though not one that may be trusted absolutely. The people must be persuaded to see that the cost of the war in the actual sense had already been paid, and that keeping up interest and amortization payments on the loans would be merely paying money from pocket to pocket, to the ultimate advantage of the rich.

Going on with Eyes Open.

The aspects of the case are clear enough to the bankers, the economists and the rich. They are not deluding themselves; and yet, they go on putting their money into the loan, cheerfully, patriotically, with a spirit that must be rare in the world. You may say to a banker whom you know to have put a large portion of his private fortune into the war loans: "Do you not see what will be the case? After the war, taxes will be terrific, much worse than now they are, because the Government is borrowing at compound interest, paying interest on previous loans from the principal of new ones. The people under you cannot be made to pay more than they can afford." And he will answer: "The rich should pay. Why not? They expect to do it. We may be taxed 40 per cent., 50 per cent. We may have to give everything we possess. We cannot give more than all. What then? We can begin again. I am willing to do that. The people fight and the rich must pay. Yes, we see all that."

This is not the attitude of one, or two, or a few. It is the spirit of the rich in Germany. All will not be lost. Nobody believes that, of course. It is a patriotic exaggeration of speech, the effect of which is but to intensify the faith they have in Germany's future. On the Boerse they pay five marks and twenty pfennigs for the American dollar, normal price four marks twenty pfennigs, and, with the other hand buy—of all things!—shipping shares. They have been very strong and active, without a sea on which to sail a German ship. That is faith.

There is a considerable business doing on the Boerse, transactions all for cash, no quotations allowed for publication, and one would not guess a war was going on until one's attention is called to the fact that all the men going to and fro are above forty. "We are not much crowded now," some one says. "All our young men are in the war." But there is no speculation in the war loans. People put their money into war bonds without intending to take it out. Is it safe? No matter, yes or no. It is necessary to think it is.

The Lender Pays the Loan.

A man who first gained distinction in German banking, then became a member of the Government and now is living in retirement, with a detached point of view, put it this way: "People are continually coming to me to ask if I think the war loan a good investment. I say to them, 'Why if you are good, the war loan is good.' They say, 'But how.' I say, 'You are simply signing your own note. Are you good for it? That is the only question. Are you good for your own note? Can you pay your taxes? If so, then the war loan is a good investment. You will have to pay it yourself.'"

Then in the next minute he began to discuss the subject of indemnities from the enemy. Could the enemy pay? Of course. It had other things to pay with, if not the money. But what other things?

"Well," he said, "the French, for example, hold large amounts of Serbian, Swedish and Russian bonds, Government bonds, some of them, corporation bonds for the rest, and shares besides. We say to the French Government, 'Turn over to us your Serbian, Swedish and Russian securities, then, if you cannot pay indemnity in money.' The French Government asks how it can do that. We say, 'Buy them from the individuals with French Government securities.' Then the French Government goes to a French investor and asks, 'What have you got?' He says he has 10,000 francs of Serbian bonds, or 20,000 francs of something else, and the French Government says, 'Here are your 10,000 (or 20,000) francs; now give up the bonds.' And then the French Government turns the bonds over to Germany."

"But what would happen afterward to the franc in France?"

"Oh!" he replied, "that I can't tell you."

Setting Up After the War.

If Germany should lose, or if the war continued until, in fact, nobody could pay, then everything would be different. If one knew when the war would end then one could think to some conclusion. As it is, with all the belligerent countries committed to a policy of unlimited liability on account of the war, and with capital being leveled and consumed at a rate for which there is no parallel in economic experience, one must conjecture and wait to see what will happen. In the meantime, the financial advisers of the German Government are making what plans they may. The problems of post-bellum finance are being considered as carefully during war as those of war had been considered in time of peace. Ways of contracting the currency immediately after the war are already being considered. That is to prevent excesses of inflation which might easily become uncontrollable. The possibility of a peace loan for purpose of rehabilitation has been discussed independently of indemnities.

In the meantime there is an absolute embargo on gold. An American paper dollar or an American dollar in the form of a draft is worth 5 marks and 20 pfennigs, but an American gold dollar is worth only 4 marks and 20 pfennigs, as in peace time, because it cannot be taken out of the country. Only the German Government can spend gold abroad, and although it is buying a great deal of stuff abroad, even from the United States, as the rate of exchange so eloquently proves, it pays in marks at a great loss, in order to save the gold. All the necessaries of existence imported into Germany are purchased by the Government—grain, fodder, animals, and whatever else is required. The field of the private trader is much restricted. And, so far as possible, the Government pays in other currency than gold. Having opened up the Balkans from where imports would call for gold payments unless other means were provided, the Imperial Reichsbank established large bank credits in Bulgaria, against which Bulgaria issues a special kind of money to pay for what Germany buys in that country. One purpose of hoarding gold at the Reichsbank is to be able after the war to use it for obtaining enormous credits abroad, probably, that is to say, inevitably, in the United States, for there will be no other lending country left. The Reichsbank might expect to receive three or four dollars of credit for each dollar of gold deposited in the United States.

The problems are new and vast, and for some of them there are no rules of solution; but on the whole they are regarded rationally, and for the present one may say the question of Germany's financial solvency is a matter of no relevance. Ordinary tests do not apply. For purposes of immediate consideration one may cast money itself out of the question. The question is whether Germany, out of her own resources, can continue to feed and clothe her people, and produce the materials consumed in war, if she can do that, the money means by which production and distribution are effected are to be considered only in the light of expediency. If they conceal the fact that capital is being consumed at a rapid rate and create an illusion of popular prosperity, perhaps that is all the better. The trial will come afterward.

FRENCH DESIRE ENTENTE WITH US

Influential Group Launches a Campaign for a Closer Understanding.

AIMED AGAINST GERMANY

Pichon and Associates Want America to Take Teutons' Vacant Economic Place.

OUR IDEALISM PRAISED

French Radicals Wish Their Countrymen to Realize What It Means to Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—The year 1916 may become famous in the history of Franco-American relations as marking the inception of a plan to promote mutual intercourse and understanding. An influential group—comprising men like Stephen Pichon, formerly Foreign Minister; Leonard Rosenthal, known as "the pearl king"; Jean Finot, editor of the Revue; Adrien Mithouard, President of the Paris Municipal Council, and many prominent Senators and Deputies—is working to establish between France and America a rapprochement similar to the famous Anglo-French Entente Cordiale. The movement will have the support of the Petit Journal, which expects to make itself the Franco-American organ, as well as the mouthpiece of the Radical Party, numbering 150 Deputies.

The principal aims of the projectors of the movement are: First, to foster closer economic and financial relations with America so that she may take the place of Germany as an outlet for French capital and a source of supply for French markets; second, a more intimate and friendly understanding, bringing the French to a realization of the extent of American friendship and sympathy, and convincing Americans of the strength and determination of France; third, more harmonious national policies, the traditional friendship of the two countries being utilized to prevent misunderstandings between America and the Allies as a group, whose spokesman and mediator France would be, should occasion arise.

Before taking action the projectors of the plan sent an envoy, Eugène Boggiano, a Franco-Italian journalist who had been semi-officially connected with the formation of an alliance between France and Italy, on a six months' visit to America to study conditions with a view to bringing about the proposed rapprochement. His report was such that the group decided to act immediately. M. Boggiano says:

"Everywhere in social, financial, business and press circles from New York to Chicago, I found sympathy for the Allies to an extent undreamed of here, especially in the press, which represents a force in our favor of which our leaders have not availed themselves sufficiently.

"The French utterly fail to realize what American friendship means. They think America's chief interest in the war is the amount of her profits from the munitions traffic, regardless of our loss and suffering. I found idealism the greatest force in modern America. The ruling classes are generous on a scale unknown in Europe, as libraries, schools, charities, hospitals everywhere witness. A great part of this current of giving is now turned toward France. It will be one of the most important parts of our propaganda to teach France what American idealism means, and how much she owes to it.

"There is even greater ignorance here regarding the delicacy of America's situation as a neutral toward the Allies and the Germans. Here, again, American ideals are all-important, for the President feels bound to reconcile his duty as a neutral with sympathy for our cause. If we can give France a better appreciation of these two points we shall have laid the solid foundation of a genuine Franco-American rapprochement."

RYNDAM BEACHED; NOT BADLY DAMAGED

Collision with British Warship, a Theory Advanced Here as To Mishap.

GRAVESEND, Jan. 19.—The Holland-America liner Ryndam, which came in yesterday under her own steam, but down by the bows and with a list to starboard, is beached on a muddy shoal about five miles below Gravesend. No one is permitted to approach the vessel. The passengers, even the ship's officers, are not permitted to come ashore, except to consult officials of the steamship company. No lights are permitted on deck at night.

Apparently there is no prospect that the Ryndam will be refloated until after several days. The American Consul here said, after an investigation, that he was satisfied none of the three stokers who were killed in the mishap to the Ryndam, whatever it was, were American citizens.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Although no report has been made of the extent of the damage to the Ryndam, an examination of which is being made, it is understood that the vessel is not badly damaged and will be repaired as soon as the passengers and cargo have been removed to vessels which will take them direct to Rotterdam.

The Holland-America Line officials here were still in the dark yesterday as to what had caused the damage to the Ryndam.

Collision with an English warship was the theory advanced by the officials in explanation of the censorship maintained by the British naval authorities in regard to the accident.

ADVERTISEMENT.



SAYS JIMMY THE OFFICE BOY

"Ink's a funny thing, anyhow! When it's on my hands it only means, Go wash 'em! When it's on a check it means money in the bank."

For your own protection sign your name with Davids' Ink. Our Electro Chemical Writing Fluid insures permanency.

We manufacture every variety of writing inks, mucilage, glue, paste, sealing wax, etc. Sold by dealers in every land.

THADDEUS DAVIDS COMPANY
Established 1825

FOR YOUR SKIN

POSLAM SOAP

To cleanse and purify; to safeguard its health. Soothing. Wholesome. For Toilet and Bath.

At All Druggists', 25 cents and 15 cents.

THE LARGEST HABERDASHERY BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES

Weber and Heilbroner

Announce Beginning Today a

Clean-Up Sale of Haberdashery

Presenting the Following Material Reductions

1,400 Dozen Pairs Silk Hose
Our Regular 55c Quality
45 Cents a Pair
This is the first time we have ever reduced the price. Black, white and plain colors.

350 Doz. Silk-and-Cashmere Hose
Our Regular 50c Quality
35 Cents, 3 Pairs for $1
Sufficiently light in weight, yet producing the warmth insisted upon by many men.

250 Dozen Worsted Underwear
Our Regular $1.50 Quality
$1.15 a Garment
Medium weight, well made, non-irritating and non-shrinkable.

300 Doz. Mercerized Suspenders
Our Regular 50c Quality
35 Cents, 3 for $1
Made of elastic web—one of the Weber and Heilbroner staples.

Mercerized and Madras Pajamas
Our Regular $2 and $2.50 Qualities
$1.65 a Suit
An excellent assortment. Also silk-and-cotton mixtures, our regular $3.50 and $5 qualities, at $3.15.

Men's Cambric Night Shirts
Our Regular $1 Quality
79 Cents Each
Full cut—correctly tailored. Also our regular $1.50 Night Shirts at $1.15, and $2 Night Shirts at $1.35.

350 Assorted Bathrobes
Our Regular $3.50 and $4 Qualities
$2.45 Each
Made of Terry and blanket cloth. Also $5 to $8 qualities at $3.45; and balance of our silk and woolen lounging gowns at one-third reductions.

Quantity of Manhattan Shirts
Regular $2 Quality
$1.55 Each
Fancy madras, in a variety of patterns. Also Manhattan white dress shirts, tucks and plaited bosom, regularly $2 and $2.50, at $1.15.

At All Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 757 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 27 New, 42nd and Fifth Av.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Men's Clothing Shop
8 West 38th St.—Separate Shop

An Extraordinary Sale
TO-DAY

Men's Silk Lined Overcoats
Fitted, Semi-fitted, Chesterfield, also Slip-on Models

Hand Tailored, Silk Lined Overcoats, of Oxford or Black Vicuna, velvet collar; "Carmoor" London-made overcoats in slip-on or English Great Coat models in the newest London fabrics including Invisible Overplaids and Heather Mixtures in a large variety of colorings. 33 to 46 chest.

28.00 *Heretofore $35.00, $40.00, $45.00*

Men's Slip-On Overcoats
Hand Tailored, Satin Yoke and Sleeves

Winter Overcoats—single breasted slip-on model, patch pockets, of gray, brown or olive Scotch Overcoatings, including Overplaids, Tweed, Homespun and Heather Mixtures, yoke and sleeves silk lined.

20.00 *Heretofore $24.50 and $27.50*

Silk Lined Chesterfield Overcoats
FOR MEN, 33 TO 46 CHEST

Winter Overcoats—hand tailored—of Vicuna in Oxford, black or blue, with collar of velvet or self material; lined throughout with Skinner's Satin.

20.00 *Heretofore $27.50*

Men's Fur Lined Overcoats
Natural Muskrat Lining, Hudson Seal or Persian Lamb Collar
SIZES 36 TO 46 CHEST

Hand Tailored shell of black English Coating, lined with Natural Muskrat Fur (including sleeves), Collar of genuine Hudson Seal or Persian Lamb.

45.00 and 65.00
Regular Values $60.00 and $85.00

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Men's Shoe Shop
4 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Separate Shop, a Step from Fifth Avenue

To-Day at Reduced Prices

Men's Banister Shoes
Fifty Styles—including Cloth or Buckskin tops

Tan or Black Russia Calfskin, with tops of same, Taupe, Tan or Black Buckskin. Imported Patent Calfskin with tops of Dull Mat Kidskin, Cloth or Taupe Buckskin, laced or button. Some styles sizes incomplete.

5.50
Heretofore $7.00

Men's "Franklin" Shoes
Forty styles in Novelty or Conservative Lasts

Of selected leathers, in button or lace shoes. Tan Russia Calfskin, Dull Gun Metal Calfskin, Patent Coltskin, with tops of same or cloth. Some styles sizes incomplete.

4.00
Heretofore $5.00 and $6.00

CORRECTION

In an advertisement of Saks & Company in The New York Times yesterday, Jan. 19, the price of Saks overcoats was, through an error in the composing room of The Times, printed $2.00 instead of $29.00.

That portion of the advertisement should have appeared as follows:

Concluding today
The Sale of
Saks Overcoats at $29
Reduced from
$40 $38 $35

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street. 'Phone Greeley 2626.

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

BUCKSKIN GLOVES

Stitched so they will not rip.

$2.50 pair

Natural color Chamois next to the hand.

The most satisfactory glove for Winter wear.

MANHATTAN SHIRTS
STETSON HATS
BENJAMIN CLOTHES

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

WILSON MEN BLOCK ACTION ON MEXICO

Senate Committee Puts Over a Resolution Authorizing Use of Armed Force.

CARRANZA'S DEATH DECREE

First Chief Outlaws Villa and Two of His Men—Authorizes Their Summary Execution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The struggle in the Senate over the Mexican situation was transferred today from the floor to the Committee on Foreign Relations. There the Republican members this morning, under the leadership of Senator Lodge of Massachusetts and Borah of Idaho, sought to induce the committee to report favorably a resolution authorizing the President to use armed force in Mexico.

The Democrats, under Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee; Senator Clarke of Arkansas, and Senator Williams of Mississippi, insisted that the whole affair be left to President Wilson. The discussion was still running high when the convening of the Senate forced the committee to rise.

It was evident that the Democrats on the committee were united and fully able to put down all efforts from Republican sources to drive the President into more active policies. The Republicans took the ground that failure of the committee to act might encourage Villa in his depredations, and might give General Carranza the impression that he could take his own time in punishing assailants of Americans. They did not say they wanted the resolution to pass the Senate at once, but they argued that a favorable report, without further action by the Senate, would stand as a constant warning to Mexicans, and to that extent would strengthen the hands of the Administration in any demands to be made on Mexico.

Borah Delays Test.

The threat made yesterday by Senator Borah to move to discharge the committee from further consideration of at least one of the Mexican resolutions still stands, though he probably will make no such motion before the committee meets again. He said today that he had not abandoned his intention, but that he would look over the ground again before throwing down the challenge to the Democratic majority.

Before the committee Mr. Borah told his colleagues that a favorable report, even the adoption of the resolution by the Senate, would leave the situation in the hands of the President, who would be authorized, but not instructed, to use the armed forces across the border. With that authorization he could tell General Carranza that he stood ready at any time to adopt strong measures should the First Chief prove delinquent or dilatory. But the Democrats said any such move would simply embarrass the President. They seem determined, if there was to be criticism of the waiting policy, to let that criticism fall on Congress rather than on the President alone.

The data called for in Senator Fall's resolution regarding the Carranza Government and its recognition was not before the committee, and Chairman Stone, who saw the President earlier in the day, could not say when it would be ready. For that reason the committee did not consider the nomination of Henry P. Fletcher, as Ambassador to Mexico, Republicans insisting that they would not vote his confirmation until the President's response had been received.

Sherman Asks Inquiry.

One new resolution relating to Mexico was introduced in the Senate today—this one by Mr. Sherman of Illinois. He is not satisfied with Chairman Stone's denial of any agreement whereby the United States would need the approval of the other American republics before adopting strong tactics toward Mexico, and his resolution would ask the President for a definite statement on the subject. No action was taken on this resolution.

The resolution of Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska imposing an embargo on shipments of arms from the United States was referred today to a sub-committee of the Committee on Foreign Relations, consisting of Mr. Hitchcock, Mr. Lodge, and Mr. Smith of Arizona. The make-up of the sub-committee makes it certain that no favorable action will be taken.

A dispatch to the State Department this morning from Zach Cobb, Collector of Customs at El Paso, contained official proof of the execution of General José Rodriguez and Miguel Baca-Valles. He added that there was no proof that either of these men was involved in the Santa Ysobel outrage. According to Mr. Cobb's report General Rodriguez was blowing up bridges in Western Chihuahua when the Watson party was attacked.

News reports from the border asserting that seven American cavalrymen had been captured by bandits on the border and taken into Mexico, and that a detachment of fifty American cavalrymen were in pursuit, were discredited at the War Department.

[The reports were sent out yesterday under date of Douglas, Ariz., and were published in various papers, but on later investigation The Associated Press withdrew them from publication as untrue.]

Carranza Outlaws Villa.

General Carranza sent the following statement to the Mexican Embassy here today:

"In view of the frequency with which outrageous crimes are being committed by bands of outlaws scattered in various parts of the republic, even after the annihilation of the armies of the reactionaries by the Constitutionalist forces, I believe that the situation thus created calls for the extremity of energetic measures of suppression in order that such crimes shall be met by severest punishment to those who are responsible for them.

"In view of the recent attack on a railway train at a point distant eight kilometers from Santa Ysobel, in the State of Chihuahua, by bandits led by Rafael Castro and Pablo Lopez, members of the forces commanded by Francisco Villa, under whose orders they were operating, and in accordance with the precedent established by the Constitutionalist Government in similar cases occurring in the past, I have seen fit to issue the following decree:

"'Article 1. The reactionary leaders, and ex-General Francisco Villa are hereby declared to be outside the pale of the law.

"'Article 2. The reactionary leaders, ex-General Rafael Castro and ex-Colonel Pablo Lopez are hereby declared to be outside the pale of the law.

"'Article 3. Any citizen of Mexico is empowered hereby to arrest the leaders, Francisco Villa, Rafael Castro, and Pablo Lopez, and to execute them without any formality of the law. But the citizen performing such function shall make a record in writing describing in detail the occurrences, and setting forth the proofs of the identity of the outlaws and the proof of the execution.'"

A letter from an American on the Mexican border who told of "five years of uncertainty and humiliation," and criticised "our miserable, ineffectual, and characterless [Mexican] policy," was read to the House today by Representative Allen T. Treadway of Massachusetts. Mr. Treadway said he must withhold the name of the writer, for obvious reasons, but he offered the letter as an illuminating description of conditions about the border. The letter described various outrages by Mexican troops.

HOWARD FOR INTERVENTION.

Calls Watchful Waiting a "Policy Dear to Mollycoddles."

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Justice Wesley O. Howard of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, who is a student of international law, said today that the Wilson Mexican policy was "dear to mollycoddles, but repugnant to patriots." He advocated immediate intervention to save the people of Mexico from further suffering.

"Once we were a brave people, shielding the weak from the oppression of the strong," he said. "While we were yet stout-hearted we established peace and civilization and law in the far-away Philippines; we guaranteed government and security to Porto Rico; we gave independence and nationality to Cuba. But when our nearest neighbor is stricken, prostrate and bleeding, we stand in 'watchful waiting' on the banks of the Rio Grande and witness the debauchery of Catholic women and the butchery of American citizens.

"This is the policy of 'watchful waiting,' a policy of hesitation and vacillation; a policy which invaded Mexico and then backed out; a policy which hoisted th Stars and Stripes over Vera Cruz and then hauled it down; a policy dear to mollycoddles, but repugnant to patriots."

FIGHT AMERICAN TROOPERS.

Villa Men Cross Border for Skirmish—Raid on Parral.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 19.—Mexican bandits last night crossed the international line at Monument 44, near Hachita, N. M.; made a raid on ranch houses, killed a cavalry horse, and fired into a squad of Seventh Cavalry soldiers. They were under command of a deserter from the United States Army border patrol. This news was brought from Hachita tonight by Bud Anderson, a cowboy from Hachita, who was one of the trailing party and who identified the leader and his five companions.

Anderson said the firing occurred two miles from Lone Cabin. The cavalry had been trailing the bandits since they had made a raid on a mine cabin and had started back across the border. As the troopers approached the border the Mexican bandits hiding in thick boscage opened fire. Besides the cavalry horse that was killed three others broke loose and escaped. Anderson said he recognized, in addition to the leader, Ernesto Gonzales, Enrique Menoza, Isaac Herrera, Manuel Tarango, and Alejandro Lopez, all well-known members of Villa's command. United States troops are now pursuing the men.

The Parral camp of the Alvarado Mining Company was raided by Villa bandits, who killed the Chinese cook, wounded the watchman, said to be an American, and looted the company store, according to reports received here by mining company officials today.

Fifteen foreigners remained in Parral, according to refugees who arrived here a day or two ago, but the advices received by the mining company officials did not indicate that any of these had been molested. When the bandits left Parral they went in the direction of Santa Barbara, it was said.

The bodies of the victims of the Santa Ysabel massacre on Jan. 10 were horribly mutilated, and several must have been shot and then clubbed both before and after death, according to a detailed report of Dr. F. E. Miller, who has made an examination here of each body. The report was made to a representative of the State Department.

Advices from Cusihuiriachic tonight stated that Villa was in the vicinity of the San Juan mine near Cusihuiriachic, with a small band of men who were devoting themselves mainly to cock fighting. According to these reports General Pedro Bracamente, recently accused by refugees of looting Magistral, has arrived at Cusihuiriachic to surrender to the Carranza commander.

In Juarez General Gavira stated tonight that Colonel Enrique Cisneros, captured near Palomas with Miguel Baca-Valles, and reported by Gavira yesterday as being escorted under arrest overland to Juarez, had really arrived with Baca-Valles, and had been tried and released.

CARRANZA SHAKING UP ARMY.

Complete Reorganization and Formation of General Staff Planned.

Special to The New York Times.

QUERETARO, Mexico, Jan. 19, (via Laredo.)—The first step in the reorganization of the Constitutional Army has been taken by the creation of a General Staff, which will handle all details of the campaign in the South and also of the reorganization of the entire army. Among the principal points to be covered are the creation of a new corps of Civil Government guards, which probably will be formed after the model of the famous Guardia Civil of Spain; the elimination from the present army of the worthless elements that have been incorporated during the revolution, and the establishing of a new military system.

The staff will be headed by General Hill, well known along the border for his defense of Waco against Villa. Among the Generals who will be associated with him are the following, all of whom have seen service since the opening of the Madero revolution: Castro, Diquez, Marguaia, Manze, Pesqueira, Trevino, Calles, Gonzales, and Coss.

More than 250 men, comprising the Battalion "Rolfo" made up entirely of working men from Mexico City, who have been fighting on the West Coast, and have been mustered out at Colima, arrived here yesterday and visited General Obregon in his headquarters. One of the officers, who had been a motorman with the Mexico City Trolley Company, said:

"We, the laboring men of the Republic, have fought under your command, General Obregon, and for the first time in the history of Mexico the laboring men have not been forced into the army, but have joined of their own free will. We are now returning to our work. As there is no need of us in the field, we are anxious to return to the workshops so as to help in the reconstruction of the Republic, and while we are at our work we will always remember that the Constitutionalists have given us our rights, which for so many years had been denied us. We are ready to help as laborers or as soldiers whenever our country needs us."

General Obregon, replying, advised them not to forget the widows and the orphans of their companions who had died fighting for their rights, and who in dying had left as a sacred duty the necessity of comrades sharing not only the glory, but bread with the families of the dead.

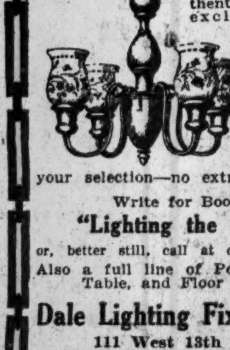
Work has been started in paving the principal streets of Queretaro with asphalt. During his stay here General Carranza plans to make a completely improved town with a new sewerage system and many other public improvements.

OUTLAWS ON WAY TO DEATH.

Doomed Prisoners Said to Include Some Santa Ysobel Slayers.

CHIHUAHUA CITY, Mexico, Jan. 19.—Among Mexican bandits who looted Magistral, a mining camp in Durango, several days ago, and who were captured by Carranza troops under General Cavazos yesterday at Guerrero, are men who took part in the Santa Ysobel massacre, it was said here tonight. The prisoners are being brought here to be executed.

You Pay Factory Prices at Dale's



—which means a saving of 25% to 35% of retail prices. And there are no more authentic fixtures, exclusive and beautiful designs offered anywhere in New York City. Our expert lighting engineers will gladly assist you in your selection—no extra charge.

Write for Booklet, "Lighting the Home"

or, better still, call at our showrooms. Also a full line of Portable Desk, Table, and Floor Lamps.

Dale Lighting Fixture Co.,
111 West 13th Street, NEW YORK.

CENTRAL BIG GAINER BY NEW TRACK PLAN

Can Increase Main Tracks, Enlarge Yards, and Erect Big Warehouses.

ONLY ALL-RAIL LINE TO CITY

Proposed Improvements to Give the Road Greater Advantages Over Those with Jersey Terminals.

Close attention is likely to be paid the tentative agreement between the City and the New York Central, with respect to the position in which it will place the railroad company as regards the ship line piers on this side of the Hudson. The Central has always occupied a strong position in the importation of freight into this city, in that it alone has had an all-rail line, other railroads having been obliged to convey freight across the North River on floats from Jersey terminals. It appears now that the New York Central will improve its position as a freight carrier considerably, both absolutely and relatively to the other roads.

The other lines all have freight terminals in New Jersey and their facilities in Manhattan are meagre. The Pennsylvania has 8 North River piers, the Lehigh Valley 3, the Baltimore & Ohio 3, the Central of New Jersey 4, the Delaware & Lackawanna 2, the Erie 3, and the Panama Railroad 1. To and from these piers all the inward and outward freight must be floated in barges, and to and from these piers the freight to be shipped out of New York must be trucked through the crowded streets. Conditions along West Street and the Marginal Way, especially in inclement weather, are almost intolerable, and the delay caused by congestion, as well as the difficulties of teaming, add considerably to the cost of shipments.

In addition to piers, however, the Baltimore & Ohio, the Lehigh Valley, and the Erie each have block-long terminal yards in the region between Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues and Twenty-ninth and Twenty-fifth Streets. The Pennsylvania is a little better off, occupying a yard from Thirty-seventh Street to half way between Thirty-eighth and Thirty-ninth Streets, between the same avenues. These are the only yards in the limits of Manhattan owned by railroads other than the Central. The Terminal Warehouse Company, however, has one between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Streets.

The New York Central Lines have nine piers under lease, besides those connected with the road's yards between Sixtieth and Seventy-second Streets, which monopolizes all the waterfront in that section.

The Central's Yards.

In the Thirtieth Street region the Central has four and a half blocks, which occupy the entire area between Thirtieth and Thirty-third Streets, and Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues, while the West Shore Line, a Central subsidiary, has two blocks between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-seventh Streets. These yards extend from Thirtieth to Thirty-second Street, between Tenth and Eleventh Avenues, and from Twenty-ninth to Twenty-eighth Street, between Ninth and Tenth Aveinues. To these should be added the terminal yard, extending over two blocks, which the company has in St. John's Park, right in the heart of the wholesale business section.

Ira A. Place, Vice President of the Central, said yesterday:

"Our all-rail route has kept down freight rates to New York. If we did not run into the city by land, the New Jersey lines would be able to add to their freight charges enough to compensate them for the cost of floating freight across the harbor. Now they must meet our rates, which have none of those complications, and we, with our West Shore Line, must in the same way meet the New York Central rate."

The all-rail route of the New York Central today comes down with two tracks from Spuyten Duyvil to about 151st Street and there widens into three tracks. It has developed a small freight yard, from 145th Street to 129th Street, where Riverside Park begins, and it has managed to squeeze between the river and the park numbers of tracks, some of which can be used for loading and unloading. There is, however, only a double track main line which can be used the whole way for through trains.

Only Two Main Tracks Now.

Along Riverside Drive, between 129th and Seventy-second Streets, the number of tracks varies from two to four, according as the company has found space to add sidings. Then come the old freight yards, constructed 40 years ago and now out of date. From the southern end of the yards at Sixtieth Street, issue only two tracks, and they are carried south along Eleventh Avenue to the Thirtieth Street yards at grade, and so on through Tenth Avenue and other city thoroughfares to St John's Park. Consequently, as things are, although the New York Central here and there has many sidings, it cannot depend on more than a double track for any considerable distance from its St. John's Park terminal to Spuyten Duyvil.

Under the suggested settlement with the city, these facilities will be enlarged considerably.

One great advantage the Central hopes to gain by the new arrangement, to obtain which it is willing to spend $50,000,000, is the development of yards at 145th Street. They will not be covered in, except the four or six main tracks. Speaking of this yesterday Mr. Place said:

"We believe we shall do a great thing for the upper part of the city by developing our yards there. They will be especially useful for milk and such freight as stone and building materials. We shall have plenty of room for platforms for the loading and unloading of trains, and we have had many congratulations from Harlem business men."

May Have Spurs to Docks.

Mr. Place was asked if the elevated line in Twelfth Avenue would not mean that the Central would get possession of the new long docks.

"Well," he said, "we do go in the neighborhood of them."

"Why do you not continue to run along Eleventh Avenue in this section and merely place your tracks on an elevated structure?" he was asked.

"Yes, and find we had to pull them down immediately," was Mr. Place's reply. "Remember, we are giving the city a new avenue, entirely free from obstruction. Is not that worth something?"

It was suggested that before long the New York Central might be running spurs out from its new Twelfth Avenue elevated to the long docks.

Mr. Place thought the docks were not designed for such a purpose, but admitted he had always thought a proper development of the water front might call for that. However, he said, it would not prevent other companies having access to the docks.

The Central plans to construct large warehouses for itself and the American Express Company in the Thirtieth Street yards. Its idea is to divide the proposed elevated structure into two decks, one to carry the four main tracks into the warehouses, and the other to connect with the piers on the west side of Twelfth Avenue. The warehouses will be eight or ten stories high.

A letter received by THE NEW YORK TIMES deals with the proposed yards above 133d Street to about 145th Street. It is from Stanley M. Isaacs, a lawyer of 52 William Street. He wrote:

"The interest which you have always displayed in the preservation of our park system might well be evidenced by your taking up the fight to have either no railroad yard at this point, or, if it is constructed, only one, completely covered. This would protect and might even improve Riverside Park, which was laid out only recently at so great an expense to the city, and to those whose property adjoins the Drive."

HOUSE GOES TO PARIS.

President's Representative Will Sail for America on Feb. 19.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Having concluded his conferences with prominent British officials, Colonel Edward M. House, personal representative of President Wilson, will start for Paris tomorrow. He will go to Berlin, too. All he would say today concerning his stay here was that he had seen every one he wished to see.

Colonel House talked with all the prominent members of the Cabinet, as well as a number of financiers and business men, but did not have an audience with King George. On the occasion of his former visit the King received him twice.

Colonel House will remain in Paris until Sunday, when he will leave for Germany, by way of Switzerland. He expects to remain in Berlin for a week, after which he will return to Paris for a few days. He will be back in London about Feb. 10, and sail for New York on the steamship Rotterdam on Feb. 19.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Colonel E. M. House, now in London on a semi-diplomatic mission, has not discussed the proposed British blockade in any of his reports to the Washington Government. Denial of published statements to the effect that Colonel House had made such reports was given semi-officially by a high official of the State Department this afternoon.

Colonel House has telegraphed reports almost daily to Washington in cipher code, and these have been sent to the White House for consideration by the President, but in none of these reports, according to authoritative information today, has he discussed Great Britain's blockade plans.

ADMITS GALLIPOLI LOSS.

Possibly $2,500,000 Worth of Stores Left, Tennant Tells Commons.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Harold J. Tennant, Parliamentary Under Secretary for War, stated in the House of Commons this afternoon that he thought a quarter or an eighth of the £2,000,000 ($10,000,000) given in the Turkish reports as the value of the booty left when the British evacuated Gallipoli peninsula would cover everything the troops had abandoned.

Mr. Tennant said that in the evacuation the primary object, of course, was to bring the troops away safe and sound. It had already been stated, he said, that a considerable amount of stores was abandoned after having been destroyed. No doubt more might have been saved by the sacrifice of life, but the Commons and public opinion, he added, would indorse the action of those responsible for conducting the evacuation in such a way as to save the personnel.

The bulk of the stores left behind had been destroyed, he declared.

JURORS HAIL AL SMITH.

Sheriff's Panel Also Hears Some Dinner Remarks by Mr. Swann.

Sheriff Al Smith was wined, dined and thoroughly toasted last night at the Waldorf by the Second Panel and their guests to the number of 600, including the Judges and Justices and Charles F. Murphy.

George T. Wilson of the Equitable, foreman, was "roastmaster," as he called it, and District Attorney Swann talked a while. Among those who heard him were:

Frank W. Woolworth, B. F. Yoakum, William Ziegler, Jr., James Speyer, Jacob Ruppert, Herman Mergenthaler, Henry D. Hotchkiss, Walter Jermyn, Alexander M. Hudnut, J. M. Gidding, George Ehret, Jr., Henry P. Davidson, Howard C. Brokaw, M. F. Burns, John S. Burke, John Bopp, George C. Boldt, and Harry S. Black.

Hanna & Co. Buy Lake Boats.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The Frontier Steamship Company and the Niagara Transit Company have sold to M. A. Hanna & Co. of Cleveland five steel freight steamers for $2,020,000. The boats, now in Buffalo harbor, are the Charles Weston, James Corrigan, Joshua G. Munro, Daniel M. Meacham, and William A. Rogers.

GEN. WOOD WANTS ARMY OF 210,000

Continued from Page 1.

said, that it was politically impossible. But he seemed to carry the committee with him in a plea for a regular army larger than that advocated by Secretary Garrison, and for a reserve force that would be wholly Federal in its control and that would altogether ignore the State militia.

While General Wood's recommendations differed in important particulars from those made by the Secretary of War, there is reason to believe that he and the Secretary of War are in substantial agreement and that little that was said today will bring distress or even surprise to Mr. Garrison. Mr. Wood laid little emphasis upon the Secretary's plan for a Continental army, about which he said he had no precise information. But he did not condemn the plan. He only insisted that it be separated altogether from the State troops.

While Mr. Garrison has lent his approval to a plan for increased pay for the National Guard, General Wood's criticism of the efficiency of that body for national defense was not far from what the Secretary said yesterday in opposing a plan to replace the Continental Army by an enlarged militia. Both agree that the "forty-eight little armies" making up the militia cannot be welded on short notice into an adequate harmonious organization.

Wants Standing Army of 210,000.

In advocating a standing regular army of about 210,000 men, with twice that number of reserves, General Wood said that the nearer the country came to universal service the heavier could be the reduction in the standing force. He insisted that it was lack of a great mass of fairly drilled men that made necessary a standing army. Under present conditions he summarized his ideas of the needs of the regular army as follows:

For the Philippines, four regiments of infantry, two of cavalry, one and one-half of artillery; for Hawaii, six regiments of infantry, one of cavalry, and two of field artillery; for Panama, four regiments of infantry, one of artillery, and one squadron of cavalry; for each of these outlying fields, two companies of engineers, one aerial squadron, and full complements of medical and other supplies; for Porto Rico, one regiment of infantry and perhaps two native regiments; for the continental United States, six complete infantry divisions, two cavalry divisions, six regiments of mobile heavy artillery, two regiments of field artillery with each division, one battalion of engineers with each division, and one pontoon battalion with each three divisions—or about 130,000 men in continental United States.

"I would make all units outside the United States at 10 per cent. above war strength," said the General, "so as to give them their reserves in advance, and supplies to last them a year. The defense of these places rests ultimately on our control of the sea. If, in a year, we could not establish that control, they would be lost anyhow."

General Wood ridiculed the idea that modern armies could not effect landings on remote and hostile coasts, citing the Gallipoli expedition as an illustration. A hostile army larger than anything the United States was prepared to meet, he said, could be landed and the American Navy, which he said stood in the fourth place, could not prevent it. He also denounced as viciously absurd the suggestion that all European belligerents would be exhausted after the present war. The victors, he declared, would be stronger than ever, and he cited historical illustrations to show it.

On the question of coast defenses, he said the present guns were able to reach a range of 34,000 yards if mounted for a 45-degree elevation. The trouble was with the gun carriages, he said, which limited their fire to 14,000 yards, whereas European navy craft were sinking ships at over 17,000 yards.

The General made the significant statement that the belligerent governments were buying by the tens of thousands the Lewis machine gun, invented by an American officer of the Coast Artillery, now retired, and rejected by the Ordnance Bureau because of faulty material used in the weapon supplied for tests. This gun, developed three years ago, he explained, antedated the one-man machine gun of the German army, and could be carried and fired in any position by a single man.

Pay for Reservists.

"The chief need in building up a reserve," said General Wood, "is a new enlistment act. I do not believe that the length of service makes much difference if you abolish the present right to purchase discharge, and permit voluntary transfer of a man to the reserve when his commanding officer certifies that he has become a thoroughly trained soldier.

"I would pay the reservist about $30 a year, and that would help us to keep track of him. But I do not believe we should have much trouble with that—I believe our men would play the game. The seaports are full today of reservists from European armies, entirely beyond the reach of their own laws, who are yet making every effort to get back home and do their service. If our people are not going to do that, then of course we're gone anyway.

"I figure, at a liberal estimate, that the cost of these reserves would be about $75 or $80 per man per year. It will be under rather than over. Perhaps $60 would cover it. That includes their pay and every other cost to the Government. That is, they would cost only about a sixth or a tenth as much as a man in the regular army."

In response to a question from Chairman Chamberlain about the bill, which Chairman Hay of the House Committee prepared, General Wood said:

"The Hay bill seems to me entirely inadequate as a substitute for a regular establishment of real strength. Particularly, the recommendations for field artillery are absurdly inadequate, and show utter failure to appreciate one of the most vital lessons of the present war. It is simple insanity not to realize the change in conditions and act on it. Even before the war began England had equipped her army with 6.2 guns to a thousand rifles. We dreamed of having 3.18 some time in the dim future. Actually we have about 2.

Volunteer System a Failure.

"We cannot afford to go on any longer under the volunteer system. It has been a dismal failure in every war in which we have been engaged, and always will be. It did not even meet our requirements in the Spanish war. In the revolutionary war the very bad system of offering bounties was begun. It began with a bounty of $4 and ran up to $1,200. This system of bounties has done more than anything else to debauch our patriotism. Under it the rich man buys the poor man to die for him.

"The volunteer system is a rotten system. The spirit is fine, but the efficiency is weak. We are not in any way prepared or organized for a war with a first-class nation. We have not in any one single item the necessary materials for the needs of the first call of men to the colors.

"The officers and men of the militia have done good service, but the system is vicious. I would give the militia the opportunity to come into the Federal service. I would take them all, good and bad, in order to eliminate the vicious system. If they would not come—and I do not anticipate that many of them would—then give them back to the States and withdraw your support and expend the money in building up a Federal force. Let us put the money into Federal service or give it to the States and have our own Federal militia—call it a Continental army or what you will. But the two—the militia and the Continental army—are not possible together. They would be continually opposing each other, each contending for men and money.

"During the first Balkan war," said General Wood, "170,000 reservists returned to their former homes. There were 47,000 Greeks alone who returned to the war, practically their whole reserve strength over here."

"Reservists of other countries in the United States are sufficient in themselves to cope with our army, are they not?" suggested Senator Chamberlain.

Need 2,000,000 Men for War.

"There are certainly enough to cope with our present reservists," replied General Wood. "Our reserves ought to be twice the strength of our regular establishment. If we ever have a serious war, at least 2,000,000 men will be needed. If we are not to have a universal military training system, then there is one thing that is absolutely necessary, and that is to have more officers. There are in the various land grant colleges and private military institutions more than 40,000 young men who are receiving military instruction. There ought to be something done to coordinate this force and unify the instruction. In addition, in non-military colleges such as Yale and Harvard they are now beginning to take up military instruction. At Cambridge alone there are 1,000 of these men each year. The course covers thirty lectures by army officers each year, together with a certain amount of Summer instruction at camps. The course is permitted to count toward a degree. Such men as these might be taken into the regular army as second lieutenants and they would prove very efficient.

"There has been a great deal of nonsense written about the impossibility of an army landing today on a hostile shore. Why, the British expedition to the Dardanelles, 126,000 strong, sailed in ninety-six ships, all trains, supplies, and artillery accompanying them. They put into Alexandria, where the men were rested on shore for two weeks, then sailed away without noise and effected a landing on a shore without a beach, where barbed wire entanglements ran into the sea, and which was surrounded by mines and submarines. There is, in fact, no better system of transportation than the sea, so far as troops are concerned.

"We must come to the idea of general service, which was first recommended by General Washington after consultation with his Secretary of War, General Knox. If their plan had been adopted, there would have been no war of 1812, or if there had been we should have had Canada today. That plan would have made the civil war impossible. Only once have we been prepared for war, and that was at the close of the civil war. And at that time, while we were prepared, a single note to France was enough to end our controversy with that country.

Europe Not Exhausted.

"The next war is always paid for before it is fought in supplies and fleets. It is nonsense to say that war will be impossible for the European nations after this war because of their exhaustion. More male children are being born than men are killed. It was after 160 years of war against the Moors that victorious Spain launched out and conquered the world. The nation that comes out of this war victorious will be stronger than ever before. We will have all the gold, but it will not be of much use for defense unless we stiffen it with a little iron. Nations do not die from war, but by long continued inactivity."

General Wood said that the rifle-making capacity of the United States at present was 3,200 a day, and that this maximum would not be reached before May. As to Government-owned plants, he said, the Government could not manufacture its munitions in times of war without private supplements. He thought mere prudence demanded that arms plants be built in the interior.

"If an attack were made on Boston," he said, "and projected westward as far as Watervliet and then to Bethlehem and Philadelphia it would take in 92 per cent. of the American munition factories. The United States has 693,000 modern rifles and 300,000 old Krags. There should be an extra rifle for every man. Field ammunition is practically lacking."

To a question by Senator Myers, General Wood said:

"Our navy is now rated fourth. England, Germany and Japan are ahead of us. England has built since the present war began a navy equal to ours at the present time. It includes thirteen capital ships and how many submarines we do not know, but we do know she has built a great many. It is quite possible for a dreadnought of the Queen Elizabeth class to fire a shell at Rockaway Beach and reach Seventeenth Street, New York City, and it would be out of reach of any gun now mounted in the American defenses."

FLETCHER PRAISES FLEET.

Reports New Target Record, but Asks for Many Improvements.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Stripped of its military secrets, the annual report of Admiral Fletcher, Commander-in-Chief of the Atlantic fleet, was made public today by the Senate. The report says that on June 30 the fleet was better balanced and doing better shooting than ever before, but lists fifteen specific recommendations as to conditions which should be remedied, ranging from shortage of men and lack of swift scout cruisers and aircraft to elimination of the compulsory feature of the navy's educational system.

With the Admiral's report was a letter of transmittal from Secretary Daniels, stating that many of the conditions referred to had already been remedied and that steps had been taken to carry out the other recommendations. The Secretary also pointed out that Admiral Fletcher said most of the weaknesses were of long standing and that he had omitted discussion of "the many satisfactory features of the fleet" in the interest of brevity.

The Admiral's Complaint.

Secretary Daniels summarized Admiral Fletcher's specific complaints as follows:

Shortage of officers.
Shortage of men.
Lack of fast armored cruisers and fast light cruisers.
Limitations of mobility and sea going qualities of submarines.
Lack of aircraft.
Lack of radio direction-finders.
Too frequent overhaul of battleships.
Necessity of maintaining full complements in active ships of the fleet.
Need of additional mining and sweeping vessels.
Desirability of mobilizing ships in reserve annually with active fleet.
Necessity of increased facilities at fleet rendezvous.
Need of battle target practice at long ranges.
Provision for division commanders for mining and auxiliary divisions.
Provision for more speed in design of fighting craft intended to operate with the fleet.
Need of anti-aircraft guns.

"The foregoing facts," Secretary Daniels wrote after summing up the report as a whole, "demonstrate conclusively that the fleet is better organized, the ships more fully manned and more competently officered than heretofore, that our gunnery is steadily improving, and that most of the requirements of the fleet, enumerated by the Commander in Chief, while of long standing, have already been largely corrected."

118 Vessels, 27,000 Men.

"During the past year," says the report, which was sent to the Senate in compliance with a resolution offered by Senator Lodge, "the number of units assigned to the fleet has been increased 15 per cent., resulting in a better balanced fleet, as was shown by the manoeuvres in August. There are now in the Atlantic Fleet 118 vessels of various types, manned by a force of more than 27,000 men.

"All the operations of the manoeuvres were successfully carried out, with the exception of the movements of the submarines, and the results reflect credit on the personnel and material of the fleet.

"I consider it important that the department investigate the possibility of providing grape shot or a similar form of ammunition for use of the turret guns in repelling destroyer attacks."

Admiral Fletcher says of target practice of the fleet that, when due allowance is made for varying conditions of practice from year to year, "it is believed the scores are higher than ever before made in open sea." The Spring target practice this year will include work at 18,000 yards, the maximum distance at which the battle in the North Sea was fought when the German armored cruiser Blücher was sunk.

Discussing the necessity of swift cruisers for scouting work, Admiral Fletcher recommends that the force for the armored cruisers, now scatteed on various details, many of them on the Pacific Coast, be assembled to operate with the fleet as a unit.

The report discloses that several ships of the Connecticut class have had repeated accidents to their shafting while running at speeds between 12 and 15 knots. For this reason they cannot be operated with the fleet at cruising speed, although fully efficient at their maximum speed of eighteen knots or more. Vibration of the shafting is assigned as the cause, and a special board has recommended increasing the strength of the shafts.



THE finest cook never quite equals "the things Mother used to make." An' no man can beat old Mother Nature's recipe for ageing tobacco. VELVET is cured Nature's way.

Velvet Joe.

RUSSIANS DRIVE TURKS, FIGHTING IN CLOUDS

Snow Trenches Cut by Advancing Victors—Foe in Flight Toward Erzerum.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 19, (via London.)—The Russian War Office tonight issued the following report of the campaign in the Caucasus:

"By our furious and unexpected attack on their center the Turkish army was disorganized and dislodged from a strong position over a front of more than a hundred versts, (66 miles,) extending from the region of Lake Tortum to the region of Charianson, Melazghert, and retreated in the direction of the fortified plain of Erzerum. At many places this retreat assumed the character of a panic flight. Several Turkish units were almost annihilated; hundreds of bodies cover the route of our offensive.

"At many points our troops had to advance on heights above the clouds, cutting trenches in the deep snow, during heavy snow storms. We occupied the village of Koprukeui, on the Araxes, fifty versts (33 miles) east of Erzerum. In the course of the fighting on the 17th we took prisoner five officers and 208 men and captured much material, including machine guns and caissons. We seized a Turkish ammunition depot at the village of Tsurnachel, in the Charianson district.

"Persian campaign—Southwest of Lake Urumiah there have been engagements with Kurds, who were repulsed southward."

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 19.—This official statement was issued at Turkish Army Headquarters:

"The Russians, who sustained considerable losses in consequence of our violent attacks and owing to our reinforcements, were compelled to abandon their attacks along the entire front. Despite eight days of very violent offensive operations by superior enemy forces, the situation, apart from slight changes, remains favorable to us. There is otherwise no new development."

NEW RUSSIAN OFFENSIVE.

Vienna Reports Resumption of Attacks on Bukowina Front.

BERLIN, Jan. 19, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—A new offensive movement has been inaugurated by the Russians to the east of Czernowitz, near the Bessarabian frontier, according to the official Austrian statement of today, which says:

On the eastern front yesterday was calm. This morning a new battle was begun near Toporoutz and Boyan, on the frontier east of Czernowitz. At several places the enemy made four successive attacks, but was repulsed everywhere.

BERLIN, Jan. 19, (via London.)—The German Army Headquarters' Staff today gave out the following official statement relative to the Russian front:

On this front there is nothing to report, except that a German air squadron attacked enemy storage depots and an aerial port at Tarnopol.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 19.—The official communication issued from general headquarters today reads as follows:

On the Riga-Dvinsk front there have been frequent flights of German aviators, who were observed in the region of the lower course of the River Aa, Courland, near Skotel, west of Friedrichstadt, and on Dvinsk, where the Germans dropped many bombs.

A German attempt to land on the bank of the Dvina facing Lennewada, below Friedrichstadt, was repulsed by our fire. Southeast of Friedrichstadt, near Samman, the Germans liberated asphyxiating gas against us.

Positions on Dvinsk, after an active artillery fire in the region of Tennenfeld, the Germans opened two attacks, but both were repulsed.

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Dainty Frocks and Smart Suits for the Girls and Boys

OF THE GRADUATING CLASSES

Frocks of the sheer white fabrics that are at once so appropriate and so becoming, with and without accentuations of embroidery and lace.

Suits of blue serge that will immediately appeal to the boy who likes to feel that he is well-dressed.

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Tailored Suits, Afternoon & Evening Gowns

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AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

Women's Tailored Suits, copies of foreign models, priced according to the materials selected, at $59.50, 67.50, 78.50 and 87.50

Women's Evening Gowns, in plain and elaborate models of taffeta and net, - at $90.00

Smart Afternoon Gowns of black chiffon and satin over white satin; velvet trimmed, $95.00

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Very unusual values in street and semi-dress styles of cloth and velvet

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$65 to $95 Dance Dresses—at $35

Wraps — Richly Fur-trimmed — Formerly $95 to $325 — $75, $135, $165

Coats — Most exquisite styles — Formerly $65 to $150 — $35, $75

Sale of Furs

Fur Coats — Hudson Seal, 46 inch, Skunk trimmed — Formerly $325 — $175

Fur Sets — Of Skunk, Hudson Seal, Fox, Mink, Mole, etc. — Formerly $125 to $195 — $75 & $95

$45 & $55 SKUNK, BEAVER & MOLE MUFFS AT $25

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Fifty cents a week until next Christmas.

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$1.00 a week until next Christmas.

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FIGHT OVER 'BIG FOUR.'

One Democratic Slate Smashed and Room for Brewers to be Made.

Indications that trouble is impending in the Democratic Party in the State over the selection of the four delegates-at-large to the National Convention at St. Louis on June 14 were apparent yesterday when it was reported in Tammany circles that the men who had been tentatively selected were to be replaced by four others.

According to several reports the "big four" were to be selected from a list including the names of Senator O'Gorman, State Chairman William Church Osborn, Alton B. Parker, John B. Stanchfield, ex-Governor Martin H. Glynn, Representative John J. Fitzgerald of Brooklyn, and Herbert P. Bissell of Buffalo.

The list as revised yesterday, according to certain Democratic leaders, contains the names of Norman E. Mack, National Committeeman; ex-Governor John A. Dix, Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, and either George Ehret of New York City or John A. Webber of Brooklyn. Both Ehret and Webber are brewers. The report that a new list of candidates was out started considerable speculation about Tammany Hall. One leader said it foreshadowed trouble between the Tammany organization and the Wilson Administration at the St. Louis convention.

The mention of the names of Mr. Ehret and Mr. Webber caused the most speculation. One rumor had it that Leader Murphy wanted them as delegates-at-large in order to fight any possible attempt on the part of William J. Bryan to have a prohibition plank inserted in the St. Louis platform. Tammany is suspicious of Bryan, and the leaders think they foresee that he will take a prominent part in the convention proceedings. If he makes an attempt to foist his prohibition ideas upon the party the Tammany leaders want to have a delegation on the convention floor which can be depended upon to combat them.

It is apparent that there will be interesting developments over the designation of candidates for delegates-at-large when the Democratic State Committee meets at Albany on Jan. 27. Chairman Osborn is in favor of having the selection of candidates left entirely to the voters at the Spring primaries instead of calling an unofficial State convention to make the designations. In any event, the slate will probably be made up at the State Committee meeting.

The Committee on Arrangements of the National Committee will meet at the Jefferson Hotel, St. Louis, on Feb. 8, to make final plans for the convention. The members are Robert S. Hudspeth of New Jersey, W. W. Marsh of Iowa, E. F. Goltra of Missouri, C. Boeschenstein of Illinois, J. Bruce Kremer of Montana, Thomas Taggart of Indiana, Norman E. Mack of New York, Robert Ewing of Louisiana, Eugene E. Reed of New Hampshire, Homer S. Cummings of Connecticut, with National Chairman William F. McCombs ex-officio.

Chairman McCombs said yesterday no mention had been made as yet as to the Temporary Chairman of the convention. Members of the committee, he said, were waiting to hear from President Wilson on the subject. He said the committee would wait a reasonable length of time to hear from the President, and if he did not indicate his choice the committee would go ahead and make the selection.

SCORES FIRST POINT FOR BUDGET REFORM

Whitman Convinces Conferees and Assembly Will Aid His Plan for Appropriations.

SENATE MAY OPPOSE

But Chairman Sage Hopes to Iron Out Difficulties—Fiscal Year to be Changed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—After having been held in abeyance since the opening day of the session Governor Whitman's annual message was read today in both branches of the Legislature. The Governor's Budget bill will be introduced in the Assembly tomorrow by W. J. Maier, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee. Speaker Sweet said tonight that what had been known up to the present time as "the Governor's" bill, from now on, as far as the Assembly was concerned, would be known as the official Appropriation bill of the present session, subject, of course, to changes in a good many of the items embodied in it.

The decision was reached at a conference held today in which the participants were Governor Whitman, Speaker Sweet, Assemblyman Maier, and Senator Henry M. Sage, Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee. It represents a substantial victory for Governor Whitman in the preliminary skirmishing over this year's budget, which, it had been predicted, would create a concrete issue between the Governor and the legislative leaders of his own party.

As far as the Assembly, where fiscal legislation originates, is concerned, it would appear that the Governor will have his own way completely. Speaker Sweet only last week in discussing the budget with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at the Capitol said that he could not see any possibility of conforming to the recommendation made in the Governor's message that all appropriations be embodied in one measure and that the so-called supply bill, the construction bill, and all measures providing for special appropriations be eliminated from this year's budget making. Tonight after his conference with Governor Whitman, the Speaker said that there would be only one appropriation bill introduced in the Assembly this year and that would be the measure known as yet as the "Governor's budget bill."

Hint of Senate Opposition.

The indications are that more missionary work will be necessary in the Senate before the Senate leaders can be made to view the situation as the Governor does. Senator Sage, however, said this evening that he would not be a stickler for form and that he hoped to see the situation "ironed out" and a harmonious understanding reached with reference to both the form and substance of the fiscal legislation to be enacted.

"I would not say that a final understanding was reached at the conference today," said Senator Sage in discussing the matter. "It will naturally take some time to iron out existing differences, but I have no doubt that this will be done if we go at it in the proper spirit. The Governor made it clear to me that he had no desire to dictate to the Legislature, and that his budget bill was submitted merely as representing his view of how the budget should be."

"Is it likely that the Senate will conform to the idea embodied in the Governor's message and in his budget bill that all appropriations should be contained in one appropriation bill?" Senator Sage was asked.

"I cannot see," he replied, "how we possibly can avoid having a supply bill as usual, and I am quite sure there will be some special bills providing for appropriations for local purposes, but the supply bill should, in my opinion, provide for no appropriations except to meet deficiencies in last year's budget. We are all in thorough accord with the Governor's view that there should be severe segregation of items, and that the budget measures should be drafted so that it will be easy to tell from them exactly what it costs to run the different departments."

The bill that will go before the Assembly to-morrow was subjected to some slight changes at the conference to-day. These, however, involved less than $5,000. As it now stands the bill provides for appropriations aggregating $57,000,000 in round numbers, a decrease of some $6,000,000 from last year's budget, when approximately $63,000,000 was appropriated for the maintenance of the State Government.

It was agreed at the conference that the fiscal year should be changed to begin on July 1, instead of on October 1 as at present. The Governor's budget bill provides for appropriations for a full twelve months, beginning on July 1. This would mean that at the time it goes into effect there will be unexpended balances equivalent to the cost of running the State Government for three months, or approximately $15,000,000.

Under the Governor's plan as originally presented he would have had the agreeable task of dividing between the different departments this surplus which is to be applied to next year's budget. At the conference to-day, however, the Governor was induced to make a concession and give this power to a committee of which he will be the Chairman. The Lieutenant Governor, the Controller, the State Treasurer, the Speaker, and the Chairmen of the Senate Finance and the Assembly Ways and Means Committee will be the other members.

"There is entire accord between the Governor and the leaders of the Assembly, and for all I know the leaders of the Senate with regard to the making of this year's budget," Speaker Sweet said tonight. "Harmony was the keynote of our conference. As far as the Assembly is concerned, the 'Governor's' bill will be the only appropriation bill to be presented this year. Everything that is to be spent during the coming year will go into it. Of course there will be some increases and decreases. It will be noted, for instance, that the Governor has not changed any estimates sent to him by the other elective officers of the State. The Legislature will have to bring these down to the proper basis. It will mark a great step in fiscal reform."

Speaker Sweet said that a measure would be introduced to make it compulsory to have the budget reported from the Ways and Means Committee at least thirty days before the date fixed for final adjournment of the Legislature, and to have the bill in its final printed form for ten full legislative days on the desks of members before it is put to the final vote.

"This will kill for all time the bitter and seemingly justified criticism or a helter-skelter hurrying through of the appropriation bills at the eleventh hour of the session," the Speaker said.

Under the law the Governor will still retain his veto power over this budget bill of his own making, but it will be limited to the striking out of items appropriated, and he will not be in a position to either increase or decrease any of the items contained in the measure after it has been passed by the Legislature and sent to him for his approval.

Research Bureau's Plan.

On behalf of the Bureau of Municipal Research a memorial was presented today to Lieutenant Governor Schoeneck in the Senate and Speaker Sweet of the Assembly urging the adoption of the executive budget system.

The memorial was accompanied by a draft of amendments to the statutes and the rules of the Senate and Assembly, needed to establish the proposed reforms. The most important of the amendments proposed is one of the Executive law which would require the Governor to submit to the Legislature not later than Feb. 1 a budget, embodying a complete financial plan for the next fiscal year, including a statement of assets and estimated revenue items, which the Governor omitted in his budget bill this year, as it has been omitted in the budget measures of all preceding years.

Here is a summary of the changes in the statutes and legislative rules, recommended by the Bureau of Municipal Research:

All funds, reports, estimates, and bills shall be first considered and discussed by each House of the Legislature in Committee of the Whole, instead of being referred to a standing committee.

No reference of finance bills shall be made to any standing committee until the Committee of the Whole shall have reported thereon.

The Governor personally or by his designated representatives shall have the right to attend sessions of the Committee of the Whole to explain executive proposals.

No amendements increasing amounts of items over and above the amounts as submitted by the Governor shall be in order in the deliberations of the Committee of the Whole, and any provisions for increases that may be proposed shall be submitted to the Legislature as separate bills.

SHIFT FIRE PREVENTION.

Plan to Give a City Board Factory Oversight Here.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—Fire prevention duty in New York City is taken from the State Industrial Commission and vested in a commission of five to be appointed by the Mayor, by the terms of an amendment to the New York charter which has been prepared by leaders of the up-State Republican organization.

The Industrial Commission, under the amendment, would retain the power of a Court of Appeals. It is the assertion of the up-State leaders that this amendment will put the responsibility for fire traps directly on New York City authorities and absolve State officials from blame. There was a bitter dispute as to responsibility for the deaths of fourteen persons in the recent Diamond factory fire in Brooklyn. There is every probability of the passage of the measure.

WOOD'S OFFICE BOY HALTS GRAND JURY

Detectives Searching for Important Witness Who Has Disappeared.

CASE DEPENDS ON YOUTH

Perry Has Kept Out of Sight Ever Since the Public Service Commissioner Resigned.

In resuming its investigation into the bribery charges which the Thompson Legislative Committee uncovered against ex-Public Service Commissioner Robert Colgate Wood the Grand Jury yesterday learned that Mr. Wood's office boy, Albert Perry, whose presence as a witness is most important, had disappeared. Fifteen detectives are now looking for him. Perry's testimony is considered practically indispensable. He was the only person in Commissioner Wood's office at 43 Exchange Place on the day that Mr. Wood in conversation with Sidney G. Johnson, Vice President of the Union Switch and Signal Company, is alleged to have declared himself amenable to a $5,000 bribe for his vote on the approval of the Centre Street signal contract.

Without Perry the Grand Jury yesterday found itself unable to conclude its deliberations. Three additional witnesses were heard, but their testimony was not important. Travis H. Whitney, secretary to the Public Service Commissioner, produced records relating to the date when Mr. Wood took office and also the date when he retired. Mr. Whitney also read to the Grand Jury the oath of office which Mr. Wood took when he became a Public Service Commissioner. William C. Banks of the Northwestern Construction Company, who was a former partner of Mr. Wood, testified that he knew nothing of Albert Perry's whereabouts. A third witness before the Grand Jury yesterday was Frank L. Marcelle, an official of the New York Municipal Railroad.

The Grand Jury postponed all further deliberations until next Tuesday. With the exception of the testimony which Perry might give, the inquiry is ended. Every effort will, therefore, be made by the District Attorney's office through an enlarged force of detectives to run the boy down, within the next few days, and bring him before the Grand Jury.

Ever since Commissioner Wood resigned and the Grand Jury began its inquiry into the bribery charges, Albert Perry, according to the District Attorney's office, has kept out of sight. On two different occasions the Grand Jury had to postpone its deliberations because this witness could not be found. Yesterday detectives who had been looking for him through several States, reported to District Attorney Swann that their search had proved fruitless. They were ordered, however, to continue their hunt, until the office boy was found.

Neither Perry's friends nor his relatives were able to tell the detectives or the subpoena servers just where the boy had gone. Several addresses were given to the detectives, but each of them when investigated yielded no results. One address in Jersey City, which the detectives looked up with the hope of finding Perry there, proved to be nothing but a coal yard.

In the absence of Perry's testimony, the Grand Jury has no direct evidence to corroborate the story told by Sidney G. Johnson as to Commissioner Wood's alleged offer to sell his vote for $5,000. According to the information received by the District Attorney's office, Perry, who was in Mr. Wood's room when Mr. Johnson entered, was directed to step outside for a while, because a confidential matter had to be discussed. This episode the Grand Jury regards as an important piece of circumstantial evidence which must be verified through Perry's own testimony before the finding of any indictment can be considered.

SEEK A SITE FOR MASQUE.

Shakespeare Committee Inspects Van Cortlandt Park.

The Site Committee of the Shakespeare Masque yesterday inspected Van Cortlandt Park and several other sites which have been suggested as adequate for a dramatic performance which will have an audience of from 50,000 to 75,000 people.

Eight Hindu youths, in costumes brought from India, will appear in the New York community drama, and will chant a passage in Sanskrit. Sasi Kumar Hesh of 1,879 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, has arranged this feature of the performance. The procession will form a part of the Hindu section of the first interlude in the performance, representing the art of the theatre in ancient India.

DENIAL BY YUAN SHIH-KAI.

Chinese Emperor Repudiate an Alleged Interview.

Yuan Shih-kai, Emperor of China, through Dr. V. K. Wellington Koo, Chinese Minister at Washington, has repudiated an alleged interview with him printed in The Independent of Nov. 22 last, in which he was quoted as President of the Chinese Republic as saying the republic would continue, and that it was his enemies who said he desired it to become again an empire with himself as monarch. In the forthcoming issue of The Independent will appear the following cablegram received from the Chinese Department of Ceremonies by Minister Koo:

Independent published on Nov. 22 copyright article purporting to be statement made by Yuan Shih-kai at interview alleged to have been given to one Carl von Ressslinger, at which interview President is represented to have given categorical replies to series of questions submitted on behlf of Independent by his personal secretaries, the Hon. Li-Chi-Tung and Lieut. Col. Semplee. You will state on authority of President Yuan Shih-kai that no such interview was ever given, that no such person as Ressslinger is known in Peking, that no questions were ever submitted on behlf of Independent, that no such persons as Li-Chi-Tung and Semplee are known in Peking; whole article is malevolent fabrication.

The dispatch adds that the interview was copyrighted by an "unscrupulous adventurer who fabricated fictitious memoirs of Li Hung-chang."

The Independent explains that the alleged interview came from a source regarded as very reliable, because from the same source had come another interview with Yuan Shih-kai, the genuineness of which never had been questioned. The Independent expresses its regret that it has been imposed upon.

PREDICTS FALL OF YUAN.

Chinese Monarchy Will Be Overthrown, Chinfu Asserts.

The present monarchy of China will be short lived, in the opinion of Chinfu Wangshia, who was Secretary to Dr. Sun Yat Sen while he was President of the Republic of China, and was a General in the revolutionary army which overthrew the Manchu dynasty. Mr. Chinfu addressed a gathering of the University Forum of America last night at its club house, 550 West 113th Street. Professor Alexander Cummings, President of the organization, presided. Mr. Chinfu gave four reasons why the present Government will not be successful.

"In the first place," he said, "it will revive many of the evils which are necessarily attached to the monarchical form of government, and which have been swept away by the revolution of 1911. One of the most obvious of these is the creation of a hereditary class of nobility. It has been authentically reported that this class is to consist of six ranks, namely, Prince, Duke, Marquis, Earl, Viscount, and Baron, all to be hereditary.

"In the second place, the monarchy will reinstate the old, corrupt, official class which has been the greatest evil in the history of China. It is no exaggeration to say that the bought-and-sold officialdom of China was a greater evil than opium-smoking or foot-binding. In the third place, the monarchical restoration will naturally arouse a series of disturbances and revolutions throughout the country. Already a revolution has been started in the province of Yunan, and it is highly probable that it will spread to other parts of China. China could not be united on a monarchy, and a reactionary government with arbitrary powers necessarily breeds disintegration and invites revolution.

"Lastly, and perhaps this is the worst outcome of the whole situation, there will be a complete cessation of all constructive and productive policies in every department of the Government. The Government is at present wasting all its energy in the monarchist propaganda, in supressing all expressions of dissatisfaction on the part of the people, and in arming itself against the revolutionists."

FLEE FROM CANADA; CAPTURED IN MAINE

Four German Prisoners of War May Make International Complications.

BROKE JAIL AT AMHERST

Twelve Escaped by a Tunnel—Immigration Officials Hold Those Who Crossed the Border.

CALAIS, Me., Jan. 19.—A situation of international interest developed today when four men, alleged to be German prisoners of war who had escaped from a detention camp at Amherst, N. S., were captured on the American side of the border. They had crossed the ice on the St. Croix River two miles above this city from the New Brunswick shore. Three of the men had fled to Ayer Junction, where they were about to board a westbound train when H. C. Gillis, a United States Immigration Inspector, arrested them. Another was caught here.

Agents of the Canadian Government in this city said that formal proceedings would be started at once through the administration at Ottawa and the British Ambassador at Washington, seeking the return of the fugitives. It is understood, however, that the United States authorities will first pass upon the status of the men as applicants for admission to the country. A special board of inquiry is expected to be ordered soon.

In this connection local immigration officers today recalled that an escaped German prisoner of war, arriving in Boston recently as a stowaway on a vessel after he had fled from a French prison, was admitted to the country on fulfillment of the ordinary immigration requirements.

The men apprehended here gave their names as William Schroeder, Gustave Hartwig, George Kleinworth, and Hans Neu, dispatches from Amherst, N. S., say that prisoners of those names were among the twelve who escaped from the detention camp there Monday night.

Seven of those prisoners were captured in New Brunswick today, according to reports from the Dominion military authorities. Four were taken into custody at St. Stephen, N. B., removed by only a few miles from the American line, and three more at McAdam Junction, also very close to the border. A twelfth man, William Wagner, was said to be still at large.

The escape from the camp at Amherst was effected by tunneling for 150 feet under the walls to a point beyond the sentry lines. It was said at the camp that the subway was a remarkable piece of engineering work, involving much labor.

Won't be Barred as Prisoners.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The attitude of this Government toward the Germans who escaped from a detention camp in Nova Scotia and crossed to American soil at Calais, Maine, will be similar to that in each case of hundreds of other escaping prisoners of war detained in Canada. They will be admitted if they are in all respects unobjectionable from the point of view of the requirements of the immigration laws.

These laws were not framed to fit war exigencies. There is nothing in them to forbid escaping prisoners of war from coming into the United States to stay, if they so desire, or to depart when they choose.

In some cases men have been turned back by customs officials at different ports, and in others have been turned over to Canadian sheriffs, but in no case where an appeal was made to Washington has there been failure to permit them to come in. In many cases prisoners, after being turned back by customs officials, have crossed the line in out of the way places and entered this country safely. The Government does not regard a prisoner of war as a criminal.

DAVID SLADE TESTIFIES.

Appears Against Marshall in Buchanan's Impeachment Campaign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Further testimony bearing on the impeachment charges made by Representative Frank Buchanan of Illinois against H. Snowden Marshall, United States District Attorney at New York, was heard behind closed doors by the House Judiciary Committee today. David Slade, one of Rae Tanzer's lawyers in her case against James W. Osborne, appeared before the committee, and is understood to have followed closely the line of testimony given by his brother, Maxwell Slade, who reviewed the Tanzer case. The Buchanan resolution charged that District Attorney Marshall endeavored to shield Mr. Osborne.

A member of the committee said that additional witnesses were to be produced by Representative Buchanan on Friday. The committee, it was said, had not reached even a tentative decision as to whether the Buchanan charges warranted a resolution of impeachment.

BELGIAN GIFTS TO WILSON.

He Is Much Affected by Trinkets Sent by Children.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—P. H. Chadbourne, representing the Belgian Relief Commission, brought to the White House today a trunkful of simple presents sent to the President and Mrs. Wilson by Belgian children. They included dolls, pictures, busts, of the Belgian royal family, and embroidery work.

All were laid out on the Cabinet table for the President's inspection. He read the accompanying messages personally and said he was deeply affected by the sentiments.

Mr. Chadbourne told the President that clothing was the greatest need of the Belgians at present. He described how flour bags, with holes cut for the head and arms, were being used as garments by many children.

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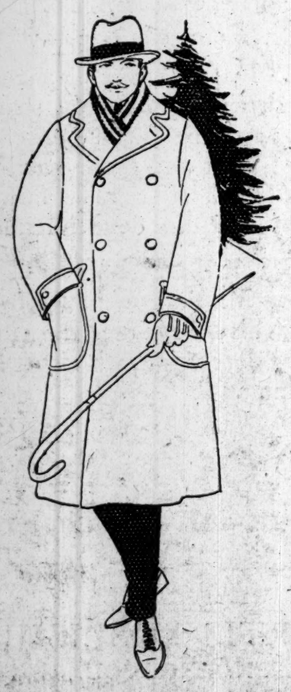
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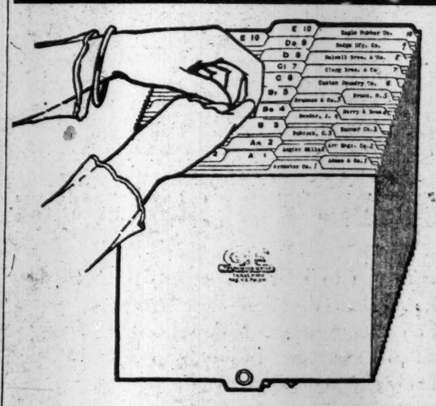
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$30,000 AT BRIDGE IN ONE NIGHT'S PLAY

In Separation Suit Mrs. J. B. Elwell Says Husband Made $500,000 Out of Whist.

AN AUTHORITY ON THE GAME

Earned $18,000 One Year Just by Teaching It—Court Rules for Her and Settlement Is Made.

Joseph B. Elwell, a noted authority on bridge whist, according to an affidavit submitted yesterday in the Supreme Court in the suit of his wife, Helen D. Elwell, for separation, has gained $500,000 through the teaching and practice of the game in which he so excels. Mrs. Elwell avers that on one night in Newport he gathered in $30,000 in a card game.

Mrs. Elwell revealed her story of the great profits of a specialty in her application for $6,000 a year alimony. A private settlement was made outside of court.

Mr. Elwell is the author of five standard works on whist, the best known of which is "Elwell on Bridge," and the others deal with auction, advanced bridge, practice bridge, and tournament hands. Mrs. Elwell declared that from these his royalties have been from $5,000 to $7,000 a year. According to her estimate, his services as a teacher to well-known persons of society brought him a large annual income, which at one time amounted to $18,000 from that source alone.

Coming in contact as he did with persons of influence in the financial community, Mrs. Elwell declared that her husband obtained valuable advance information and won large sums in speculating in stocks and bonds.

"He is also," she set forth, "a most successful card player, having often cleaned up from $1,000 to $10,000 in a night. On occasions he has netted bigger sums. I have known him to gamer in as high as $30,000 in an evening."

Mrs. Elwell said she and her husband were married in 1900, and that about four years ago he abandoned her. Their expenses before their separation ran from $20,000 to $30,000 a year. They spent the Summers in Southampton or Newport, paid as high as $1,800 for a cottage during the season, and employed four servants and a chauffeur. Her application stated that he lives now in luxury and pays $1,300 for his apartment, and that he has a $7,000 automobile.

She was surprised, she said a few months ago, to receive from him deeds for $40,000 worth of property which he wished her to sign. Mrs. Elwell declared that her husband has $100,000 in securities of which she knows, and that his total wealth easily amounts to half a million dollars. She said he was a member of the New York Whist Club, the Apawamis Club, and the Studio Club, and also of the Travelers' Club of Paris, and that his personal expenses are large.

Before he abandoned her in 1911, Mrs. Elwell said that her husband agreed to pay the rent of the $1,800 apartment in which they lived, and to give her $250 a month. This he reduced to $175, and then she brought the proceedings for separation.

Justice Newburger ordered Mr. Elwell to pay his wife $400 in cash to pay accumulated debts, $200 a month for the support of herself and child, and $500 in counsel fees. Mrs. Elwell is also to sign the deeds for certain property which the defendant desires to sell. The parties in the suit met after the hearing and through their attorneys, W. Gibbes Whaley, appearing for the wife, and John F. McIntyre for the husband, an amicable settlement was reached. Mr. Elwell is at 160 West Seventy-second Street and Mrs. Elwell lives in East Eighty-first Street.

Mr. Elwell is still teaching, and after business hours many Wall Street men drift uptown to the whist clubs to sit at the feet of the expert. His fees are $10 an hour for four persons and when he was busiest Mr. Elwell averaged about six hours of instruction a day.

MRS. J. E. ROOSEVELT WINS.

But Justice Newburger Gives Her Only $400 a Month Alimony.

John Ellis Roosevelt, cousin of Theodore Roosevelt, has told just what his income is and how it has become reduced during the last few years. He said that he tried to make this clear to his wife, who would never listen, because she would rather believe that he was a man of unlimited means than one who had to figure on the cost of a thing before he bought it. Mr. Roosevelt's affidavit that was filed with the Supreme Court yesterday accompanied one from his wife, Edith, who is suing him for a separation, in which she asked for an allowance of $1,000 a month pending the trial of her suit. Nevertheless Justice Newburger of the Supreme Court allowed her $400 a month.

Mr. Roosevelt has begun an action in the Supreme Court, Suffolk County, for an annulment of his marriage, the trial being set down for Feb. 7. The date for the trial of the separation suit has not yet been fixed, but it is likely that it will be called during the first week in February. In her complaint Mrs. Roosevelt said that her husband had treated her cruelly and that it was unsafe for her to live with him longer. In her affidavit she said that she left her husband's home about Oct. 10 last and that since that time he had contributed nothing toward her support. She described herself as entirely without means and compelled to borrow money, and incur other obligations for her own support.

On information and belief she said that her husband's income was $40,000 a year. At the time of their marriage on Jan. 6, 1914, he told her, she said that it was $60,000, but early last year he assured her that it had been reduced one-third. Then Mrs. Roosevelt said that prior to her marriage to the defendant he maintained his splendid country place at Sayville, L. I., consisting of about fifty acres, with a large house and numerous outbuildings, and that he employed five house servants, besides a chauffeur, lodge keeper, and gardener. He owned this property and he had besides a half interest in an additional tract of 180 acres, that was part of the estate of Robert B. Roosevelt.

He also owns and maintains his town house at 818 Madison Avenue, that is assessed at $75,000. Mrs. Roosevelt said that while she lived with the defendant his household expenses were $1,500 a month, that he gave her $300 a month for her personal expenses, and that their honeymoon trip to Europe cost $15,000.

In answering the application of his wife for alimony, Mr. Roosevelt denied her charges of cruelty, and that he had ever told her his income was $40,000 or $60,000 a year, and said that she had left his home voluntarily and without good reason. He said that he had frequently tried during the years 1914 and 1915 to make his wife understand that his income had been greatly reduced, and had explained to her that prior to 1914, when he was actively practicing his profession as a lawyer, and had made some exceptionally good investments, his income was more generous than it was afterward.

He said that he had sought to make her understand that his retirement from active practice had reduced his income to $15,000 a year and that his precise income during 1913 was $12,400 without "deducting one penny for my household or personal expenses." For the current year it will be smaller because a piece of real estate on East Twentieth Street, in which he has a mortgage interest of $18,000 needs repairs, the interest on the mortgage has not been paid for two years, and taxes for two years are due. So instead of receiving any income from the mortgage he will have to spend about $2,000 in upkeep.

Fireman Falls from Express.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Jan. 19.—When the Baltimore & Ohio Express pulled into Plainfield about noon today the engineer discovered that his fireman, Paul Davis, was missing. The fact that the steam gauge was going down attracted the engineer's attention. It was found that Davis had fallen from the engine into the canal at Forty-ninth Street, Bayonne, and had been injured seriously. He was taken to a hospital in Bayonne. Davis was unconscious when he was found, and what caused him to fall from the locomotive was not known. He lives in Philadelphia.

BOAKES AND NEWMAN RACQUETS VICTORS

Edward Rodgers and W. S. Gray Defeated in Professionals' Tournament.

TO PLAY SEMI-FINALS TODAY

Newman and Boakes and Soutar and Gardner Will Be Opponents at Racquet and Tennis Club.

Harry Boakes, Jr., of Chicago and William Newman of New York won their way to the semi-finals in the professional handicap racquets tournament at the Racquet and Tennis Club yesterday. Boakes won in a hard-fought match from Edward Rodgers of New York, forcing the contest to four games, Boakes winning, 13—15, 15—9, 15—8, 17—14. Newman defeated W. S. Gray of Cleveland in three straight games, 15—5, 18—14, 15—5. In both of these matches the losing players were handicapped at one ace.

The Boakes-Rodgers match furnished about all the excitement there was in the contests, and although both professionals were badly off their games at times, the flashes of good form which they displayed occasionally made the contest interesting. The standard of play yesterday was far below that shown by champion Soutar and the other professionals on Tuesday.

Rodgers, a left-handed racquet wielder, extended his opponent to the limit in the first game, and finally won out after an exciting match. The game was deadlocked several times, and required 17 hands before it was decided. First the players were tied at 4-all, and then Boakes took the lead. Rodgers, however, rallied and made the score 8-all, and it went to 10-all, to 12-all, and finally to 13-all. Rodgers then made a strong finish and won, 15 to 13.

Boakes got into his real stride in the second game and won handily by a score of 15—9. He continued his excellent play in the third game, scoring seven aces in his third hand and finishing the game with five aces in the ninth hand, 15—8.

The fourth game was the closest of the tournament, and most of the way it looked as if the Chicago player would be defeated. Rodgers got away to an excellent start, and after Boakes had served six zero hands, Rodgers found himself with a big lead of 8 love. Then the Chicago youngster settled down to his real game and in a fine rally he plodded steadily along in an uphill fight until in the eleventh hand he tied Rodgers at 8-all.

It was nip and tuck thereafter for several hands, but Boakes began to pile up his aces with a tantalizing service and by skillful placing. In the twelfth hand, Rodgers scored two aces with a fine placement along the side walls and by a swift service shot which was impossible to return. This hand put Rodgers in the lead. In the next two hands, Boakes left Rodgers high and dry with uncanny placing, but in the fourteenth hand Rodgers gathered a cluster of three aces and tied the score at 12 all.

Boakes stuck to his task stubbornly and after the score had again been deadlocked at 14-all, Boakes by a puzzling service finally won out, scoring three aces in succession for a score of 17—14.

The second game of the Gray-Newman match was unusually exciting, Gray forcing the argument to 15 hands before it was decided. Gray was far behind in the eleventh hand, when he made a rally and after scoring five aces with a lightning fast service, he tied the score at 13-all. Newman plugged along steadily, however, in the next three hands and won out by a score of 18—14.

The semi-finals of the tournament will be played today. In the first game, Newman will play Boakes and in the second match Soutar will oppose Dave Gardner, the Boston player. The final match of the tournament will be played Saturday. The summary:

Newman-Gray Match.

FIRST GAME.

Gray	1 0 1 3—5
Newman	4 3 5 5—15

SECOND GAME.

Gray	1 1 2 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 5 0 0 1 . .—14
Newman	1 0 4 2 0 0 2 1 1 0 2 2 0 2 1—18

THIRD GAME.

Newman	8 1 0 3 3—15
Gray	2 1 4 1 . .—5
Newman	8 1 0 3 3—15
Gray	2 1 1 1 . .—5

Aces by service—Newman, 19; Gray, 8.
Aces by placing—Newman, 23; Gray, 9.
Aces by opponent's misses—Newman, 9; Gray, 4.

Boakes-Rodgers Match.

FIRST GAME.

Boakes	0 1 1 0 2 2 2 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—13
Rodgers	1 2 1 0 0 1 2 1 0 2 1 1 0 0 0 1 2—15

SECOND GAME.

Rodgers	1 0 0 0 0 2 1 . 1 0 0 0 4—9
Boakes	1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 7 3—15

THIRD GAME.

Boakes	0 0 7 1 0 1 1 0 5—15
Rodgers	2 0 1 1 1 0 0 3 . .—6

FOURTH GAME.

Boakes	0 0 0 0 0 2 1 2 2 1 0 2 2 2 3—17
Rodgers	5 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 3 0—14

Aces by service—Boakes, 15; Rodgers, 15.
Aces by placing—Boakes, 24; Rodgers, 17.
Aces by opponent's misses—Boakes, 18; Rodgers, 12.
Referee—Grenville F. Waterbury. Marker—James Mullins.

SQUASH REACHES FINALS.

Harvard and Yale Clubmen to Play for Title Today.

Squash players from the Harvard and Yale clubs will oppose each other in the finals of the national class B squash tennis tournament at the Heights Casino courts in Brooklyn this afternoon.

The semi-finals were played yesterday, and T. A. E. Harris of the Harvard club defeated R. Catlin, Heights Casino, in two sets, 15-11 and 15-7. The Brooklyn player for a time put up a hard battle, but Harris was superior in general play.

In the other semi-final A. H. Johnson of the Yale club won from John Munroe of the Harvard club, 15-9, 15-10.

Foreign Skater Wins Dash.

The amateur skating races at the 171st Street outdoor rink last night were captured by Bjork, the Finnish champion, and Kuehne, of the New York A. C. Donald Baker was on scratch in both events and was leading the quarter mile dash on the last lap when he fell. He was unable to make up the handicaps in the mile race and quit at the three-quarter mark. The summaries:

Quarter-Mile Handicap.—Won by J. Bjork, unattached, (30 yards;) Arthur Gershel, Columbia Grammar School, (15 yards,) second; Walter Kuehne, N. Y. A. C., (10 yards,) third. Time—0:42 1-5.

One-Mile Handicap.—Won by Walter Kuehne, (35 yards;) J. Bjork, (55 yards,) second; Arthur Gershel, (45 yards,) third. Time—3:02 2-5.

SIX TEAMS START INDOOR POLO SEASON

New York Riding Academies Scenes of Keen Competition in Equestrian Sport.

PLAY UNDER HANDICAP PLAN

Greenbacks, Bluebirds, and Bedford Eagles Winners in Spirited Matches on Tanbark.

Three games were played last night in the opening competitions under handicaps of the Indoor Polo Association interclub series. The Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club had teams in two of the contests, while the Bedford Riding and Driving Club was represented at the Durland game by the Eagle team.

In the Brooklyn Riding and Driving Club match, the Greenbacks received two goals by handicap and won by 7½ to 6½ goals. The defeat of the Triangles, the heaviest handicapped team of the Manhattan Division, was a signal triumph for the Greenbacks.

The Central Park Bluebirds defeated the Brooklyn Orioles by the score of 10 to 6 goals. The former were allowed three goals by handicap and at the end of the first half were in the lead, but the winners came back strong in the second period and easily won the match. Maher made four goals and each of the other Bluebirds made three each.

The Bedford Eagles and the Durland Tigers virtually played on the flat, as each side carried the same number of goals handicap. The result was a victory for the Brooklynites by 8 to 5 goals. The individual scores were: Lang, 4; E. Vogt, 3; A. Vogt, 1, and Dr. Biers had 2; Guggenheimer, 2, and George Sherman 1 goal. The lineups and handicaps follows:

BEDFORD EAGLES.	H'cap.	DURLAND TIGERS.	H'cap.
1—Charles Lang	2	1—Dr. E. Bier	1
2—E. Vogt	2	2—H. R. Guggenheimer	2
3—Adolph Vogt	1	3—G. C. Sherman	2
Total	5	Total	5

SECOND GAME—CENTRAL PARK.

PARK BLUEBIRDS.	H'cap.	B'KLYN ORIOLES.	H'cap.
1—C. Curry	2	1—W. Mitchell	2
2—E. Salent	2	2—R. Spence	1
3—J. E. Maher, 2d	2	3—J. Farrell	0
Total	6	Total	3

THIRD GAME—BROOKLYN RIDING AND DRIVING CLUB.

TRIANGLES.		BROOKLYN GREENBACKS.	
1—Fred Gilman	2	1—R. Kliey	5
2—A. W. Kinny	5	2—W. Kopke	3
3—W. A. Bartell	5	3—C. Rouss	2
Total	12	Total	10

Tonight's games—East Orange No. 1 vs. Essex Troop No. 1, at Newark. East Orange No. 2 vs. Essex Troop No. 2, at East Orange.

RACEHORSES TO BE SOLD.

Twenty-four Young Thoroughbreds to be Auctioned Tonight.

Twenty-four thoroughbreds, eighteen of them two-year-olds, from the Haras de Villers, in France, the stud farm of August Belmont, Chairman of the Jockey Club, will be sold at public auction tonight at Durland's. The six three-year-olds are owned by Edward Johnson. Both lots came from Europe about a month ago on the same steamship. The Belmont horses were sold privately before they arrived in this country, and the new purchaser is reselling them.

The youngsters are all well bred on both sides, many of their sires and dams holding distinguished racing records in Europe. The majority of them are by Flint Rock, a young sire, by the famous Rock Sand, and a number are by Ethelbert, which was one of the great racehorses of its day. As a two and three-year-old he won a number of important races at Morris Park.

Flint Rock only started five times, but in those events he made an exceptionally fine showing, and wound up his racing career by taking the Dominion Handicap at Fort Erie. The six Johnson horses are all fillies, three-year-olds, bred in England.

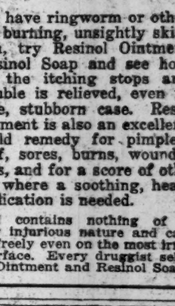
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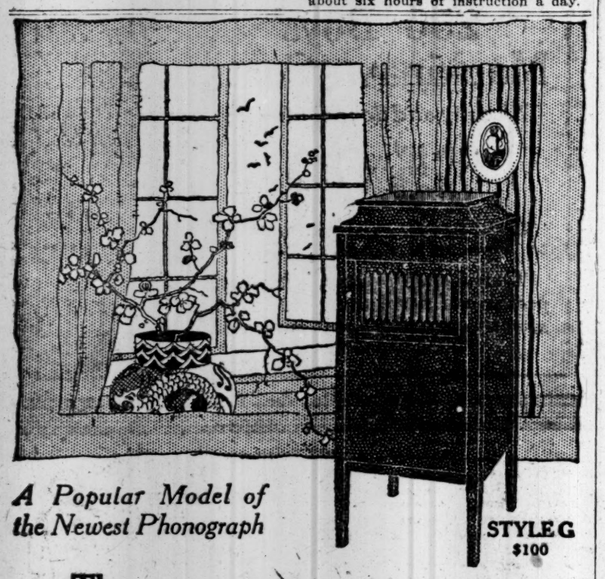


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Clear the way for fresh air!





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Cold in the head is caused by a disturbance in the circulation of the blood vessels which lie in the mucous membrane of the nose. This disturbance of the circulation is caused by irritation of the mucous membrane directly by germ infection, and indirectly by exposure to drafts, cold and dampness. Neglect of the nose makes us very susceptible to these conditions.

Vecto is an excellent antiseptic with healing properties, and if applied to the sensitive mucous membrane of the nose tends to allay irritation. Its frequent use will help to ward off colds and keep the nose in good condition. When you have a cold Vecto will give great relief.

Vecto contains no ingredient which could in any way injure the most sensitive or delicate nose, and can be used freely without fear of any bad effect whatsoever. It is carefully put up under the best conditions in sanitary tubes of pure tin.

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To Stop Cold in the Head
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To call this a novel of national politics gives no hint of the store of inside political information which it contains. Presidential campaigns are like icebergs: five-sixths of them are out of sight. The hidden part is the interesting part.

The Constitution lays down the visible program for President-making; but you will search it in vain for mention of secret meetings on Southern beaches, for instruction in squeezing campaign millions out of Big Business, or for piling up votes in November.

Mr. Blythe remedies these omissions, in *A Western Warwick*, beginning in this week's issue of

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

MELVILLE DAVISSON POST starts in this issue his new series, *The Man Hunters*.

Every body of Secret Police has its own particular methods. In this series of anecdotes Mr. Post explains in detail the forthright, strong-arm methods of Scotland Yard, the quaintly delicate diplomacy of the Prefect of Paris and the learned psychological procedure of the Chief of Police of Berlin. Three articles brimful of miniature detective stories.

HARRY LEON WILSON tells another of the famous Ma Pettengill tales, in which the Mining King gives his college-bred son a post-graduate course in interior decorating, with special work in painting and graining.

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PRINCETON BEATS YALE AT HOCKEY—RICKARD OUT OF FIGHT DEAL

PRINCETON DEFEATS YALE AT HOCKEY

Superior Team Work Gives Tigers a 2 to 1 Victory Over the Elis.

PEACOCK VICTORS' STAR

Keen Goal Defense of Yorke Saves New Haven Seven from Being Scored Upon Many Times.

Superior combination play and better generalship gave Princeton's veteran hockey team a 2 to 1 triumph over the Yale seven at St. Nicholas Rink last night, in the first of their annual three-game series. There is not much glory in the victory for the Tigers, for the exhibition was the poorest seen at the local rink this season. Neither team displayed the knowledge of hockey that would be expected of squads contending for the mythical championship, and there were only a few moments when either side developed good team play.

The Tigers presented a more formidable front than their New Haven rivals because of their more sustained team work, but individually the Princeton players did not show to much better advantage than their Yale opponents. Time and again both sides tossed away splendid opportunities to score because of weak stick work, yet interest was maintained in the contest through the keen rivalry displayed in every play.

Roughness was rampant throughout the exhibition, but only one penalty was inflicted. Burgess, Captain of Yale, was sent off the ice for two minutes in the second period for slashing, but his absence came at a time when Princeton's play had slowed up considerably, and was not damaging to his team's chances.

Throughout the first twenty-minute half neither team could penetrate its opponent's net, but Yale was saved from being scored upon only through the wonderful goal defense of Yorke. Eighteen times Princeton players drove the puck with tremendous force against the Yale goal keeper, and just that many times the rubber was diverted by Yorke. His play was really brilliant, and was conspicuous in the opening period. It was not his fault that Princeton scored twice in the second period, but rather that of his back line, which failed to support him at two critical stages. Even more brilliant was Yorke's feat in the second period, when he turned off nineteen efforts of Princeton players to drive the puck past him into the net. It was a stone-wall defense that Yorke offered, despite the fact that it was penetrated twice.

Cushman, the Princeton right wing, started the Tigers on their way to victory when he scored in 3 minutes and 50 seconds after start of play in the second period. Only his careful following of the rubber put Cushman in a position to tally at this point. J. Humphreys, the big Princeton cover point, drove the puck more than half way down the rink in the direction of the Yale net, after taking it from Gould. The rubber missed the net and went sailing to the back board. It rebounded almost directly in front of the Eli goal, and Cushman, breaking through the Yale defense, pushed it past Yorke and scored the first point for Princeton.

For a few succeeding minutes the puck was pushed up and down the ice, without either team having a decided advantage. Then Burgess, the Yale leader, dashed from a mixup, and with a long drive sent it through Ford and made the score even in 7 minutes and 35 seconds.

Ford put up a sterling exhibition for Princeton at goal, and while he did not appear quite as brilliant as Yorke, for the reason perhaps that he was not called upon so frequently to ward off attacks, he was just as effective.

Yale fought hard to get the upper hand at this stage, but the issue was settled in 9 minutes and 23 seconds after the start of play in the second half, when Peacock accepted a back pass from Shoen at an acute angle for the Yale goal and, with a difficult drive, poked it into the net, which had been left unguarded when Yorke took part in a scramble for the puck.

Three centre men were used by Yale in their efforts to triumph. Van Nostrand, who started at this position, was relieved by Buchanan, and when the latter was shifted to right wing to replace Armour, Dickey came into the fray.

There were only a few moments in the second period when there was neither a Yale nor a Princeton player sprawling on the ice. The referees overlooked a lot of rough work, for one side was as guilty as the other.

Captain Peacock played a splendid game for Princeton and kept the rubber in Yale territory most of the time by his sterling work. Humphreys was also a strong factor on the offense and defense for the Orange and Black seven. Hills, Schoen, and Scully were always in the middle of the fight. The line-up and summary:

Yale.	Position.	Princeton.
Yorke	Goal	Ford
Washburn	Point	Scully
Murray	Cover point	J. Humphreys
Burgess	Rover	Peacock
Van Nostrand	Centre	Schoen
Gould	Left wing	Hills
Armour	Right wing	Cushman

No score in first period. Second period—First goal for Princeton by Cushman in 3:50; second goal for Yale by Burgess in 7:35; third goal for Princeton by Peacock in 9:23. Penalties: Second period—Burgess, Yale, 2 minutes for slashing. Substitutions—For Yale: Buchanan for Van Nostrand, Van Nostrand for Armour, Dickey for Buchanan. Referee—Stewart Paton, Hockey Club. Assistant referee—L. Crovat, Hockey Club. Goal umpires—A. Smith, Crescent A. C., and William Emmons, Princeton. Timekeeper—W. J. Croker, Wanderers H. C. Penalty Timers—Ernie Garon, Hockey Club, and George Graham, Wanderers H. C. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each.

Nassau Country Club Election.

The annual election of officers of the Nassau Country Club, Glen Cove, L. I., resulted as follows: President, Herbert L. Pratt; Vice President, Parker D. Handy; Secretary, Harold W. Carhart; Treasurer, C. D. Smithers. Board of Directors, George E. Fahys, Harvey Murdock, Andrew Fletcher, and William L. Harkness. The Treasurer's report shows a profit of $1,743.02 for the year. Over $10,000 was spent in improving the golf course last season in preparation for the tournaments of the coming season.

SKATING IN THE PARKS.

Van Cortlandt Park—Skating yesterday.
Central Park—Skating yesterday.
Prospect Park—Skating yesterday.

BOXERS USE IRISH NAMES.

So Jim Buckley Wants Commission to Pass Prohibitory Rule.

James Buckley, the boxing promoter, appeared before the State Athletic Commission yesterday as the champion of the Irish race. First of all, Mr. Buckley explained that he was an American citizen, but was also of good old Irish stock. He proposed that the commission pass a rule prohibiting fighters with unpronounceable names from taking Irish names. Mr. Buckley stated that any man who could not get along on his own name was no good.

He cited several instances of fighters who have brazenly taken Irish names simply to hide their own nationality and make an appeal to Irish-Americans, who as a class are fond of boxing. He said it was a disgrace to the Irish race. Chairman Wenck of the commission agreed with Mr. Buckley that it was not the right thing for those who decided to enter the prize ring to take an Irish name. If there was any way to stop it, Chairman Wenck said he would be glad to do it.

Chairman Wenck stated that he had appointed a new staff of inspectors, twenty-five to serve in Brooklyn and twenty-five in New York. The Commissioners will meet the inspectors at their offices today and tomorrow and will give them emphatic instructions about their duties. The commission has appointed William A. Smith supervising inspector for New York, with John L. McCarthy as his assistant. Charles S. Williamson has been appointed supervising inspector in Brooklyn, with Charles Schoeneck as his assistant.

The commission also announced that boxing in the State armories was a dead issue. The Seventy-first Regiment, which was the only military organization to receive a boxing permit, has decided to surrender its license to the commission.

The Grupp Athletic Club of 116th Street was granted a boxing license and the Little Falls A. C., which applied for a permit to hold boxing shows, was refused one. It seems that the Little Falls club has already held one boxing show, although it had received no license. For this violation of the State law the application was rejected.

The case against the Genesee A. C. of Syracuse for permitting a boxer who is said to have been physically unfit to appear at their show was tabled until the commission goes to Syracuse on Jan. 28 to hear all the evidence in the case.

The commission has not finished its revision of the boxing rules, but these will be announced in a few days.

LEACH CROSS WINS BOUT.

Johnny Harvey Outpointed by East Sider at Manhattan A. C.

The Manhattan Athletic Club, at 155th Street and Eighth Avenue, threw open its doors last night after being closed over a year, and one of the largest crowds that ever attended the boxing matches in this club witnessed the bouts.

Two ten-round bouts featured the program, the principal one being between Leach Cross, the east side lightweight, and Johnny Harvey of Harlem. It was the second bout between the two boxers recently, and, as on the occasion of their previous encounter, Cross had little difficulty in carrying off the honors. The east sider seemed to depend on his cleverness and ring generalship, more than anything else, and it was this work that earned him the honors.

From the start it was apparent that Cross knew too much about the finer points of the game for his younger opponent, but, although Cross landed on him at will, with almost every variety of blow, Harvey continually carried the fight to the east sider, and at the final bell seemed to be the fresher, for Cross fought himself arm weary hitting his opponent.

Marty Cross, at brother of Leach's, scored a victory over Harry aKttle of Portchester after nine rounds of interesting boxing. In the middle of this session the Portchester welterweight's seconds tossed a sponge into the ring as a token of defeat, when Gattle was lying helpless over the ropes, while Cross rained hard right and left hand blows on his unprotected jaw. Up to this stage of the contest Gattle was in the lead on points.

MORAN MUST ACCEPT CURLEY'S TERMS

Jess Willard Will Not Deal with Tex Rickard for Bout in New York.

Jack Curley, who has Jess Willard's signature to fight Frank Moran here next April, returned from Kansas City yesterday and made it plain that if Moran wishes to box Willard he must do it on Curley's terms or not at all. It is planned to hold the bout here between April 10 and April 20. While the place for it has not been decided upon Curley is said to have several sites in view, including Ebbets Field and Washington Park in Brooklyn. Both of these baseball parks will accommodate large crowds of spectators. Both parks have been equipped with electric lights.

Moran and his manager, Ike Dorgan, stated yesterday that they had decided to cast their lot with Tex Rickard, but now that Curley has the option on Willard's services, it is not believed that Rickard will have a chance to get the bout. Yesterday, before the news came from Jones that Curley would promote the fight, Rickard and his partner, McCracken, assured Moran that they would increase his guarantee to $17,000.

Curley stated yesterday: "Willard will not be dictated to by Moran, who says he wants the fight held in March. A $100,000 gate looks as good to me as it does to Rickard, and if I can run it, pay Willard $32,500 and Moran his end, and also take care of the running expenses, a $15,000 profit would be worth it."

"If Moran insists on fighting Willard in March," continued Curley, "he'll have to go to a back alley in search of a chance at the title. He'll either fight Willard when I say so or Willard will never give him a chance to fight for the title."

In spite of reports to the contrary, Rickard still insists that he will get the big fight. His offer yesterday was increased from $45,000 to $49,500.

Rickard stated yesterday afternoon: "I wouldn't mind Curley getting the match had I not a gentleman's agreement with both him and Dorgan to the effect that my offer was accepted. That's why Moran has given his word to fight for me or nobody."

It is expected that Curley will have a conference with Moran today and the question will probably be satisfactorily adjusted.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 19.—Tom Jones, manager of Jess Willard, heavyweight boxing champion, returning here tonight with Willard from Excelsior Springs, Mo., where he and the fighter had been resting, said that Tex Rickard and Samuel McCracken would not be further considered for the ten-round bout between Willard and Frank Moran in New York in April.

"Rickard and McCracken are out of it; they had their opportunity to get the match and refused to meet our figures," said Jones. "I've signed with Jack Curley, and that ends the matter. Moran's signing does not make a bit of difference to us. He is lucky to get a fight with Willard, and Willard does not care whether he fights him or not."

Jones said he signed with Curley because Curley offered 45 per cent. of the gross receipts and 51 per cent. of the moving picture proceeds. Curley guaranteed $32,500 as Willard's share.

"Rickard and McCracken," said Jones, "refused to make any percentage arrangement. The guarantee is not the big thing in the fight. I expect Willard's share under the percentage arrangement to exceed $32,500.

"Moran can sign the articles with Willard or he need not. Moran is the man to worry, not the champion."

WITHINGTON MAY COACH.

Wisconsin Regents to Further Investigate Athletic Situation.

MADISON, Wis., Jan. 19.—The Board of Regents of the University of Wisconsin this afternoon declined to make any selection of a football coach. Dr. Paul Withington of Boston, a Harvard graduate, has been recommended by the Athletic Council.

The regents appointed a committee to further investigate the athletic situation.

TWO CHESS STARS TIED.

Capablanca and Janowski Win Adjourned Games.

STANDING OF THE PLAYERS.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Capablanca	2	0	Kupchik	1	1
Janowski	2	0	Rosenthal	1	1
Bernstein	1½	½	Banks	½	1½
Perkins	1½	½	Black	0	2
Schroeder	1½	½	Fox	0	2
Chajes	1	0	Hodges	0	2
Kostic	1	0	Tenenwurzel	0	2

Three of the four adjourned games from the first round of the Memorial Chess Masters tournament were played off at the Manhattan Chess Club yesterday. Both José R. Capablanca of Havana, and David Janowski of Paris, won their games and tied for the lead with two points each to their credit. They are drawn to play together in the third round at the Hotel Ansonia this afternoon and evening.

Capablanca, with queen and knight against Black's rook, bishop and two pawns, found a way of winning the game after ten additional moves, or sixty-three in all.

Janowski, who had two connected pawns in the centre, broke up Tenenwurzel's position completely and scored the game after fifty-six moves.

The third game finished was between A. W. Fox of Washington, and A. Schroeder of the Brooklyn Chess Club. Schroeder had a passed pawn on the queen's side of the board and used it to such good advantage that he won out after forty-eight moves.

Chajes and Kostic had a difficult ending with bishops of opposite colors, in which Kostic had two pawns to the good. He gave up one of these in an effort to force the game, but Chajes put up a stubborn defense and would not be rushed off the board. This game was not finished.

In the third round to be played at the Hotel Ansonia this afternoon and evening, the pairings will be the following: Rosenthal vs. Bernstein, Schroeder vs. Kupchik, Kostic vs. Fox, Perkins vs. Chajes, Tenenwurzel vs. Banks, Capablanca vs. Janowski, Black vs. Hodges.

PALM BEACH GOLF NEAR END

V. C. Longley and F. D. Frazier Likely to be Opponents in Final.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Jan. 19.—The new year golf tourney today reached the semi-finals with the probability of V. C. Longley, Wannamoisett, meeting Frank D. Frazier, Essex Country Club, in the cup contest. Both had runaway matches this morning. The scores:

First Flight.—William Thaw, 3d, Lakewood, beat F. B. Trout, Lancaster, 4 and 3; V. C. Longley, Wannamoisett, beat J. R. Hall, Scarsdale, 5 and 4; F. D. Frazier, Essex, beat F. C. Vanduesen, Minikahda, 7 and 5; S. C. Jones, Kananawi, won from L. M. Stumer, Ravisloe, by default.

Consolation.—B. F. Kroger, Hamilton C. C., beat A. F. Huston, St. David's, 2 up; D. C. Murray, Yahnundasis, beat A. Schumway, Ridgewood C. C., 9 and 8; Harold K. Bolton, Lake Forest, beat Hal Williams, South Shore, 3 and 2, and C. M. Ransom, Buffalo Country, beat R. E. Gibson, Rosedale, 8 and 7.

Golf Winners at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 19.—The golf competition of the Tin Whistles on the six-point scoring system, played in groups of three, today narrowed down to A. C. Aborn of Montclair, H. H. Treadwell of Dunwoodie and T. A. Ashley of Boston. The handicaps and points of each of these were: Aborn, 10—48; Treadwell, 24—34; Ashley, 10—44. This trio will meet in the final tomorrow.

The Silver Foils had a medal play handicap, with prizes for the best gross and net scores. Mrs. G. C. Dutton of Boston made the best gross score of 100, and Mrs. F. S. Danforth of Orient, L. I., with 110—32—78, won the net score prize.

Professional Leads Shooters.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 19.—At the end of two days of trap shooting in the Pinehurst target tournament, J. M. Hawkins of Baltimore, a professional, leads with 389 breaks out of a possible 400. W. H. Jones of Macon, and J. R. Jahn of Davenport, amateurs, are next, each with 385. There was more favorable weather for the shooting today, and C. B. Platt of Bridgeton, N. J., did the best work at the 200 targets. He shattered 197 of them. W. H. Jones missed his first target this morning, then landed 145 without a miss, which is the best run so far.

Athletic News of the Colleges

The Stanford University crew, which finished second to Cornell in the 'Varsity race at Poughkeepsie last June, has been invited to again participate in the annual intercollegiate regatta on the Hudson. Stanford has accepted, and Coach Guerena is already preparing his veteran crew for the races in the West and the big event in the East. Stanford's giant crew has lost only Bill Bloesser, a victim of the five-year rule, but the second 'Varsity and freshmen squads contain the most promising material that has ever pulled a Stanford oar, and Bloesser's place will not be hard to fill. Maurer will again stroke the crew, and Captain Orme, McEwen, Rogers, Jacomini, Green, and Worth are the other regulars who will remain in their positions. Rehn and Hulsman are the best candidates for the vacancy made by Bloesser.

Pennsylvania will hold a boxing, wrestling, and fencing carnival in Weightman Hall tomorrow evening. Seven wrestling bouts, five boxing matches, and an exhibition of fencing by Coach Terrone and Captain Patterson will be the program.

Yale has started her track training table, with Queal, Oler, Overton, Rolfe, Barker, Orr, and Cooper assigned to the athletic diet.

Practice for Pennsylvania baseball pitchers and catchers will begin today and continue the two weeks of the mid-year examination period. Hafner, Freeland, Greenwood, and Faller of the reserve squad will come out for mound work, and Dolan of the 'Varsity for two years, Hoose of the last year's freshman nine, and Monroe of the 1915 'Varsity will be the principal candidates for the backstop position.

The Pennsylvanian, the student publication, is urging upon the trustees of the University of Pennsylvania the necessity of providing adequate grounds for the use of those engaging in all forms of athletics. It is pointed out that Franklin Field is too small for the candidates of various teams who wish to practice, and at times the field is so congested that it is dangerous to try to do any work. The Pennsylvanian says "the university is in possession of a number of acres of land along the Schuylkill River which can be opened up for athletic purposes if only the Trustees will realize the urgency of this particular matter."

Notwithstanding that Columbia's swimmers defeated Pennsylvania last week principally through the efforts of Champion Vollmer, Pennsylvania anticipates a victory tonight, when Princeton will be Pennsylvania's opponent in the water.

Coach John W. Rush, Captain F. Trevor Hogg, and Trainer Keene Fitzpatrick addressed the candidates for the 1916 Princeton football team Tuesday evening. Plans for work to be carried on this Winter and for Spring practice were discussed.

The Princeton Golf Club has opened an indoor school for students desiring to take up the sport. Peter Eagan, professional of the club, is the instructor. The outdoor links will be opened March 15, if the weather permits.

The Brokaw swimming pool at Princeton has been measured and marked to conform to the rules specified by the National Collegiate Athletic Association.

The Brown University Athletic Board has awarded letters to sixteen members of the football and cross-country teams. Fifteen B's were given for work on the gridiron, a comparatively small number as compared to former years. Those who received the letter for football were: 1916, H. P. Andrews, A. G. Maxwell, W. N. Ormsby, H. G. Saxton, E. J. Staff; 1917, I. Frazer, W. K. Sprague, R. B. Ward, W. W. Wade; 1918, J. C. Butner, Jr., M. Farnum, M. J. Jamail; 1919, F. D. Pollard, C. J. Purdy, J. H. Weeks. A. B. Coop, '16, was the only cross-country runner to receive a B.

Pennsylvania's water polo team seems to be the favorite among critics of this sport. The team of C. C. N. Y. seems to be hopelessly out of the race, and Columbia has been decisively beaten. Yale has two All-American players, but they failed to put up the game expected against C. C. N. Y.

The baseball schedule of Williams College for the coming season has been announced. There are twenty-two games on the list, including Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Dartmouth, Columbia, Cornell, Army, Navy, Pennsylvania, Amherst, and Wesleyan. The Southern trip starts during the Spring vacation with a game on April 6 against Virginia and ends with the Army game on April 12. The team will play Yale at New Haven May 24 and Harvard at Cambridge on June 1.

Playing in the first round of the handball tournament at Columbia University, in preparation for the intercollegiate season, was half finished yesterday. Twelve more matches are scheduled, and must be concluded by Saturday. The results: A. N. Bowen defeated E. Gluck 22—20, 21—18; C. E. Cohn defeated S. Oppenheim 21—6, 21—17; W. D. Cunningham defeated L. Sceva 22—20, 22—20; I. Ginsburg defeated L. S. Shuford 21—19, 21—19; W. T. Criswell defeated E. A. Vosseler 21—0, 21—0, (by default.) In the second round L. I. Aronescue defeated S. G. Stone 21—1, 21—4, and J. Kuchar defeated G. Williams 21—7, 21—13.

After several weeks of elimination competition a 'Varsity rifle team of ten members has been selected from a large squad at Columbia University. Last night scores were made against the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. The results of the shoot against Harvard last week have not been announced. The Columbia team is W. G. Fogg, '18; R. E. Pickett, '18; J. F. Condon, '19; D. Romeo, '16; J. E. Geisler, '19; F. R. Sanborn, '16; C. L. Petzel, '17; Captain F. J. Burghard, '17; G. J. Eltz, '17, and E. V. Amy, '17.

Joe Wright, Pennsylvania's new rowing coach, intends to give every crew candidate a thorough trial on the water as well as on the machines. He does not believe rowing on machines indoors is a sufficient test of one's ability, and he will not reduce the rowing squad until it has had a fair trial on the Schuylkill.

Although not even an unofficial announcement has been made as to the probable selection of a football coach at Yale, it seems to be generally believed that Dr. H. L. Williams, the Minnesota football mentor, will be chosen. Williams was one of Yale's greatest athletes in hurdling, pole vaulting, broad-jumping, and in football. Besides being Minnesota's football coach, Dr. Williams is an instructor in the Minnesota Medical School, and has a large practice as well.

Students of the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., on Monday presented a silver loving cup to Fred K. Neilson, coach of football at the university. Neilson developed the best football team last Fall that has ever represented the university. Members of the eleven who received their letters were presented with gold footballs as mementos of the most successful season on the gridiron of their team.

123 FEDERAL LEAGUE PLAYERS RELEASED

Now Free Agents So Far as the Defunct Organization Is Concerned.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 19.—Secretary John H. Farrell of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues to-day gave out the following list of 123 players who have been released by the Federal League as a result of the recent peace pact, and who are now free agents, so far as the Federal League is concerned. Secretary Farrell says:

"It is the ruling that every National Association player released outright by the Federal League, as shown by the appended list, shall automatically revert to the National Association club entitled to his services when he left organized baseball.

"If the club holding title to the player's services when he left organized baseball does not desire to secure said player's services, then such player shall be permitted to negotiate for his services with any other club.

"All players must be tendered contracts on or before March 1."

The list follows:

D. L. Adams, William Adams, L. C. Allen, A. F. Boucher, L. Bonin, Robert Brown, E. Booe, L. E. Buffington, John W. Bates, M. Boucher, B. Baumgarten, A. Byrd, James Block, H. F. Benton, H. F. Bradley, Chester M. Brandon, F. Blackburn, Charles A. Bender, W. S. Collins, Charles C. Carr, Felix Chouinard, Jack Conway, Howard Camnitz, Cad Cole, M. Cueto, W. H. Chappelle, J. J. Cuthbert, Frank G. Delahanty, M. L. Dolan, C. C. Darringer, J. C. Delahanty, John Farrell, Max Fisk, Charles Flynn, Harry Gessler, John Grannon, G. H. Glazier, E. G. Gagnier, Art Griggs, I. B. Hogue, G. A. Hogan, Ben Harries, B. S. Houck, Edward Holly, E. J. Henderson, H. Hedgpeth, E. E. Hooper, V. Hughes, Frank Harter, F. Jacklitch, H. Juul, Davey Jones, J. J. Kerr, H. Keupper, John Kading, Fred Kommers, L. Kavanaugh, George R. Kulp, A. Kaiser, E. Lange, Henry Law, Frank Lobert, A. D. LaVigne, W. F. McGowan, R. J. McCommaughey, Thomas McGuire, James McDonough, J. Missex, J. J. Mathes, Earl Moore, George Mullen, Allen Morgan, J. E. Munsey, J. A. Mulvaney, R. Mattis, H. Myers, J. A. Maxwell, Dan Murphy, M. Morrissey, F. M. Mackert, Leslie O'Neill, Bert Padfield, M. Packard, J. F. Potts, O. C. Peters, John M. Phillippi, Ned Pettigrew, Larry Pratt, J. E. Potter, W. C. Phillips, C. A. Roberts, M. Reed, Jr., William Ritter, Thomas E. Roberts, Jack Ridgway, F. Rooney, Walter Roesinger, D. Sturgis, John W. Scott, J. H. Savage, H. J. Swacina, George W. Simmons, D. Stone, Charles Sapp, R. Sommers, Henry Schmidt, Henry Swan, James Stanley, George Texter, Fred Trautman, Van D. Tappen, Carl Vandergrift, E. E. Wagner, R. C. Warner, A. Walsh, D. C. Woodman, D. Wertz, C. E. Whitehouse, W. H. Warren, Al Watkins, Ted Welch, H. M. Young, and Del Young.

WESTSIDE TENNIS ELECTION

Forest Hills Club to Again Apply for All-Comers' Tournament.

The annual meeting of the West Side Tennis Club will be held at Delmonico's, Forty-fourth Street and Fifth Avenue, tomorrow evening. The Nominating Committee, headed by Kenneth Murchison as Chairman, has indorsed the administration of Julian S. Myrick, who was instrumental in establishing the national all comers' championship tournament upon metropolitan courts. Myrick has been renominated to succeed himself as President of the club. The list of officers that will be voted upon at the meeting is as follows:

President, Julian S. Myrick; Vice President, Raymond D. Little; Treasurer, Theodore Hetzler; Secretary, Moses Ely; Captain, T. B. Barringer, Jr.; Governor, to serve one year, Harold P. Daniels; Governors, to serve two years, John A. Tompkins, Charles S. Landers, Marshall S. Hagar and O. L. Becker.

The report of the condition of the club, which is being prepared for presentation at the meeting, will show the organization to be in a most flourishing condition. Its assets, which amounted to more than $150,000 last year, have been materially increased. The further development of the field at Forest Hills, Long Island, and the official action of the club to again apply for the holding of all comers' national championship tournament will be debated and decided upon by the members.

The Nominating Committee includes Kenneth Murchison, E. C. Moen, Karl H. Behr, Marshall Peabody and H. C. Moen.

Cheaper Baseball in Boston.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 19.—President Joseph J. Lannin of the Boston Red Sox world champions announced this afternoon that next season he would make a big reduction in the prices for the American League ball games at Fenway Park. He intends to reduce the price of all box seats to $1 and to eliminate the dollar section that heretofore has included the first ten rows of the pavilion. All the seats in the grand stand will hereafter be sold for 75 cents each. President Lannin also plans to increase the section of 25-cent seats, of which there will be more than 10,000 next season, thus reducing the 50-cent seats to about 6,500 in number.

G. W. Loft Buys Racers.

George W. Loft, a New York member of Congress, has purchased three two-year-old thoroughbreds, and will enter the racing game this season. He has registered his colors at the Jockey Club.

WINNERS AT BILLIARDS.

Charles Otis of Brooklyn defeated R. S. Hascall of Milwaukee in the inter-State three-cushion billiard tournament at the Brooklyn Billiard Academy last night by the score of 50 points to 30. Otis led comfortably all the way and had an easy time winning. The game went eighty-three innings, and Otis had a high run of 5 against a high run of 3 for Hascall.

Welker Cochran, the young Chicago billiard expert, took the measure of Firmin Cassignol at 18.2 balkline yesterday at Maurice Daly's Billiard Academy, 250 points to 160. The youngster averaged 31 2-8 to an even 20 for the Frenchman. Cochran had high runs of 81, 70, 68, and Cassignol had a high run of 123.

I. I. Lewine defeated George T. Moon in the play-off of the tie for second place in the Class C national amateur billiard championship at the Morningside Billiard Academy last night. The score was 200 to 155, and the winner's average was 4 12-47 to 3 14-47 for Moon. Lewine had high runs of 17, 15, and 12, and Moon had high runs of 19, 10, and 10. This ends the tournament, which was won by Dr. H. W. Hawley of Danbury, Conn., with I. I. Lewine second and George B. Moon third. The high run of the tournament was 47, made by Terry, and the high average 10 10-19, made by L. A. Servatius.

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BACARDI Makes the Perfect
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COLUMBIA FIVE BEATEN.

Princeton Overwhelms New Yorkers in Intercollegiate Basket Ball.

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Pennsylvania	2	1	.667
Princeton	2	1	.667
Yale	1	1	.500
Dartmouth	1	1	.500
Columbia	1	2	.333
Cornell	1	2	.333

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 19.—Princeton basket ball team increased its standing in the Intercollegiate League here tonight without much trouble. The five from Columbia offered little opposition, and was defeated by a score of 24 to 12. The Tigers showed too much speed for their opponents and the general dexterity of Haas contributed greatly to the rout of the visitors.

The close guarding of the Princeton five sufficed to prevent the visitors from taking more than an occasional shot at the basket from the floor. Captain Dwyer was unable to cage more than three foul goals, but Calder, his successor, was successful in five out of six attempts.

Haas, the Princeton guard, was the star. He made four field goals, all caged while running at full speed, and shot eight out of eleven goals tried from the foul line. Captain McTigue played a good defensive game. Glick had another tryout at the floor game, but retired in place of Cuneo after colliding with Calder. The line-up and summary:

Princeton.	Position.	Columbia.
Feree	Right forward	Calder
Haas	Left forward	Dwyer
McTigue	Centre	Burghardt
Foster	Right guard	Korusand
Rahill	Left guard	Healey

Substitutions: Princeton—Glick for Foster, Cuneo for Glick; Columbia—Roberts for Korusand, Wilburg for Healey. Goals from field—Foster, Feree, McTigue, Haas, (4,) Rahill, Calder, Burghardt. Goals from fouls—Haas, 8 out of 11; Dwyer, 3 out of 10; Calder, 5 out of 7. Time of halves—Twenty minutes each. Referee—T. Deering. Umpire—E. T. Thorp.

CURLING AT VAN CORTLANDT

Thistles Retain Utica Cup by Victory Over Caledonians.

As a result of the matches played yesterday on the curling pond at Van Cortlandt Park the Thistles, holders of the Utica Silver Trophy, will retain the cup for another year.

The tournament was scheduled for Jan. 5, but had to be postponed, owing to lack of ice. The changing of date had a lot to do with the small list of entries, only four teams competing, whereas in former years there have been fifteen or twenty clubs represented.

Dunwoodie Country Club, the Caledonians, Thistles, and St. Andrew's were paired together in the preliminary round in the order named. The Caledonians defeated the golfers by 22 to 9 points, exactly the same score as the Thistles beat St. Andrew's. This left the Thistles in the final with the Caledonians, and the former gained an easy victory by 19 to 7 points. The teams and scores:

RINK NO. 1.

Dunwoodie C. C.—A. Patterson, R. Boettger, W. Macfarlane, W. Bray, skip. Total—9.
Caledonians—J. Riddell, R. McVie, W. Cuthbertson, T. Archibald, skip. Total—22.

RINK NO. 2.

Thistles—G. W. Peene, C. MacKenzie, .., Lauder, T. Watt, skip. Total—22.
St. Andrews—W. H. Smith, J. Rennie, F. Dikes, A. Gillies, skip. Total—9.

RINK NO. 3.

Caledonians—J. Riddell, R. McVie, W. Cuthbertson, T. Archibald, skip. Total—7.
Thistles—G. W. Peene, C. MacKenzie, R. Lauder, T. Watt, skip. Total—19.

STARS IN CHARITY GAMES.

1,000-Yard Scratch Race Will Have Best Runners In Competition.

Nearly a score of track and field champions and more than two hundred lesser lights will compete for charity in the Seventy-first Regiment Armory tonight, when the second annual games of the Save-a-Home Fund will be contested. Foremost in the entry list is the name of George Goulding, the great Canadian walker, who created a new world's record for seven miles in winning the American national championship at New Brunswick last October. Goulding will be opposed by seven of the best walkers in the metropolitan district.

A great race is expected in the 1,000-yard scratch competition, in which the starters will be Ted Meredith of the University of Pennsylvania, champion of the world at 800 meters; Tom Halpin and Dave Caldwell of the Boston A. A., American indoor champions at 600 and 1,000 yards respectively; Joe Higgins of Holy Cross College, New England half-mile intercollegiate title holder; Mike Devanney of the Millrose A. A., two-mile indoor American champion; Sid Leslie of the Long Island A. C., the Military Athletic League one-mile champion.

Hannes Kolehmainen will be the back marker in the three-mile handicap in which he will give big allowances to Nick Gianakopulos, Willie Kyronen, Charley Pores, Pat Flynn, Frank Zuna, Tom Barden and other local distance running stars.

The "big three" of the weight throwing world, Pat McDonald, Matt McGrath, and Pat Ryan, will also be seen in action, and several other high-class athletes will take part in the meet.

ATHLETE DREW ARRIVES.

Negro to Race Against Jo Loomis at Millrose Games Wednesday.

Howard P. Drew, holder of the world's record of 9 3-5 seconds for 100 yards, arrived here yesterday from Los Angeles, where he was a student at the University of Southern California, and asserted that he is in shape to compete in the 70-yard special race in the Millrose A. A. games next Wednesday night. Drew will run against Jo Loomis of the Chicago A. A., who defeated the colored flyer in the national championships at San Francisco. The colored sprinter has not competed in the East in more than a year.

Drew's showing against Loomis, Roy Morse, the national 220-yard champion, and Frank Stephenson will be watched with much interest, if only for the reason that it has been reported from the West that his once great speed has vanished. Some time ago Drew injured one of his legs in competition, and he apparently has slowed up considerably since the accident, for his race in the national championships was rather disappointing to athletic followers.

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Terse News of Sports

The Providence Baseball Club will remain under the control of Joseph J. Lannin another season at least, unless some one comes forth with a proposition to buy it. A syndicate of Providence men, headed by John A. "Daff" Gammon, the former Brown University athletic star, obtained an option on the Grays, but this expired Tuesday, the syndicate failing to subscribe the amount necessary to purchase the club. The Providence club has been regarded as the "farm" for Mr. Lannin's world's champion Red Sox.

Chicago friends of James J. Callahan gave the old White Sox leader a rousing send-off at a dinner Saturday night before he took up the management of the Pittsburgh Pirates. Charles H. Weeghman, the new President of the Cubs, made the principal speech, and 200 fans sat around the banquet tables.

It is said that Alberto Braglia, the Italian gymnast, will visit this country this Winter. Braglia won the $1,000 cup offered by the City of Prague, to be the property of the country winning it three times. Braglia was allowed to keep the cup permanently in recognition of his wonderful work in the gymnasium.

Clement Browne of the Hamilton Club recently established a new Central Association A. A. U. mile record in Chicago by covering the distance in 23:49 4-5. He won by a margin of eighty yards, and was not hard pressed at any stage of the race by Simonson, Wallen, and Wood, his opponents in the Hamilton Club's pool.

The Xavier High School basket ball team defeated the Cooper Union freshmen in the Chelsea gymnasium yesterday by the score of 42 to 7. The shooting and floor work of Farrell, the Xavier centre, was the feature. The Xavier second team also defeated the Harrison High School five by the score of 39 to 25 at the Ninth Regiment Armory.

The Montclair Academy quintet defeated the Peekskill Military Academy basket ball team yesterday at Montclair by the score of 34 to 16.

Kingsley School scored its third successive basket ball victory of the season yesterday on its home court by defeating Summit High School 31 to 14. The first half ended, 8-6, in favor of Kingsley, but accurate shooting by Bingham and Field for Kingsley gave the home team a big lead in the second half. King scored eleven fouls out of twelve tries for Summit High School.

Hackensack High School girls' basket ball team, twice winners of the State championship, suffered their first defeat of the season yesterday after five straight victories at the hands of the Leonia High School girls' team. The score was 20 to 12. Miss Edna Eurich, forward for Hackensack, scored all the points for her team. A game between the boys' teams of the same institutions which followed resulted in a victory for the Hackensack five, 20 to 12.

Members of the Schedule Committees of the National and American Leagues went into session at Chicago yesterday to draw up playing charts for the season, which will open on April 12. One hundred and fifty-four games will be played.

The High Schools Games Committee of the P. S. A. I. has awarded the holding of the one-mile high school relay championship, unlimited weight class, to Fordham University. The event will be contested at the Fordham Meet, which will be held at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on Friday evening, Feb. 11.

Further complications have arisen over the Newark Club of the International League. Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club at one time owned the team, but he transferred all the stock to a company headed by Messrs. Solomon and Medicus. It is stated that Mr. Ebbets still has an interest in some of this old stock, although the franchise was declared forfeited by the league. Mr. Ebbets, it was said yesterday, will apply to the National Commission to ascertain if the stock which he possesses still has a value in the baseball market. If it has, he intends to collect.

The Columbia Grammar School defeated Collegiate Institute yesterday at basket ball by the score of 21 to 15 on the Columbia school court. Gershel starred for the winning team.

Territorial rights to Rock Island, Ill., have been awarded to the Central Association, according to an announcement made by Chairman John H. Farrell of the National Board of Arbitration of the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues.

George Westerville, third baseman, and William R. Jackson, first baseman, of the Chicago Federals have been released by President Weeghman of the Chicago Nationals to the St. Joseph, Mo., of the Western League.

George Hodgson, Olympic swimming champion, left Montreal yesterday to take up a commission in the Royal British Flying Corps, for which he has trained.

Manager Stallings of the Boston Nationals announced yesterday that it had not been found possible for his club to exchange training camps with the New York Americans. The Braves had arranged for Spring headquarters at Miami, Fla., but Stallings desired to return to his old camp at Macon, Ga. The New York Club, which selected the latter city, refused to make the change, Stallings said.

The annual indoor games of the Telephone Athletic Association will be held Friday night at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory, Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue. There are fourteen events on the program, and over 350 entries have been received.

Thousands of elementary schoolboys are taking the swimming tests for the buttons which are awarded by the P. S. A. L. to the boys who reach the required standard. The requirements are: Twenty-yard swim, breast stroke, 26 seconds; same distance, overhand stroke, 20 seconds; straight front dive; plunge for distance, twenty feet. The tests are held at the various municipal pools, and the form of the contestant counts heavily.

The Poly Prep seniors were defeated on their home court yesterday by the Boys' High School basket ball team, 19-7. The Boys' High School second team was also victorious over the second team of Poly Prep by the score of 17 to 13.

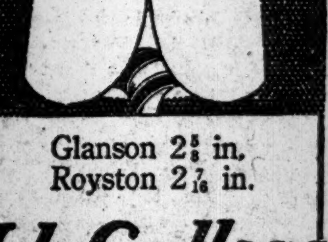
The Plainfield Kennel Club has fixed March 4 as the date for the annual bench show in that city. A large number of prizes have been promised for the event.

OF INTEREST TO MOTORISTS.

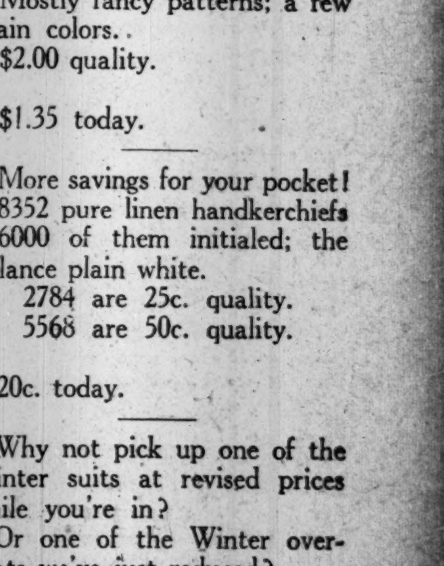
For the benefit of automobile owners and chauffeurs who find it inconvenient to call in the day time the State Automobile License Bureau at 227 West 74th Street will be kept open until 9 o'clock tomorrow evening. The time limit for 1916 registration will expire in less than two weeks. So far the registration of owners is about 10,000 ahead of last year, having now crossed the 34,000 mark. Chauffeurs' licenses are 1,000 in excess of 1915, at the corresponding date more than 14,000 of these have been issued. The bureau is now one of the busiest-looking places in New York City; from a number of receiving windows extend lines of men waiting their turn.

There is quiet at Washington, whether ominous or not, regarding the proposed preparedness tax of one cent a gallon on gasoline. It is certain, however, that some of the oil producing states will oppose the tax if the issue is forced. Senator Gore of Oklahoma is out against it, and his important committee position will add weight to his opposition. With gasoline going up the proposed federal tax meets with less and less favor from those who use the fluid, and including automobile owners and those engaged in industries which require it, these comprise a large number of citizens.

"During the five years from 1909 to 1914 the number of automobiles in use increased more than twice as rapidly as the number of fatalities caused by them," states a report just issued by the United States Department of Commerce. The conclusion of the report is that automobiles are driven with greater and greater care.



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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JAN. 20, 1916.

THE NEW YORK POSTMASTERSHIP

How can President WILSON fail to see that in the very uniformity of the Washington reports about the New York Postmastership appointment there lies a sinister meaning? The reports are wholly one-sided. Nobody credits the President with the intention of doing what multitudes of his supporters were justified in believing that, as a declared upholder of the merit system, he would do. All reports agree that he will treat the Postmastership of this great city as spoils, that he will make a political appointment. Here is an office which, from the magnitude of the business, its responsibility and the very great interest of this community and of the country in the orderly and efficient performance of its work, should be filled by a man who, as the managing executive of a great corporation, would command a salary of perhaps $50,000. By reason of his absolutely unique qualifications and experience Mr. MORGAN as Postmaster of New York may be called a $50,000 man. The President is credited with the intention to replace him by a Postmaster appointed for political reasons. Nowhere in private affairs would an untried man be put at the head of a great and important business, displacing one experienced, of proved capacity, undoubtedly the best qualified man in the world for the place. But nobody assumes that the President is going to be guided by such considerations. On the contrary, it appears to be the universal belief that the controlling motive with him is the purpose to secure for a Democrat the place and the emolument hitherto enjoyed by a Republican. In such an appointment the political patronage-mongers and spoilsmen would see a shining triumph for the old system, a backsliding over which they would rejoice.

It makes little difference whether the appointee be Mr. JOSEPH JOHNSON, Jr., or another named for the reasons which have brought his name into prominence. Were he to be appointed, men would ask, What kind of politics is this? Mr. JOHNSON, who used to be an ardent reformer and was a supporter of Mayor GAYNOR, has of late acted with Tammany, but he cannot be considered a seasoned Tammany man. It is inexplicable. Appointments made for political reasons at the beginning of a campaign are interpreted as an attempt to build up the organization, strengthen the party, fire it with zeal for the coming candidate. But nobody can imagine Tammany as fired with any particular zeal for the President's candidacy because of the appointment of Mr. JOHNSON to the Postmastership. If from the point of view of politics it is inexplicable, from the point of view of public service it is deplorable that the President cannot be persuaded to be guided by President CLEVELAND's example in the case of Postmaster PEARSON and retain Mr. MORGAN in office.

A friend and supporter of the President, one who has had great confidence in his sincerity and strength of purpose, asks THE TIMES, "What is "the matter with Mr. WILSON? Surely "he could count on Tammany for the "nomination and can only lose "strength by a deal with Tammany." We fear that is quite beyond dispute. But the President cannot afford to lose strength; he is not President by the votes of a majority of the electorate, he is a minority President. In 1912 Mr. ROOSEVELT had 4,119,507 votes, Mr. TAFT 3,484,956, Mr. WILSON 6,293,019. His vote was 1,311,444 votes smaller than the combined vote for Mr. ROOSEVELT and Mr. TAFT. Tammany gave him its support in 1912; it will give him its support this year if he is a candidate. But it may easily come about that the vote Mr. WILSON received in 1912 will be quite insufficient to bring him out at the top of the poll in 1916. The Progressives for the most part have returned to the Republican Party, there is a very great probability that the party will be united, that it will have one candidate, not two. That can mean only one thing for Mr. WILSON. It means that he must retain the voting strength he had four years ago and largely add to it. Certainly, he cannot lose votes without very great danger of losing the election. Yet if he is to gain votes it must be among the voters classed as independent, the very class who would be most deeply offended, who would be estranged by the President's betrayal of the principles of civil service reform through a political appointment to the New York Postmastership. On the issue of preparedness, on his policy in foreign affairs, the President has behind him the best men, the best thought, the sound heart of the country. But in his own party he has foes, implacable, malignant, bent on his political ruin. They are visibly marshaled by W. J. BRYAN, who is openly organizing his followers and all who will listen to him in opposition to the President's policies in Congress. That conspiracy against him will continue its work in the campaign for the nomination, perhaps in the campaign for the election. The very men who would be most disheartened by the yielding to Tammany or to any political influence in the matter of the New York Postmastership were deeply concerned and disturbed by the lengths to which the President went in his concessions to Bryanism in the early months of the year 1912, when it seemed that in his quest of the nomination he had turned his back upon doctrines he had proclaimed all his life, to take up with the raw theories of the Bryan articles of faith. The faith these men have in Mr. WILSON would ill bear a second shock. We do not see how he could bear it himself. He will have, must have, much to say to the American people during the remainder of his term of office, during the campaign in which he should be the most conspicuous figure. By habit and inclination he chooses lofty planes for his public discourse. Does he not see that after yielding to political dictation and interest in this appointment, one of his most conspicuous official acts, it would be very hard for him to speak to his countrymen about the high responsibilities and honorable obligations of office, about the principles he has chosen for guidance, or about public trust?

THE KANSAS SPIRIT.

Some comments in THE TIMES on the efforts of Mr. ARTHUR CAPPER, Governor of Kansas and proprietor of Capper's Weekly, to spread a spineless pacifism in the Sunflower State and incite opposition to preparedness, have brought us this letter from Mr. W. E. PEYTON of The Colony Free Press, Colony, Anderson County:

> Reading an editorial from your paper kidding Governor Capper, I thought it would interest you to know that Mr. Capper does not represent the Kansas spirit. My father was a soldier in the civil war, not long ago, and myself and three brothers served in Cuba and the Philippines, and I know where our people stand.

It is a pleasure to hear from this member of a Kansas family of the old Kansas stock and spirit. The men of the State that was born of the Bible and Sharp's rifles, the men who fought for freedom before the civil war and in that war, survive in descendants who have not forgotten their great memories, who are as patriotic as their fathers and their grandfathers were. These were men of peace, ready and able to fight if due cause and need came. They knew that Border Ruffians and guerrillas were not to be beaten back by unarmed, unprepared Kansans.

Of course, Editor-Governor CAPPER doesn't represent "the Kansas spirit"; VICTOR MURDOCK and Mr. PEYTON are the two representatives of the Kansas which had stern principles and enforced them sternly. Because the paths of Kansas drop fatness, because she is rich and prosperous, she has not turned her back on her history or lost the breed of noble men.

AMERICAN INVESTMENTS IN AMERICANS.

The table published in THE TIMES yesterday showing the changes in the ownership of Steel Corporation shares in all countries during 1915 reveals the fact that of the common shares of this single property our repurchases made a total of over $40,000,000. Foreign sales reached about 500,000 shares, an amount large enough to be remarked even in dealings affecting this billion dollar corporation. Those who are puzzled about the "line" the Steel Trust shares are making, that is the large number of shares sold near the same price, may find an explanation here. There is no other security in the world with a record of rising from below 40 to near 90 while sales were proceeding at that rate. The mystery whether the "line" signifies accumulation or distribution may be interpreted to signify distribution by foreign holders and accumulation by American holders.

The notion that foreigners sold because the dividend was passed is hardly acceptable. The rise in the principal is equal to a decade's dividends, and there are prospective dividends besides. It is likelier that foreign sales reflected taking of profits, American shares being among the few in the world which it is possible to sell for gold and at rising prices. The foreigners who have held them have been fortunate, and the Americans who are buying are benefiting their country as well as themselves. They are paying off the mortgage on their country in the shape of foreign investments in titles to its property—the amounts which foreigners consider we "owe" them—at a rate which surprises the world. The five billions of the original estimate have been halved at least, and at the rate indicated will soon be halved again. Below that, somewhere around a billion or more, there must come a time when Americans will be too good to sell when everything else is falling, and too dear to buy in comparison with other offerings of a market surfeiting investors with attractions.

The dealings in Steel shares are all the more remarkable for being between private parties. Not even the preferred is on the list of the shares which are officially "mobilized" with Government assistance in England, the line being drawn at the second 5 per cent. mortgage. American Telephone bonds are the other notable exception to the rule that the official mobilization scheme is confined to railway bonds. The inducement to send home American securities is illustrated by the case of the New Haven franc bonds. They pay 19.43 francs annually, but by selling them for dollars and investing the dollars in the new "loan of victory" the return to the holder is 27.07 francs. Not even the satisfaction of holding such standard bonds is proof against an increase of income by half, with an investment in a home national loan. So long as foreign countries must borrow, private owners of Americans must realize to keep the war going, and our market must feel the weight of selling, which is compulsory in character and without reference to the value of what is sold on any normal standard.

TEXAS COTTON AND BRITISH BLOCKADE.

Toward the end of last week the Treasury refused to insure cotton sold for delivery to Germany by way of Holland. The application was made by the President of the Farmers' Union of Texas, which has a contract for the delivery of a million bales at 27 cents to a belligerent country which will accept the cotton at a neutral port. The expenses of the operation are put at only enough to reduce the net to the ingenuous farmers to 20 cents, a price which looks very good to them. Their proposal is to ship the American cotton in American ships owned by Americans. In the words of President POPE:

> We are going to test this thing. I say we ought to be able to sell our cotton in every port of the world. I am determined to find out whether the farmer of the South has a market for his crop except through the speculators of this country, who are bearing the market every day. We want to know whether we are to continue to be preyed upon by the bear element of this country, buying our cotton at 11 cents when it is worth 20 cents to 30 cents in the markets of the world. We are going to try to reach the markets of the world.

In support of these ideas there have been introduced bills laying an embargo on all trade with any country which interferes with trade contrary to the Declaration of London. It is curious what ideas drift to Washington. The Declaration of London never was international law. Even our own Government, in its protest against the British Orders in Council, relied upon "existing rules of international law "and the treaties of the United States, "irrespective of the provisions of the "Declaration of London." That declaration is as dead as any corpse which floats within the Niagara Whirlpool, which gathers driftwood as naturally as Washington gathers curiosities of law and national policy. Cotton is absolute contraband, as truly and certainly contraband as the munitions of which it is proposed to forbid the sale, if the sale of cotton is interfered with. No nation protects trade in contraband, and the munitions trade is worth more than the cotton trade. The ingenuous farmers who think that they have a right to escape from the bears by embarrassing their country's foreign policy think that they have something like a natural right to the highest price quoted anywhere in the world for cotton. They are just as much outraged now as when they were suffering the general disturbance of prices at the outbreak of the war, but made a plea for peculiar assistance. Now it is different. Prices of cotton have doubled, and the cotton farmers are rolling in unaccustomed wealth. According to a leading article in The Economic World:

> The present price of cotton affords the least efficient, or "marginal," producers of it a profit, over and above the cost of production, of nearly 25 per cent.; it affords the "average" producer a profit of over 50 per cent.; and the most efficient producers are making a profit of a full 100 per cent. These are rates of profit probably not even approached in any other departments of productive industry in the country today.

These are the farmers for whose benefit application was made to the Treasury for insurance of contraband, and who are ready for any national trouble to protect them from the wicked bears.

FAHRENHEIT AND CENTIGRADE.

Representative ALBERT JOHNSON of the Third Washington District has introduced into the House a bill to discontinue the Fahrenheit thermometer scale. Government departments are already authorized to substitute Dr. CELSIUS's Centigrade for that household god of every American dwelling, Dr. FAHRENHEIT's heat measure. In publications for men of science many Government bureaus do put Fahrenheit away. "However, as "regards publications intended for "the general public," says Mr. JOHNSON, "it is evident that the depart-"ments would expose themselves to "severe criticism if they made the "change without an express mandate "from a Congress. Congress evi-"dently will not act except in re-"sponse to an unmistakable demand "on the part of the scientific public."

With all respect to Mr. JOHNSON, whose scientific zeal to shiver or perspire according to the Centigrade and not according to Fahrenheit is appreciated, Congress would be ill-advised to stick into Government publications for popular use Centigrade readings, unintelligible and vexatious to the unscientific public, to almost all Americans, at the unmistakable demand of the united men of science, if they are united. Writings meant to be read by the people should be understanded of the people. That on the hundred-degree thermometer, adopted by France from Sweden, water freezes at zero and boils at 100 degrees, that if you multiply a Centigrade degree, above or below zero, by 1.8 you get the number of degrees above or below 32 degrees, where water freezes according to Fahrenheit, is painfully learned and quickly forgotten by most Americans. They consult Fahrenheit frequently. He is their oracle of temperature. It is quite idle to expect that they can be induced to give up the old favorite and guide and judge their sensations of heat and cold and read the pulse of the weather, that undying patient, in the unfamiliar terms of Centigrade. They would "dilate with the wrong emotion"; the figures of the new measure would often seem preposterous. It might take generations to acclimate Americans to the changed standard. The only effect of its introduction into Government publications for popular use would be to make them more unreadable, a result scarcely desired.

The objections to the Fahrenheit thermometer, the mystery as to the exact means by which the German doctor arrived at the graduation which he adopted, the popularity, among scientific men, on account of its real or supposed convenience of decimal division, of the Centigrade, that monument of the French Revolution, "are known to every schoolboy" of MACAULAY's kind. Mr. ALBERT JOHNSON is perhaps a little Macaulayesque himself when he says: "No "man that has any regard for his "reputation will care to say that "the irrational, inconvenient Fahren-"heit scale ought to be maintained."

The decimal system is all right for multiplication and division, but it is not an absolute good for all uses. Mr. JOHNSON may be surprised to learn that some or many chemists actually prefer the plebeian Fahrenheit in taking temperatures. They complain that the distance between Centigrade degrees is too great. They compare it to a carpenter's rule, which should indicate inches only. Centigrade, they find, gives them too many fractions. They find the 180 degrees between the Fahrenheit fixed points more convenient than the 100 of the Centigrade. Some of them say that "the ideal thermometer" would have 200 degrees between freezing and boiling. A Deuxcentigrade, so to speak.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

The Proper Style of Title for a Boy.

The Pasadena Times tells of a high resolve of the school authorities of San Francisco. How shall that mysterious, self-conscious, sensitive savage, "the big boy," be addressed by his school teachers? The wise of the educational bigwigs voted for "Mr." They were outvoted. The big boy is to be called "Master," a name which will irritate, anger, and disgust him. "Master" is "all wrong," as our Pasadena friend is quick to see. The exact cause of the disagreeableness of "Master" may be hard to explain, but it seems to carry an implication of patronizing condescension and superiority on the part of the addresser. To the addressed it brings a sense of goody-goodiness. It suggests a "Sandford and Merton" sort of boy, a boy in a velvet cap with a tassel, a boy in a frock. It brands him as an intermediate and a juvenile person, whereas he deems himself a man and would be proud to be called "Mr."

Address a letter to "a big boy" as "Master" So-and-So if you want to make him unhappy. Call him "Mr." and he will be happy, and he will strive to deserve the manly title you give him. You can't be too polite to boys, yet you may be unconsciously insulting them all the time, from their point of view. Give them the full image and superscription of the "grown-up" status to which they aspire.

The Pasadena Times recalls that most ignominious word of address to boys, "bub." "There never was a red-blooded boy who would not fight at being addressed as 'bub.'" Nothing could be worse than "bub," not even "sonny." And how can a red-blooded boy fight some doddering senior who insults him point blank with either of these atrocities?

Purifying the Croton Watershed.

Nothing succeeds like success. It would be tiresome to catalogue the associations which have fallen in behind the Merchants' Association in its support of the proposal to keep institutions for the dependents and diseased of the State off the drainage district whence this city draws its water for drinking. Once the Merchants' Association stood alone, but now those who defend such vandalism are lonesome. Bills have been introduced, proposed by Senator WAGNER, for the purpose of giving effect to the recommendations of the Governor, and of opposition there is no sign. The City Administration has approved the bills in advance, and it only remains for the Legislature to register the general wish, or show cause to the contrary.

There is an item of expense incurred, due to the obstinacy of those who persisted with the plans against fair warning, and there is urgency for early accommodation for the State's dependents. The item of expense is not to be weighed against the danger to the city's health. The Governor has made recommendations for enlarging the hospital accommodations. If there is any reason for not acting according to the Merchants' Association's recommendation, it lies in something not published, and would be considered if suggested.

An Embarrassment of Riches.

The Russian Government has before it a problem whose solution is full of potential interest for other countries. Owing to the prohibition of the sale of vodka, it now holds in stock 260,000,000 gallons of that liquor, and is wondering what can best be done with it. A question of more complexity but similar in spirit is coming over the horizon in other nations, including our own, by reason of the rapid spread during recent years of the principles of temperance, total abstinence, and prohibition. For Russia the matter is simplified by the fact that the Government owns the liquor that its own laws have made valueless. It can do what it likes with this ocean of vodka, and is considering the comparative advantages of several industrial uses for it. It has also offered prizes for inventions that will adapt it to industrial use. In other countries, where the manufacture and the stocks of liquor of all kinds are private investments, the coming struggle over the matter will provide problems of a different sort. In England it is said that these investments and the social, financial, and political power they wield have greatly weakened the efforts to lessen drunkenness among the workmen and have made impossible the effective measures the Government wished to take.

When it is considered how varied, enormous, and far-reaching these interests are—vineyards, hop fields, distilleries, breweries, wholesalers, retailers, and the vast army of men and women employed by them—an idea is gained of the complexity of the question on its commercial and industrial sides. Russia is just now finding her stores of vodka an embarrassment of riches. But if she can put it to industrial uses that equal its former market value, her solution of the problem will have much significance for other nations confronted by the same question.

CONTROL OF QUARANTINE.

Dr. Jenkins Replies to Dr. Dana on the Cholera Menace of 1892.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read with amazement the article of Dr. Charles Loomis Dana in a recent issue of THE TIMES. His plea for the removal of quarantine supervision is primarily based upon an assertion furnished to him by an inaccurate adviser that $100,000 would be saved annually to this State. During the years of my incumbency there was always a balance to credit at the end of the fiscal year. Until the quarantine service was saddled with a children's hospital, the expense of which it has no right to bear, similar conditions existed. Now, I observe that Dr. Dana proposes to relieve the shipping interests of the burden of payment, which would mean that this expense would be saddled upon the Government. Nine-tenths of our immigrants, under normal peaceful conditions, are brought over in foreign steamships; therefore, a release of those corporations from support of the quarantine service will chiefly benefit foreign stockholders, at the expense of the United States Treasury.

The part of Dr. Dana's article to which I chiefly object, however, is his utterly incorrect allegations regarding the methods by which the menacing cholera invasion of 1892 was handled at this port. I was Health Officer at that time. Even my critics do not deny the gravity of the situation. Dr. Dana's statement that "the State of New York was unable to handle the cholera situation in 1892" is based upon a report written by E. H. Lewinski-Corwin and published Jan. 18, 1913, twenty-one years after the epidemic had been prevented. That "report" is full of glaring inaccuracies, and at least two misstatements of facts. When Mr. Lewinski-Corwin asserts (page 12 of his "report") that "New York State was unable to cope with the cholera situation in 1892," and that "Federal officers had to be sent to assist the State officers," he commits to paper an absolute untruth. He is equally inaccurate on the next page when he alleges that "on account of the double set of authorities, conflicts sometimes occur that may be fraught with serious consequences to the public welfare. Such a conflict took place in New York in 1892, when the Health Officer declined to recognize the right of President Harrison to impose a twenty days' quarantine." This statement is an utter perversion of facts. The Health Officer of this port, intrusted with the appalling duty of keeping cholera out of this great city, with its slum centres in which the disease would have become epidemic had a single case got past his scrutiny, did not yield an inch! The statement that the War Department furnished tents is only true as applied to Sandy Hook; the Navy Department did not supply transportation to Fire Island, where, through my earnest appeal to Governor Flower, the main detention camp was located.

If Dr. Dana has studied the quarantine subject, it has been with an eye applied to the large end of a telescope. Why does he invoke the aid of those who have special and personal reasons for nationalizing quarantine? Was not Mr. Taft invited to appear at a meeting to discuss this matter because his presence would be construed as an indorsement of the activities of the committee?

Beyond question the New York Legislature ought to appoint a special committee at once to investigate these statements of Dr. Dana, in which case I will undertake to place before it irrefutable reasons why New York State should retain supervision over the health of all persons, immigrants or first-cabin passengers, entering this port. The responsibility is gigantic; it should be definite and fixed.

WILLIAM T. JENKINS, M. D.
New York, Jan. 15, 1916.

"LANA! LANA!"

Every Sunday, and on many weekdays for months past, huge carts have driven slowly through the streets of every town, and the cry for wool, "Lana! Lana!" is raised by the people and by Boy Scouts beating drums.—London Times.

Through Italia's cities comes,
Echoing far, the pleading cry,
To the long, dull roll of drums:
"Lana! or our brave boys die!"
And the mournful, low refrain
Seems to throb through heart and brain.

Slow the Boy Scouts drive their carts
Through the streets, and to and fro,
Stout appealing to all hearts
For the soldiers in the snow,
Who the Alpine passes hold
In the freezing, wintry cold!

"Lana! Lana!" Windows, doors
Of each house the carts pass by
Open swing, and from their stores
Palace proud and attic high
Fill the carts, and heap them full,
With warm garments made of wool!

For Italia's soldiers bold,
Fighting on the mountains high,
Fear no foe but bitter cold
And the wind that whistles by,
Torturing, numbing to death's sleep—
On the icy summits steep!

H. T. SUDDUTH.

BRITISH MORE FRIENDLY.

Better Feeling Noted Toward This Country Than for Many Years.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, A. B. Coolidge, is well within the facts of the case when he expresses doubt that there is any considerable feeling of hatred against the United States in Great Britain. I am an Englishman, and was in my native country till as recently as one month ago, and knowing pretty well the general feeling in London, Lancashire, and other parts, I can say emphatically that ill-feeling toward America does not exist to any extent worthy of consideration.

It is true that we, as a people, have at times felt that if you remained out of the war any longer you were in danger of sacrificing your honor. We certainly have been and still are of opinion that President Wilson and his Cabinet cannot be congratulated on their strength of purpose. That statement about America being too proud to fight has had an unfortunate interpretation abroad, and we don't like to hear of publicists and business men boasting of the wealth and material power the United States will have when hostilities are over. But we blame no nation for doing everything possible to keep out of this hideous welter of blood, and horror, and bitter agony.

No, we Britishers don't hate you; very far from it. On the contrary, we are more than a little grateful for the sympathy you have shown us in our deep trouble. It is my opinion that there is at the present time a more sincerely friendly feeling in Britain for America than has been known for a quarter of a century at least. We used to feel irritated at the tendency of many Americans to cast ridicule and contempt on things British and to extol the superiority of all things American. We resented the assertion that we were "effete" and "worn out," all the more so because we knew how stupid and even unfair those criticisms often were. But now the causes of some small ill-feeling (which was not at all serious) on our part are things of the past, and we British feel that you Americans have come to a better understanding of us. It is deeply gratifying to us to have grounds for hoping that you know that though we still have our defects we also maintain unimpaired the virtues of those defects, that we are still a mighty power, and, what is much more important, prepared to risk our all in a good cause. The handsomest tributes to the colossal effort Great Britain is making—and no one who has not been to that country quite recently can possibly understand how stupendously great that effort is—have come from American writers and we are more appreciative of that than perhaps we say. Deep in our hearts we hope that real Americans will give us their sympathy to the end, bearing with us as well as possible in matters arising out of the naval blockade, and making due allowance for arbitrary actions which stress of circumstances forces upon us. There are some of us who have visions of supreme greatness rightly exercised for the English-speaking peoples of the world acting in concert.

C. S.
Scranton, Penn., Jan. 18, 1916.

MRS. PANKHURST'S CASE.

Commissioner Howe Puts All Responsibility on the Law.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I beg to correct the impression that has been carried by the press that the immigration officials at Ellis Island were responsible for the detention of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and the inconvenience and embarrassment to which she was subjected by being compelled to go to Ellis Island. No one could feel more regretful about this incident than I myself, even though her detention was minimized to a few hours and no serious discomfort attended it. But the responsibility for this detention should not be placed upon the Immigration Inspectors or this station, for the Inspectors were merely carrying out a mandatory law in the execution of which they had no discretion. The immigration law lodges all discretionary authority with the Secretary of Labor in such cases as this. The Inspector is not subject to control, even by the Commissioner, in the exercise of his judgment, and in this case he was bound by a precedent that he could not ignore.

As to whether the law itself is wise, that is another question. That can only be determined by Congress. But in this and other cases that have arisen during the last year, the Inspectors have, so far as I know, not been guilty of lack of intelligence or discrimination. They have merely administered the law as they found it and as the regulations of the department command.

FREDERIC C. HOWE,
Commissioner of Immigration.
Ellis Island Jan. 19, 1916.

Latin for Moderns.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That men of the same profession frequently disagree is evinced by the letter of Mr. Swann, who so severely criticised, in your issue of Sunday, the college entrance requirements imposed upon secondary schools.

As to the value of Latin to the youth of our day, no answer from this pen could be so forceful as that of your own estimable newspaper. In the same issue of THE TIMES as that in which the letter of Mr. Swann appeared may be found an exceedingly concise and masterly editorial bearing the title, "The Nervii and Caesar." Certainly, the daily newspaper has become part of the "sustenance of the American boy of sixteen, living at the present time." Yet no one can read this editorial understandingly (and thereby get "knowledge of contemporary history and political conditions") unless he has studied the usual entrance requirements for college from Caesar's Gallic Wars.

Is it possible in the present day, when so much of the Roman comment is being reenacted, that we can be so dull, so ungrateful, as to find Caesar, Cicero, Virgil, "purely academic and scholastic rubbish?" Surely no one—teacher or layman—will find the words (so familiar still, thank God, to the American boy) "proximique sunt Germanis, qui trans Rhenum incolunt, quibuscum continenter bellum gerunt," less interesting and profitable in 1916 A. D. than they were in 57 B. C.

THERESA L. WILSON,
St. John's School.
Boonton, N. J., Jan. 16, 1916.

Ex-Presidents in the Senate.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A man intrusted with the supreme confidence of our people remains in the office four years, and then he steps down into private life, suddenly deprived of all connection with the Government, as if he had outlived his usefulness. No man is prepared to be an efficient President before he serves in that capacity for some years. In view of this, a four-year term seems to be very short, and it may be safely assumed that after that term a President is able to understand better all needs of our country, and see more clearly how to satisfy them. Now, if our people are averse to extending the term of Presidential service, then our Constitution might be amended to the effect that each President, after his term of service, would become a Senator for life. Then our ex-Presidents would be the most efficient and the most intelligent advisers, not only to our Presidents, but also to the people at large. Thus, the great knowledge and experience acquired at their post would not be lost to our country.

P. J. POPOFF.
Great Neck, L. I., Jan. 16, 1916.

COST OF A NAVY HERE AND IN GERMANY.

Secretary Daniels Shows That Ours Is the Cheaper National Insurance Although the Expenses Must Be Greater.

New York, Jan. 16, 1916.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The interest taken by your readers in my previous correspondence with the Government relative to the expenses of maintaining our Army and Navy as compared with the cost of maintenance of the German Army and Navy has led me to obtain the permission of the Navy Department to publish the following letter and inclosure from that department.

It will be noted that neither the War Department in its reply to my inquiry, published in your issue of Dec. 12, 1915, or the Navy Department in the following letter states positively that the Government has not got the information in detail to furnish the facts requested, and it scarcely seems possible that, with the facilities afforded by the enormous appropriation made year by year for many years past, the Army and Navy Departments have not informed themselves fully as to what each and every one of the foreign powers was doing for preparedness and defense, even to the minutest detail, and the cost to each country of each of such items. Such information seems to be prerequisite to the efficient maintenance and management of our Army and Navy, which has been obviously maintained for contest with foreign nations, rather than to suppress internal disturbances.

If the facts desired are in the possession of the War Department and of the Navy Department, it is to be hoped that they can be induced to present them to the country intelligently and to the satisfaction of the people at large, many of whom, like myself, are awaiting their pleasure.

JOSEPH L. DELAFIELD.

[Inclosure.]
Navy Department,
Washington, Dec. 29, 1915.

My Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of Dec. 13, in which you express a desire for information concerning the relative results produced by the funds appropriated for the German Navy and those appropriated for the United States Navy, the measuring of results is a difficult matter, since it appears to be a fact that a part of the money devoted by the German Empire to naval purposes does not appear in their naval acts. I speak, of course, of the period prior to the outbreak of the European war. Information concerning European expenditures, ship construction, &c., since July 1, 1914, is not available.

The differences in the systems of naval appropriations are another element which adds to the difficulty of comparisons, but from such statistics as can be made roughly comparable the fact stands out that, while approximately 28 per cent. of the United States naval appropriation is for pay and allowances of officers and men, the German appropriations for these purposes are but 12 per cent. of the whole, an estimated difference in 1915 of some $28,000,000.

This fact is largely due to the higher general scale of salaries and wages in this country, and to the fact that under a system of voluntary enlistment, such as we, of course, have, the Navy must offer financial inducements somewhere near equal to those obtaining in civil life.

The higher general scale of wages in this country is also reflected in the labor element in our expenditures for construction and repair of vessels and in purchase and manufacture of supplies. The labor cost at our industrial navy yards in the fiscal year 1915 was some $20,000,000, and the labor element in the ship construction performed by private contractors was in the neighborhood of $9,000,000. Furthermore, in our expenditures of about $17,000,000 for material used in work at industrial navy yards, in the material charge of about $9,000,000 for new construction work done under contract and in the cost of about $8,000,000 worth of armor, the labor element in the material itself as manufactured products is similarly high.

There is appended a statement which may be of interest to you, showing how the published expenditures of foreign powers prior to the European war compare with those of the United States on a basis of the ratio which they bear to the estimated wealth of the various countries and on a per capita basis. The angle from which the subject is approached is, of course, that of national insurance, and the figures show that the premium paid by the United States is .00071, or $1.42 per capita, and in the case of Germany .00088, or $1.59 per capita. It should be noted that the comparisons could not be made for precisely identical periods of time. * * *.

I will be very glad to furnish you with any further information within my power.

As your letter concerns also the appropriations and expenditures of the War Department, it has been forwarded to the Secretary of War. Sincerely yours,

JOSEPHUS DANIELS,
Secretary of the Navy.
Mr. Joseph L. Delafield, 35 Nassau Street, New York City.

Statement on Naval Expenditures Prepared by the Navy Department.

RATIO OF NAVAL EXPENDITURES TO WEALTH.

	Wealth.		Year.	Naval Expenditures.	Fiscal Year.	Percentage.
Continental U. S.	$107,104,192,410	(a)	1904	$116,655,826	1905	.001089
Continental U. S.	187,739,071,090	(a)	1912	133,559,071	1912	.000711
United Kingdom	72,997,500,000	(b)	1903	173,548,058	1903	.00238
British Empire	108,279,625,000	(b)	1903	173,548,058	1903	.001602
France	46,798,500,000	(b)	1910	74,102,439	1910	.00158
Germany	77,864,000,000	(b)	1908	69,133,500	1908	.00088

NAVAL EXPENDITURES PER CAPITA.

	Population.		Year.	Naval Expenditures.	Fiscal Year.	Per Capita Cost.
Continental U. S.	100,399,318	(c)	1915	$142,959,002	1915	$1.423
Continental U. S., Alaska, and outlying territory	110,745,334	(c)	1915	142,959,002	1915	1.29
United Kingdom	45,370,530	(d)	1911	211,596,296	1911	4.663
British Empire	417,268,000	(d)	1911	211,596,296	1911	.50700
France	39,601,509	(d)	1911	80,371,109	1911	2.029
Germany	64,925,993	(d)	1910	103,302,773	1910	1.591

(a) Data obtained from United States Bureau of the Census Bulletin, entitled "Estimated Valuations of National Wealth, 1850-1912," published March 10, 1915, (Page 15.)

(b) Data obtained from above-mentioned Census Bulletin, being summary of information concerning wealth of principal nations, assembled by Augustus D. Webb, Fellow of the Royal Statistical Society, published in "The New Dictionary of Statistics." Authorities quoted: For United Kingdom and British Empire, Sir Robert Giffen; for Germany, Steinman-Bucher; for France, no authority is stated.

(c) Data obtained from United States Bureau of the Census Bulletin, No. 122, entitled "Estimates of Population, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914," published March 31, 1914, (Page 6.)

(d) Data obtained from the Statesman's Year Book for 1915, edited by J. Scott Keltie, LL.D.

SERVICE FOR OLDER MEN.

Value of a Reserve Force for Military Administration.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the present war has taught us one thing above all others it is that great advantage results from the ability to have a large force ready to strike rather than to have to drill and train the various units after the declaration of war. This is the keynote of the entire plea for preparedness.

A careful reading of the proposed bills for the increase of our armed forces and a study of the programs which have been spread before the American public do not in my opinion take cognizance of a very important factor:

In the rearrangement of the military establishment some place should be found for those who are beyond the age of active military service but who by virtue of their training and experience could be of peculiar value to the Government. There are certain duties which, while vital to the success of an armed force, have more of an administrative than a military function. Such, for example, is the solution of problems dealing with the obtaining of food supplies, of arms, of ammunition, of clothing, with their manufacture under forced conditions, with the transportation of men and supplies and the various other matters related to them. A reserve force trained to look after such needs of large bodies of troops could be intrusted with certain duties now devolving upon the Ordnance, Quartermaster, and Commissary Departments, thus relieving some of the officers of those departments for service in other directions. Men between the ages of 40 and 50, connected with large industrial enterprises, who have been especially trained in organization, in directing large numbers of employes in the most effective way, who are skilled in handling problems of administration, constitute a group of civilians possessing a form of ability which should prove particularly valuable in times of emergency.

I have been told that civilians interested in the various branches of engineering are now arranging to be of service to the Government in case of war, and this is a step in the right direction. The proposal outlined above, however, deals not with engineers but with men who have been especially trained along the lines indicated.

The fact that recruits may be enlisted in the National Guard up to age 45 does not solve the problem, for the men who would be intrusted with this work of organization and who are now beyond the age of 40 could not be expected to enlist in the National Guard. In fact, there is no place in that body where they could be used effectively.

If this suggestion appeals to any of your readers I would be glad to have them correspond with me for the purpose of finding out whether there is some way of carrying out the plan.

S. H. WOLFE.
165 Broadway, New York, Jan. 18, 1916.

The Appeal for the Belgians.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read the page advertisement of the "Committee for the Relief of Women and Children in Belgium and Northern France," but the following facts should also have been brought to the attention of the public:

The German Government is bound by international agreements and by the laws of humanity to care and provide for the needs of the peoples of the countries invaded, and that we, by helping those sufferers, are practically helping Germany, who has robbed those poor people of everything they possessed; and, instead of providing for those unfortunates, forces them to pay a contribution of several millions of dollars.

E. F. P.
New York, Jan. 17, 1916.

NO MONOPOLY IN IGNORANCE

Conclusions of One Who Has Visited Many Schools and Colleges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To one like myself, who has been for months visiting and lecturing before the student bodies of the great institutions of America, your editorial called "Collegians on War" is most interesting, and calls up certain considerations, one of the most important questions being: Is the end of high school and college education the turning out of youths of all-round knowledge or is it the training of his faculties, the imparting of a knowledge how to think clearly and sunder fact from fiction, in fact, the discipline of his brain, (only to be got by the conscientious study of essentially difficult things like Latin or Greek grammar, or of mathematics)? A rather wide experience of English and American schoolboys has led me to think that, while the American boy is perhaps a little wider awake and more sophisticated, the English boy can unquestionably write better English and is better founded in the essentials of scholarship, which is possibly the reason why the scholarship of the average American college is low; in fact, the sixth form Eton or Rugby boy, or the German "Primaner," knows his Latin better than the American junior. This was a prime consideration of the members of the class of '85 of Amherst College, when they suggested that Amherst cease trying to rival the great and magnificently endowed State institutions in a so-called all-round education and rather make Amherst a classic college, with a high standard of scholarship and also a high standard of entrance, the great trouble with American colleges now being the poor material, from the standard of scholarship, that they receive from the preparatory schools.

It appears that the idea now prevailing is to make it as easy for the student as possible and let him choose from a mass of subjects those studies that shall "make him best prepared for the duties of life." There are a good many of us who believe that the discipline of the so-called old regime is perhaps more important than the gathering together of certain facts and dates and stuffing them into a boy's head. The teaching of a boy how to think straight is far more important than a knowledge of the exact position of Saloniki, which he can readily discover from a map. The moral of this is, of course, that schools should teach rather methods of thought than seek to send forth their pupils with an up-to-date knowledge of actual happenings.

At the same time there would seem to be no reason why a school should not require, say, a course in actual history, with a discussion of the topics of the day. These things are usually left to the debating societies and other non-official bodies of colleges, with the result that, though each institution boasts of a few well informed pupils on certain modern subjects, the great mass of them are hopelessly ignorant, as your correspondent, Mrs. Rogers, avers. In the course of my present tour of American colleges I have noticed that they are about evenly divided into those that require attendance upon certain lectures and those that do not, and that unquestionably the audiences that were required to attend have been the brightest and most receptive. This may seem a paradox, but it is the truth, with few exceptions.

One other consideration: Possibly the great mass of Americans would not be found much better informed than the students that you rightly hold up to ridicule. Nobody has a monopoly of ignorance. It is as well to remember that the examination papers of the University of Oxford produced some rare gems, one of the purest being the translation of an undergraduate of the French dancing term pas de deux, which he gave as father of twins!

EDWARD BRECK, Navy League.
Washington, Jan. 16, 1916.

GERMAN PAINTINGS BRING LOW PRICES

Mrs. Hugo Reisinger Pays Top Figure, $8,200, for Bocklin's "At the Spring."

WAR HALTED BERLIN SALE

Late Owner Willed Pictures Be Sold In Artists' Country—87 Fetch $68,625—Stransky a Buyer.

The second evening's sale of the pictures of the late Hugo Reisinger under the auspices of the American Art Association in the ballroom of the Plaza Hotel, was as interesting as the first, but for a different reason. The paintings were largely those of contemporary German artists comparatively unknown in America, and they brought from a quarter to a half less than they would have in Germany.

Mr. Reisinger recognized this and arranged in his will to have the German and Austrian pictures sold in Berlin. The war developing in the mean time, the executors obtained permission to set this aside and have them sold in New York, as the family wished to dispose of them immediately.

Mrs. Hugo Reisinger paid last night the highest price of the evening, as on the one before, giving $8,200 for Arnold Bocklin's "At the Spring," a picture which did not appeal strongly to many people. It is rather dark, trees and grass, while at one side a young woman, a nude figure, is standing in a pool by the side of a high, steep rock. With one hand she supports herself against it, while with the other she catches the water trickling over its face. It was purchased in Frankfort in 1907, and experts last evening said that Mr. Reisinger had probably paid as much as $20,000 for it.

Average of $750 a Picture.

There were eighty-seven pictures sold last evening and they brought returns of $68,625. The average a picture was $1,500 on Tuesday evening, and it was only $750 last night. The group of pictures by German, Swiss, and Austrian artists which Mr. Reisinger had desired to have sold in Berlin, sixty-four of them, brought last night a little more than $50,000. In the work of modern Dutch artists, a small group of pictures which were first sold, Jacob Maris's "The Young Artist," a water color, brought the highest price, going to Knoedler & Co. for $2,500. Most of these were small pictures. Among the pictures of a half a dozen or more other contemporaneous artists Sorolla's "Water Joy," one of the artist's, bright, cheerful Spanish bathing scenes, brought the highest price, going to Knoedler & Co. for $3,300.

Josef Stransky paid some of the highest prices for the work of the contemporary German painters and made an investment in which he may double his money in Germany after the war.

Leibl's "The Actor," $4,100.

He paid $4,100 for "The Actor," by Wilhelm Leibl, an interesting picture which was a study for a composition introducing "Don Quixote"; for Charles Schuch's "Still Life—Fruit," he gave $3,100; Fritz Karl Hermann von Uhde's "Girl Reading" went to him for $1,750, and Walther Leistikow's "Danish Landscape" for $1,025.

There were three museums purchasing last evening, including the Metropolitan Museum in this city. The Lenbach picture of the collection, "In Ecstasy," brought one of the higher prices of the evening, going to A. Chatain for $2,700. Lenbach is one of the German contemporaries well known in America, but this was an unusual example of his work. A young woman with reddish hair, her only drapery a scarf around the hips, has her arms arched over her head, the expression of her parted lips and wide-open eyes the artist calls "Ecstasy." It does not seem to be the work of the same man who painted the lovely delicate portrait of Mme. Dusa and his own little daughter.

The Pictures and Prices.

Following is a list of the pictures sold, names of artists, purchasers and prices:

MODERN DUTCH MASTERS.	
In Holland (water color)—J. H. van Mastenbroek; Joseph Huber	$125
Garden Scene (water color)—Hendrick Valkenburg; O. C. Seyfarth	120
Summer Afternoon in Rotterdam (water color)—J. H. van Mastenbroek; C. Du Bois	180
Marine—Jean Berthold Jongkind; D. Charles	1,100
Ducks (water color)—Willem Maris; Knoedler & Co.	1,000
Bleaching (water color)—Anton Mauve; P. Charles	1,700
Landscape: Leading Home the Cow (water color)—H. van de Sande-Bakhuysen; C. Du Bois	250
Alone (water color)—Jozef Israels; A. J. Wacker	1,150
Landscape at Twilight (water color)—Theophile de Bock; F. Kleinberger	160
The Young Artist (water color)—Jacob Maris; Knoedler & Co.	2,500
Landscape, (water color)—Jan van Essen; D. Charles	260
Harbor of Rotterdam, (water color)—J. H. van Mastenbroek; Alfred Rau	250
Marine—Hendrik Willem Mesdag; C. Du Bois	400
In Gelderland, (water color)—Mme. S. Mesdag van Houten; R. Dudensing	80
ENGLISH, SCOTCH, AND CONTEMPORANEAOUS ARTISTS.	
Girl on Welsh Mountain—A. E. John; Knoedler & Co.	1,050
Afternoon in the Woods, Tangiers—John Lavery; C. W. Kraushaar	625
Landscape—Robert Gregory; T. Edwards	125
Frost and Frog—George Sauter; Seaman, agent	200
Venice—Frank Brangwyn; Lorenz, agent	2,150
Landscape—Grosvenor Thomas; C. Du Bois	700
Prof. M. with Halo, (water color and pastel)—Antonio Mancini; Detroit Museum	750
Girl Reading, (water color)—Carl Larsson; Segmore Rosedale	225
Water Joy—Joaquin Sorolla y Bastida; Knoedler & Co.	3,300
GERMAN, SWISS, AND AUSTRIAN.	
View Through a Window, (Panel)—Gotthard Kuehl; D. Charles	180
Head of a Young Woman—Karl Franz Eduard von Gebhardt; Seaman, agent	190
Ram's Head—Ernst Adolph Meissner; O. C. Seyfarth	60
Nude (Panel)—Albert von Keller; Oscar Dressler	170
Man Reading, (Gouache)—Adolf von Menzel; Josef Stransky	700
Cathedral in Seefeld, (Water Color)—Paul Rene Reinicke; Lorenz, agent	375
On the Way to Market, (Water Color)—Hans von Bartels; O. S. Seyforth	275
Old Woman Drinking Coffee, (Panel)—Otto Piltz; Joseh Huber	150
Study of a Head, (Panel)—Mihaly de Munkacsy; F. Kleinberger	380
Polospiel, (Panel)—Max Liebermann; Josef Stransky	1,250
A Divine Drink, (Panel)—Edmund Harburger; Gustaf L. Herz	150
Die Blaue Uhr—Professor Hans Looschen; H. E. Stoehr	110
Nude in Open Air, (Pastel)—Professor Ludwig von Hofmann; T. Edwards	100
Surprised—Carl Hollman; Adolph Mayer	70
Mountain Landscape, (water color)—Johann Sperl; Maurice Benhof	280
Horse Race—Angelo Jank; H. F. Albert	300
The Oriental Musician, (pastel)—E. L. Ostermayer; F. N. Marburg	70
Salon Ecke—Gotthard Kuehl; D. Charles	425
Teasing—Franz von Stuck; C. Du Bois	950
Spanish Dancer—Professor Arthur Kampf; H. F. Albert	130
Landscape—Felix Prosper Eugen Bracht; Alfred Rau	325
Landscape—Professor Max Klinger; Paul Strauss	210
Colmar Landscape—Gustav Schoenleber; Maurice Denhof	600
Landscape—Professor Max Klinger; Josef Stransky	725
Ducks, (Panel)—Professor Rudolph Schramm-Zittau; M. L. Jellinek	360
Tennis Tourney at Ostend—Ernst Oppler; Seaman, agent	310
The Actor—Wilhelm Leibl; Josef Stransky	4,100
Girl Reading—Fritz Karl Hermann von Uhde; Josef Stransky	$1,750
Dancing Girl—Ludwig von Hofmann; F. Hirschland	400
Boys in Bathing (Water Color)—Max Liebermann; O. Dressler	900
Ducks, (Panel)—Professor Rudolf Schramm-Zittau; M. L. Jellinek	250
Mara—Professor Leo Putz; M. L. Jellinek	120
Landscape—Max Slevogt; D. Charles	550
The Yellow Bodice (Water Color)—Hans von Bartels; F. H. Hirschland	400
Parrots—Professor Rudolph Schramm-Zittau; C. Du Bois	420
At the Spring—Arnold Boecklin; Mrs. Hugo Reisinger	8,200
Landscape—Wilhelm Truebner; Rice & Burrows	1,100
Still Life: Fruit—Charles Schuch; Josef Stransky	3,100
Japanese Still Life—Professor Leo Putz; M. L. Jellinek	700
Still Life: Pinks—Fritz Oswald; A. Deutsch	170
Bathing Scene—Otto Kopp; M. L. Jellinek	800
Nude: Study of a Boy—Max Fleischer; E. Fuchs	100
Old Houses at Hooven, (water color)—F. Arntzenius; O. C. Seyforth	180
Cattle at the Pool—Heinrich Johann Zugel; D. Charles	950
Noon Hour—Hans Thoma; D. Heinemann Munch	1,000
Oxen—Heinrich Johann Zugel; Knoedler & Co.	1,000
At the Seashore: Terrace on the Elbe—Max Liebermann; T. Wallerstein	1,290
Country Folk Coming from the Market—Heinrich Johann Zuegel; Seaman, agent	1,100
Man at Work—Professor Arthur Kampf; Adolph Mayer	225
Nordwijk—Max Liebermann; D. Charles	1,000
Landscape: Abend im Moor, (water color)—Ludwig Dill; C. Du Bois	540
Das Rote Service—Franz Skarbina; F. H. Hirschland	850
Danish Landscape—Walther Leistikow; Josef Stransky	1,025
Landscape—Charles Schuch; H. E. Stoehr	800
Girl with Puppet—Professor Adof Muenzer; A. Denoch	200
Castle Heimsbach—Wilhelm Truebner; Maurice Dehnhof	725
Mountain Village in Winter—Paul Crodel; Jos. Breck, Minneapolis Museum	475
Marine—Ulrich Huebner; M. L. Jellinek	900
Nude (pastel)—Alfred Mohrbutter; Dr. E. Reginald Helfer	155
In the Studio—Treibert von Habermann; Metropolitan Art Museum	750
In Ecstacy—Professor Franz von Lenbach; A. Chatain	2,700
Sheep Homeward Bound—Heinrich Johann Zuegel; H. E. Stoehr	1,450
Sheep Going to Pasture—Heinrich Johann Zuegel; H. E. Stoehr	1,600
Hochsommer—Professor Leo Putz; Detroit Museum	600
Total	$68,625

One picture was withdrawn from the sale, "Madonna, Child and St. John: the Madonna of the Chair," by Constantine Feudel. The sale will be concluded this evening at the American Art Galleries, when water colors, etching by Zorn, and other pictures will be sold.

MISS CLARA KRAMER WEDS.

The Bride of Wm. F. Turnbull of University of Pennsylvania.

The wedding of Miss Clara Louise Kramer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Peter George Kramer of Tuckahoe, N. Y., and William Fyfe Turnbull, of the University of Pennsylvania, took place last night at 8:30 o'clock in the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church. The Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the church, and an uncle of the bride, officiated, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Harold Pattison, pastor of the Washington Heights Baptist Church.

The bride wore a gown of white satin and net, with a veil of rose point lace, caught up at the coiffure with orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and roses.

Mrs. Elbert Van Aken, who acted as matron of honor, was in silver lace over rose color, and Miss Laura Turnbull, the maid of honor, wore a frock of pale pink taffeta and chiffon. The bridemaids included the Misses Annie Turnbull, Helen Anderson, Ethel Moon, and Mrs. Sidney Hulsizer. They were gowned in taffeta and tulle of a deep rose shade, the skirts being made short and full, and the tulle caught at one side with a silver rose. The attendants each carried roses to match the color of their gowns.

Dr. Howard S. York of Waterford, Ontario, Canada, was best man. His mother served as bridesmaid at the marriage of the bridegroom's mother. The ushers were Geddes Smith and James M. Shaw, both of New York, and Judson Weiss and Charles Marlow of Brooklyn, cousins of the bride.

The bridegroom is a son of the late Rev. Alexander Turnbull and Mrs. Turnbull of Orange, N. J. He is a graduate of Columbia University, class of '08, and an instructor in mechanical engineering at the University of Pennsylvania.

A reception followed the ceremony at Delmonico's. Later the couple left for the South on their honeymoon. They will reside in Philadelphia.

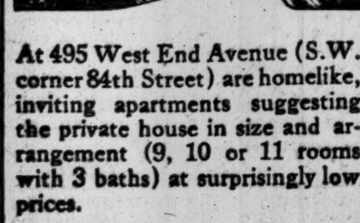
Miss Ross to Wed M. A. Spencer.

The engagement of Miss Ella Ross of 606 West 122d Street to Marcus Acheson Spencer of Pittsburgh, Penn., has been announced. Miss Ross is the eldest daughter of the Rev. G. A. Johnston Ross, a professor in the Union Theological Seminary, this city, and formerly minister of St. Columba's Church, Cambridge, England. Mr. Spencer is a son of the late Charles H. Spencer of Pittsburgh, and grandson of the late Judge Marcus W. Acheson of the United States Circuit Court. He is a graduate of Princeton University, class of '14, and is now studying for the ministry of the Presbyterian Church.

Arrivals from Bordeaux.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday from Bordeaux on the Espagne were:

Mrs. M. Barrientos Keen, Miss M. J. Barrientos Keen, H. Carroll, Mrs. G. Court, Miss Edith Gore, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Green, Miss Lucie Green, Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Jackson, M. Jackman, Miss R. Lafargue, Miss M. A. Moffatt, Louis Neilson, Miss Germaine Porel, W. Reid, L. Salisbury, Gabriel Tanon, Welford Beaton, J. Woone, Mrs. E. Oscar, H. Lorch, P. A. Grenier, Miss N. Ackerman.



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LATIN-AMERICANS ENTERTAIN WILSONS

President and His Bride the Guests at a Ball in Pan-American Building.

1,500 IN THE GAY THRONG

Ambassador and Mme. da Gama and Minister and Mme. de Cespedes in the Receiving Party.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—President Wilson and his bride were guests this evening of the Ambassadors, Ministers and Chargés d'Affaires of the Latin-American republics, who entertained in the Pan-American Building at the most perfectly appointed official reception and ball Washington has known in fifty years.

Invitations were issued to 1,500 guests, with every detail of the entertainment planned by a committee of three of the twenty hosts. The Marine Band furnished the music.

President and Mrs. Wilson stood with the Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. da Gama at the head of the grand stairway leading from the patio to the Hall of the Americas, which served as the ballroom. Other members of the receiving party were the Chargé d'Affaires of Argentina and Mme. Quintana, the Cuban Minister and Mme. de Cespedes. Uniform or evening dress having been specified as necessary on a card accompanying the invitation, the incongruities of a White House reception were missing, with the company one of the best attired as well as most important official gatherings Washington has ever known.

Supper was served at midnight with the President and Mrs. Wilson, each seated at a round table superbly decorated with white and mauve orchids, and each surrounded by forty-eight additional guests. These tables were not in the supper room, but in the small ante rooms to the Hall of the Americas—one on the north, the other on the south side of the building.

The Brazilian Ambassador escorted Mrs. Wilson, who was seated between her host and the Secretary of State. The President sat between Mme. da Gama and Mrs. Lansing. Other specially honored supper guests included prominent officials of this Government, some of the European diplomats, members of the Foreign Committees of House and Senate, and the ladies of their respective families.

Small tables were placed about the supper room, each decorated with roses or sweet peas. Dancing was resumed after supper and lasted for exactly one hour after the departure of the President and Mrs. Wilson.

DANCE FOR DEBUTANTE.

Mrs. Helen H. Jenkins Entertains at Home for Her Daughter.

Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins was the hostess at a dance last evening for her daughter, Miss Grace Hartley Jenkins, a débutante of the Winter. It was held at Mrs. Jenkins's residence, 232 Madison Avenue, and was preceded by several dinners, Miss Julia Zabriskie and Miss Elizabeth Jennings being hostesses at the residences of their respective parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip B. Jennings and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew C. Zabriskie.

The guests included many of the Winter's buds, as well as older girls and a few young married people.

Mrs. Jenkins and Miss Jenkins had receiving with them Mrs. Francis H. Geer, who was Miss Helen Hartley Jenkins, and the guests included Mr. and Mrs. Arkley King, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Low, Mr. and Mrs. Marcellus Hartley Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Francis H. Markoe, the Misses Marion C. Dinsmore, Helen Alexander, Rita Norrie, Frances Townsend Riker, Helen MacGregor Byrne, Isabel Stettinius, Ethel Simmons, Geraldine Adee, Pauline Bacon, Elizabeth Schuyler Howard, Mary Hartshorne, Maryanna Lincoln, Phyllis and Elizabeth McVickar, Cornelia and Gertrude Geer, Grace and Helen Pierce, Emily Ford, Alma de Gersdorff, Agnes Claflin, Anne Moore, and Alice Pine.

Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer Is Hostess.

Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer gave last evening another in her series of dinners at her residence, 7 East Seventy-third Street. Anna Fitziu sang and dancing followed the dinner. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Allan G. Wellman, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Sherrill, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. John Russell Pope, Mr. and Mrs. Courtlandt D. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes, Dr. A. Hamilton Rice and Mrs. Rice, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, and Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden.

Bailey-Hartman Engagement.

The engagement of Miss Carlotta Barnes Bailey, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Bailey of Churchville, Md., to Dr. Clifford Clinton Hartman of Pittsburgh, Penn., is announced. Miss Bailey has many friends in New York, where she is now visiting. Dr. Hartman was graduated from Gettysburg College in 1907 and from the Johns Hopkins Medical School in 1911, and is one of the assistant medical staff at the Allegheny General Hospital in Pittsburgh. No date has been named for the wedding.

Miss Agnes L. Cooper Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh L. Cooper of Strawberry Hill, Stamford, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Agnes L. Cooper, to Ralph M. Sheldon of Minneapolis, Minn. Mr. Cooper is the designer and builder of the Keokuk Dam and other large hydro-electric installations in this and other countries. The wedding will take place in June.

A Son in J. V. Converse's Home.

Mr. and Mrs. James V. Converse are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Tuesday at their home, 829 Park Avenue. Mrs. Converse was formerly Miss Nadine Melbourne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Melbourne, and her marriage to Mr. Converse, a son of Mrs. G. Vail Converse of 24 West Fifty-ninth Street, took place in March, 1914.

Coe-Bristol Betrothal.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin L. Coe of Waterbury, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Hoadley Coe, to Kenneth H. Bristol, son of Mr. and Mrs. Warren H. Bristol of Brooklyn. Mr. Bristol is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale, class of '14. No date has been set for the wedding.

E. C. Benedict, in Havana, Not Ill.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Cuba, Jan. 19.—Commodore E. C. Benedict of New York, arrived here today aboard his yacht, the Oneida. He denied a report of his illness recently published in New York newspapers.

LINCOLN TRUST
Company

THE year 1916 brought many a readjustment in financial matters.

Perhaps you are puzzled over the outlook for 1916. Let us give you advice from our ripe experience and wide observation.

204 Fifth Avenue
(Opposite Madison Square)
Broadway at Leonard Street
Broadway at 72nd Street

THOMPSON WANTS $30,000.

Committee Member Questions Biltmore Hotel Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The Senate today voted to give the Thompson Committee, which is investigating the Public Service Commission, an additional appropriation of $30,000. In the Assembly the concurrent resolution was introduced by Assemblyman Kincaid of Onondaga and referred to the Ways and Means Committee. Speaker Sweet said tonight that Senator Thompson would have to "show him" that the additional funds were actually needed and that the exhaustion of the previous appropriation of $15,000 in a comparatively short time was not due to "riotous living" on the part of committee members.

Assemblyman R. Hunter McQuistion of Brooklyn has protested to Controller Travis over some vouchers turned in by the Thompson Committee, which sets McQuistion down as responsible for a bill of $280 at the Biltmore Hotel for meals and occupancy of a $3.50 room for twenty-five nights.

Senator Thompson said tonight before leaving for New York that any one who thought his committee was ready to quit had another guess coming.

Assemblyman McQuistion has retained Edwin J. Dryer of 55 Liberty Street, and Mr. Dryer sent last night to Senator Thompson, to the State Controller, and to the Biltmore Hotel a letter denying unqualifiedly that Assemblyman McQuistion ever slept at the Biltmore. The Assemblyman said that in the State Controller's office he found a receipted bill of the Biltmore for $5,280.65. Included in it was this item: "1915, Jan. 22, March 19—McQuistion, Assemblyman, twenty-five days at $3.50, room, $87.50; restaurant, $193.41. Total, $280.91."

"This item is false," said Mr. McQuistion, "I never had a room at the Biltmore Hotel and never slept there in my life and during the entire investigation I have had meals at the Biltmore only about seven times."

RATIFIES WORLD RADIO PLAN

Daniels Approves Contract for Links in Chain of Stations.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—One of the final steps toward linking the United States and its foreign possessions together by a great chain of wireless stations was taken today when Secretary Daniels of the Navy approved a contract with the Federal Telegraph Company of San Francisco for the equipment of the big radio stations now under construction at San Diego, Cal.; Cavite, Philippine Islands, and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

Completion of these stations within the next year will pave the way for radio communication from Washington not only to the insular possessions, but to almost any point in the world where there may be a receiving plant.

Plans now are being prepared by the Navy Department to increase the power of the existing equipment at Tutuila and Guam so as to make them a part of the main world chain. The intermediate stations at Boston, New Orleans, Point Loma, Chicago, and Guantanamo, Cuba, already have been strengthened and are able to relay messages from ships at sea to Washington via the Arlington, Va., towers.

The new stations at Pearl Harbor and Cavite will be the most powerful in the world. They will be equipped with apparatus for exchanging messages over an area of approximately 4,700 miles, the greatest distance ever attempted by radio plants doing a regular business. Each will maintain direct communication with San Diego, the Canal Zone, and the Arlington stations, and be able to sweep the Pacific Ocean from the Philippine Islands to Alaska and the Canal Zone.

HIBBEN REDUCES DEFICIT.

Princeton Doubles Its Faculty and Plant in Ten Years.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 19.—President Hibben's annual report to the Board of Trustees of Princeton University, made public today, shows that the deficit for the last fiscal year was 50 per cent. less than in 1914 and less than one-fourth of what it was two years ago. The deficit last year was $17,000, compared with $24,000 in 1914 and $73,000 in 1913.

President Hibben also points out that in the last ten years Princeton has more than doubled its physical equipment, nineteen new buildings having been erected in that time. Other figures of the report show that the Faculty has been doubled in the last ten years, while the enrollment has increased about 20 per cent.

PRESIDENT MAY BE GUEST.

Movie Board of Trade Says Wilson Is to Attend Its Dinner.

Announcement of the acceptance of President Wilson to be the guest of honor of the Motion Picture Board of Trade of America at its first annual dinner, will be made at the monthly luncheon of the board at the Hotel Hermitage today. The dinner will be held Thursday night of next week at the Biltmore Hotel.

J. Stuart Blackton, President of the Vitagraph Company, will preside at the dinner, and the speakers will include Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone and several men prominent in the motion picture industry. Several novel features will be introduced and the events of the evening will be recorded in movies.

Wheeler and Guerin on Art Board.

Mayor Mitchel yesterday appointed Jules Guerin as the painter and Professor James R. Wheeler as the layman member of the Art Commission. Mr. Guerin succeeds George W. Breck and Professor Wheeler, who holds the chair of Greek Archaeology and Art at Columbia University, succeeds John A. Mitchell.

Dr. John Gilbert Gulick.

Dr. John Gilbert Gulick, formerly for more than twenty years a dentist of Brooklyn, but for the last ten years in the Forty-second Street Building, Manhattan, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 587 Riverside Drive, in his fifty-eighth year. Dr. Gulick was born in Schenectady, N. Y. He was an ardent student of languages, and a charter member of the Hanover Club and a member of the Amphion Musical Society. Dr. Gulick is survived by his wife, who was formerly Miss Florence Lethbridge of Brooklyn, and two children, Mrs. J. Leslie Momand and Earl Gulick, who became noted as a boy soprano soloist at the Garden City Cathedral, and is now the representative in this country of the Jean de Reszka School in Paris.

Mrs. Elise Flagg.

Mrs. Elise Flagg, widow of Montague Flagg, the portrait painter, died yesterday morning at her home in the Gainsborough Studios, 222 Central Park South. Mrs. Flagg, who had been ill for some time, survived her husband less than a month. He died Dec. 24 in Hahnemann Hospital at the age of 74. They had no children. Ernest Flagg, the architect, is a brother-in-law.

A. S. L. Shields.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—A. S. L. Shields, a noted attorney of this city, died today. He had been suffering from pneumonia for several weeks. Mr. Shields was a specialist in criminal law, and in that capacity had a national reputation. He was a figure in Philadelphia politics, and was counsel in many celebrated trials in which politics figured. He was 66 years old.

Dr. Z. S. Webb Dies at 91.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 19.—Dr. Z. S. Webb, who for fifty-five years was a practicing physician in New York City, is dead at his home on the Park Road, Woodbury, at the age of 91, from bronchial pneumonia. Dr. Webb was born in Litchfield County, and after he abandoned his New York practice he went back there to live.

GEN. I. S. CATLIN DIES. HAD BEEN ILL A WEEK

Partner and Brother-in-Law of Gen. Tracy Was Noted as a Lawyer and Soldier.

WON PRAISE IN CIVIL WAR

Raised the First Field Company of Volunteers and Was Brevetted Three Times for Bravery.

General Isaac S. Catlin, a civil war veteran and lawyer, died last night in his apartments in the Hotel St. George, Brooklyn, after a week's illness following an apoplectic stroke. He was 80 years old.

For nearly sixty years General Catlin had been active in political and military life. He was born in Owego, N. Y., and was educated at Owego Academy. At the age of 17 he began the study of law in this city and became associated with General Benjamin F. Tracy, who later married his sister. When Gilbert Walker, afterward Governor of Virginia, retired from the firm of Tracy, Warner & Walker Mr. Catlin became a member of the firm.

In 1860 General Catlin was elected Mayor of Owego. When President Lincoln issued his proclamation for troops the next year, he raised a company of volunteers, of which he became Captain, and it was said that his was the first full company which enlisted in the North. The company joined General Frederick Townsend's Third Regiment of New York volunteers. General Townsend said of General Catlin's conduct at the battle of Big Bethel:

"There was no braver officer on that field than Captain Catlin."

He became Lieutenant Colonel in 1862 and Colonel in 1864 and commanded the 109th Regiment of New York Volunteers in most of the battles from the Wilderness to the Fall of Petersburg, when he became President of a general court-martial in Washington.

Several times in the war General Catlin received tokens of approval from his superiors and also three brevet commissions for bravery in the field, and a medal of honor for distinguished gallantry in the battle of Petersburg, where he lost his right leg. On the day before the engagement at Petersburg, which was fought on July 30, 1864, he had been appointed Colonel of the 109th Regiment. At 3 o'clock in the morning he was awakened by an orderly from General Hartranft, who requested him to visit him in his tent. The General and he proceeded to study the map and outline the plan of action for the next day. Colonel Catlin was to push on over the mines, and, if possible, capture the men in charge of them. When day dawned he led his men in the face of a heavy fire and was wounded. He insisted on being carried to the front, and while there an explosion of a shell shattered his right leg. Notwithstanding his two wounds he was carried at the head of his troops over the unexploded mines, which he captured.

When the army disbanded, General Catlin returned to his home in Owego, and in 1865 he was elected District Attorney of Tioga County. In 1871 he moved to Brooklyn and formed a law partnership with General Benjamin F. Tracy, and in that year he became Assistant United States District Attorney for the Eastern New York District. In 1877 he was elected District Attorney for Kings County, and three years later he was re-elected for a second term.

In 1885 General Catlin was nominated for Mayor of Brooklyn, but there was a three-cornered fight, which resulted in his defeat. In 1893 he was nominated for Congress, and refused the place. Three years later he declined a nomination for Lieutenant Governor on the Democratic ticket. General Catlin, during his legal career in Brooklyn, defended many persons accused of crime. He was counsel for the Kings County Sheriff for nine years. In 1870 he was put upon the retired list of the United States Army as a Colonel of Infantry.

At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, General Catlin volunteered, but President McKinley said that there were younger men who should take his place. President McKinley appointed his son, George De G. Catlin, a Lieutenant in the regular army and he has since become a Captain. During the Spanish-American War, General Catlin visited Cuba and the Philippines and wrote many articles on the situation in both of those places, which were widely published. General Catlin was originally a Republican, but in 1888 he became a Cleveland Democrat. After President McKinley's election he became a Republican again. Several years ago he wrote his memoirs which were not to be published until after his death.

In his school days he was an athlete, and up to the time he was stricken had suffered little from illness. He weighed more than 200 pounds and measured 46 inches across his chest. In his later years he divided his time between his home in Owego and Brooklyn. He is survived by his son and a daughter.

Dr. Miguel Lisboa Dies Suddenly.

Dr. Miguel Lisboa, 65 years old, a Brazilian, who came to this country two weeks ago, died suddenly yesterday in his room at 29 West 129th Street from heart disease. Dr. Lisboa was heard moaning yesterday morning by another boarder in the house, who called a physician. He was dead when the physician arrived. Mrs. H. D. Moore, the proprietor, said that Dr. Lisboa took a room from her last Saturday. As far as the police could learn he had no relatives in this country.

Obituary Notes.

HENRY S. OATS, a membe of the drug firm of John K. Oats's Sons, Ninth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street, died yesterday of intestinal diseases at his home, 374 West Forty-sixth Street. He was 41 years old and was born in this city. He and brothers succeeded his father in the drug business, which was one of the oldest in that section.

DAVID COOPER, associated for many years with his father in the manufacture of clothing under the firm name of Thomas S. Cooper & Sons, died yesterday of paralysis in the Hotel St. George, Brooklyn. He was 61 years old and unmarried. He is survived by two brothers.

Mrs. MARTINA VERONICA DONOHUE, wife of James Donohue, died on Tuesday at her home, 3,104 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. Besides her husband she left a daughter.

Mrs. BEATRICE MACK MARX, wife of Gustav Marx, of 2,828 West Nineteenth Street, Coney Island, died in the Jewish Hospital on Tuesday in her twenty-ninth year, and the funeral will be held from the home of her mother, 132 DeKalb Avenue, Brooklyn, this afternoon.

JOHN NORTHINGTON HUFFINGTON, 79 years old, a retired lumber dealer of Brooklyn and at one time associated with Henry Ward Beecher in the work of the Plymouth Church, died at his home in Greenwich, Conn., on Tuesday from pneumonia.

Captain THOMAS V. KELLY, in the employ of the Erie Railroad Company as master of harbor craft, died from heart disease on Tuesday at his home, 1,753 Seventy-ninth Street, Brooklyn, aged 67 years.

Mrs. EVA ROSENBUSH OTTENBERG, wife of Samuel Ottenberg, formerly a business man of Pittsburgh, Penn., died at her home, 566 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday. She was 61 years old and a native of Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. ANN VON HADELAN VOLCKENING, one of the early members of the New Brooklyn German Reformed Church and for many years President of its Ladies' Aid Society, is dead at her home, 19 Columbus Place, Brooklyn, aged 89 years. She was the widow of Ferdinand F. Volckening, who was a well-known builder of that borough and a Trustee of the New Brooklyn German Reformed Church.

MOSES E. BRUSH, aged 88 years, a civil war veteran, and long sexton of the Dutch Reformed Church in Flushing, L. I., died at his home in Flushing on Tuesday. He was born in old Greenwich Village, Manhattan, eighty-eight years ago, and left a widow.

Mrs. CATHERINE E. MEEKS, a large property owner of Bayport, L. I., and of Palm Beach, Fla., died at her home in Bayport yesterday, aged 78 years. She was the widow of Colonel J. W. Meeks.

JOSEPH LUCAS CLARKE, at one time prominent in political affairs in the old town of New Utrecht, died on Tuesday at his home, 8,804 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, in his sixty-fourth year. He left a widow and three daughters.

Mrs. MARGARET BOWERS, widow of George A. Bowers, for twenty-five years sexton of the German Evangelical Church in Houston Street, Manhattan, died on Tuesday at her home, 740 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, in her ninety-second year. Mrs. Bowers was born in Alsace-Lorraine. She is survived by two sons, George F. and Daniel T. Bowers, and a daughter, Mrs. Addie Doty.

CARLOS E. RINCONES, a son of Pedro R. Rincones, the Venezuelan Consul General in New York City, died from pneumonia on Monday at his home, 437 Fourth Street, Brooklyn. He was born in San Cristoval, Venezuela, twenty-six years ago, and at the time of his death was manager of the export department of the Williams Shipping Agency in Manhattan.

NIELS JENSEN, owner of a carpet cleaning works in Brooklyn, and a resident of that borough for the last forty-five years, is dead at his home, 449 Rutland Road, Flatbush, aged 79. He was a native of Synn, Denmark.

Mrs. HARRIET F. P. CHASE, mother of the Rev. Dr. William Sheafe Chase, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, died yesterday in her eighty-ninth year at Woonsocket, R. I. Mrs. Chase lived with her daughter, Mrs. Josephine P. Chase. Her husband died many years ago. Besides her daughter and son, another son, James T. Chase, a dry goods merchant in Walden, Mass., survives.

Mrs. PAULINE M. FISON, wife of the Rev. Sherwood Fison, rector of Christ Episcopal Church, Urbana, Va., died yesterday of cancer at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Lucy Leonard, in Elmhurst. She was 63 years old. She was a native of Kentucky and a daughter of Dr. William T. McNess.

Miss SOPHIE HOFFMAN, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Hoffman of North Park Street, East Orange, died yesterday at the Orange Memorial Hospital. She was 46 years old.

The Rev. WILLIAM A. SMITH, a retired Baptist minister, died Tuesday of apoplexy at his home, 19 Ely Place, East Orange. He was graduated from Colgate University in 1856, when it was known as Madison University, and from the Rochester Theological Seminary. He retired in 1895.

JAMES SYLVESTER ADAMS, for many years a merchant in Morristown, N. J., died Tuesday night of Bright's disease. He was 83 years old. He retired from business fifteen years ago.

Miss SUSAN MOWDER of Port Colden, N. J., died yesterday in her seventy-fifth year. She was a daughter of Samuel Mowder, who died many years ago.

LE ROY D. DE CAMP, a civil engineer employed by the village of Mount Vernon, died Tuesday at East View, N. Y. He was 35 years old and unmarried.

WILLIAM KINNEAR BROWN, Secretary and Treasurer of Charles Brown & Co., dealers in linens, at 32 East Thirty-fourth Street, died yesterday at his home in Sound Beach, Conn. He was 48 years old.

Miss ELIZABETH HARDY, seventy-six years old, for twenty-nine years an employe of the Essex County Hospital for the Insane, died suddenly last night at Overbrook Hospital, where she was superintendent of the nurses' home. Miss Hardy was superintendent of the old hospital in South Orange Avenue, Newark, for twenty years.

WILLIAM WALTON, 71 years old, of Alfred, N. D., died in Flushing Hospital yesterday. He was visiting his sister, Mrs. William H. Mount, 230 Eleventh Street, Flushing, when taken ill. He was born in New York City and served during the Civil War.

WALTER C. TRONSON of Kingston, N. Y., died yesterday at the home of his daughter, in Hartford, Conn., at the age of 67. Mr. Tronson left three other children, Mrs. Charles Hunt of Arlington, Md.; Frank Tronson of Watervliet, N. Y., and Harry C. Tronson of Kingston.

Mrs. EMILY A. PRESTON BROWN, widow of George Brown of Providence, and mother of Clifton P. and Leo P. Brown of this city, died yesterday in Hartford, Conn. Since the death of her husband, in 1892, Mrs. Brown had lived with her sons in this city and with her daughter, Mrs. Charles M. Joslyn, in Hartford.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born

OBERFELDER.—Jan. 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene A. Oberfelder, 650 West 172d St., City, a daughter.

Engaged.

AMBROSE—STEINER.—Frieda Steiner to Henry Ambrose.

Married

Brooklyn.

GESSELL—EGGERS.—Jan. 18, Anna M. Eggers to Dr. Herbert R. Gessell.

HARVEY—DONOVAN.—Jan. 19, Mary G. Donovan to William P. Harvey.

KENNY—GRADY.—Jan. 18, Kathryn Grady to Thomas Kenny.

KRAUSHAAR—BARUTH.—Jan. 18, Rosalind Baruth to Meyer Kraushaar.

WALKER—FAMILTON.—Jan. 18, Jennie Familton to William E. Walker.

Newark.

McBRIDE—GOODMAN.—Jan. 16, Bertha M. Goodman to Raymond McBride.

Died

BERNHARD.—On Jan. 18, Annie, (nee Cronenberg,) beloved wife of Morris and devoted mother of Joseph. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 98 Morningside Av. East, corner of 123d St., Thursday, Jan. 20, 1:30 P. M. Buffalo, (N. Y.,) papers please copy.

BLEASBY.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, at the residence of her son-in-law, Charles A. Benton, 574 Palisade Av., Yonkers, N. Y., Ancoinette Vandenbergh, widow of Edmund B. Bleasby, in her 78th year. Funeral services Thursday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

BROWN.—At Sound Beach, Conn., on Wednesday, Jan. 19, William Kinnear, husband of Charlotte Arnold Brown, in his 49th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Sound Beach, on Saturday, Jan. 22, at 4:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Grand Central Depot at 2:57 P. M. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, at convenience of the family.

BURKE.—Charles Goodwin, at his late residence, 945 Park Place, Brooklyn. Funeral Thursday, 10 A. M., at St. Gregory's Church.

BUSHNELL.—At Morristown, N. J., on Jan. 18, 1916, Ella Jane, widow of Robert G. Bushnell and daughter of the late William C. Stewart. Funeral private. Pittsburgh papers please copy.

BUXBAUM.—On Jan. 18, in his 35th year, Charles Larry Buxbaum, beloved husband of Dorothy (née Herman) and son of Simon and Julia Buxbaum. Funeral private, from his late residence, 618 West 142d St., Thursday, Jan. 20, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BYRNE.—Mary S., suddenly, on Jan. 18, at her late residence, 34 Plaza St., Brooklyn, widow of Frederick J. Byrne. Requiem mass at 10 A. M. Friday, Jan. 21, at St. Teresa's Church Sterling Place and Classon Av., Brooklyn.

CAMPFIELD.—Suddenly, on Jan. 19, 1916, Eleanor Gibson, wife of the late Samuel L. Campfield, at her residence, 160 West 141st St. Funeral private.

CHAMBERLIN.—At Montclair, N. J., on Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1916, Colonel Edward Kirby Chamberlin, husband of Nancy Dodge Chamberlin, in his 72d year. Funeral services will be held at Woodlawn Cemetery Chapel, N. Y., Friday, Jan. 21, at 4 P. M. Cleveland papers please copy.

CUNNEEN.—Michael J., on Monday, Jan. 17, at 500 3d St., Brooklyn, father of the Very Rev. Alexis Cunneen, C. P. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 20. Requiem mass at Church of St. Francis Xavier, 6th Av. and Carroll St., 10 A. M.

DE FOREST.—William H., son of the late Charles B. and Pamilla Russell De Forest, Monday, Jan. 17, in his 65th year. Funeral Thursday, 8 o'clock P. M., at his late residence, Bogota, N. J., near station, on arrival of the 7:15 train, West Shore R. R., West 42d St. Ferry. Return at 9 o'clock.

DE ST. GEORGE.—At his home in Geneva, Switzerland, William, Count de St. George, brother of Mrs. Robert Ralston Proudfit, entered into rest peacefully on Nov. 17, 1915.

DORGEVAL.—Jan. 19, 1916, Sophie E., widow of Polydore Dorgeval, at her home, 430 Decatur St., Brooklyn. Requiem high mass at Church of the Holy Rosary, Chauncey St., near Reid Av., Brooklyn, Friday, 10 A. M.

FARRINGTON.—On Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1916, at 7 A. M., Ida I. Farrington, (nee Dusenbury,) wife of Ezra Farrington, deceased, and beloved mother of Earl M. Farrington. Funeral services at the Ocean Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Interment St. George's Cemetery, Newburg, N. Y., Friday afternoon. Newburg and Highland Falls papers please copy.

FLAGG.—On Jan. 19, 1916, Elise, widow of Montague Flagg. Funeral in Hartford, Conn., on Friday, Jan. 21, 1916.

GIBERSON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, William Jacques, infant son of Samuel E. and Ethel M. Giberson.

GOODEVE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, Emma, widow of the late James Goodeve. Funeral services from her late residence, 141 Gates Av., at 8:15 on Thursday evening, Jan. 20, 1916.

GUILER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, at his residence, 117 West 58th St., New York City, William Guiler, beloved husband of Clarissa M. Scheuch. Services and interment at Mt. Auburn, Cambridge, Mass., at convenience of family.

GULICK.—Dr. John Gilbert Gulick, beloved husband of Florence Lethbridge Gulick and father of Mrs. J. Leslie Momand and Earl Gulick, passed away suddenly at his late residence, 587 Riverside Drive. Funeral Saturday morning at 11 o'clock, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest. Interment Cypress Hills. Schenectady papers please copy.

HALL.—On Monday, Jan. 17, Margaret M., widow of Edwards Hall, M. D., and daughter of the late Robert Chambers of Trenton, N. J., at the residence of her son-in-law, A. Eugene Austin, M. D., 8 East 58th St. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 20, at 10:30 A. M., in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

HB

Paris

CALLOT DOUCET REDFERN LANVIN
PAQUIN DOEUILLET LEWIS CROZET
CHERUIT BEER BULLOZ BARON
HALLEE LACROIX GEORGETTE C. ROGER
JENNY DEMAY BERNARD MONGE

New York

HENRI BENDEL LADY DUFF GORDON (LUCILE)
HICKSON HERMAN PATRICK TAPPE
JAQUELINE CHARLES & JACK
SIMCOX

New Spring models from all these famous designers are ready for you today in the February Number of

HARPER'S BAZAR

At your Newsdealers-Today

Died

HARDY.—Lottie, (nee Stewart,) beloved wife of Charles E. Hardy, on Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1916. Services Friday, 8 P. M., at the residence of Mrs. Samuel A. Teets, 127 Overlook St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Interment private.

HARRISON.—On Jan. 18, 1916, Jeremiah Harrison, in his 74th year, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Clarence Tilson, 321 St. Nicholas Av., New York City. Services Thursday, Jan. 20, 4 P. M. Interment Friday, Jan. 21, at Brigham, Quebec, Canada.

HARTPENCE.—On Dec. 13, 1915, at Hanover, Germany, Martha Morton Hartpence, widow of the Rev. Alanson Hartpence, in the eighty-sixth year of her age. Funeral services will be held in the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St., on Thursday, Jan. 20, at 9:30 A. M. Interment in Laurel Hill Cemetery, Philadelphia.

HAWKES.—Jan. 19, Robert A. Hawkes, 46 years of age, engineer-janitor of Public School 66. Funeral service at his late residence, 437 East 88th St., Friday, at 8 P. M. Interment Cypress Hills Cemetery.

HEALY.—John J., at his late residence, 223 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn. Requiem mass will be held at St. John the Baptist Church, at 10 A. M. Saturday.

KENNEDY.—On Dec. 19, at 817 East 17th St., Brooklyn, Mary Cecile Kennedy, in her 12th year. Funeral private. Philadelphia papers please copy.

KNIGHT.—Mary Elizabeth, widow of the late William Knight, at her home, 231 West 51st St., after a brief illness. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KOLLMAN.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, Mary Helene, widow of Henry Kollman and daughter of the late Frederick Lieboldt. Funeral service at St. Georges Protestant Episcopal Chapel, Stuyvesant Square, East 16th St., on Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment private.

LIVERMORE.—On Jan. 18, 1916, Ella W. Losey, widow of Raymond B. Livermore. Funeral services will be held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Andreas A. Sasse, corner Fulton St. and Briggs Av., Richmond Hill, Long Island, on Friday, Jan. 21, at 8:15 P. M.

LOEWENTHAL.—Julie, on Wednesday, Jan. 19, beloved wife of Julius and dear mother of Dr. Philip Loewenthal and Mrs. Nellie Levene, and Mrs. Eva Levinsohn. Funeral from her late residence, 1,187 Lexington Av., Friday, Jan. 21, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends, also members of Beloved Sisters Benev. Society, Baron de Hirsch Ladies Benev. Society, Justice Lodge, No. 26, F. S. of J., Freundschaftsbund, Herman Benev. Society, Colfax Lodge, No. 242, I. O. O. F., Wm. Heller Benev. Society, and Brueder Verein, No. 1. Interment Mt. Neboh Cemetery. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

McINTIRE.—Died on Jan. 19, 1916, Annie E., (Freas,) widow of Captain William H. McIntire. Services at her late residence, 3,147 Broadway, on Friday evening, Jan. 21, at 8:30 o'clock. Funeral Saturday Jan. 22, at 12:30 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

MALLORY.—Suddenly, Jan. 19, Julia Francis Ketcham, wife of James Halsey Mallory, in her 72d year. Funeral service Friday, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 31 Willett St., Jamaica.

MUNTER.—At her home, White Plains, Jan. 18, after a severe illness, Marie, beloved wife of Paul Munter. Interment at crematorium of New York and New Jersey Cremation Company, North Bergen, N. J., Friday at 3 o'clock. Autos will meet 2 o'clock boat at Weehawken. No flowers.

NICHOLS.—Passed away Jan. 18, 1916, Ella, wife of Thomas S. Nichols. Services at her late residence, 81 Hewes St., Brooklyn, Friday evening at 8 P. M. Interment convenience of family.

O'REILLY.—Jan. 19, Mary, widow of Robert P., mother of Rev. Joseph P. O'Reilly, S. J. Funeral from her late residence, 17 East 87th St. Solemn requiem mass 10 o'clock Saturday from Church of St. Ignatius Loyola. Interment Calvary. Philadelphia papers copy.

PELL.—At her residence, in Florence, Italy, Caroline Cheever, widow of the late Colonel Duncan Archibald Pell. Notice of funeral service hereafter. Newport (R. I.) papers please copy.

PHYFE.—Suddenly of pneumonia, Caroline A. Phyfe, widow of Duncan Phyfe and daughter of the late James and Elida Cleland. Funeral services at her late residence, 612 1st Av., Asbury Park, N. J., on Friday, Jan. 21, at 4 P. M.

RANOUS.—Dora Knowlton, widow of William V., in this city, Jan. 19. Funeral at Dargeon Chapel, 107th St. and Amsterdam Av., Friday, 4 P. M. Burial at Ashfield, Mass.

REED.—At Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, Deborah Ann Everett, widow of Rev. Merritt C. Reed, in her 81st year. Funeral services will be held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles W. Wells, at 4 Milford Av., on Thursday, Jan. 20, at 8 P. M.

RIECK.—Guido Rieck, husband of Johanna Rieck, and late of the firm of Tsheppe & Rieck, pharmacists, in his sixty-second year, at Stony Point, N. Y. Funeral services Thursday, Jan. 20, 1916, at 8 P. M., at Lucking's Funeral Parlors, 851 Amsterdam Av. Interment private.

ROSS.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, Charity de Clark, wife of the late John Ross. Funeral service at her late residence, 20 Depew Av., Nyack, N. Y., Friday, the 21st inst., at 11:15 A. M.

SIMON.—Edward S., father of Bianca and Robert E., after a short illness, in his 81st year. Funeral from his late residence, 201 West 87th St., on Thursday morning, at 9:30 A. M.

STEELE.—Ira S., suddenly, Jan. 17, aged 65 years. Funeral services private Thursday, Jan. 20, at 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood.

STOWE.—On Tuesday, Jan. 18, 1916, Helen J. Bauich, wife of Benjamin L. Stowe. Funeral services at her late residence, 51 Fulton Av., Jersey City, on Friday, Jan. 21, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

SUYDAM.—At the Hotel Lorraine, Jan. 18, 1916, Lambert Suydam, aged 86. Funeral service at the Hotel Lorraine, 5th Av. and 45th St., on Thursday morning, Jan. 20, at 10:30 o'clock.

SUYDAM.—Northern Dispensary, New York. With profound sorrow we beg to announce the death, on Jan. 18, 1916, of Mr. Lambert Suydam, who was elected a Trustee in 1871. Up to the time of his illness, Mr. Suydam was one of our most active members, and his devotion to the interests of our institution is beyond all praise. His loss to the board will be greatly deplored by his fellow-trustees.
LEEDS JOHNSON, Secretary.

TURNER.—Mrs. Mary H., suddenly, on Jan. 19, at her residence, 716 West 180th St., New York City. Funeral service Friday night, at 8 o'clock. Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

WALSH.—Mary A. Walsh, wife of the late James A. Walsh, died suddenly at St. Mary's Hospital, Jan. 18, 1916. Funeral private from late home, 7 Plaza St., Brooklyn, 9 A. M. Friday, Jan. 21. Solemn Mass of Requiem at St. Augustine's Church, 6th Av. and Sterling Place, at 9:30 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

WEBB.—On Wednesday, Jan. 19, at Woodbury, Conn., in his 92d year, Dr. Z. Swift Webb, beloved husband of Kate Webb.

WILLIAMS.—At her residence, 308 Essex Av., Orange, N. J., on Jan. 19, 1916, Elizabeth S., widow of William H. Williams. Funeral private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

CAROLL.—John, 423 East 69th St., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

CLARKIN.—Margaret, 155 East 50th St., Jan. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

CREAMER.—Francis, 511 3d Av., Jan. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CRUISE.—Mary C., 441 East 88th St., Jan. 18. Funeral notice later.

DEBUS.—Anna, 51 Jane St., Jan. 17, aged 62. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DONNELLY.—Leonora, 363 West 52d St., Jan. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GOELZE.—George C., Rosebank, S. I., Jan. 18, aged 49.

GRIFFIN.—Ethel M., 239 West 20th St., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HEFFTNER.—Elizabeth, Stapleton, S. I., Jan. 18, aged 71. Funeral private.

JOHNSON.—Joseph, 235 East 100th St., Jan. 18.

KLEIN.—William, 179 West 101st St., Jan. 18. Funeral notice later.

MORRIS.—Elizabeth, 342 East 42d St., Jan. 17.

NEWKIRK.—Augustus H., 605 West 180th St., Jan. 17.

O'SHEA.—William C., Jan. 18. Funeral 525 Hudson St. today, 1 P. M.

PHELTS.—Emma B., 560 West 148th St., Jan. 17.

PETTMUELLER.—Anna C., 501 West 150th St., Jan. 18. Funeral notice later.

RAFFERTY.—Jane, 36 Bank St., Jan. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

REDDING.—Phebe, 69 3d Av., Jan. 18. Funeral service today.

SERVE.—Anton, Jan. 17. Funeral 427 West 59th St. today, 9 A. M.

Brooklyn.

AINSLIE.—Elizabeth, 75 Morton St., Jan. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ANDRES.—Emma D., 3,916 Church Av., Jan. 17. Funeral today.

ANDREWS.—Emily E. P., 354 Clifton Place, Jan. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

BARKER.—Lillian E., 1,250 East 10th St., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow.

BAUER.—Caroline, 205 Cooper St., Jan. 17, aged 60. Funeral today.

BRUNHARD.—William F., 558 Liberty Av., Jan. 17, aged 83. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

BYRNES.—Ellen, 28 Huntington St., Jan. 18. Funeral notice later.

CADIGAN.—Elizabeth, 385 Hicks St., Jan. 18.

CARTER.—John W., 1,299 Dean St., Jan. 17, aged 88.

CLARK.—Victoria V., 16 Dewey Place, Jan. 18, aged 74. Funeral Jan. 22, 2 P. M.

CLARKE.—Joseph L., 8,804 5th Av., Jan. 18, aged 63.

COLER.—Anna, 286 Willoughby Av., Jan. 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

CONNOUGHTON.—Maria, 11 Floyd St., Jan. 17, aged 63. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DONOHUE.—Martina V., 3,104 Fort Hamilton Av., Jan. 18, aged 24.

EVERETT.—Thomas P., 1,043 East 17th St. Jan. 18, aged 87. Funeral tomorrow.

FARLEY.—John J., Jan. 16, aged 33. Funeral 393½ Gates Av., today, 9 A. M.

FLANAGAN.—Joseph T., 348 12th St., Jan. 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

GORS.—Annie T., 186 Prospect Pl., Jan. 18. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HAYDEN.—Francis T., 115 Nelson St., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow.

HICKMAN.—Margaret, 728 Union St., Jan. 18.

HIGGINS.—Margaret, 1,764 President St., Jan. 17. Funeral today.

JENSEN.—Niels, 449 Rutland Av., Jan. 17, aged 79.

JOSEPH.—Paul, 56 Somers St., Jan. 17, aged 48.

KELLY.—Thomas V., 1,753 79th St., Jan. 18.

KUHLMAN.—Bernardine, Jan. 18. Funeral 101 Floyd St., today, 3 P. M.

LOVETT.—Catherine, 1,465 Bedford Av., Jan. 19. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

McNAMARA.—Lawrence, 134 North Portland Av., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MAHER.—John, 520 18th St., Jan. 17.

MARX.—Beatrice, 2,828 West 19th St., Jan. 18, aged 29.

MATHISEN.—Louis, Kings County Hospital, Jan. 17, aged 32.

MEINHARDT.—Helwig, 1,894 Broadway, Jan. 18, aged 34.

MOHRMANN.—Catherine, 170 Chauncey St., Jan. 18, aged 69.

MOTTLER.—Pauline, 116 Himrod St., Jan. 18, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'HARE.—Margaret, 209 Skillman St., Jan. 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

OTTENBERG.—Eva, 566 Halsey St., Jan. 18.

OWENS.—Elizabeth B., 389 Greene Av., Jan. 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

POROWSKI.—Elizabeth, 409A Quincy St., Jan. 18. Funeral service today.

REICHERT.—Caroline, Holy Family Hospital, Jan. 17. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

REISZ.—Christian, 43 Herkimer Place, Jan. 18, aged 63.

SCHALLER.—Charles H., 1,719 Gates Av., Jan. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SEBECK.—Caroline, 962 Myrtle Av., Jan. 18.

SHELDON.—William, 1,149 St. John's Place, Jan. 19.

SUCHER.—George, 1,202 Halsey St., Jan. 18, aged 16. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

WHYTAL.—Mary, 180 Euclid Av., Jan. 18. Funeral service today.

ZIRRITH.—Joseph, 1,464 55th St., Jan. 18, aged 21. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BIEDERMANN.—William F., Hoboken, Jan. 17, aged 50. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

BLYTHE.—Mary J., 64 Waverly St., Jersey City, Jan. 17.

BRINKERHOFF.—Elizabeth, 101 Fairview Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18.

CADDLE.—Lauretta, 158 Monmouth St., Jersey City, Jan. 17, aged 71.

CONNERS.—Anna M., 401 Grove St., Jersey City, Jan. 18. Funeral today.

FITZPATRICK.—Bridget, 104 Chapel St., Newark, Jan. 17. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

HARRISON.—Joseph, Newark, Jan. 18, aged 49.

HOTALING.—Roswell L., 54 11th St., Hoboken, Jan. 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

JOHNSON.—Elizabeth, Newark, Jan. 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KROUS.—Daniel, 92 Laidlaw Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18. Funeral Jan. 22.

LEHMANN.—Emil, 311 Central Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18, aged 60. Funeral Jan. [illegible]

McCANN.—Robert, 209 Grand St., Jersey City, Jan. 18, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow.

MUMMA.—Willard, Newark, Jan. 18, aged 3. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MURPHY.—Thomas F., 157 Congress St., Jersey City, Jan. 18, aged 41. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.

RICKER.—Frances K., 658 Summit Av., Jersey City, Jan. 17. Funeral private.

RICO.—Frederick R., 176 Union St., Jersey City, Jan. 18, aged 44.

RIGHI.—Raffela Hoboken, Jan. 18, aged 87. Funeral notice later.

SMITH.—Worthington P., 46 Hansberry Av., Newark Jan. 18, aged 63.

TRUSMAN.—Patrick, Newark, Jan. 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

VREELAND.—M. Louise, 590 Hawthorne Av., Newark, Jan. 18. Funeral service today.

WARD.—Sarah, 157 Pennsylvania Av., Newark, Jan. 18.

WENDEL.—Edward C., 361 Peshine Av., Newark, Jan. 18.

WILLIAMS.—Catherine T., 191 Johnson Av., Newark, Jan. 17, aged 73. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

WOODS.—Frank T., 53 Bentley Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18. Funeral service today.

YOUNG.—Alexander S., 116 Stuyvesant Av., Jersey City, Jan. 18.

Long Island.

BENNETT.—Peter J., Glendale, Jan. 16, aged 56.

BENZ.—Charles, 694 9th Av., Astoria, Jan. 16, aged 20.

BOCK.—Frederick, Flushing, Jan. 16, aged 70.

BORAWSKI.—Solomeja, Maspeth, Jan. 16, aged 7 months.

FOX.—Joseph, Jamaica, Jan. 16, aged 2 months.

GRECO.—Celeste, Corona, Jan. 16.

GRIFFIN.—Peter, Far Rockaway, Jan. 16, aged 66.

GUSENBURGER.—Mary, Brooklyn Manor, Jan. 16, aged 76.

JOHNSON.—Mamie, Woodhaven, Jan. 16, aged 20.

JOHNSON.—Nelson, Winfield, Jan. 16, aged 18.

MAHER.—Catherine, Corona, Jan. 16.

MORAN.—Gertrude, 102 Eagle St., Long Island City, Jan. 17, aged 18. Funeral today.

NAGEL.—Wilhelmina, Maspeth, Jan. 16, aged 63.

OLSCHESKI.—Anthony, Flushing Heights, Jan. 16.

PERLMUTTER.—Sarah, Jamaica, Jan. 16, aged 68.

ROEMER.—Alexander E., Flushing, Jan. 16, aged 63.

RUCKH.—John J., Sr., Maspeth, Jan. 17, aged 69.

TEALES.—Helen, Bayside, Jan. 16, aged 55.

WIRTH.—Mary, Winfield, Jan. 16, aged 59.

WREN.—Thelma E., 60 Welling St., Astoria, Jan. 16.

ZULL.—Michael, Elmhurst, Jan. 18, aged 87. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

In Memoriam.

FORAN.—Patrick, mass, St. Anthony's Church, Newark, today, 8:30 A. M.

TRAINOR.—John F., mass, St. James Church, Newark, today, 8:30 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

1970 B'way FRANK E. CAMPBELL 241 W. 23d St.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York. Lots of small size for sale.

DIAGHILEFF BALLET DANCES 'CARNEVAL'

Lydia Lopokova Charms in Chief Role of Fantastic Work at the Century.

BAKST SETTINGS IN BLUE

Pierrot Is Ably Represented by Bolm—The Idea of Carnival Time Is Strikingly Conveyed.

At the Century Opera House last night the Diaghileff Russian Ballet brought forward one new piece, "Carneval," and repeated "L'Oiseau de Feu," "La Princess Enchantee," and "Soleil de Nuit."

"Carneval" was enjoyable for a number of reasons, perhaps most of all because it brought forward a dancer of real personality, Lydia Lopokova, to grace the principal role. This was important because the note of 'Carneval," as Fokine devised it, is one of fantasy and charm, with the lightness of thistle-down.

The ballet is arranged to Schumann's set of piano pieces of the same title, the orchestrations having been made by Rimsky-Korsakow, Liadow, Tcherepnine, and Glazounow. There is little attempt to tell a story, the piece being in the nature of a series of divertissements with the unfying feature of Pierrot, ably represented by Bolm, and his unsuccessful love-making carried through.

The stage settings by Bakst are conventionalized blue hangings, the stage bare except for two mahogany settees at the back. Against this background the crinoline period costumes, those of the women mostly white, were very effective.

The idea of carnival-time was strikingly and economically sketched at the outset by one or two hurrying pairs of men and women who crossed the stage at intervals while the orchestra played the latter part of the introduction. There was also Eusebius, one of Schumann's characterizations of himself, appearing as a poet, which translated, as it were, the imputation in the piano pieces that the composer was describing as he watched.

Then Pierrot emerged to the music which characterizes him, played much more slowly than it ever is at the piano recitals. This was a mournful Pierrot. He remained lying near the footlights for some of the numbers, as if the figures were appearing in a dream to him. They included Mme. Tchernicheva to "Chiarina," Mme. Wasilewski to "Estrella," Mlle. Sokolova to "Papillon," Mr. Massine to "Eusebius," Mr. Cecchetti to "Pantalon," and Mr. Pianowski to "Florestan."

The most interest came, however, when Lydia Lopokova, as Colombine, and Stanislas Idzikowski, as Arlequin, had their little scene of rendezvous interrupted by Pantalon, who was fooled as completely as all Pantaloons are fooled in a pantomime. Mlle. Lopokova's dancing was thoroughly charming and of the kind to make the audience hang on every gesture and change of expression. Oddly enough, this dancer is an old member of the company, who joined it here. M. Idzikowski, who has not come into prominence with the company before, if he has danced at all, made his own little success with his work. In this number the orchestra was not handled as well as it might have been with regard to keeping to the rhythm and the time of the dancers.

MARIA BARRIENTOS ARRIVES

Spanish Coloratura Soprano Is to Sing at the Metropolitan.

Mme. Maria Barrientos, the Spanish coloratura soprano, who has achieved a reputation in grand opera in the principal European cities and Argentina, arrived yesterday from Bordeaux on the French liner Espagne to make her American début at the Metropolitan Opera House. She will sing in "The Pearl Fishers," "Barber of Seville," "Lucia," and other operas which have leading rôles for a coloratura soprano.

The prima donna was accompanied by her mother, Mme. E. Barrientos, and her 5-year-old son, George Barrientos Keen.

Maria Barrientos, who is an attractive brunette about 31 years old, said that she was born at San Sebastian, in Northern Spain, and commenced studying music in the college there at the age of 5. She studied piano, violin and composition, and only discovered she h d a voice when her teachers advised her to study singing as a relaxation from her other studies.

"I was 11 years old when I was graduated," she continued, "and started in grand opera at Milan, where I made my débute at the Taetro Lyrico at the age of 15, in 'Lakme.' The public was so skeptical regarding my age that the manager of the theatre had a copy of my birth certificate posted outside on the billboards."

She said that she was disappointed last season when her engagement to sing at the Lexington Opera House with Oscar Hammerstein's company fell through.

Mme. Barrientos married an Englishman named Keen in Arg ntina and left the stage for a time, but after her son was born she resumed her operatic career at the requests of her many friends in Spain and Argentina.

HAMMERSTEIN FEARS FRAUD

Asks District Attorney to Investigate Lease of Opera House.

Oscar Hammerstein, the former opera impresario, appeared in the District Attorney's office yesterday and complained that he had been illegally deprived of his rights in the Lexington Avenue Opera House, of which he was the owner. He urged Assistant District Attorney Dooling to investigate the matter and find out whether a crime had not been committed.

According to Mr. Hammerstein, the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, which holds a mortgage of $450,000 on the property, turned the opera house over to the Biltmore Film Company under a long term lease without his consent and without making any arrangements whereby he could derive his share of the profits from the transfer.

Mr. Hammerstein stated that he originally transferred his title in the Lexington Avenue Opera House to the Gerston & Kramer Company in order to avoid certain litigations. Since then, he maintains, he has been taken advantage of, and deprived of his property by a series of transactions entirely unknown to him.

At the office of Mr. Hammerstein's lawyer, Louis Vorhaus of 155 Broadway, it was stated yesterday that the former impresario had no ground whatever for complaint against the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, because he had defaulted in the payment of the interest on their mortgage. In pursuance of this default, the Manhattan Life Insurance Company would have foreclosed if the Gerston & Kramer Company, to which Mr. Hammerstein had assigned title, had not agreed to surrender to the mortgagor all the rents derived from leasing the opera house to other amusement concerns. In order to protect itself against any slip, the life insurance company had the voting power of the Gerston & Kramer Company transferred to itself.

"Major Barbara" for Vassar Fund.

The Vassar alumni of New York have made arrangements with Grace George whereby the performance of "Major Barbara" at the Playhouse on Friday, Feb. 11, will be for the benefit of the Vassar Endowment Fund. The purpose of the fund is to enlarge the teaching staff of the college, and erect a new building. President Henry N. MacCracken and Mrs. MacCracken will occupy a box, and a delegation of undergraduates will come from Poughkeepsie for the performance.

CHINESE RUG FOR $5,200.

Bahr Art Sale Closes with Total Returns of $70,275.

The Bahr Chinese Art Sale closed at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon with returns of $26,532, making a grand total of $70,275. A beautiful old Chinese rug brought the highest price of the day, going to O. A. Jones for $5,200. It was a large rug, 23 feet 8 by 23, K'ang Hsi period. The field was in Imperial yellow, subdued, with decorations in conventionalized lotus branches and flowers in dark brown and blue, combined with other colors in delicate tones. There was a narrow swastika border with a broad outer one of diagonal and geometrical patterns.

A rare pair of Ting-yao bowls of the Sung Dynasty, funnel shaped, with ivory toned glaze, went to Mrs. Gaines for $400; G. K. Towne paid $290 for a rare early Ming figure of Shou-lao, the Taoist god of longevity; L. L. Jones paid $400 for a pottery model of a Ming temple shrine; the Long Sang Ti Company gave $330 for a pair of palace hanging lanterns in Chinese red wood, carved, with fretted and carved panels, side openings filled with silk gauze and with jade ornaments. A rare carved lacquer panel picture and frame, Ming, went to L. L. Jones for $300, and Seaman, agent, paid $420 for a pair of large teakwood carved panels made for wall pictures, with the figures in gilded bronze.

A pair of kingfisher feather screens, Ch'ien Lung period, designs of birds and butterflies with rocks and trees and flowers all of feathers, went to Lorenz, agent, for $1,250. These screens were 3 feet 1 inch high by 2 feet 3 inches wide, and set in massive carved hardwood frames. A five-panel, mirror-painted screen, a beautiful example from an Imperial palace, went to L. L. Jones for $375, and to the same buyer went the wonderful carved "Coromandel" screen, Shun Chih period, for $560. This is a beautiful example of carving and lacquer work. It is one of the earliest of the Coromandel screens, and is signed with the artist's name. It was presented to General Chi Yen by his personal staff, members of the nobility and gentry, and on the side panels are written eulogies of his ability. There are twelve leaves or panels each 8 feet 7 inches high and 18½ inches wide. To L. L. Jones went four sets of Imperial gold K'o-ssu hangings for $1,200, $300 each.

An Imperial silk K'o-ssu robe with the five-clawed dragon back and front, went to G. K. Towne for $340; a set of two Imperial K'o-ssu hangings went to Mrs. A. Lehman for $300. A set of twenty-two embroidered silk vertical panels, 5 feet 2 inches in length, eighteenth century, went to Gramercy for $390.

An antique Chinese carpet, Ch'ien Lung, golden yellow field and decorations in light and dark blues and yellows, 10 feet 4 inches by 5 feet 7 inches, went to H. J. Henry for $430, and another of golden yellow with reddish tone, showing a variety of household utensils in the design, 18 feet 4 inches by 6 feet 6 inches, went to the same buyer for $310.

Frank A. Widener, Jr., who made many purchases, paid $360 for a carpet with a deep indigo blue field and conventional flower design in blue and white, 9 feet 3 inches by 5 feet 6 inches. Another interesting carpet in the form of a hanging panel, 10 feet 6 inches by 9 feet 5 inches, with narrow side and deep lower border, went to Mr. Henry for $550. Among other buyers were Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. J. A. Garland, Rowland Moore, David Belasco, and Irwin Untermyer.

DOUBT ON OLD MASTERS.

Expert Questions a Corot and Van Dyck at Chicago Art Institute.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 19.—Paul L. Snutsel, who is here with the Belgian and French pictures from the Panama-Pacific Exposition, believes that he has discovered two spurious old masters at the Art Institute. The leading authorities of the directorate do not agree with him.

Mr. Snutsel's scrutiny has been directed upon one of the smaller of the two Corots in the Field collection and upon the large canvas by Van Dyck, bearing the title "The Virgin, Infant Christ, and S. Catherine," a donation last year by Mrs. A. A. Sprague in memory of her late husband.

"I will not say that these pictures are spurious," said Mr. Snutsel, "because I have not put them to all the necessary tests, but they certainly do not look like originals to me and I am going to ask Mr. Carpenter to let me look at them without the glass. The Van Dyck looks decidedly false. If it is genuine it is the poorest Van Dyck I have even seen."

Charles L. Hutchinson, President of the Art Institute, said tonight that as far as he knew there was no doubt as to the validity of the pictures.

"I think the best authority for the genuineness of the Van Dyck is that the Belgian Government sent to America to borrow it some two or three years ago for an exposition," he said.

ATTACK PHILIPPINE PLAN.

Fight in the Senate Over the Independence Amendment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Clarke amendment, which would embody in the Philippine self-government extension bill a provision for absolute independence after two years, was debated in the Senate today, with criticism centring chiefly about the proposal that the United States should negotiate for an international agreement guaranteeing Philippine sovereignty after the two-year period. A vote on the amendment is expected tomorrow.

Chairman Hitchcock of the Philippine Committee led the attack on the amendment, challenging statements of its supporters that the islands constituted a menace to American interests and urging particularly that Japan was not opposed to a continuance of American occupation. Senator Clarke, author of the amendment, and Senator Hardwick, another Democrat, asserted that the independence proposal was sound from a moral, commercial, and military standpoint.

Senator Works, Republican, said that he would vote for the amendment as a matter of principle, although he was opposed to entering upon an international agreement that probably would be broken by some other nation in time of war.

Senator Norris introduced a substitute amendment which would provide that negotiations for independence under an international guarantee be begun after two years.

Asserting that as long as the United States remained in Asia, Japan would have the basis for an equitable argument against Japanese exclusion from America, Senator Lewis urged that this Government should withdraw at once from the islands or fortify them against danger.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

At a meeting of the Directors of the General Film Company held yesterday the following officers were elected: President, George Kleine; Vice President, George K. Spoor; Secretary, Frank J. Marion; Treasurer, Paul G. Melies. The Board of Directors for the ensuing year will be made up of the officers and W. N. Selig, Ferdinand Singhi, Albert E. Smith, Percy L. Water, and C. H. Wilson.

Genevieve Warner, harpist, has been added to the list of entertainers who will take part in the new "Midnight Frolic" that will be given its first performance above the New Amsterdam Monday night.

The cast that will appear in support of Edwin Arden in "Any House," the new drama by Owen Davis and Robert H. Davis, will be Edith Luckett, Katherine Emmett, Louise Galloway, Annie Buckley, Frank Gillmore, Milton Sills, Lionel Adams, James Seeley, Jay Wilson, George Henry Trader, Louis La Bey, Paul Decker, Jack Davis, and Hunter Arden.

When Florence Hardeman, the young American violinist, makes here vaudeville debut at the Palace Monday, she will se an Amati violin which for years was the favorite instrument of Ole Bull, the violinist.

Henri de Vries, the Dutch protean artist, will appear at the Palace next week in a melodrama entitled "A Case of Arson," in which he will play seven different roles.

Chuancey Olcott, accompanied by Mrs. Olcott, will leave today for Palm Beach to be away four weeks. At the end of that time Mr. Olcott will return to begin rehearsals in the new comedy George M. Cohan is writing for him.

The date for the first performance at the Fulton of "Moonlight Mary," George V. Hobart's play, in which Rose Stahl has the principal role, has been changed from Monday to Tuesday, night of next week.

The Castle waltz, fox-trot, polka, maxixe, tango, and one-step will be included on the program of dances Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castle will give at the Hippodrome Sunday night.

MRS. B. TIFFANY ACTS AN EMPRESS

Appears in "Sauce for the Emperor," a Diverting Satire Given by Society Amateurs.

LAID IN CAESAR'S PALACE

Mrs. Hoyt and Gordon Bell in Prominent Roles—Shinn's Farce Also Acted for Charity at Ritz.

Society assembled in large numbers last night at the Ritz-Carlton to witness the production of a new one-act comedy, "Sauce for the Emperor," by John Mosher, and Everett Shinn's melodramatic farce, "Lucy, the Prune Hater's Daughter," in four acts and twelve scenes.

The proceeds of the entertainment, which is to be repeated tonight, are to be devoted to the Lenox Hill Settlement, whose new building is fast nearing completion.

Well-known society amateurs appeared in the cast, and, judging from the smoothness of the entertainment, Miss Dorothy Donnelly, who staged the plays, must have put the amateurs through some rigorous rehearsals.

"Sauce for the Emperor" proved to be a diverting satire. The scene was laid in a porch in Caesar's palace. The characters spoke in the language of today, with occasional flights into poetic elegance. Adora, chief of the vestal virgins, and Poppaea, the wife of Caesar, gossipped incessantly. In speaking of Christianity, for instance, Poppaea declared that a lot of nice people seemed to be taking it up.

Mrs. Lydig Hoyt appeared as Paula, a young person of much charm and low station, who was in love with Donor, an ambitious young cook, who made the sauce for the Emperor. Mrs. Belmont Tiffany made a dignified Empress, and Mrs. Gordon Bell appeared to advantage as Adora, the vestal virgin. Eric S. Winston, as Donor, showed physical prowess and a classic figure.

Gordon Bell, as Nero, in gorgeous robes and a thundering voice, displayed the Emperor's historical trait of making trouble, but the playlet ended happily for Paula and Donor, despite his wicked machinations. Stuart Benson was Macronius, the favorite courier of the Emperor, and Edward Fales Coward took the rôle of Tritor, a cook. E. R. Mathews and George M. Rushmore were Io and Tricanthus, slaves in the house of Nero.

Although the stage in the ballroom was small, the scenes in the four-act play, designed by Mr. Shinn, carried out the effect of and old mill in Cuteville Corners, an artificial flower workroom, and an old-fashioned kitchen, to a point of realism. The plot wandered from Cuteville Corners, up-State, to Boston, but it never once let the audience forget that everything centered on prunes.

George Bellow was Doc Allen, who, according to the program, was "in the Devil's pay." Mr. Shinn, as Glue Meich, was his partner in crime. Mrs. Oscar Coolican took the title role of Lucy, and Ben Ali Haggin was Edgar Moore, the prune hater. Mrs. Everett Shinn assumed the part of an old man, and E. Roscoe Mathews was Bud Hoby, a country sheriff. James Preston, as Sammy Sinks, Randall Davey, who was Zack Freeman, Lucy's uncle, and Mrs. William J. Glackens, as Miss Wasp of Boston, completed the cast.

Many prominent society women make up the list of patronesses for the two performances. Selling programs were the Misses Helen Byrne, Alma de Gersdorff, Helen Hamilton, and Carol Harriman. General dancing followed the performance.

DEBUT OF EDDY BROWN.

Young American Violinist Displays Great Technical Facility.

Eddy Brown, a young American violinist from the West, whose playing is said to have attracted attention abroad, made his first appearance here with a recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday. Apparently some general interest was attracted by the début, for there were in the audience more prominent musicians than have attended a similar event in sime time. Mr. Brown played a program most of whose numbers have been heard again and again in recent concerts. They included Tartini's "Devil's Trill" Sonata, Bruch's Concerto in G minor, Beethoven's Romance in G, Tartini-Kreisler's Variations on a Theme of Corelli, and several other pieces by Schumann-Auer, Paganini-Brown, Handel-Hubay, and Paganini-Kreisler.

Mr. Brown is a player of great technical facility. He has plenty of assurance and plenty of force. He is able to amaze by brilliance and bravura, and cannot but be considered a very accomplished performer on the technical side. He also produces a fine quality of tone, which he makes expressive in various shadings. But he nullified much of the great possibility in all these possessions, for these who are concerned with more than externals, by the fact that he failed to convey the impression that he had much else to back them up with. His musical individuality is not at all impressive.

The piano accompaniments were well played by Francis Moore.

CONFERS WITH MISS ANGLIN

Com. Cuniff of St. Louis Sees Actress About Shakespearean Play.

Nelson Cuniff, Commissioner of Parks and Recreation in St. Louis, was in New York yesterday to confer with Margaret Anglin about her production of "As You Like It" in Forest Park in that city next Spring. The Commissioner assured Miss Anglin that the Mayor and other civic authorities of the Missouri city had given full permission for any landscape alterations that might be necessary, even to the transplanting of trees for the making of a natural stage in the inclosure.

Livingston Platt is making the costumes, armor, and other equipment that will be used in the production, which will be a feature of the nation-wide Shakespeare tercentenary.

BOY ACTED WITHOUT PERMIT

T. W. Broadhurst Brought to Court in Case of Young Ebbets.

Thomas W. Broadhurst, manager of the Forty-eighth Street Theatre, and Mrs. Katherine Ebbets, who lives at the Hotel Continental, were in the West Side Court yesterday to answer a charge of permitting James E. Ebbets, the eight-year-old son of Mrs. Ebbets, to take part in the performance of "Just a Woman" at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre on Monday night without having first obtained permission from the Mayor.

Mr. Broadhurst explained that a change of stage management the day of the opening performance was the cause of the failure to comply with the law, but that since Monday a permit had been obtained. The case was adjourned till tomorrow.

"Il Trovatore" with Marie Rappold.

"Il Trovatore" was sung at the Metropolitan Opera House last night, with Marie Rappold singing Leonora in place of Mme. Destinn, who was indisposed. Mme. Matzenauer sang Azucena and Mme. Mattfeld, Inez, while the others were Messrs. Martinelli, Amato, Rothier, Audisio, and Begue. Mr. Polacco conducted.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed. at 2:20. MAUDE ADAMS in J. M. Barrie's "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. TODAY & Sat. at 2:20. ETHEL BARRYMORE in the New Comedy, "OUR MRS. McCHESNEY."

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Phone 3083 Bryant. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday at 2:15. KLAW & ERLANGER PRESENT AROUND THE MAP Book by C. M. S. McLellan. Music Herman Finck.

After the Play Visit Atop New Amsterdam Thea. MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "A NIGHT OF JOY."—Herald. MRS. FISKE "IN THE SPLENDID, JOYOUS COMEDY."—Tribune. Erstwhile Susan

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way, 43d St. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2:15. OTIS SKINNER in Henry Arthur Jones's Comedy, "Cock o' the Walk"

LIBERTY West 42d St. Evgs. 8 sharp. Mats. Sat. & Wed. at 2. JULIA SANDERSON | DONALD BRIAN | JOSEPH CAWTHORN in the Triumphant Musical Comedy, SYBIL

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evgs. at 8:20. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:20. OLIVER MOROSCO Presents The Cinderella Man A New Comedy by Edward Childs Carpenter.

HARRIS West 42d St. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. Oliver Morosco presents a new romantic Farce, SADIE LOVE —with— MARJORIE RAMBEAU

FULTON West 46th St. LAST 4 TIMES. Eves 8:15. Last Mat. Saturday 2:15. Ralph Herz in Ruggles of Red Gap

*** NEXT TUESDAY—Seats Now ROSE STAHL IN A NEW COMEDY, MOONLIGHT MARY By GEORGE V. HOBART.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. TODAY, Sat. & Tues. 2:20. The Boomerang EXTRA MATINEE NEXT TUESDAY 2:20.

LONGACRE W. 48 St. Bryant 23. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. LEO DITRICHSTEIN in his triumph, "THE GREAT LOVER."

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Bryant 287. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15. HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY with Fred Niblo as "Billy Holliday."

CANDLER WEST 42D ST. BRYANT 6344. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15. THE HOUSE OF GLASS Mary Ryan and the Great All-American Cast.

ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. FAIR AND WARMER

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. POTASH AND PERLMUTTER IN SOCIETY

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. COMMON CLAY

GLOBE B'way and 46th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. GABY DESLYS in "STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!"

Century Theatre 62nd St. & Cent. Park West. Phone 8800 Columbus DIAGHILEFF'S BALLET RUSSE TWO WEEKS ONLY. Evenings 8:30. Saturday Matinee 2:30.

TONGT.: Les Sylphides; Scheherazade; L'Apres-Midi d'un Faune; Prince Igor.
FRI.: Carnaval; Princesse Enchantee; Soleil de Nuit; Scheherazade.
SAT. MAT.: Les Sylphides; L'Apres-Midi d'un Faune; Prince Igor; Scheherazade.
SAT. EVE.: L'Oiseau de Feu; Princesse Enchantee; Carnaval; Soleil de Nuit.
NEXT AND LAST WEEK:
NEXT MON.: Le Pavillon d'Armide; Petrouchka; Les Sylphides.
TUES.: Thamar; L'Oiseau de Feu; L'Apres-Midi d'un Faune; Prince Igor.
WED.: Le Pavillon d'Armide; Petrouchka; Scheherazade.
THURS.: Thamar; Carnaval; Soleil de Nuit; Les Sylphides.
Prices: $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $5. HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PROCTOR'S 23D ST. WEEK BEG. NXT. MOND. AFT., JAN. 24 Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Seats Now. Evs., 25c. to $1. Mats., 25c. to 75c. BIRTH OF A NATION PROCTOR'S 125TH ST. 1 WEEK BEG. NXT. MOND. JAN. 24. Twice Daily, 2:15—8:15. Seats Now. Eves., 25c. to $1. Mats., 25c. to 75c.

WEEK OF JAN. 31ST 23D ST. USUAL FEATURE FILM PLAY, 10c. Big Vaude. Concert Sunday. 125TH ST. USUAL BIG VAUDE. MATS. 2:15, 4:15, NIGHTS 8:15. Res. Seats 10-30.

POSITIVELY LAST WEEK. NEW YORK'S GREATEST SENSATION, "The Price of Love" דער פרייז פון ליעבע People's Theatre 201 BOWERY. 'Phone 478 Orchard.

OUTDOOR TODAY Ice Skating NOTLEK RINK, 119th St.—Riv. Drive. Tel. 1468 and 5856 Morningside. VAN-KELTON STADIUM, 57th St. & 8th Ave. Tel. 1109 and 542 Columbus. ADMISSION 25c—MUSIC. SKATES FOR RENT AND FOR SALE.

Atop 44th St. Thea. AFTER THE THEATRE. Adm. $1 Nightly at 10:30 (Ex. Sun.) CASTLES in the Air and ICE PALACE Supper & Dancing. Tea 4 to 6 Wed. and Sat. World Champion Ice Skaters. Adm. free to table d'hote Dinner, $1.50, & a la carte, 6 to 9. Skating at Tea, Dinner & Supper. Table reservations Din., Sup. Tel. 5935—Bryant.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY, 47 ST. Daily Mat., 25c to $1. EVA TANGUAY WM. MORRIS & CO., Laddie Cliff, Farber Girls, Marion Vadie & Co., oths.

COLONIAL MAT. DAILY. ADELAIDE & HUGHES, Jarrot & Kernell, Marshall Montgomery, others.

THEATRE FRANCAIS 19 W 44th St. Phone Bryant 9059. Eves. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. EDGAR BECMAN in "ARSENE LUPIN." Literary Mat. Tomorrow 3:15, "LA SOURIS."

GARDEN 27th St., Mad. Ave. 4559 Mad. Sq. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.)—Sat. 2:15. EMANUEL REICHER'S TRIUMPH The Weavers

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 Pop. Prices THE ROSEY POSEY GIRLS

Punch & Judy Theatre, 49th St., E. of B'way. Charles Hopkins Mrs. Hopkins TREASURE ISLAND Evgs. at 8:30; Mats. Fri. & Sat. at 2:30

Bandbox, 57 & 3d Av. Plaza 812. Evs. 8:45. Mat. Sat. WASHINGTON SQ. PLAYERS 50c-$1 "Clod," "Roadhouse," "The Tenor," "Red Cloak."

VITAGRAPH 44th St., B'way Continuous. 15c, 25c & 50c. WM. COURTENAY in "The Island of Surprise." 1 to 11 P. M. & other pictures

OLYMPIC EAST 14TH Matinee Daily "Record Breakers" —with— JACK REID

Strand B'way & 47 St. Noon to 11:30. 10 to 50c. HAZEL DAWN in "MY LADY INCOG." Strand Orch. & Soloists Next Week, DUSTIN FARNUM.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE TONIGHT at 8:15, "Hoheit Tanzt Walzer." Fri. & Sat., "Abendsonne." "Kammersaenger." Sat. Mat., "Volksfeind."

44TH ST. THEATRE (Special), Fri., Jan. 28, at 1:30 ANNUAL ACTORS' FUND BENEFIT SALE OF SEATS OPENS TOMORROW.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Tonight at 8, Magic Flute. Kurt, Hempel, Mason; Urlus, Braun, Goritz, Reiss. Cond., Bodanzky.
Fri. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Perini; Amato, Botta, Didur, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. Mat. at 2. Manon Lescaut. Alda; Caruso, Scotti, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Bavagnoli.
Sat. Evg. at 7:30. Sp'l Perf'ce Meistersinger. Hempel, Mattfeld; Sembach, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun, Schlegel, Leonhardt. Cond., Bodanzky.
This Sun. Evg. (50c to $1.50), Orchestra Concert. Eddy Brown, the Celebrated Violinist. Garrison, Sopr. De Luca, Baritone. Cond., Hageman.
Next Mon. at 7:45, Tristan u. Isolde. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Weil, Braun. Cond., Bodanzky.
Wed. at 8, Rosenkavalier. Ober, Hempel, Mason; Goritz, Weil, Althouse. Cond., Bodanzky.
Thurs. at 8, Boris Godunow. Ober, Delaunois; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR. CARNEGIE HALL Tonight 8:15 & Tomorrow (Fri.) Aft. 2:30 Soloist YOLANDO MERO BRAHMS, Tragic Overture; LISZT, Concerto for Piano & Orchestra; FIBICH, "At Evening," Idyl for Orchestra, and TCHAIKOVSKY, SYMPHONY NO. 5. Next Sunday Afternoon at 3 Solist FRITZ KREISLER TCHAIKOVSKY CONCERTO CARNEGIE HALL. Tickets at Box Office.

FIFTH BILTMORE FRIDAY MORNING MUSICALE. HOTEL BILTMORE. TO-MORROW (FRIDAY) MORNING at 11. CARUSO ANDRE TOURRET MABEL GARRISON LUCILE ORRELL Seats and boxes now at Biltmore Box Office. Management R. E. JOHNSTON. Knabe Piano.

SYMPHONY Society of New York WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor. Next Sunday Aft., Jan. 23, at 3. SOLOIST ERNEST HUTCHESON BRAHMS, Symphony No. 3; Prelude to "Lohengrin," WAGNER; Pupazzi (new, first time), F. SCHMITT; Concerto for Piano in G minor, SAINT-SAENS. Seats at Box Office and Room 1202, Aeolian Hall.

2ND CONCERT SAT. EVG., JAN'Y 29, RUSSIAN Symphony Society MODEST ALTSCHULER........Conductor 2 Soloists: Russia's Greatest Soprano Debut MARIA KUZNETSOVA Now with Chicago Opera Co., and Marguirite Melville-Liszniewska, Planiste. Carnegie Hall. Tickets now at Box Office.

SYMPHONY CONCERTS FOR YOUNG PEOPLE Saturday Aft., Jan. 22, at 2:30 CARNEGIE HALL N. Y. SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. WALTER DAMROSCH......Conductor Soloist MISCHA ELMAN Tickets at office, Room 1202 Aeolian Bldg., and Box Office, Carnegie Hall.

PARK THEATRE, 59th St. & Columbus Circle. Wonderful War Film—Continuous 1 to 11. EUROPE'S REIGN OF TERROR

Aeolian Hall, Tomorrow Afternoon at 3. PIANO RECITAL by HERMA MENTH Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

AEOLIAN HALL, JAN. 27, 3 P. M. Mr. Albert Spalding —VIOLINIST— Mme. Julia Claussen —MEZZO-SOPRANO— Tickets 50c.-$2 at the Box Office. or 1439 Aeolian Hall.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 29, at 2:30. JOSEF Hofmann Only Recital in New York or Vicinity. SEATS NOW AT BOX OFFICE. Mgt. WOLFSOHN BUREAU. STEINWAY PIANO USED.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 25, at 8:15. FLONZALEY QUARTET. 50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

Aeolian Hall, Mon. Eve., Jan. 24, at 8:15. VIOLIN RECITAL by MAXIMILIAN PILZER Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Knabe Piano Used.

AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 22, at 3. PIANO RECITAL. Modern and Classical Program. LEO ORNSTEIN STEINWAY PIANO. Mgt. M. H. HANSON.

AEOLIAN HALL THIS AFTERNOON AT 3 SONG RECITAL GEORGE HARRIS JR. Mgmnt. Antonia Sawyer, Aeolian Hall.

Hippodrome Mgmt. Charles Dillingham. Matinee Daily BEST SEATS $1.00 Ev. (8:15) & Sat. Mat., 25c to $1.50 Hip Hip Hooray 1,000 People. SOUSA & HIS BAND Sensational Ice Ballet Seats to Mch. 1st. Staged by R. H. BURNSIDE. SUNDAY NIGHT 8:20 With SOUSA FAREWELL Joint Appearance MR. and MRS. VERNON CASTLE MME. JULIA CULP KATHLEEN PARLOW SEATS NOW ON SALE—SPECIAL BOX OFFICE

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Cort W. 48th St. Phone Bry. 46. Evs. 8:15. Mats Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:15. The PrincessPat BLOSSOM-HERBERT MUSICAL HIT With ELEANOR PAINTER

STANDARD B'way & 90th St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today 25 & 50c. OUTCAST NextWeek, "The Eternal Magdalene," Julia Arthur.

BILTMORE THEATRE NOW LEXINGTON—51st St. & Lex. Ave. Permanent New Policy—Paramount Pictures. NEXT SUN., MON., TUES., Fannie Ward in 'The Cheat' 2 Symphony Orchestras. Special Features. Continuous, 1 to 11 P. M. Prices, 10-15-25-50c. Jan. 26—Geraldine Farrar in "Temptation."

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JOAN SAWYER'S (Formerly Palais de Danse.) Broadway & 50th St. (Entrance on B'way.) Phone 2330 Circle. Dancing by MISS SAWYER Assisted by Mr. George Harcourt, and other Diverting Surprises. DANCING AND DINING. Every Evg. at 10:30. Service a la carte.

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TRY STRAND A STRAND SNACK For Luncheon Today, 11:30 to 2 "ALMOST TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE" MODERATE PRICES — DANCING ROOF GARDEN BROADWAY & 47th St AFT. TEA, 4 to 6:30—SUPPER, 8 to 12. ALWAYS NEW AND NOVEL CHANGE OF EVENTS NIGHTLY.

23 Years at This Address Means Something. MODERN DANCES ONE FULL HOUR'S PRIVATE LESSON.......$1 NINE LESSONS.......$5 Open daily from 10 A. M. until 10 P. M. Expert lady and gentleman teachers. All Ball Room Dances guaranteed for $5; 4 class lessons, $1. 3½ Hours' Dancing, 25c Afternoon and Evenings TheREMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING 917 8th Ave. (at 54th St.) Tel. 4557 Col. Send for FREE illustrated booklet.

The "Exceptional School." Mr. G. Hepburn Wilson, M. B., American Authority on Modern Dancing. FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK Thorley Bldg., N.W.Cor. 46th St. Telephone, Bryant—6321. All the Season's Newest Dances. Terms Most Reasonable. Send for "The Dance," our beautifully illustrated booklet, in colors. Write for information. Teachers' Normal Course.

THE A. ALBERT SAATO Academies of Dancing, B'way, 86-87 St. Tel., 6435 Schuyler. The Modern Dances taught privately. Children's and adults' classes now forming. Normal Course for Teachers. Booklet sent.

MANSFIELD Studios, 33 W. 44th St. Est. 1904. Bryant 4674. All dances taught privately; each pupil has separate room. Public class Wed. Eve. Group lessons (not en class) eve's 8-11, best value ever offered; results guaranteed; reasonable; circulars.

YOUNG MAN wishes party instructing modern dances; will pay moderate fee; no professionals. S. N., 528 Columbus Av.

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HOTEL THERESA Under New Management. Phone 8270 Morningside. 7th Ave., 124th to 125th St. Block Front. The largest and most beautifully appointed hotel in Harlem. One block from "L" and Subway. Surface cars to all points at door. Within a few minutes' walk of N. Y. Central R. R. Station. FAMILY AND TRANSIENT Special Rates by Month or Season (Board $10.50 per week.) Single rooms with running water and shower ....$1.50 per day Single rooms with bath ....$2.00 per day up Double rooms with bath ....$2.50 per day up All outside rooms with every comfort and convenience. Excellent cuisine and service. Breakfast, 50c; Lunch, 50c; Dinner, $1.00. R. P. Leube, Mgr.

NEW YORK CITY HOTEL BRISTOL 122-124 WEST 49TH ST. Two Room Suites with Bath, $17.50 to $30; with meals for two persons, $37.50 to $45.00 per week, Table d'Hote or a la Carte Service.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—NOTICE.—On January 11, 1916, a libel of information was filed in the above-named court on behalf of the United States against 75 cases of Tomato Catsup, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906.

Pursuant to the monition of said court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise or interested therein to appear before said court in the General Post Office Building on January 31, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and pla e turnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

January 11, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

U. S. MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, to me directed and delivered, I will sell at public auction on Wednesday, January 26, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, scow "I-19," her tackle, &c. Sale to take place on board said scow at Brewer's Dry Dock, Mariner's Harbor, Richmond County, Staten Island, New York, where she can now be seen and inspected.

Dated, New York, January 18, 1916.
THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal, S. D. N. Y.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FAIR CARNIVAL TRADING CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Jan. 31st, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 142 5th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of fancy and grotesque dolls and teddy bears, small flannel blankets, materials used for the manufacture of dolls and teddy bears, including cotton piece goods, felts, etc., also moulds and dies used for the manufacture of dolls' heads and bodies, sewing machines, cutting machines, cutting tables, presses, safe, typewriter, office furniture, fixtures, etc.
NATHAN D. STERN, Trustee.
WILLIAM C. ROSENBERG, Attorney for Trustee, 120 Broadway, New York.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, Woolworth Bldg., N. Y. C.

CONTINUATION SALE. Starting with Lot. No. 1101.
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of 35% AUTO SUPPLY CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Jan. 20th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 9 A. M., at 148 Duane St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automobile supplies, accessories, tires, automobile tools, lamps, speedometers; in fact, everything used in the automobile supply business, fixtures, machines, safe, &c.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Assignee.
ROSENBERG, LEVIS & BALL, 74 B'way, Att'y for Assignee, and MARCUS HELFAND, 320 B'way, Attorney for Assignee and Petitioning Creditors.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy, 67 Wall St., N. Y. C.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of COWEN & TONY, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thurs., Jan. 20th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 634 5th Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' dresses, piece goods, furniture, typewriter, safe, fixtures, &c.
MARK G. HOLSTEIN, Receiver.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 22614. — U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. — In the matter of SAMUEL DEUTSCHER and LOUIS DEUTSCHER, individually and comprising the firm of DEUTSCHER BROTHERS, Bankrupts.

Samuel Deutscher and Louis Deutscher, individually and comprising the firm of Deutscher Brothers, were duly adjudicated bankrupts on January 4th, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on February 1st, 1916, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may attend, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Jan. 19, 1916.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22730. —In Bankruptcy.—JOHN B. SCHLESINGER, Bankrupt.

John B. Schlesinger was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 12, 1916. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on February 1st, 1916, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22171. —In Bankruptcy.—SOFRANSKI BROS., INC., Bankrupt.

Sofranski Bros., Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on September 28, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on February 1, 1916, at 12 noon. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 22,344. —In Bankruptcy. — GREENBERGER & KEST, INC., Bankrupt.

Greenberger & Kest, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 24, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, City of New York, on February 1, 1916, at 12:30 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 22,025. Notice is given that MORRIS UNGAR, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, February 21st, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 22,260. —Notice is given that ABRAHAM BEDRICK, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 21, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, Jan. 19th, 1916.

$100 Reward

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

TELL OF THREATS MADE BY MRS. MOHR

Witnesses Say Accused Widow Warned Stenographer Besides Miss Burger.

HIS CHAUFFEUR TESTIFIES

Healis Says Mrs. Mohr Told Him to Apply for Job and Then Asked Him to Watch Her Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 19.—The three witnesses upon whom Attorney General Rice is relying to convict Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr of plotting the death of her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, on Aug. 31 last, testified today at the trial of Mrs. Mohr and the two negroes, Brown and Spellman, whom she is charged with employing to commit the murder. The witnesses were George W. Rooks, brother-in-law of Miss Emily G. Burger, who is alleged to have supplanted Mrs. Mohr in her husband's affections, and who was seriously wounded at the same time that Dr. Mohr was killed; Miss Florence Ormsby, Dr. Mohr's secretary and the alleged confidante of his wife, and George W. Healis, the negro chauffeur, who has turned State's evidence, admitting that he stopped Dr. Mohr's automobile so that Brown and Spellman could shoot the surgeon and Miss Burger, because Mrs. Mohr promised him $2,000 to do it. Healis was still in his direct testimony when court adjourned for the day.

It was intimated in some of the questions asked by counsel for the defense today, that one hypothesis of the defense is that Healis himself killed Dr. Mohr and wounded Miss Burger with robbery as his motive.

The three witnesses today were examined for the State by Assistant Attorney General Abbott Phillips and for Mrs. Mohr by John J. Fitzgerald. Arthur Cushing, also Mrs. Mohr's counsel, sat by the widow and frequently took communications from her to Mr. Fitzgerald suggesting many of the questions put to the witnesses.

Mr. Rooks was the first witness of the day. He identified the correspondence card written to him in June, 1914, by Mrs. Mohr, on which the defendant threatened Miss Burger. The card was put into the evidence early in the trial and its contents were printed in THE TIMES last week. Mr. Rooks also identified a letter, received by him from Mrs. Mohr on Dec. 3, 1913, in which she threatened, even more definitely than on the card, to take Miss Burger's life. The letter, which was read to the jury, follows:

Dec. 3, 1913.

Dear Mr. Rooks:

My son, Charles, has told me that his father has taken him out three times in his auto. Each time he has called at the home of your sister-in-law.

Don't let her jolly you about not seeing the doctor. She is seeing him every day; but she is not going to get the best of me. I will kill her before I am through with her. It shows what a low person she is when a good woman like me asks her to stay away from my husband. She will be sorry before many days. I have given her fair warning.

Charles, my son, said that he met the same lady in his father's office. I know where she lives now, because Charles has pointed out her house to me.

You find out where she was a week ago Sunday night. The doctor took Charlie to Bristol last week, and when he got there he called up your sister-in-law from a pay station. Find out where they were together. Mrs. ELIZABETH F. MOHR.

Tells of Mrs. Mohr's Threats.

Mr. Rooks testified that he had talked with Mrs. Mohr at his office, the Post office, and the Union Station here, and at the South Station in Boston.

"How did she express herself toward her husband?" Mr. Phillips asked.

"She was very bitter against him," the witness replied. "She said once that she could hire a couple of thugs and have her husband killed, and Mr. Cushing said she would never serve a day for it. She also said that she prayed in church that he would be killed in his automobile. She said, too, that Miss Burger would never live to marry her husband."

The witness added that Mrs. Mohr had told him that she would give her husband a divorce in return for $30,000 and his valuable Newport property. He also said that he had talked with Dr. Mohr and Mr. Cushing about Mrs. Mohr's threats. Answering questions, Mr. Rooks continued:

"Mrs. Mohr told me that she thought Miss Burger was getting the doctor's money. She never expressed herself as caring for the doctor at all, but was always very bitter."

On cross-examination, by Mr. Fitzgerald, Mr. Rooks admitted that he himself had introduced Miss Burger to Dr. Mohr, and said that he had been the subject of "gossip" as the result of this.

"You were very bitter," Mr. Fitzgerald asked the witness, "because of the things Mrs. Mohr was reported to have said about you as the cause of Miss Burger's first becoming acquainted with the doctor?"

The witness replied that there had been untrue gossip about him and that he had heard that Mrs. Mohr had made assertions against him, but he denied being bitter against Mrs. Mohr. He said that he considered himself as Mrs. Mohr's friend and denied keeping her letters threatening Miss Burger for any special purpose. Asked to explain why he first called upon Mrs. Mohr he said:

"She went to see Miss Burger's brother and told him to tell his sister, if she didn't leave her husband alone she would lay her cold, and Miss Burger asked me to go to Mrs. Mohr and talk with her about her threats."

"Weren't you jealous of Dr. Mohr's attention to your sister-in-law?" Mr. Fitzgerald asked the witness.

"No," Mr. Rooks fairly shouted.

"Didn't you say you would get him if he did not keep away from Miss Burger?"

"No," the witness replied most emphatically.

Mr. Rooks admitted that he had had a dictaphone in his office, but he denied that he had used it to obtain evidence against Mrs. Mohr that would help Dr. Mohr in his divorce suit. He said the machine was used for business letters and not for secret work.

Mr. Fitzgerald brought out that Mr. Rooks was the first to mention Mrs. Mohr's name in connection with the shooting of Dr. Mohr and Miss Burger. The witness admitted that soon after the wounded persons had been taken to the hospital he may have said to Healis: "This will fix you up by Mrs. Mohr and you go get the doctor and an innocent girl."

Doctor Took Her Out.

After the noon recess of court, Miss Florence Ormsby took the stand. As her testimony related to her intercourse with Mrs. Mohr, that woman herself practically conducted the cross-examination, frequently conveying to Mr. Fitzgerald subjects upon which he should ask questions.

Miss Ormsby said that she was employed by Dr. Mohr in his office and met Mrs. Mohr about three weeks after going to work. After Dr. and Mrs. Mohr separated, she said, she often took to Mrs. Mohr the monthly check for the amount provided by the doctor for his wife's support. Asked to tell what Mrs. Mohr had said to her, the witness replied:

"She spoke of the doctor, what a terrible man he was, and about his going around with Miss Burger, and said that she would put a stop to it. She also spoke about the doctor's practice. She asked me to help her and to watch Miss Burger. In a telephone conversation I had with her about Aug. 21 she talked about the money the doctor had and said she had been keeping account and knew how much he had made. She said she had a key to his desk and would give it to me so I could open the desk. Her little girl's watch was in the desk, she told me.

"I met Mrs. Mohr about a week before the murder and she spoke about money again. She wanted to know how much the doctor was spending on Miss Burger. She was always talking about money.

Miss Ormsby said that she rode from Providence to Newport with a Miss Wilson and Dr. Mohr in his automobile on the Saturday night before the murder, the day when, according to the State's theory, the conspirators were ready to kill Dr. Mohr and Miss Burger but were prevented because Miss Burger did not make the trip.

"On Monday, the day before the murder," Miss Ormsby testified, "Mrs. Mohr told me over the telephone that I had no more right to the doctor's machines on long rides than Miss Burger. She said I had a right to go as far as my home, but no further. On Tuesday, the day of the shooting, Mrs. Mohr asked me in the morning when the doctor would arrive at his Providence office from Newport, and she said that when he went back to Newport in his automobile she was going to lay for him and give him a trimming. And she warned me not to ride in the doctor's automobile. She said, 'If you go you'll have to take the consequences. I'm giving you fair warning.' She gave me this warning on Monday, and Tuesday both. On Tuesday Healis also asked me several times if I was going to Newport that night in the doctor's automobile."

On cross examination Mr. Fitzgerald asked:

"Didn't you have a plan arranged with Dr. Mohr whereby you were to get Mrs. Mohr into the doctor's office and have her sitting at the doctor's desk and then have the doctor discover her and have her arrested?"

"No," said the witness, laughing, evidently, at the idea.

She said Mrs. Mohr seemed to know every move the doctor made. She admitted that she was in Newport on Decoration Day last year.

"Were you discovered in a hammock with the doctor?" Mr. Fitzgerald asked.

"I was sitting with him in a hammock when the children found us. He was talking about his business."

The witness denied that she was ever jealous or unfriendly toward Miss Burger, and said she had no feeling against any one in the case.

Mrs. Mohr Recommended Healis.

George Healis, the chauffeur, took the stand as the last witness of the day. He told of going to work for Dr. Mohr in May, 1915, after Mrs. Mohr had advised him to apply for the position. He met her, he said, when demonstrating an automobile which she was thinking of purchasing. He said that soon after getting his job he took Mrs. Mohr and her two children out riding in the doctor's automobile and Mrs. Mohr said that the doctor was "a hard man to get along with," but that he should not worry, for she expected to have an automobile of her own and would make him her chauffeur. She asked him then to watch Miss Burger, he said, and told him of her difficulties with her husband. He added that he reported to Mrs. Mohr concerning the doctor's companions and movements. After a while, Healis continued, the doctor gave him orders not to allow Mrs. Mohr to ride in the car any more.

Mrs. Mohr went to McEwensville, Penn., in the latter part of June for a visit to Dr. Mohr's brother and sister, with whom she has continued friendly, and from that place she wrote two letters to Healis which the State put into the evidence. Here they are:

McEwensville, Penn.

Dear George:

Drop a line telling why you didn't stop. His people knew he wouldn't. He would be ashamed to face them. I do think if Charles had waited he might have come on. I never got my check yet, but Mr. Cushing will have Sheriff get it about Thursday. I destroy mail as soon as I read it. Did Louise, the cook, have anything to say to you about the push down there? Drop me a line.

Respectfully, E. F. M.

McEwensville, Penn., July 2.

Dear George:

Your letter received yesterday, July 1st. Was glad to get it, as I have worried very much thinking that you had started before you received my letter. He couldn't have had any better luck with the horses. When anybody gets a thing dishonest it isn't long before they lose it. I haven't been feeling so well the past few days. Nothing only worry. I wish you would try and find out who that woman is from Edgewood; the one that was out in auto with Dr. M— the Sunday he took Charles along. Also who went down to Newport, the same woman. Try and find out where she lives and her name. I wish her husband would get on to them. The office girl brought my check up to my house on Tuesday at 3 P. M., the day after I left. He thought if I didn't have my check I couldn't go. His folks have no use for him. Am going home July 8th on boat from New York. Will get to Providence Friday morning.

I am wondering since I read your letter if he has returned since he took that trip to Boston. Wonder if he took Burger or the married lady. I should think the office girl would get jealous. I suppose he had a date on at 3 P. M., the day he sent her up with my check, so that he could get rid of her as he could have gave you the check to hand to Mrs. Barney. Mrs. Barney wouldn't take it until she called Mr. Cushing up. If you get a chance to write again, write before Wednesday, as I leave early Thursday morning, July 8th. I destroyed your letter on my way home from the post office. It is way down stream. The children are well, but it is so lonesome here.

Respectfully, E. F. M.

When Mrs. Mohr returned from Pennsylvania, according to the testimony, Healis told her that Miss Burger had been to Newport with the doctor. He frequently reported to her, Healis said, sometimes going to her home, sometimes being summoned there, and sometimes meeting Mrs. Mohr at Dr. Mohr's garage.

Healis said that when he went to work for Dr. Mohr, Victor Brown, one of the negroes charged with the actual murder, was employed as stable boy on the surgeon's Newport estate. Brown, he said, was discharged on Aug. 20, because he had been rendering services to Mrs. Mohr, and Dr. Mohr "didn't want anybody on his place who had anything to do with his wife." Healis said that Brown went to Boston one day before his dismissal, and showed him a revolver he had bought there with which, Brown said, he intended to "get" Dr. Mohr.

"Brown also told me," Healis testified, "that he was carrying a phial of poison that Mrs. Mohr had given him to pour into the doctor's coffee, but he said he had been afraid to do this because his wife was the doctor's cook, and he might get her into trouble. He said, though, he would fix the doctor with the gun some night when he was going to Newport. I told him he would be foolish to try anything like that."

On the day that Brown was discharged he and Healis went to see Mrs. Mohr in her home, the witness said, and Mrs. Mohr gave Brown some supper in the house, after which she took him into a room away from Healis and was gone for fifteen minutes. When the two negroes left the house Brown showed Healis a $20 bill, according to the testimony, and said that Mrs. Mohr had given it to him.

"I was surprised at this," Healis said. "But Brown said that she was the one who had given him the money for his motorcycle, and that we both might get a lot more money if I would stop the doctor's car some night on the way to Newport. I said I didn't want to do that, and he said, 'Don't be afraid. All you'll have to do is say it was a hold-up.'"

Healis was at this point in his testimony when court adjourned for the day. He will continue tomorrow morning at 9:45 o'clock.

MRS. CLARKE WEEPS AND DENIES CHARGES

Sealed Verdict Ordered in Breach of Promise Suit Against John L. Martin.

SORDID CASE, SAYS LAWYER

Defendant's Counsel Tells the Jury the Plaintiff Has Proved His Case.

The jury in Justice Lehman's part of the Supreme Court that heard the testimony in the suit of Mrs. Cora M. Clarke against John Leon Martin for $50,000 damages for breach of promise were sent out to find a verdict at noon yesterday and at 6:15 o'clock last evening they had not come to an agreement. So they were directed to hand in a sealed verdict this morning. The morning session was devoted to hearing Mrs. Clarke in rebuttal, in the summing up of counsel, and in the charge of the court.

Mrs. Clarke vigorously denied the statement of the defendant that she was fond of strong drink and said that she was never intoxicated in her life. The defendant, she said, was very jealous and imagined things, and with a little moisture in her eyes she solemnly declared that she had never agreed to continue her relations with him without any thought of final marriage. Suddenly a good-looking young woman walked to the counsel table, and Terence McManus, attorney for the defendant, asked Mrs. Clarke if she had ever seen her before.

"I don't know her," replied the witness.

"Do you know her husband, George Harcourt, the dancer?"

"No."

"Do you know Dickie Dickinson?"

An objection put a stop to this line of questions.

In summing up for the defendant, Mr. McManus said that Mrs. Clarke had proved the defendant's case by her absurd statements about a proposal in a restaurant over drinks a few minutes after they had met on a public thoroughfare.

"She told the defendant," he said, "that she was a pure woman and this poor fool, madly infatuated, believed it."

Mr. Martin when he heard this description of himself blushed and bent his eyes upon the table. Mr. McManus said that Mrs. Clarke wanted money, that the case was a "dirty, sordid dollar and cents affair," and that the plaintiff used the letters she received from the defendant while he was abroad as a club. The lawyer referred to the Salome ball, where the defendant and plaintiff made up one of their quarrels.

"If he had not gone to the Salome ball," he said, "he would never have had this law suit. He has played the man since he woke up. The simple life with one woman is what he wants now."

Aaron P. Jetmore, counsel for the plaintiff, told the jury that the defendant wanted the plaintiff to live according to the single standard, while he indulged in the double standard. During the summing up Mrs. Clarke appeared to be perfectly cool and composed.

Oil Pipe Lines Increase Rates.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 19.—The pipe line companies are to advance the price for gathering oil from 20 to 25 cents a barrel, the first advance in twenty years.

NEW SUFFRAGE HEAD HERE.

Miss Annie Dougherty President of the City Party.

An important change in the personnel of the suffrage workers of the city was made at the election of the Manhattan Borough officers of the Woman Suffrage Party of this city yesterday evening, when Miss Annie Dougherty was made Chairman of the borough to take the place of Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw.

Mrs. Laidlaw is now First Vice Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party of the State of New York, and Chairman of the Legislative work of the State organization. She has been Chairman of the Manhattan Borough work for the last seven years. In the meantime each Assembly District had been carefully organized and well officered.

Miss Dougherty has been leader of the Nineteenth Assembly District of the city, which has done much active work.

The work of Borough Chairman of Manhattan is arduous, and Mrs. Laidlaw said yesterday that she could no longer give it so much time, and her freedom from many of the official and routine duties will allow her more opportunity for speaking. As Chairman of the State Legislative work she will visit Albany once a week, but she has stipulated that she go no further afield. During the seven years of work as Borough Chairman she has taken no vacations until last Fall, when she took two weeks to visit California immediately after election.

TANKER AND TOW ASHORE.

Tugs Sent to Standard Oil Ship Stranded Near Sandy Hook.

The Standard Oil tank steamer Richmond, which sailed for London yesterday afternoon in charge of Captain Borum, towing Barge 95, went aground on the south side of the old channel about a mile away from Sandy Hook. As vessels with tows are not permitted to go through the Ambrose Channel, the Richmond had to take the old channel and was rounding the Southwest Spit when the tide carried the barge ashore at 5 o'clock. In trying to get her off the Richmond went ashore herself and got off again.

The steamer went aground a second time at 8:05 o'clock last night, and two of the big Standard Oil tugs were sent from Bayonne, N. J., to aid her. It is expected that the Richmond and the barge will be floated at high water at 7:42 o'clock this morning. She was resting in an easy position last night, according to the Sandy Hook pilots, but it would be very dangerous for her if a storm came up, they said.

DR. GUY'S SON TO MARRY.

Youth Who Charged His Name After Mother's Murder Gets a License.

A marriage license was issued yesterday to Harold Mott, 23 years old, son of Dr. Samuel S. Guy, a former Coroner and politician, who shot and killed his wife in their home in the old Mott homestead in Far Rockaway, several years ago. Mr. Mott will marry Miss Dorothy T. Watson 21 years old, who lives at 12 Flushing Avenue, Jamaica. Mr. Mott lives at 67 Mott Avenue, Far Rockaway.

Following the killing of Mrs. Guy, Dr. Guy was convicted of murder in the second degree and was sentenced to fifteen years imprisonment. He was released on parole about a year ago, having served more than half his sentence. His wife had a fortune in her own right, and their son, following the conviction of his father, obtained the permission of the courts to drop the name of Guy and take his mother's name of Mott. On his release from prison Dr. Guy began an action to obtain a part of his wife's estate. The suit was sent to a referee, and the action was compromised by young Mott, who agreed to pay his father $8,000 on condition that Dr. Guy should never visit Far Rockaway.

MRS. THORNE WAIVES CLAIM

Wife of Missing Mortgage Broker Testifies in His Bankruptcy.

Mrs. Helen Henderson Thorne, wife of Richard Van Wyck Thorne, the mortgage broker who disappeared a few weeks ago from his office at 150 Broadway, was examined yesterday before Commissioner Gilchrist in the bankruptcy proceedings against her husband, which were brought on Jan. 8.

Through her counsel, Wing & Russell of 14 Wall Street, Mrs. Thorne renounced all claim to certain potash, sulphuric acid, and motor stocks, and a check on the Lawyers Title and Trust Company, which her husband had sent her since his disappearance, through his sister. Mrs. Thorne denied having had any direct communication with her husband since he went away.

She owned, she stated, the house in which she was living at 120 East Sixty-fourth Street, and had an estate at Northport, L. I., on which were some valuable prize cattle. She owned these, she said, before she was married to Thorne two and a half years ago, and had spent a good deal of money on them.

"I lent Mr. Thorne," Mrs. Thorne continued, "numerous securities, and I don't know what he did with them, but I never got them back."

FOREIGN HOTELS. FOREIGN HOTELS. FOREIGN HOTELS. FOREIGN HOTELS. FOREIGN HOTELS. FOREIGN HOTELS.

"CLARIDGE'S," Brook Street Grosvenor Square

LONDON



THE PRESENT "CLARIDGE'S"

OPEN CONTINUOUSLY FOR MORE THAN A HUNDRED YEARS.

Claridge's Hotel, London, is entirely unconnected with any other, closed or open, adopting the same title.

RECTOR ASKS BISHOP TO SILENCE CRITICS

Head of St. Andrew's, Rich Staten Island Parish, Seeks Inquiry Into Private Conduct.

VESTRY IS DIVIDED, 5 TO 5

Young Folk Like Dr. Kimber, but Others Call Him a "Foxhunter" and Point to Debt Judgments.

The Rev. Robert B. Kimber, rector of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church in Richmond, S. I., which was founded in 1708 and is the oldest and one of the richest churches in the borough, has written to Bishop Greer asking that a committee be appointed to investigate charges reflecting on Mr. Kimber's private conduct. The rector sent formal notice of this last night to his vestry at the regular January meeting, and thereby forestalled any new move in the campaign which has been waged for more than two years to oust him from his post.

Mr. Kimber has been the subject of contention among his congregation almost from the beginning of his ministry on Staten Island in 1912, and once charges against him were actually filed with the Standing Committee of the Diocese of New York. This was about eighteen months ago, and nothing was ever done about the matter. Again last month an attempt was made in a vestry meeting to bring about Mr. Kimber's resignation, but the vestrymen split, five to five, on the proposal, and again nothing was done. Opponents of the rector said last night that he undoubtedly had got word of the proposed action, and that his demand on the Bishop had been based on that knowledge.

The charges to which Mr. Kimber refers in his own communication have been the common property of gossips throughout his parish for months. It has been said that he was living far beyond his means, although his salary is between $4,000 and $5,000 a year, and he receives his home free of rent. In support of this his critics have pointed to three judgments which have been filed against him in the County Clerk's office. These have been satisfied, but among the older members of the congregation the feeling has arisn that a minister in Mr. Kimber's position lays not only himself but his church open to criticism when he thus gets himself into the courts.

Among younger members of his congregation Mr. Kimber has achieved genuine popularity. He is big, handsome, drives an automobile ,and takes part in sports and social affairs. He is married and has thre daughters in or approaching their twenties. In appearance and disposition he is the picture of an old "English fox-hunting parson," according to those who are opposed to him, and for just that reason he has found strong support among the congregation. Many of the older members, who had been in the church from ten to thirty years, have left it since Mr. Kimber took charge, but probably as many more have joined.

So far Mr. Kimber has not replied to the charges, which his notice to the vestry shows him to have been aware of, but the fact that he has demanded a trial was advanced last night by his friends as proof that Mr. Kimber had nothing to fear from an investigation. His opponents were equally pleased with the opportunity which will thus be afforded them to bring their charges into open court. Under the laws of the church Mr. Kimber will be investigated by a committee of three clergymen and two laymen, and Bishop Greer must name the members.

Mr. Kimber took charge of St. Andrew's in 1912, after Dr. Burch, the rector, had been made Suffragan Bishop. He is a graduate of Columbia University and the General Theological Seminary and was ordained in Garden City in 1894. His first charge, which he held for six years, was in Trinity Church, Seymour, Conn., and then for ten years he was Secretary of the General Board of Missions and Superintendent of the Episcopal City Mission Society here. From 1909 to 1912 he was Secretary of the Convention of the Diocese of New York.

The present trouble of the minister has grown, in great measure, out of the judgments filed against him. One of these was for $53.16 and an other for $520.65, both obtained by a local butcher. Both were satisfied within a few days. An other, for $113.26, was obtained by a publishing house.

Mr. Kimber's salary is paid by the income from bonds and mortgages amounting to some $70,000 acquired by the church through teh sale of land in Tompkinsville which was known as the Duxberry Grant and was given to the church by Elias Duxberry in 1708 at its foundation. In 1711 Queen Anne of England chartered teh church and gave to it its bell, its silver communion service, and forty-two acres of land surrounding it.

MINOR BARBARA IS FOUND.

George's Pekingese Home Again. George's Pekinese Home Again.

Through a TIMES advertisement Grace George, the actress, who is Mrs. William A. Brady in private life, has recovered "Minor Barbara," a tiny Pekingese which wandered away from Miss George's home at 316 Riverside Drive last Sunday afternoon while her mistress was upstairs. Yesterday morning a neighbor on Riverside Drive saw THE TIMES advertisement and brought Minor Barbara back.

Mr. Brady told yesterday how the dog came into his possession. He was in a gambling house one night early in December, he said, and after he had lost a great deal of money, the proprietor gave him the dog as he started home. The manager took the dog to Miss George and she said she did not want it. For several days the dog lived at the box office in the Playhouse, where she became a great favorite.

"One day," Mr. Brady said, "I took the dog into Mrs. Brady's dressing room and left her there to plead her own case. She won. Mrs. Brady said she would keep her until after the opening of 'Major Barbara' anyway, just to see what happened. When the play proved to be a success, the luck-bringing qualities of the dog were recognized and 'Minor Barbara' has been a pet of Mrs. Brady ever since."

SEE MORE JUDGE-MADE LAW

Bronx Bar Criticises Proposed Changes in Practice.

The report of the Statutory Consolidation Board, proposing changes in the Civil Practice act, in the practice in the Surrogates' and Supreme Courts and other changes, was criticised in a report of the Special Committee of the Bronx County Bar that was made public yesterday. Alfred J. Amend is Chairman of the committee. The report said in part:

"Your committee's examination of this report has resulted in the conclusion that the first part of the report, consisting of the Civil Practice act rules, is the only portion which aims at simplification of practice. The report bears all the earmarks of hurried preparation. Your committee finds that the proposed rules are indefinite and too elastic."

In conclusion the committee said:

"The broad powers to be given to the courts will result in a large volume of judge-made laws. Our courts have been subjected to severe criticism, whether rightly or wrongly it is not our province to determine, for an alleged tendency to enact laws under the guise of construction, and your committee considers that the proposed revision of the practice will result in a decided increase in such criticism. A simplification of our practice is urgently needed, and it can be accomplished by a revision of the existing code in such a manner that the value of the numerous decisions of our courts construing its language will not be lost."

A STRIKING TAILOR KILLED.

Shuchman Fatally Stabbed in an Argument of Workers.

Violent outbreaks among the strikers in the ladies' cloak and suit making trades on the east side resulted yesterday in one death and the arrest of five persons charged with inciting disorder. The man who died was stabbed in a hallway at 56 Orchard Street. He was Sam Shuchman, 27 years old, of 486 Powell Street, Brooklyn.

Shuchman was one of a number of clothing trade strikers who congregated in the Orchard Street hallway to discuss the situation. They were talking excitedly when a stranger, subsequently identified by the police as Charles Ruben of 24 Ridge Street, entered the hallway. He got into a controversy immediately with Max Stofolsky, a member of the Ladies' Cloak and Suitmakers' Union.

Both men were on the point of blows when Shuchman stepped between them, and ordered Ruben to leave. According to Shuchman's brother, Barney, Ruben then drew a knife. Barney Shuchman jumped for the knife, grabbed it, but had to let go, as his fingers were slashed.

Then, according to Barney, Ruben turned on his brother Sam, and drove the weapon into his side. Witnesses said Ruben ran down Orchard Street to Grand, where he was overtaken and was being handled roughly, when Patrolman Bosky rescued him. The patrolman took Ruben back to the Orchard Street hallway, where Sam Shuchman identified the prisoner as his assailant. The wounded man died in Gouverneur Hospital.

Ruben was arraigned in the Essex Market Court, and held without bail for examination on Friday.

Not long after the Shuchman stabbing there was another outbreak in Division Street between striking salesmen and proprietors of ladies' cloak and suit concerns. Policemen arrested two men and three women, who were all paroled until Tuesday by Magistrate Marsh in the Essex Market Court.

NEWSBOYS THANK MAYOR.

Ovation at City Hall Incident of Club's Campaign for Funds.

Several hundred "newsies" gave Mayor Mitchel an ovation in front of the City Hall steps yesterday when he received a set of resolutions in which the boys expressed their gratitude for his interest in the campaign to raise $500,000 for the Boys' Club Association. The boys formed in six lines at the foot of the steps and Sammie Glazer made the presentation with a little speech to the effect that the resolutions expressed but feebly "the sentiment of the thousands of boys" for whom he spoke.

At 57 Chambers Street, where the business men engaged in collecting the money for the boys met for their daily luncheon, Job Hedges delivered an address in which he lauded the boys' club movement.

The reports of the captains of the various teams for the day showed receipts to the amount of $5,637.65, which, added to the amount previously collected, made a grand total of $91,267.50. The largest individual contributions yesterday were $1,000 from R. J. Cuddihy and $500 from the West Virginia Pulp and Paper Company. Frank L. Frugone, founder, and one of the proprietors of the Bollettina della Sera, contributed a check of $100, with a letter recalling the days when he was a poor newsboy.

AWARDS 17 MEDALS.

Carnegie Commission Recognizes Bravery in Many Parts of Country.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 19.—At the twelfth annual meeting of the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission today seventeen acts of heroism were recognized. In four cases silver medals were awarded; in thirteen cases bronze medals. Nine of the heroes lost their lives, and to the dependents of four of these, pensions aggregating $1,920 a year were granted; to the dependents of four of the others who lost their lives, sums totaling $4,000 to be applied, subject to the direction of the Commission, in various ways, were granted. In addition to these money grants, in one case the sum of $2,000 was appropriated for educational purposes, payments to be made as needed and approved; and in six cases awards aggregating $4,500 were made for other worthy purposes. Payments in these cases will not be made until the beneficiaries' plans for the use of the awards have been approved by the Commission.

The officers of the Commission were re-elected. They are: President, Charles L. Taylor; Vice President, W. J. Holland; Treasurer, J. H. Reed, and Secretary and Manager, F. M. Wilmot, all of Pittsburgh. The following new members were elected: George L. Peck, Fourth Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company; Judge J. J. Miller; Homer D. Williams, President of the Carnegie Steel Company, and W. L. P. Shriver, a banker, all of Pittsburgh.

HOLD 2 VATERLAND SEAMEN

May Deport Them Under Labor Law for Taking Jobs at Capital.

Eugene Leinthaler and Franz Knich, seamen on the Hamburg-American liner Vaterland, which has been laid up in Hoboken since the beginning of the war, were arrested in Washington, D. C., under the contract labor law, where they were working at the National Brewery Company, and brought to Ellis Island yesterday to be deported.

It was understood that the Department of Labor at Washington contended that the men were living on the Vaterland, which was foreign territory, when they agreed to work in Washington. Immigration Bureau officials here expressed the opinion that the men could not be held, as they had not come to this country as contract laborers.

The Hamburg-American Line declines to accept Leinthaler and Knich as aliens under sentence of deportation, but will take them back on the Vaterland as deserters, to be dealt with as Captain Hans Ruser thinks fit.

Many German sailors have obtained employment with the consent of their commanders and the immigration authorities. Leinthaler and Knich, however, did so, it was said, without giving notice.

Civil Engineers Elect Officers.

The American Society of Civil Engineers held its sixty-third annual meeting yesterday at its building, 220 West Fifty-seventh Street. These officers were elected: President, Elmer L. Corthell, suceeding Charles D. Marx; Vice Presidents, Alfred Craven and Palmer C. Ricketts, Treasurer, Lincoln Bush; Secretary, Charles Warren Hunt; Directors, A. C. Humphreys, Virgil G. Bogue, Richard Khuen, O. F. Clapp, Edwin Duryea, Jr., and F. G. Jonah. In the evening there was a reception held at the Hotel Astor. Members of the society will visit the Kensico Dam today.

CITY BREVITIES.

A meeting of the United Property Owners of the West Bronx will be held tonight at the Fordham Club Hall, at which the needs of the Western Bronx will be brought forward. Among the speakers will be William J. Flynn, ex-Borough President Cyrus C. Miller, ex-Public Service Commissioner Eustis, Steven B. Ayres, W. W. Niles, Reginald P. Bolton, and E. W. Lawrence.

The Seventy-ninth Street Neighborhood House, branch of the Henry Street Settlement, will give its annual entertainment at the Yorkville Casino, 210 East Eighty-sixth Street, tomorrow night. The special feature of the affair will be a college play by a selected cast. Tickets can be obtained from Miss Hansen, in charge of the Seventy-ninth Street Neighborhood House, 232 East Seventy-ninth Street, and Albert Bloom, President of the Lincoln Club.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children is having circulated in every quarter of the city a printed warning, calling attention to the law forbidding the sale or gift to children under 16 years of age of air guns, spring guns, and similar devices. This action is the result of a series of shootings, in which men, women, and children have been disabled or disfigured.

There were 885,446 gas meters in use on premises in the Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx last month. Only 96 gas consumers asked the Public Service Commission, First District, to test their meters as to accuracy. Fifty-two of the meters examined turned out to be correct, 14 were running 2 per cent. or more slow, 29 were running 2 per cent. or more fast, and 1 meter was not registering any of the gas used by the consumer.

Preparations have just been made by the Jewish Congress Organization Committee for a great Jewish mass meeting to be held at Carnegie Hall on Monday evening, Jan. 24, for the purpose of arousing general public sentiment in favor of a movement for the attainment of the rights of the Jewish people.

PLAN TO SAVE CITY $20,000,000 IN 1917

Officials Agree That Taxes Shall Fall Due on Jan. 1 and July 1.

$4,000,000 INTEREST GAIN

Brown Committee Will Recommend Return of Auto and Excise Fees and No State Tax.

The Brown Legislative Committee which is investigating the city's finances will resume its sessions at the City Hall this morning. In the past few days the committee has been busy on its report. It has been decided to eliminate several matters from the report at this time and make them the subject of a subsequent report.

It was learned yesterday that the committee will put forward a plan whereby it is expected $20,000,000 will be saved to the city next year if no direct State tax is imposed. This plan, it is said, has the approval of the city officials.

The Mayor, Controller Prendergast, and President McAneny, it is said, have informed Senator Brown that they will agree to change the dates on which taxes fall due from May 1 and Nov. 1 to Jan. 1 and July 1, thereby saving interest charges on revenue bonds by doing away with the necessity of appropriating revenue bonds in anticipation of taxes. The saving, it was stated, will amount to about $4,000,000 a year in interest charges.

The plan is to allow the taxpayers five months' grace for the payment of their taxes without interest the first year, four months' grace the second year, and so on for four years until the time for payment is made Jan. 1 flat. It was pointed out that during ten years the interest charges on revenue bonds amounted to $36,476,837. The city's share of the direct State tax for the past ten years amounted to $31,779,039.99. This shows, the report will point out, that the saving in interest charges will more than balance the amount of the city's share in direct taxes, if the amount is approximately the same as during the last ten years. Under the plan contemplated there is to be no direct State tax next year.

With $4,000,000 saved on interest charges, and $14,000,000 as the city's share of a direct State tax eliminated, there is left only $2,000,000 to be accounted for in the plan of saving the city $20,000,000 for 1917. This $2,000,000, according to the plan, will be made up by the State giving the city its share of excise fees and automobile license fees. If the city receives its proper share of the State excise tax the committee is convinced that it will mean an extra revenue to the city of $1,600,000. Up to last October the excise tax in Manhattan was $1,200. Then it was raised to $1,500 as an emergency tax. The State took this extra $300 and returned to the city a small portion of the remaining tax of $1,200. The report will recommend that a much more equitable portion be returned to the city hereafter.

The automobile tax of $10 goes to the State at present. The report will recommend that to the city hereafter be given one-half of the amount collected within its territory. Last year the revenue from automobile license fees throughout the State amounted to $1,500,000, and about $800,000 of this was collected in New York City. With $400,000 of this returned to the city, the entire amount saved on the three items of fees, interest charges, and direct State tax, according to the committee, will be approximately $20,000,000.

The committee will take cognizance of the fact that if a more proportionate share of excise and automobile license fees is allowed to New York City other cities up-State will demand the same treatment, thereby causing a big falling off in the State's revenues, but to offset this the committee will recommend that the plan of State Controller Travis to increase the inheritance tax shall be submitted to the Legislature.

"The Brown Committee," said one of its members yesterday, "is really in the position of a good fairy to the city, for it will show the city how to save more money than the direct State tax amounts to. The committee has given a great deal of thought to this plan, and it has received the approval of the city officials. It ought to settle the whole vexed problem of city finances."

GIVE DINNER TO DELEGATES

Mr. and Mrs. Stotesbury Entertain Before Americanization Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 19.—At one of the most important functions preliminary to the Americanization Conference, 175 delegates, men and women of note, were guests at a dinner given this evening by Mr. and Mrs. Stotesbury at their residence, 1,925 Walnut Street. Two hundred other delegates to the conference joined the dinner guests later. Most of the guests listened to addresses in the ballroom, the others in the art gallery.

Twelve speakers addressed the guests on "Americanization." They were Governer Brumbaugh, Alba B. Johnson, Robert Bacon, John Price Jackson, Commissioner of Labor and Industry for Pennsylvania; S. Stanwood Menken, President of the National Security League; John H. Fahey, President of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States; John Finley, Commissioner of the New York State Department of Education; J. C. Schmidlapp, Cincinnati banker and philanthropist; Miss Frances A. Kellor, former head of the Bureau of Industry and Eudcation of New York; Felix M. Warburg, until recently in charge of the Young Men's Hebrew Association; Mr. Trumbull, and William P. Richards, President of the Reading Coal and Iron Company.

Among the guests from New York were Miss Mary Antin, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Astor, Henry S. Bronner, the Rev. Sidney L. Gulick, Dr. Haven Emerson, Woods Hutchinson, Frederick Kellogg, Miss Frances A. Kellor, Mr. and Mrs. J. Willis Martin, S. W. Meek, Miss Clara Middleton, John Milholland, Professor L. Schuyler, Dr. von Mach, and Mrs. Cabot Ward.

WANT ROAD TO PROSECUTE.

New Haven Stockholders Amend $102,000,000 Suit Against Ex-Directors.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—Ralph S. Bartlett and other minority stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, who are suing former Directors to recover $102,000,000, for losses alleged to have been incurred in improper purchases, today filed an amendment to their suit, seeking the right to proceed in the name of the corporation itself.

They assert that the present Directors have refused to press such a suit for restitution, because of friendliness for their predecessors, and intimations which the former Directors "have made to withdraw their financial support from the railroad, and thereby cause it financial embarrassment and possible receivership," and have caused the corporation to defend the present suit.

Today's amendment follows a decision by the Superior Court that minority stockholders could not bring a bill of the nature filed by Bartlett and his associates, unless the Directors refused absolutely to prosecute in the name of the road.

Acknowledgment.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $25 from Miss G. L. Hoyt, for the benefit of the Belgium Clothing Relief Committee.

COMMEND SISTERHOODS.

Annual Meeting Hears of New Jewish Charities Federation.

At the twentieth annual meeting of the Federation of Sisterhoods, held yesterday afternoon in Delmonico's, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fourth Street, Leopold Plaut, President of the United Hebrew Charities, predicted that the federation planned for contributors to Jewish charities would be perfected in sixty days. Mr. Plaut said that under the new federation each charity organization that was a member would receive contributions as large as it had been receiving under the old system of making individual collections. He said the federation would be governed by six trustees, none of whom was to be an officer or Director of any of the charities forming the joint body, and that no matter how large an individual society might be it could not have more than three votes in the directorate.

Collector Malone and Commissioner of Weights and Measures Hartigan spoke. Mr. Hartigan commended the women for the work their organizations were doing in helping the poor, and urged them to include in this work the task of instructing the poor to help themselves by watching the weights and measures in the stores from which they bought their supplies.

Mrs. Samuel Elkeles, head of the Federation of Sisterhoods, presided at the meeting, and in her annual address said that constructive work must be undertaken by the charities in the future, and that the mere palliative work of charity was a thing of the past. Walter Liebman, President of the National Desertion Bureau, and Morris D. Waldman, Executive Director of the United Hebrew Charities, also spoke. Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. Eugene J. Grant, Mrs. Marcus M. Marks, and Mrs. Leopold Plaut were guests.

Among the organizations represented at the meeting were the Temple Israel Sisterhood, Kehillah Jeshurun Sisterhood, Beth Israel Sisterhood, Auxiliary Jewish Consumptives' Association, Widowed Mothers' Fund Association, Mount Neboh Sisterhood, Ahawath Chesed Shar Hashomayim, Beth-El Sisterhood, Ceres Sewing Circle, Consumptives' Transportation Fund, Deborah Benevolent Sewing Society, Emanuel Sisterhood, Jewish Girls' Welfare Society, Ladies' Auxiliary Society of the German Poliklinik, Pauline Consumptive Fund, Rumanian Aid Society, Rose N. Lesser Auxiliary Society, Sisterhood of Congregation Path of Life, Sisterhood of Hebrew Tabernacle, Sharay Tefilah Sisterhood, and Sisterhood of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue.

SISTERS ROUT BURGLAR.

Intruder Found in Bedell Parker's Apartment Escapes.

The Misses Frances and Emily Parker, daughters of Bedell Parker, President of Delpark, Inc., dealers in underwear, were aroused at midnight last night in the Parker apartment on the fifth floor of the Euclid Apartments, 2,345 Broadway. Their father is in California on business and Mrs. Parker was attending a reception at the Hotel Astor.

The girls thought they heard some one in their mother's room adjoining their own, and Miss Frances arose from bed and went to the communicating door. She saw the figure of a man. He was kneeling over a bundle which he seemed to be tying into a package, and the girl called:

"What are you doing there?"

Without reply the man bounded to his feet, sprang to the window, and started down the fire escape up which he had apparently climbed to break into the apartment. Then the girls screamed.

The whole house was aroused and men and women peered from their windows inquiring about the trouble. One woman on the third floor got to her window just as the man scrambled past her and she screamed to the watchman, who telephoned the police.

The reserves from the Sixty-eighth Street Station were hurried to the house and they surrounded the block. They were only a few moments in getting to the house, but they found no trace of the man.

In the Parker home the girls found that many of their mother's belongings had been packed up, btu the man had been frightened away without any booty so far as they could see. Mrs. Parker returned home soon after the burglar scare, but decided to wait till morning to make a complete inventory.

VON SKAL EXPLAINS CHECKS

Got Money from von Papen for Legitimate Work, He Says.

George von Skal, the ex-Commissioner of Accounts of New York City, whose name has been mentioned in cable dispatches as having appeared frequently among the check stubs labeled "for secret service work," discovered among the private papers of Captain von Papen, which were seized by the British authorities at Falmouth and later turned over to the American Embassy in London, issued this statement yesterday:

"I was engaged by Captain von Papen to do certain work, mostly of a journalistic and clerical nature. I am ready at any time to explain this to the proper authorities. For this work I was paid, and every check I received from Captain von Papen was deposited in the Yorkville Bank to my personal account. If necessary I am ready to produce my check books in order to prove that the money has been used for my personal expenses only. I never received or handled any other money from Captain von Papen or anybody else connected directly or indirectly with the German Government."

Mr. von Skal is the son of a German army officer and has himself served as Lieutenant in the Kaiser's troops. He came to this country in 1877 and became a citizen. He was for a time managing editor of the Staats-Zeitung.

OSBORNE TO HAVE MINUTES.

Inspection of Grand Jury Records Granted by Justice Tompkins.

An order was signed yesterday by Justice Tompkins in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, giving permission to Thomas Mott Osborne, the deposed Warden of Sing Sing prison, to inspect the minutes of the Westchester Grand Jury relating to indictments against him charging perjury and malfeasance in office. George Gordon Battle, the defendant's attorney, argued that the evidence on which these indictments were found against Mr. Osborne was insufficient.

The order of Justice Tompkins does not apply to the other indictment against the former Warden, which contained charges of immorality. Justice Tompkins will read the minutes of the jury himself and determine which parts of the testimony shall be supplied to the defendant. Mr. Osborne asked for the order to inspect the jury minutes for the purpose of supporting a motion to dismiss the indictments.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 19.—Forecast:

N. Car.—Fair Thurs. Fri., rain, except fair near the coast; moderate e. and s. e. winds.

S. Car.—Fair Thurs. Fri., cloudy; moderate n. e. and e. winds.

Ga.—Cloudy Thurs. Fri., probably rain; moderate e. to s. e. winds.

Fla.—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except Thurs. night or Fri. in n. w.; warmer Thurs. in n. and cen.; moderate n. e. to e. winds, becoming s. e. and fresh over n. w.

Ala.—Rain Thurs. or Thurs. night. Fri., unsettled; moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Miss.—Rain Thurs. Fri., cloudy; moderate s. e. to s. winds.

Tenn.—Snow or rain in n. and e., rain in s. w. Thurs. Fri., fair.

Ky.—Snow or rain Thurs. Fri., probably fair.

Ohio—Snow in n., snow or sleet in s. Thurs; warmer. Fri., snow or rain; increasing s. winds.

Ind.—Snow or sleet Thurs., warmer in cen. and n. Fri., cloudy, probably snow in n.

Lower Mich.—Snow and warmer Thurs. Fri., snow; fresh to strong s. winds.

Upper Mich.—Snow Thurs. and probably Fri.; warmer Thurs.

Ill.—Snow or rain Thurs. and probably Fri.; warmer Thurs., colder Fri. afternoon or night.

Mo.—Rain or snow and warmer Thurs.; Fri. snow or rain and colder.

Wis.—Snow in n., snow or rain in s. Thurs. and probably Fri.; warmer Thurs., colder by Fri. night.

Minn.—Snow Thurs., warmer in e.; Fri. unsettled and colder.

Iowa—Snow or rain Thurs.; warmer in e. and cent.; Fri. unsettled and colder, probably snow.

N. Dak.—Snow and colder Thurs.; Fri. unsettled and continued cold.

S. Dak.—Unsettled and colder Thurs. and Fri.; possibly light snow Thurs.

Neb.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri.; probably snow Thurs in e., colder Fri. and in w. Thurs.

Kan.—Snow or rain Thurs., colder in w. Fri. fair and colder.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..7:20 | Sun sets..5:02 | Moon rises..—

THE TIDES.

	High Water A.M.	High Water P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:42	8:10	1:30	2:12
Governors Island	7:57	8:22	1:57	2:38
Hell Gate	8:47	10:12	3:37	4:18

Arrived—Wednesday, Jan. 19.

SS Espagne, Bordeaux, Jan. 9.
SS Lucileine, Rouen, Jan. 2.
SS Vasilefs Constantinos, Bermuda, Jan. 15.
SS Stephano, St. John's, Jan. 15.
SS Sixaola, Cienfuegos, Jan. 11.
SS Jedmoor, Bermuda, Jan. 16.
SS Lord Erne, Havre, Dec. 25.
SS Mandeville, Jamaica, Jan. 14.
SS Serbian Prince, Bordeaux, Dec. 26.
SS Netherpark, Baltimore, Jan. 5.
SS Dungara, Baltimore, Jan. 16.
SS El Paso, Galveston, Jan. 13.
SS Lysefjord, St. Jago, Jan. 5.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville, Jan. 16.
SS Medina, Galveston, Jan. 12.
SS El Mundo, Galveston, Jan. 13.
SS Currier, San Juan, Jan. 11.
SS Newton, San Francisco, Sept. 3.
SS Nebraskan, Philadelphia, Jan. 17.
SS Munwood, Caibarien, Jan. 14.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.		
*New York	Liverpool	Jan. 12
Villes de Paris	Havre	Dec. 31
Penistone	Havre	Dec. 31
Philadelphian	London	Jan. 4
Iroquois	London	Jan. 13
Flandre	Amsterdam	Dec. 31
Megrez	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
Ocean	Rotterdam	Jan. 2
Ancon	Cristobal	Jan. 12
Panama	Cristobal	Jan. 13
Cufic	Liverpool	Jan. 8
Caracas	San Juan	Jan. 20
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Jan. 17
Huron	Jacksonville	Jan. 17
Proteus	New Orleans	Jan. 15
DUE TOMORROW.		
Cymric	Liverpool	Jan. 11
Guyane	Bordeaux	Jan. 6
Boniface	Liverpool	Jan. 5
Maraval	Grenada	Jan. 14
Comal	Galveston	Jan. 15
DUE SATURDAY.		
†Kristianiafjord	Bergen	Jan. 15
Quebra	Liverpool	Jan. 8
Tommel Maru	Newport	Jan. 8
Afghan Prince	Liverpool	Jan. 9
Lutetian	Gibraltar	Jan. 5
City of Columbus	Savannah	Jan. 19
Apache	Jacksonville	Jan. 19
El Rio	Galveston	Jan. 16
DUE SUNDAY.		
Atherstone	Havre	Jan. 4
Charlois	Amsterdam	Jan. 4
Dubke	Rotterdam	Jan. 3
Rance	Bilbao	Jan. 4
Tholma	Cardiff	Jan. 8
Calabria	Gibraltar	Jan. 10
Rio Verdi	Santos	Dec. 31

*Carries mails. †Carries German mails.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Hostilius, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Advance, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Philadelphian, London	—	12:00 M.
Pannonia, London	—	12:00 M.
El Oriente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
San Giorgio, Naples	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Rio de Janeiro, Barbados	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Atahualpa, Guiana	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Camaguey, Tampico	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Veenbergen, Bahia	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Von Hongendrop, Santiago	—	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
St. Paul, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Espagne, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Crofton Hall, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Voltaire, Argentina	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Brazos, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mayaro, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Mandeville, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima, St. Thomas	12:30 P.M.	2:00 P.M.
Tuscania, Glasgow	—	10:00 A.M.
Borinquen, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Djibouti, Marseilles	—	3:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Medina, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
Marengo, Hull	—	12:00 M.
Creole, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL SUNDAY.		
Georgic, Liverpool	—	12:00 M.

†Carries German mails.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Tamba Maru..Jan. 20
Hilo, Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Great Northern..Jan. 20
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Matsonia..Jan. 21
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Canada Maru..Jan. 22
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Moana..Jan. 28

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Stockholm, at Liverpool, Jan. 19.
SS Bergensfjord, at Kirkwall, Jan. 17.
SS Patria, at Naples, Jan. 10.

By Marconi Wireless.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y., JAN. 19.

SS El Siglo, bound to New York, crossed Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 252 miles S. at noon.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 63 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS San Juan, San Juan to New York, was 324 miles S. at noon.
SS Algonquin, Santo Domingo to New York, was 440 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 294 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 271 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 745 miles S. at noon.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 20 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Illinois, Port Arthur to New York, was 118 miles W. of Sand Key at noon.
SS El Rio, Galveston to New York, was 244 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 155 miles S. at noon.
SS Caracas, San Juan to New York, was 140 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 40 miles S. E. of Mississippi Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Brabant, Tampico to New York, was 15 miles E. of Sand Key at noon.
SS Alabama, Port Arthur to New York, passed Jupiter at noon.
SS Atlantic, Buenos Aires to New York, was 1,160 miles S. at noon.
SS Carolina, San Juan to New York, was 1,335 miles S. at 8 P. M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Jan. 22, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Jan. 22, SS Espagne.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. Feb. 15, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 11:30 A. M. Jan. 24, SS Vasilefs Constantinos.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Service suspended.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Feb. 3, SS Hellig Olav.
Norway—Close at 8:30 A. M. Jan. 29, SS Kristianiafjord.
Italy—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 21, SS San Giorgio.

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Melbourne, Dec. 22; Sydney, Dec. 23; Wellington, Dec. 27; Auckland, Dec. 28, and Honolulu, Jan. 6—which arrived per steamer Niagara, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 15, and are due in New York today.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, Dec. 14; Shanghai, Dec. 23; Kobe, Dec. 28, and Yokohama, Dec. 29—which arrived per steamer Tamba, were dispatched east from Seattle on Jan. 15, and are due in New York today.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $3.00
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:00 P. M. Music.
New London, (Norwich) Line str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days only, 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.
Bridgeport Line, week days only, str. lv. Pier 27, E. R., 11:00 A. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 11:15 A. M.

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Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
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White Star Line
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Cretic..Feb. 15, 10 A. M. | Canopic..Feb. 29
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ROCHAMBEAU . . Jan. 29, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . Feb. 5, 3 P. M.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular; Few Very Active—Factors in the Uncertain Price Movement.

Two factors stand out prominently when one seeks an explanation of the uncertain character of the present stock market. One of these is the unknown quantity of the foreign liquidation of our securities with which the market is confronted, and the other is the need or at all events the desire on the part of many traders and security holders to await the business accomplishments the anticipation of which was responsible for much of last year's rise in prices.

Here and there in yesterday's market were activity and price movements of substantial proportions reflecting special situations. As a whole, however, the list was relatively inactive and governed by no clearly defined tendency, unless it was by the selling which reflected the professional traders' impatience over a market which failed to advance at a time when many traders had looked for a clearly defined forward movement.

When one considered the ease with which a great amount of stock was absorbed last year, as is typified by the very large reduction in the foreign holdings of United States Steel, little apparent ground is left for apprehension over the effect of foreign liquidation, and that alone would hardly control the course of prices. As it happens, however, the British plans for the mobilization of American securities is being worked out at a time when very many people are showing a disposition to wait and see whether last year's promises are likely to bear tangible fruit in the shape of 1916 dividends.

There are other reasons for the present action of the market, including that which was dominant in the early part of last week, namely, the rebalancing of speculative accounts which had become overweighted with industrial, and more particularly with war company issues, but the natural disposition to wait on the realization of the expectations formed when the market was advancing rapidly is perhaps the controlling influence. In this connection great importance attaches, of course, to what actually is going on in the business world, and it is most gratifying that the news which is coming from that quarter reflects continued progress and continued opportunity. Information regarding the business situation gathered by one of the great New York banking institutions is so uniformly favorable as to bear out fully the impression previously existing that in practically all lines of commercial effort conditions today are vastly more favorable than at any recent time, and in many lines as favorable as they have ever been.

It has long been evident, of course, that in volume new high records were being established in many directions. Volume alone, however, is not the surest test of prosperity. On the present occasion business men are looking forward and apparently with ample reason for profits commensurate with the scale on which they are manufacturing and trading. So far, at least, there is no sign of overproduction, for goods are moving into consumption as rapidly as they are being produced, and still an unfilled demand is left which may be said to be a margin of safety against overproduction. Many industries are producing all they can produce, but not all they could sell were they able to produce more. This is a situation which makes for very favorable earnings for manufacturing and trading concerns, and likewise for the railways, which are the chief arteries through which goods pass into consumption.

If, then, the security market is waiting on the fulfillment of earlier promises it can at least be said to be waiting with more than the usual assurance of the promises being borne out. This does not mean, of course, that in all cases extravagant predictions of earnings in special instances will be fulfilled. The probability that they will not be has already been reflected in the market in numerous price revisions in special issues, notably in some of the war stocks. That is a process which makes for a sounder market position, and one which lays all the better groundwork for the market's natural response to favorable conditions in business, the evidence of which is steadily increasing.

LONDON MARKET IS STEADY.

Little Variation in Prices—Money is in Fair Demand.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Money was in fair demand, and discount rates were quiet. American exchange was steady today at 4.77⅛. Russian rates were erratic and Italian weak.

On the Stock Exchange prices varied little, although there was some demand for Allied loans which gave the gilt-edge section a steadier appearance. Belgian securities showed a better tone on the interest being paid by the Allies. Rubber shares, Japanese bonds and Kaffirs changed hands freely.

American securities were dull, being dealt in only occasionally at irregular prices.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
25 railroads	80.94	80.41	80.50	— .34
25 industrials	99.65	97.61	98.23	— .48
50 stocks	90.28	89.01	89.36	— .41

PREVIOUS RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
Jan. 18	90.53	89.18	89.77	— .53
Jan. 17	90.80	89.71	90.30	+ .17
Jan. 15	90.57	89.41	90.13	+ .41
Jan. 14	89.95	88.34	89.72	+1.57
Jan. 13	88.85	87.92	88.15	+ .10
Jan. 12	88.41	87.03	88.05	+1.07

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

January—	High.		Low.		Last.
1916*	91.87	3	86.78	11	89.36
1915	64.68	22	60.07	7	62.27
1914	73.30	31	67.50	3	72.97
1913	77.10	9	75.00	17	77.22
1912	73.30	31	57.41	30	60.20

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	Feb. 1	68.06
1912	85.82	Sept. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.22
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sept. 25	77.60

*To date.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
6s —Sept., 1916	102	102⅛	102	102⅛
6s —Sept., 1917	103⅝	104	103⅝	104
4½s—June, 1965	106⅜	106⅝	106⅛	106⅝
4½s—March, 1963	106⅛	106⅜	106¼	106⅜
4½s—Nov., 1957	106¼	106⅜	106¼	106⅜
4½s—May, 1957	106¼	106½	106¼	106½
4½s—Nov., 1917	101¼	..	101⅛	..
4½s—May, 1917	100⅞	..	100⅞	..
4¼s—March, 1964	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
4¼s—March, 1962	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101⅜
4¼s—Sept., 1960	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝
4¼s—March, 1930-60	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝
4s —May, 1959	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s —Nov., 1958	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s —May, 1957	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s —Nov., 1956	97⅞	98	97⅞	98
4s —Nov., 1955	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
4s —Nov., 1936	97⅞	..	97⅞	..
3½s—Nov., 1955	87	..	87	..
3½s—Nov., 1954	87⅞	88	87⅞	88
3½s—May, 1954	87⅝	87⅞	87⅝	87⅞

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 19, 1916.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	581,239
Same day last year	302,227
Year to date	10,236,102
Same period last year	2,711,430
Average price and change 50 stocks	89.36 — .41
Same day last year	63.85 + .24

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	91.87 Jan. 3	86.78 Jan. 11
Same period last year	64.10 Jan. 20	60.07 Jan. 2
Range year 1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
24¾	25	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	25	25	24⅞	25	...
9½	9⅝	400	Alaska Juneau	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
27¼	27⅝	1,000	Allis-Chal. Mfg.	27⅝	28	27½	27½	— ¼
79	79½	500	Allis-Ch. Mfg. pf.	80	80	79	79	—1
70¼	71	350	Am. Agri. Chem.	71	71	70½	70½	— ½
97	98½	100	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	98	98	98	98	...
66⅛	66⅝	1,500	Am. Beet Sugar	68	68¼	66½	66½	—1
92	94	100	Am. Beet Sug. pf.	94	94	94	94	— ⅞
62¼	62⅝	12,400	American Can	63	64¼	62¼	62⅝	— ¼
112½	113½	100	Am. Can pf.	112½	112½	112½	112½	— ⅞
68⅞	69	2,000	Am. Car & F'dry	69⅛	70	68⅞	68⅞	—1⅛
172	173	7,300	Am. Coal Products	172⅝	175⅞	171½	171½	—1
11	11⅜	100	Am. H. & Leather	11½	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
54½	55¼	800	Am. H. & L. pf.	56	56	54½	54½	—2
22¼	23	900	Am. Linseed	23¼	23¼	22⅞	22⅞	— ⅝
40½	42	100	Am. Linseed pf.	41	41	41	41	—1⅝
64½	64¾	3,000	American Loco.	65½	65¾	63½	64½	—1
9⅜	9½	1,200	American Malt	9½	9⅝	9½	9½	+ ¼
104⅜	104½	10,800	Am. Smlt. & Ref.	105⅝	106⅛	104¼	104⅜	—1⅜
86½	87¼	100	Am. Sm. Sec. pf. B.	87	87	87	87	+ ⅝
57	58	400	Am. Steel F'dries	58	58	57½	57½	— ½
114¼	115	700	Am. Sugar Ref.	115⅝	115⅝	114⅝	114½	— ½
117	119	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	117½	117½	117½	117½	—1⅛
127¼	127⅝	1,000	Am. Teleph & Tel.	128	128	127⅝	127⅝	— ⅛
202½	203	100	Am. Tobacco	202⅝	202⅝	202⅝	202⅝	+ ⅛
45	45¼	700	Am. Woolen t. r.	45¼	46	45	45	...
94	95	200	Am. Woolen pf.	94	94¾	94	94¾	+1¾
67⅞	68¼	800	Am. Zinc L. & S.	68¼	68⅞	68	68	— ⅛
88¼	88½	7,800	Anaconda Cop. Co.	88⅝	88⅝	88¼	88¼	— ⅛
67	68	950	Associated Oil	68	69	67½	67½	...
106⅝	106¾	2,000	At., Top. & S. F.	107	107¼	106⅝	106⅝	— ¼
99⅛	99⅜	400	At., Top. & S.F. pf.	99	99	98⅞	98⅞	— ⅛
113	114⅛	100	Atlantic Coast Line	113	113	113	113	—2
108⅜	109¼	11,500	Baldwin Loco.	110⅜	111⅛	108⅜	109	—1⅜
94¼	94⅜	3,100	Baltimore & Ohio	94⅜	94⅜	94¼	94¼	...
...	...	50	Do. odd lot	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	...
79⅝	80	500	Baltimore & O. pf.	79½	79⅞	79½	79⅞	...
...	...	20	Bank of Commerce	177	177	177	177	...
2⅝	2¾	5,600	Batopilas Mining	2⅝	3¼	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
482	485	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	479	492½	476	485	+5
482	485	135	Do. odd lot	495	495	475	485	...
141	145	200	Beth. Steel pf.	140	145	140	145	+4
86⅝	87½	700	B'klyn Rap. Tran.	87	87	86⅝	86⅝	— ⅜
50	52	100	Brown Shoe	50½	50½	50½	50½	+2½
50	52	70	Do. odd lot	50	50	50	50	...
86	86	400	Burns Brothers	84¼	84¼	84	84¼	+ ⅜
74½	74⅞	2,500	Butte & Superior	75½	75½	74½	74½	— ½
32⅝	32¾	4,800	Cal. Petroleum	32⅝	33½	32⅝	32⅝	— ½
65	66	800	Cal. Petrol. pf.	65½	67½	65	65	— ½
58⅝	58⅞	10	Canada Southern	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	...
177½	178	1,100	Canadian Pacific	178¼	179	177½	177½	— ½
54½	54¾	4,200	Central Leath. Co.	55½	55⅝	53⅝	54¼	— ⅝
109⅞	110½	200	Cen. Leath. Co. pf.	110⅛	110½	110	110	...
63⅞	64	800	Ches. & Ohio	64⅛	64¼	63⅞	63⅞	— ⅜
14¼	14⅝	100	Chi. Great West.	14½	14½	14½	14½	...
38½	39	800	Chi. Great West. pf.	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	38⅝	+ ⅛
100	100⅜	2,300	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	100⅞	100⅞	100¼	100⅜	— ⅜
134	134¼	300	Chi., Mil. & S.P. pf.	134⅝	134⅝	134½	134½	— ⅝
131	134	100	Chi. & N'western	131½	131½	131½	131½	—1⅝
16⅞	17½	200	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17¾	...
120	125	100	C. St. P., M. & O.	120	120	120	120	...
120	125	25	Do. odd lot	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝	...
23¼	23⅜	2,500	Chile Copper	23⅞	24	23¼	23⅜	— ¼
53⅝	54	1,200	Chino Copper	53⅞	53⅞	53⅝	53⅝	— ⅜
75	76⅝	100	C., C., C. & S.L. pf.	75	75	75	75	...
74	74½	300	Cluett, Peabody Co.	75	75	75	75	—1
111	111⅜	100	Cluett, P'dy Co. pf.	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	+1
111	111⅜	55	Do. odd lot	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	111⅜	+1
46⅜	47⅛	1,800	Colo. Fuel & Iron	48	48	46⅞	47⅛	— ½
29½	31	100	Colo. Southern	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼	+ ½
142¼	143	500	Consolidated Gas	142⅝	142⅝	142¼	142¼	— ⅜
81	84	100	Continental Can	81	81	81	81	+ ½
22	22¼	12,725	Corn Prod. Ref.	21⅞	22⅞	21⅞	22¼	+1¼
98¼	99⅛	700	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	99	99½	99	99⅛	...
65½	66	9,535	Crucible Steel	66	67⅞	64⅞	64⅞	—2
110	110¾	500	Crucible Steel pf.	110⅜	110⅜	110¼	110¼	— ¼
110	110½	40	Do. odd lot	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝	...
175	180	1,400	Cuban Am. Sugar	182½	185	179	179	+1
153⅝	154	600	Del. & Hudson	154	154¼	154	154¼	+ ¼
223	226	100	Del., L. & West.	223½	223½	223½	223½	—1½
223	226	40	Do. odd lot	225	225	225	225	...
137	139	50	Detroit Edison Co.	187	138¼	187	138¼	...
46⅝	47	11,600	Distillers Sec.	48	48¼	46⅞	46⅞	— ⅞
27½	28¼	700	Dome Mines	28	28	28	28	+ ½
40⅛	40¼	9,800	Erie	40⅝	41⅛	40⅛	40⅛	— ⅜
56⅛	56⅜	1,700	Erie 1st pf.	56⅛	56⅝	56	56⅛	— ⅛
49⅛	51	100	Erie 2d pf.	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	51⅛	—1½
53½	54½	300	Fed. Min. & Sm. pf.	54	54	54	54	—1
300	310	10	General Chemical	300	300	300	300	...
113¼	115¼	41	Gen. Chem. pf.	114	114	114	114	...
173⅛	174	2,600	General Electric	175⅞	176½	174	174	—1½
480	489	200	General Motors	485	487	485	487	—2
113	114⅜	500	Gen. Motors pf.	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	— ⅜
71	72	2,300	Goodrich (B.F.) Co.	73	73⅜	72	72¼	— ½
124	124¼	2,000	Great Northern pf.	124½	124½	124	124	— ½
47⅝	47⅞	1,900	G. N. Cfs. ore prop.	48⅞	48⅞	47⅞	47⅞	— ⅞
22⅞	22⅞	800	Guggenheim Exp.	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞	— ½
45¼	45⅜	11,100	Inspiration Copper	46⅜	46⅜	45⅛	45⅜	— ⅞
18⅞	19	3,200	Interboro Consol.	19⅜	19⅜	18⅞	18⅞	— ¼
74½	74½	1,350	Interboro Con. pf.	76¼	76¼	74½	74½	—1
23	23½	500	Int. Agricultural	23½	23½	23	23	—1
60	60½	1,900	Int. Agricul. pf.	63	63½	58	60	—3
109⅝	110	400	Int. Harv., N. J.	110	110	110	110	— ½
21⅛	21⅜	22,600	Int. Mer. Mar. t. r.	21⅞	22¼	21	21⅛	— ⅞
80⅜	80⅜	56,100	Int. M. M. t. r. pf.	82⅜	82⅜	80¼	80⅜	—2½
211½	212	1,610	Int. Nick. v. tr. cfs.	215½	215½	210	212	—4⅛
109½	111¼	35	Int.N. pf. v. t.r. cfs.	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
49	49½	200	Int. Paper pf.	49½	49½	49½	49½	+ ⅜
29	29¼	1,000	Kan. City South.	30	30	29	29	—1
62	64	900	Kan. City So. pf.	62⅞	63	62	63	—1
3	4½	100	Keokuk & Des M.	3½	3½	3½	3½	...
81½	81¾	1,200	Lackawanna Steel	82	82	81	81½	—1
79½	79⅝	3,300	Lehigh Valley	80	80	79¼	79½	— ¼
119½	...	100	Liggett & Myers pf.	120	120	120	120	+ ½
16	20	100	Loose-Wiles Bisc.	20	20	20	20	—1
...	180	100	Lorillard (P.) Co.	179¼	179¼	179¼	179¼	...
116	...	100	Lorillard (P.)Co. pf.	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛	+ ⅛
128½	130¼	100	Louisv. & Nashv.	129	129	129	129	+ ½
65½	66⅛	1,300	Maxwell Motors	66⅜	67	65¼	65¼	—1½
88⅝	88⅞	100	Maxw. Mtrs. 1st pf.	88½	88½	88½	88½	— ¼
52⅝	53	300	Maxw. Mtrs. 2d pf.	53⅛	53⅛	52⅝	52⅝	— ½
112⅞	112⅞	15,800	Mexican Petroleum	114⅞	115⅞	112½	112⅞	—2
37⅜	38	1,300	Miami Copper	37⅞	38	37⅜	37⅜	— ½
8	9	100	Minn. & St. L.	8½	8½	8½	8½	— ½
21	23	200	Minn. & St. L. pf.	22	22	21½	21½	+ ½
75	80	200	M., S.P.&S.S.M. lsd.	75	75	75	75	...
6¼	6⅝	100	Mo., Kan. & Tex.	6½	6½	6⅜	6¼	— ⅛
5¼	5⅝	800	Missouri Pacific	5⅞	5⅞	5½	5⅜	— ½
5⅝	5⅞	700	Mo. Pac. tr. rcts.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	— ½
120¼	124	400	Natl. Biscuit Co.	120⅞	120⅞	120⅜	120⅜	—2¼
81	83	100	Natl. Clk. & Suit.	81	81	81	81	— ½
27	27½	200	Natl. En. & Stpg.	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ¼
92	95	100	Natl. En. & Stpg. pf.	92	92	92	92	— ½
72¼	72½	19,400	Natl. Lead Co.	71¼	73⅞	71	72¼	+1
8¾	9	200	Nat. Rys. Mex. 2d pf.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	...
15⅝	15⅞	900	Nev. Con. Copper	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	...
150½	151	7,810	N. Y. Air Brake	150⅝	152½	149⅝	150½	...
110⅞	111	9,300	N. Y. Central	111¼	111¼	110⅝	110⅞	+ ¼
45	45½	5	N. Y., Chgo. & St.L.	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	44⅞	+ ⅛
74¼	74½	500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	74½	74½	74¼	74¼	...
28½	29	400	N. Y., Ont. & West.	28⅜	28⅜	28¼	28¼	+ ½
119	119½	2,000	Norfolk & Western	119⅜	119⅜	119	119	— ⅞
71⅞	72	1,000	North American	72⅜	72⅜	72	72	— ½
115½	115⅜	1,100	Northern Pacific	115⅞	115⅞	115⅜	115⅜	— ⅝
9⅛	9½	3,500	Ontario Mining	9¼	10	9¼	9½	+ ¼
12	12½	2,600	Pacific Mail	12	12	12	12	...
41	42½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	41½	41½	41½	41½	...
58	58½	4,700	Pennsylvania R. R.	58⅝	58⅝	58	58	—i
109	109½	1,600	People's Gas, Chgo.	110	110½	109	109	...
43	44	400	Philadelphia Co.	43	43	42⅝	42⅝	— ½
34	35	200	Pittsburgh Coal	34⅞	35	34⅞	35	—1⅜
107	108	300	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	107⅝	107⅝	107⅛	107⅜	...
58	59	1,300	Pressed Steel Car	59	59⅛	58	58	+ ⅜
167½	169½	810	Pullman Co.	168¼	168¼	168	168	—1
5½	6	11,800	Quicksilver	5⅜	6⅜	5⅛	5½	+ ¼
6	6½	4,300	Quicksilver pf.	6	7⅛	6	6½	+ ½
24⅝	24⅞	700	Ry. Cons. Copper	24⅞	24⅞	24⅜	24⅝	+ ¼
81⅝	81¾	2,900	Reading	82	82⅛	81⅝	81⅞	+ ⅜
43	44⅛	11	Reading 2d pf.	43	43	43	43	...
51¼	51½	600	Repub. I. & S.	51¼	52	51¼	51¼	...
108⅛	108⅞	100	Repub. I. & S. pf.	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞	— ¼
¾	⅞	150	Rock Island pf.	¾	¾	¾	¾	+ ⅜
5½	6	100	St. L. & San Fran.	5½	5½	5½	5½	...
17⅞	18	50	Seaboard Air Line	18	18	18	18	— ½
39¼	39⅞	600	Seabd. Air Line pf.	40⅛	40⅜	39½	39½	—1
183	184	100	Sears, Roeb'k & Co.	184	184	184	184	...
59½	60	400	Sloss-Sheffld. S.& I.	60	60¼	59	59½	—1
101⅝	101⅞	3,425	Southern Pacific	102	102¼	101⅝	101⅝	— ⅝
145	150	200	So. Pto. Rico Sugar	150	150	150	150	...
22⅞	22⅞	1,400	Southern Railway	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞	— ¼
63	63½	700	Southern Ry. pf.	63⅝	63⅝	63	63	—1
153⅜	154½	2,900	Studebaker Co.	154¾	155⅞	153⅛	154⅜	— ⅞
59	59½	4,800	Tennessee Copper	60	60¼	58⅛	59¼	—1⅛
215¼	216	9,700	Texas Co.	223	229¾	212	215	—7⅝
61	61½	600	Third Av.	61⅝	61⅝	61	61½	— ⅛
110	113	100	Underw'd Typwr. pf.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	+ ½
7¼	8	100	Union Bag. & Papr.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
136⅜	137	4,000	Union Pacific	137⅛	137⅛	136⅞	136⅞	— ⅜
9½	9⅝	50	United Cigar Stores	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ½
11⅜	11⅞	100	United Cgr. Strs. pf.	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	...
67	71⅜	140	United Dry Gds. pf.	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜	71⅜	...
139	139½	1,800	United Fruit Co.	140¼	140¼	138	139	+ ⅞
18¼	20	400	United Rys. Inv.	19½	20	19½	20	—1
35½	36½	100	United Rys. Inv. pf.	37	37	37	37	+ ½
50	51½	200	U. S. C.I.Pipe&Fdy.	51	51	51	51	+1
148½	149	53,200	U. S. Ind. Alcohol	147	152¼	145¼	148½	+3
106	112	400	U. S. Ind. Alco. pf.	111⅝	113	111⅝	113	+3
2	2¼	100	U. S. Red. & Ref.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ¼
55¼	55½	1,800	U. S. Rubber	55⅜	55⅜	55	55¼	— ⅛
107⅞	108	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf.	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	...
85	85¼	63,100	U. S. Steel	85⅞	85⅞	84⅞	85⅛	+ ½
117⅜	117⅝	1,812	U. S. Steel pf.	117⅝	117⅝	117⅜	117⅜	+ ⅛
78⅜	78⅝	2,000	Utah Copper	78⅝	78⅝	78¼	78⅜	...
49	49⅛	3,500	Va.-Carolina Chem.	49⅝	50⅛	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅛
16	16¼	900	Wabash	16¼	16¼	15⅞	16	—1½
47⅞	48	900	Wabash pf A.	47⅞	48	47⅞	47⅞	— ⅜
31	31¼	6,000	Wabash pf B.	31⅜	31⅜	31	31	— ⅜
29¼	30	300	Western Maryland	30¼	30½	30¼	30¼	— ¼
90⅞	91	405	West. Union Tel.	91	91⅛	90⅞	91	...
67½	67⅝	41,400	Westingh'se E.& M.	67⅝	68⅜	67⅛	67⅝	...
2¾	3	200	Wheel'g & Lake Erie	3	3	2⅝	2⅝	+ ¼
9	11	400	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	12⅝	12⅝	11	11	—2
3½	4	100	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	...
120	122	100	Woolw'th (F.W.) Co.	120	120	120	120	—1

PAY ROCK ISLAND INTEREST

Court Orders New Certificates to Meet Old Ones Maturing.

Jacob M. Dickinson as receiver of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway Company was authorized yesterday by Judge Hough in the Federal District Court to pay the interest on $2,500,000 of receiver's certificates, which matured on Jan. 3, and to sell new certificates of the same face value to pay off the old ones. These new certificates will bear 5 per cent. interest and will mature in July.

These new certificates and the debt secured thereby, Judge Hough ruled, are to have the same rights as the certificates for $1,494,000, which were authorized on April 29 last year. They are, however, to rank before the $500,000 receiver's certificates authorized on Sept. 15, 1915.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Tin	41.00	..	41.00	..
Lead	5.90	..	5.90	..
Spelter	18.75	..	18.50	..
Antimony	42.00	43.00	42.00	43.00
Quicksilver	$225.00	..	$200.00	..
Aluminium	*53.00	55.00	*53.00	55.00
Iron, No. 2 X fdy.	19.50	20.00	19.50	20.00

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 24¼@24½c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Wednesday. £ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	85 15 0	85 15 0
Copper, futures	85 7 0	85 10 0
Tin, spot	175 0 0	178 10 0
Tin, futures	175 0 0	174 10 0
Spelter	88 0 0	88 0 0
Lead	30 15 0	29 17 6

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Steel Men Need Not Worry.

The employe of the Steel Corporation who subscribes to common stock at $85 a share under the profit-sharing plan is sure of a good return on his money even though no dividend should be paid. A bonus of $5 a share per year for the next five years will be distributed to those who take up the stock, which amounts to an annual income of close to 6 per cent. on the purchase price. If a dividend should be added to this return it is clear that the offering price is reasonable enough, considered from the income point of view. Two years ago the bonus on the profit-sharing stock was $3.50 a share for the common and $5 a share for the preferred. The bonus is paid at the end of the year. If an employe's stock is fully paid for he receives the extra payment in cash by applying to the Treasurer of the subsidiary concern for which he works, and if full payment has not been made, the $5 per share is credited to his account as part payment for his shares.

The Figments of a Dream.

When steel manufacturers find time to look in retrospect over the last twelve months they express amazement at what has happened. A year ago next week the Steel Corporation passed its common stock dividend, and mills the country over were operating at less than 40 per cent. of capacity. The future looked dark. True, the companies were doing better than they had a month before, but orders were decidedly laggard in making their appearance. The makers of shells for the Allies had not yet begun to arrange for their requirements, and they did not enter the market until the early Spring. When this sort of business began to expend the upturn at the blast furnace, blooming and rolling mills was rapid. In a year the steel trade has passed from part time to overtime, and even with the overtime incoming business is pressing so hard that orders for thousands of tons have to be turned away weekly.

A Handicap on Manufacturing.

The shortage of ocean tonnage is embarrassing to numerous manufacturers who import much of their raw material. It is understood that the Pennsylvania Steel Company, whose main ore bodies are in Cuba, has decided to build two new ore freighters to handle their own material, and other concerns are hesitating at a step of the same order because of the present high cost of ship construction. One problem to be considered is the effect the war's end might have on the shipping situation. Companies whose need of extra bottoms is urgent are held back from the shipbuilding market because of the possibility of an excess of tonnage before their new boats could be available.

Industrial Alcohol.

About 53,000 shares of Industrial Alcohol stock changed hands yesterday on an advancing scale, notwithstanding the fact that the general list was weak. There are only 120,000 shares of stock outstanding, and sales for two days have totaled 94,000 shares. Yesterday's activity carried the price up to 152, but the close was made at 148½, which reduced the day's net gain to three points. The rise has been accompanied by all sorts of rumors, most of them without any better foundation than the strength in the issue. The company is doing very well, owing to the high price of alcohol and the great demand for it in the manufacture of powder, but the rate at which the stock has risen, from 15 a year ago to 150, has led to a suspicion that traders have taken advantage of the limited floating supply of stock to engineer a rise that might have come about eventually on the strength of the company's earnings, but which probably would have been much more gradual.

The Market as a Barometer.

The same men who profess indifference to the daily movement of stock prices admit that if considered in the right way, which may be over a period varying with the prophetic vision of the estimator, there is no other barometer of business conditions that is nearly as trustworthy as the ticker. The day-to-day fluctuations may be considered the reflection of particular incidents, but the general course of prices seems to have an uncanny habit of forecasting the slower movements of trade.

Southern Railway Financing.

The Southern Railway must meet $5,000,000 5 per cent. notes on Feb. 1. It was announced yesterday that these notes would be paid off in cash. A large amount of the money will be taken directly from the Southern Railway's treasury and the balance will be extended by J. P. Morgan & Co., bankers for the railway. There will be no public financing. Later on, it is believed, the Southern will announce permanent financing which will also provide for the $10,000,000 notes due March 2, 1917. The remarkable saving in the Southern's operating department in the last five months will come in good stead now. While gross revenues in this period showed only nominal improvement, the net earnings increased by $2,500,000, or sufficient to provide for half of the indebtedness which which must be met.

Practical Railroading.

The New Haven Railroad, which tries to keep in close touch with the farmers along its lines, has sent out a bulletin about the terrible brown-tail moths. Farmers are advised to burn the brown-tail caterpillar nests before the February thaw. A good day to get rid of these pests, according to the circular, is on Jan. 22. Another date of importance is Feb. 19, when the egg clusters of tent-caterpillars should be scraped from apple, plum, and peach trees. Says the bulletin of Edward G. Riggs, Executive Assistant to Chairman Elliott: "It would be well if all owners of property, upon which are fruit and oak and pine trees, would mark these dates on their calanders."

GOOD YEAR FOR MORTGAGES

Guaranteed Company Reports No Losses and 8 Per Cent. Dividend.

John E. Eustis, President of the Guaranteed Mortgage Company of New York, reports for the year 1915 the sale of 394,050 mortgages, a net gain in the number of guaranteed mortgages outstanding of 171,525, and net earnings of $33,768. Dividends of 8 per cent. were paid on the $300,000 of stock. Concerning the situation of the mortgage companies, Mr. Eustis says:

"The year 1915 may be set down as a favorable one for New York City mortgage companies. At the outset it seemed likely to bring us many troubles, but the troubles have not been realized. The volume of business has been about the same as in the previous year; the total amount of mortgages recorded in all the boroughs was 7 per cent. less than in 1914. We have secured reductions of the principal of many of our mortgages which matured during the year, have made no losses, have now no foreclosed real estate on hand, have collected all interest as it came due except in eleven cases, and are able to report an increase in our net earnings, in dividends paid and in the annual amount added to undivided profits."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Jan. 19	$4,067,000
Same day last year	3,867,000
Year to date	75,506,500
Same period last year	33,492,000
Average price and change 40 bonds	87.05 + .04
Same day last year	83.35 + .22

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	87.05 Jan. 19	86.68 Jan. 3
Same period last year	83.35 Jan. 20	81.51 Jan. 2
Year 1915	87.62 Nov. 24	81.54 Jan. 2
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 13

U S 2s, reg
10,000 ... 99⅝
Anglo-Fr 5s, tem b
2,000 ... 95½
500 ... 95⅝
38,000 ... 95½
500 ... 95⅝
500 ... 95⅝
47,000 ... 95½
500 ... 95½
2,000 ... 95⅝
51,000 ... 95½
500 ... 95⅝
12,000 ... 95½
51,000 ... 95⅝
11,000 ... 95½
500 ... 95⅝
3,000 ... 95½
20,000 ... 95⅝
15,000 ... 95½
Jap Gov 4½s, ster loan, 2d Ser, German stamp
5,000s30f ... 73⅝
8,000s30f ... 73½
1,000 ... 73⅝
12,000 ... 73½
38,000 ... 73½
5,000s30f ... 73¼
5,000s30f ... 73⅝
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904
10,000 ... 98⅝
N Y State 4½s
5,000 ... 112⅝
4s, 1961
1,000 ... 102½
N Y City 3½s, Nov, 1954
1,000 ... 87½
4s, 1958
4,000 ... 98⅝
4s, 1959
1,000 ... 98¼
4¼s, 1960
5,600 ... 101⅛
4¼s, 1964
3,000 ... 101⅝
4½s, May, 1957
1,000 ... 106¼
4½s, 1963
1,000 ... 106⅜
4½s, 1965
1,000 ... 106⅜
Alaska Gold M cv deb 6s
3,000 ... 115⅝
2,000 ... 115
Am Ag Ch deb 5s
1,000 ... 98
Am Cotton Oil 5s
2,000 ... 96¼
Am Sm Secur 6s
10,000 ... 113
Am T & T col 4s
2,000 ... 91¾
26,000 ... 91⅞
5,000 ... 92⅛
1,000 ... 92
conv 4½s
10,000 ... 107⅝
1,000 ... 107¼
1,000 ... 107⅝
24,000 ... 107½
Am Wr Paper 5s
12,000 ... 70½
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000 ... 94¼
10,000 ... 94½
6,000 ... 94¼
At, Top & S Fe gen 4s
2,000 ... 94⅜
12,000s30f ... 94⅜
10,000 ... 94½
25,000 ... 94⅜
35,000 ... 94¼
1,000 ... 94⅜
adj 4s, stpd
18,000 ... 87½
500 ... 87¼
1,000s30f ... 87½
registered
1,000 ... 86½
conv 4s, 1955
5,000 ... 106⅜
5,000 ... 106½
conv 4s, 1960
2,000 ... 106¼
10,000 ... 106⅜
5,000 ... 106⅜
At, T & S Fe 5s
4,000 ... 101⅝
25,000 ... 101½
Eastn Okla 4s
8,000 ... 96
Trans S L 4s
5,000 ... 90⅝
Atl C Line 1st 4s
1,000 ... 94
B & O pr lien 3½s
7,000 ... 93½
7,000 ... 93⅝
10,000 ... 93½
10,000 ... 93⅝
gold 4s
6,000 ... 92¼
2,000 ... 92⅜
3,000 ... 92¼
1,000 ... 92⅛
registered
1,000 ... 89¼
conv 4½s
12,000 ... 98¼
5,000 ... 98⅜
10,000 ... 98½
10,000 ... 98⅜
17,000 ... 98½
11,000 ... 98⅝
P, Lake E & W Va 4s
4,000 c ... 90
13,000 ... 89⅝
S W Div 3½s
23,000 ... 92⅝
B R T gold 5s
1,000 ... 103⅛
5s, 1918
5,000 ... 100⅝
Bush Term 5s
1,000 ... 88
Bush Term Bldgs gtd 5s
1,000 ... 88
3,000 ... 87½
1,000 ... 88
Cal Gas & El 5s
5,000 ... 98¼
1,000 ... 98
C of Ga Ry con 5s
3,000 ... 101⅝
1,000 ... 101½
12,000 ... 101⅝
Cent Leather 5s
6,000 ... 101⅝
2,000 ... 101¼
12,000 ... 101⅝
C of N J gen 5s
2,000 ... 116½
7,000s30f ... 116½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
1,000 ... 90⅝
6,000s30f ... 90⅝
18,000 ... 90⅝
14,000s30f ... 90½
gtd 3½s
2,000s5f ... 90
1,000 ... 90
C R R & Bkg Co of Ga col 5s
13,000 ... 97
C & O gen 4½s
5,000 ... 92⅜
15,000 ... 92½
conv 4½s
10,000 ... 89
10,000 ... 88¾
5,000s30f ... 88⅜
5,000 ... 88⅝
29,000 ... 88⅝
18,000 ... 89
3,000 ... 88⅞
42,000 ... 88⅝
C, B & Q gen 4s
1,000 ... 92⅞
4,000 ... 93
1,000 ... 92⅞
joint 4s
135,000 ... 98¼
25,000 ... 98⅜
Nebr Ext 4s
3,000 ... 98¼

Ill Div 3½s
1,000 ... 86⅛
1,000 ... 86⅝
Chi & E Ill gen 5s
1,000 ... 82½
4,000 ... 82½
ctfs of dep, stpd
5,000 ... 79¼
Chi Gt Wn 4s
2,000 ... 72½
60,000 ... 72⅝
2,000 ... 72⅞
2,000 ... 72⅝
Chi, M & St P 4s, 1934
7,000 ... 92⅝
2,000s30f ... 92⅝
gen 4½s
2,000 ... 102⅞
conv 4½s
3,000 ... 102⅞
10,000 ... 103
5,000 ... 102⅞
24,000 ... 102½
conv 5s, Ser B
3,000 ... 109⅝
500 ... 109⅝
3,000 ... 109⅝
6,000 ... 109½
Chi & N W, St L, Peo & N W 5s
2,000 ... 108⅝
Chi Rys 5s
10,000 ... 97⅝
C, R I & P gen 4s
23,000 ... 84½
6,000s30f ... 84¼
1,000 ... 84½
Chi, R I & P Ry ref 4s
17,000 ... 65
18,000 ... 64⅝
3,000 ... 64½
1,000 ... 64¾
2,000s30f ... 64½
5,000 ... 64½
5,000s30f ... 64⅝
5,000 ... 64
10,000s30f ... 63⅝
deb 5s, ctfs of deposit
20,000 ... 42½
Chi, St L & N O gold 5s
3,000 ... 108
1,000 ... 109
Chi, St P, M & O deb 5s
1,000 ... 102⅝
Chi & W Ind con 4s
25,000 ... 80
6,000 ... 81
Chile Copper 7s
5,000 ... 132¼
5,000 ... 132⅝
Cleve, C, C & St L deb 4½s
1,000 ... 87
St L div 4s
5,000 ... 80
Cleve Sh Line 4½s
4,000 ... 100½
Col F & I gen 5s
3,000 ... 95
Col & So 1st 4s
7,000 ... 91½
Comp-Tab-Rec s f 6s
1,000 ... 83⅝
1,000 ... 83½
Conn Ry & Lgt 1st & ref 4½s
2,000 ... 99¼
Corn Prod Ref s f 5s, 1931
8,000 ... 99
1934
3,000 ... 96¾
Con Gas conv 6s
5,000 ... 125¼
Consol Coal, Md 1st ref 5s
1,000 ... 93
Cuban-Am Sub col tr 6s
1,000 ... 102¼
Cumberland Tel 5s
5,000 ... 99½
Del & Hudson deb 4s, 1916
10,000 ... 100½
lien eqpt 4½s
1,000 ... 100⅞
conv 5s, sub rcts, full paid
35,000 ... 107⅞
5,000 ... 107⅝
30,000 ... 107½
Den & R G con 4s
3,000s30f ... 78½
imp 5s
4,000s30f ... 81
1st & ref 5s
10,000 ... 56⅜
20,000 ... 56½
6,000 ... 56⅜
1,000 ... 57
1,000 ... 57¼
3,000 ... 57⅝
Det River Tun 4½s
2,000 ... 94
Dis Sec Corp 5s
15,000 ... 71½
7,000 ... 71¾
2,000 ... 71⅝
7,000 ... 71⅝
21,000 ... 71½
1,000 ... 71⅝
20,000 ... 71⅝
2,000 ... 71⅞
10,000 ... 71⅝
4,000 ... 71⅝
9,000 ... 71⅝
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
9,000 ... 102⅞
East Tenn V & G con 5s
4,000 ... 105½
Elg J & E 1st 5s
3,000 ... 103
Erie 1st con 7s
3,000 ... 110⅝
1st con 4s
9,000 ... 85⅝
2,000 ... 85⅜
8,000 ... 85⅝
9,000 ... 85½
1st gen 4s
2,000 ... 76⅜
4,000 ... 76⅞
1,000 ... 77
registered
1,000 ... 76½
conv 4s, Ser A
10,000 ... 72¼
2,000 ... 72⅛
5,000 ... 72¼
5,000 ... 72
Series B
15,000 ... 82
Fla East Coast Ry 1st 4½s
10,000 ... 93¼
Gen Elec deb 5s
1,000 ... 104⅜
1,000 ... 104¼
Ga & Ala 1st con 5s
1,000 ... 103⅝
Granby Con conv 6s, Series A
10,000 ... 107⅝
stamped
10,000 ... 107¼
3,000 ... 107¼
Gt Falls Pow s f 5s
2,000 ... 99⅝
1,000 ... 99⅝
Gt Nor ref 4½s
15,000 ... 99⅞
Hock Val 1st 4½s
1,000s30f ... 98¼
Hudson & Man 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
3,000 ... 74
4,000 ... 78⅞
adj inc 5s
26,000 ... 30⅝
5,000 ... 30⅝
2,000 ... 30⅝
2,500 ... 30⅝
Ill Cen ref 4s
35,000 ... 89½
Ill Cen & Chi St L & N O jt 5s ser A
10,000 ... 102⅝

Ill Steel 4½s
3,000 ... 91½
1,000s30f ... 91½
4,000 ... 91⅝
5,000 ... 91⅝
Ind Steel 5s
5,000 ... 101⅝
2,000 ... 101½
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000 ... 75⅝
10,000 ... 75⅝
Int Rap Tr 1st & ref 5s
2,000 ... 99⅝
8,000 ... 99½
1,000 ... 99⅝
2,000 ... 99½
3,000 ... 99⅝
registered
5,000 ... 99⅛
Int Agr Corp col trust 5s
5,000 ... 78⅝
Int Mer Mar col tr 4½s ctfs of deposit
20,000 ... 100⅜
21,000 ... 100½
45,000 ... 100¾
10,000 ... 100½
10,000 ... 100⅝
52,000 ... 100
Int Paper con 5s
3,000 ... 83
6s
14,000 ... 102
Iowa Cen ref 4s
1,000 ... 53½
K C Ft S & M 4s
10,000s30f ... 76½
5,000 ... 76½
Kan City So 5s
1,000 ... 94
5,000 ... 93⅝
Kan City Term 4s
10,000 ... 85⅝
5,000 ... 87
Lack Steel 5s 1923
1,000 ... 98¼
2,000 ... 98⅝
5s 1950
10,000 ... 95½
5,000 ... 95⅝
1,000 ... 95⅝
5,000 ... 96
8,000 ... 95⅝
7,000 ... 96
Laclede G L of S L ref & ex 5s
1,000 ... 101
L S & M So 3½s
1,000 ... 85
4s 1928
41,000 ... 95
1931
21,000 ... 94⅝
L V of Penn con 4s
3,000 ... 91⅝
1,000 ... 92½
Liggett & My 7s
2,000 ... 126
registered
1,000 ... 124⅝
L I gen 4s
4,000 ... 87
L I ref 4s
7,000 ... 87⅝
1,000 ... 87½
deb 5s
2,000 ... 97
Lorillard Co 7s
10,000 ... 126
5s
15,000 ... 101
Lou & Nash uni 4s
10,000 ... 94⅝
Mex Pet 1st ref con 6s Ser A
1,000 ... 115
Mich Cen deb 4s
6,000 ... 89
Mich State T 5s
1,000 ... 100¼
Minn & S L 1st & ref 4s
8,000 ... 54½
M St P & S S M 1st con 4s
10,000 ... 93½
Mo Kan & Ok 1st 5s
2,000 ... 66
M K & T 1st 4s
8,000 ... 78½
7,000 ... 78⅝
s f 4½s
3,000 ... 42
1,000 ... 42¼
1st & ref 4s
3,000 ... 52½
M K & T of T 5s
1,000 ... 68
Mo P 1st con 6s
1,000 ... 100¼
34,000 ... 100¼
12,000 ... 100⅝
Mo Pac 4s
7,000 ... 44½
Tr Co ctfs
1,000 ... 44½
Mo Pac con 5s
10,000 ... 45½
1,500 ... 45
Mont Pow 5s ser A
2,000 ... 96¼
5,000 ... 96⅜
N Y C deb 6s
2,000 ... 117⅞
2,000 ... 117¼
27,000 ... 117½
37,000 ... 117¼
73,000 ... 117⅜
500 ... 117⅝
500 ... 117⅜
100,000 ... 117½
52,000 ... 117⅜
20,000 ... 117¼
50,000 ... 117⅜
3,000 ... 117⅜
deb 4s 1934
4,000 ... 92⅝
ref & imp 4½s Series A
5,000 ... 94⅜
2,000 ... 94½
2,000s10f ... 94⅜
5,000 ... 94⅜
4,000 ... 94⅜
L S col 3½s
1,000 ... 78⅝
N Y N H & H con deb 6s
10,000 ... 115⅝
registered
1,000 ... 115⅝
N Y, O & W ref 4s
3,000 ... 81½
N Y Tel 4½s
5,000s30f ... 98⅝
N Y Rys ref 4s
2,000 ... 74⅜
4,000 ... 74⅞
47,000 ... 75
adj 5s
12,000 ... 58
6,000 ... 58⅛
6,000 ... 58
22,000 ... 58¼
6,000 ... 57½
5,000 ... 57½
6,000 ... 57½
31,000 ... 57⅝
N Y Tel 4½s
17,000 ... 98¼
1,000 ... 98⅜
5,000 ... 98⅜
N Y West & Bos 4½s
1,000 ... 81⅝
Nor & West ext 6s
1,000 ... 121
gen 6s
1,000 ... 119⅝
6,000s30f ... 119⅝
con 4s
10,000 ... 93⅜
10,000 ... 93¼
10-20 con 4s
1,000 ... 119¼
con 4½s
30,000 ... 116⅝
N & W divisl 4s
7,000 ... 90
New River 6s
11,000 ... 120
Nor Pacific 4s
7,000s30f ... 93⅜
9,000 ... 93⅜
10,000 ... 93¼
1,000 ... 93¼
16,000 ... 93¼

Nor Pacific 3s
3,000 ... 66
15,000 ... 65⅞
12,000 ... 65⅝
Ontario P Co 1st s f 5s
1,000 ... 95
2,000 ... 94⅛
Ore R & N con 4s
2,000 ... 92
1,000 ... 91⅝
Oreg S L 1st 6s
1,000 ... 106½
gtd ref 4s
3,000 ... 93½
20,000 ... 93⅜
10,000 ... 93½
2,000 ... 93⅜
Oreg-W R R & N 1st & ref 4s
5,000s30f ... 87
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
3,000 ... 100½
1,000 ... 100⅜
1,000 ... 100⅜
Penn 4s, 1948
7,000 ... 100
Penn R R con 4½s
15,000 ... 106⅜
11,000 ... 106
gen 4½s, tem c
8,000 ... 101⅝
15,000 ... 101½
1,000 ... 101⅝
1,000 ... 101½
Peo & E 1st 4s
5,000 ... 68½
15,000 ... 70
P, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser J
5,000 ... 101½
Pub Serv C s f 5s
3,000 ... 90¼
Reading gen 4s
1,000 ... 95¼
4,000 ... 95½
1,000 ... 95⅝
4,000 ... 95½
Rep Iron & S s f 5s, 1940
5,000 ... 96⅝
R I, Ark & L 4½s
3,000s30f ... 55
St L I M & So gen 5s
6,000 ... 102
unify & ref 4s
26,000 ... 78⅝
36,000 ... 78½
Riv & Gulf 4s
10,000 ... 73
St L S W 2d inc 4s
1,000 ... 62⅞
1st term 5s
2,000 ... 66
5,000 ... 65
St P, M & M 4½s
9,000s30f ... 103
Seab A L adj 5s
5,000s30f ... 69⅞
2,000 ... 69⅞
1,000 ... 69⅛
1,000 ... 69⅝
gold 4s, stpd
2,000 ... 83
So Pac col 4s
2,000 ... 87¼
500 ... 87
1,000s30f ... 87
5,000 ... 87½
conv 4s
25,000 ... 89⅝
17,000 ... 89⅛
105,000 ... 89⅜
conv 5s
11,000 ... 107¼
10,000s6f ... 107¼
5,000 ... 107⅝
500 ... 107
96,000 ... 107¼
43,000 ... 107⅛
500 ... 106⅝
1st ref 4s
23,000 ... 90⅝
San Fr Ter 4s
2,000 ... 85⅝
1,000 ... 85½
Southn Ry gen 4s
3,000 ... 72
23,000 ... 72¼
1,000 ... 72⅝
26,000 ... 72¼
5,000 ... 72⅜
St L Div 4s
1,000 ... 88
St G & E con 6s
1,000 ... 101⅛
Std Milling 1st 5s
5,000 ... 97
Tenn C I & H gen 5s
1,000 ... 102⅞
13,000 ... 102¼
4,000 ... 102⅝
Birm div 6s
4,000 ... 101⅝
Tex Co con 6s
19,000 ... 105¼
Tex & P 1st 5s
4,000 ... 95¼
3d Av adj 5s
4,000 ... 81⅝
2,000 ... 81½
29,000 ... 81½
3,000 ... 81½
3,000 ... 81⅝
Tol P & W 4s
1,000 ... 61
Tol S L & W 4s
7,000 ... 59
U P 1st 4s
4,000 ... 97⅞
3,000s6f ... 98
con 4s
2,000 ... 93⅜
5,000 ... 93⅛
24,000 ... 94
Un Rail of S F 4s
25,000 ... 46½
1,000 ... 46½
1,000 ... 46
U S R & I 5s
5,000 ... 72½
U S Rubber 6s
3,000 ... 103⅛
U S Steel sinking fund 5s
6,000 ... 104½
4,000 ... 104⅜
50,000 ... 104½
50,000 ... 104⅜
60,000 ... 104½
1,000 ... 104¼
5,000 ... 104½
1,000 ... 104⅛
19,000 ... 104⅜
15,000 ... 104½
registered
500 ... 104⅝
500 ... 104⅜
500 ... 105
5,000s30f ... 104½
Va Car Ch 1st 5s
6,000 ... 99
Va-Car Chem con deb 6s
2,000 ... 102⅞
Vir Ry 1st 5s
11,000 ... 98¼
4,000 ... 98⅜
Va Ry & Pr 5s
17,000 ... 91
Wabash 1st 5s
3,000s30f ... 104
2d 5s
17,000 ... 99½
5,000 ... 99⅜
Wab P Ter 1st 4s
10,000 ... 4½
Cen Tr ctfs
23,000 ... 3½
Col Tr ctfs for Cen tr ctfs
130,000 ... 3⅛
Wab P T 2d 4s
20,000 ... ⅝
West Elec 5s
1,000 ... 102⅝
2,000 ... 102⅝
West Md 4s
10,000 ... 72
West Shore 4s
1,000 ... 92½
W Un fd & r e 4½s
1,000 ... 95⅜
Westing E & M con 6s
9,000 ... 136⅝

BUCKNER N. Y. TRUST HEAD.

O. T. Bannard Chairman of the Board of the New Institution.

After a service of twenty-three years as President of the Continental Trust Company, now merged in the New York Trust Company, Otto T. Bannard resigned yesterday, to assume a newly created position as Chairman of the Board and of the Executive Committee. He will continue in the active administration of the company's affairs.

Mortimer N. Buckner, who began work under Mr. Bannard in the Continental Trust Company as an office boy at $6 a week, was elected President of the New York Trust Company. He has been fourteen years in going through the various departments. James Dodd was promoted from Treasurer to a Vice Presidency, succeeding Mr. Buckner in that capacity, and Charles E. Haydock was appointed Treasurer. Harry Forsyth was made Assistant Treasurer and Joseph A. Flynn an Assistant Secretary. The present company grew out of a merger of the Continental Trust Company with the New York Security and Trust Company in 1904.

The growth of the Metropolitan Trust Company's business, since the election of George C. Van Tuyl as President, resulted yesterday in the election of an additional Vice President for that institution. The new officer is James F. McNamara.

Two vacancies of the Board of the Guaranty Trust Company were filled by the election of Caleb C. Dula, President of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Company, and Albert Strauss of the firm of J. & W. Seligman & Co.

The Directorate of the Pacific Bank was increased yesterday from fourteen to eighteen members through the election of Lewis L. Clarke, President of the American Exchange National Bank; Frederick C. Buswell, Vice President of the Home Life Insurance Company; John T. Terry, a Director of the American Exchange National, and Francis M. Masters. The election of Messrs. Clarke and Terry was another step in the linking of interests between the American Exchange National and the Public Bank.

Guy T. Scott, Vice President of the Continental Trust Company of Washington, was elected a Director of the Hudson Trust Company.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	110	115	110	115
American Cigar pf.	99	101	99	101
MacAndrews & F.	140	145	140	145
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	100½	99	101
Conley Foil	350	380	350	380
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	215	220	212	220
R. J. Reynolds	470	485	470	485
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	120	122	120	122
Johnson Tin F. & M.	155	170	155	170
J. S. Young	155	170	155	170

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Y'r.
Customs receipts	$7,953,883	$105,024,842
Ord. int. rev. receipts	17,508,016	207,659,242
Income tax	857,981	15,894,194
Miscellaneous	3,442,711	24,896,549
Total receipts	29,762,592	353,474,828
Excess of ord. dis. over ordinary receipts	12,437,852	60,438,895
Excess of total dis. over total receipts	9,669,150	57,128,938
Expenditures	42,200,444	413,913,723

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(Old and New Stock)
Bought, Sold and Quoted
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DICK'S L. I. R. R. SUIT IS SOON TO BE TRIED

President Peters's Testimony, Taken in Last Six Months, Filed with Court.

CASE ON JAN. 26 CALENDAR

Minority Shareholders Seek Order to Cancel Indebtedness to the Pennsylvania.

The suit of E. R. Dick, of Dick Brothers & Co., and other minority stockholders of the Long Island Railroad, against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and its Directors, for an accounting of expenditures made on the Long Island road since 1910, has been put upon the calendar for Jan. 26. The case, it is expected, will be reached early next month.

The complete testimony of Ralph Peters, President of the Long Island Railroad, was filed yesterday by Kellog & Rose, attorneys for Dick Brothers & Co., with the County Clerk. This testimony, which was taken in the last six months, makes nearly 400 printed pages, and supplements the testimony of Vice President Tatnall of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which was filed on Tuesday.

On the basis of the testimony taken before trial, it was learned yesterday the attorneys for the plaintiff will seek to get an order whereby all of the Long Island Railroad's indebtedness to the Pennsylvania Railroad in the form of notes and debenture bonds amounting to about $27,000,000 will be canceled. It will be averred that this indebtedness should be written off to offset expenses imposed upon the Long Island Railroad to the amount of more than $32,000,000. These $32,000,000 in expenses, it will be alleged, were entirely unnecessary and were imposed to the detriment of the Long Island and for the particular benefit of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

An analysis of the testimony of President Peters shows that emphasis was placed by the attorneys on the construction of the so-called Bay Ridge extension of the Long Island, the Jamaica terminal, the electrification of about ninety miles of track, the construction of the Glendale and Woodside cutoffs, and the improvement of the Sunnyside yards of the Long Island; also the alleged losses accruing to the Long Island by virtue of the construction of the Pennsylvania Terminal in Manhattan and the resultant loss in ferry traffic.

"The expenditures of the Long Island for all kinds of improvement amounted to about $50,000,000," said Alfred C. Pette, one of the attorneys for Dick Brothers & Co. yesterday, "and we can show from the testimony already taken that more than $30,000,000 of this amount was of an unnecessary nature."

The alleged unnecessary expenditure on the Bay Ridge extension is fixed at $10,000,000; the Jamaica Terminal at $4,000,000; the electrifying of tracks at $8,000,000; the Glendale cutoff at $4,000,000; the Sunnyside Yard improvement at $1,000,000, and the Woodside cutoff at $1,500,000. The loss in ferry traffic since 1910 is put at $900,000; the increase in operating expenses because of the alleged unnecessary expenses is figured at $2,500,000, and unpaid interest, which is due the Pennsylvania Railroad, is figured at $4,000,000.

The relation of the Long Island to the New York Connecting Railway, which will unite the New Haven with the Pennsylvania Railroad by means of a bridge over Hell Gate, is frequently touched on in Mr. Peters's testimony. It will be alleged, on the basis of the testimony, that the Long Island will not profit to the extent of a ton of traffic as the result of the building of this road and the use of 12 miles of the Long Island's tracks. An attempt will also be made to show that the Long Island actually loses money on every passenger which it hauls into the Pennsylvania Station.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	99¼	..
2s, c, 1930	99	..
3s, r, 1918	101½	..
3s, c, 1918	101	..
4s, r, 1925	109¾	..
4s, c, 1925	110	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	98	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	98	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	143	151
Am B S & Fdy	102	106¼
Do pf	184	192
A C & F pf	117¾	119
Am Coal	20	28
Am Coal P pf	115¼	116
Am Cot O	55¾	56½
Do pf	99	100
Am Exp	136	138
Am I Sec	25⅝	25¾
Am Lo pf	101	102
Am M pf	32	34
A S pf, A	92½	93
Am S & R pf	112¾	113¾
Am Snuff	130	148
Do pf	104	110
Am T & C	63½	66
Am T pf	106	107½
Am Wool	..	48½
Do pf	93½	95⅞
Am Wr Pa pf	12	13
Assets R	6	8
A M 1st pf	52	95
Bald L pf	108	109
Booth Fish	..	40
Do pf	..	79
B Un G	130	132
Brown S pf	97	99
Bruns Ter	12	13
B, R & P	90	95
Do pf	113	..
Bush Ter	94	110
But'k Co	30	82
Burns Bros pf	104	120
Case (J I) pf	85	88½
C R R of N J	290	320
C & S A Tel	135	140
Chi & Alt	8	12½
Do pf	12½	25
C & N W pf	170	175
Chi, St P, M & Om pf	136	141
C, C, C & St L	43¼	46
Cl & Pitts	79¾	..
Do spec	46¼	..
C & So 1st pf	52	56
Do 2d pf	40	50
Com T R	46½	48
Cons G, B	114	115
Cont C pf	106	109
Crex Carp	40	49
C-Am Sug pf	102	106
D & Co pf	95	96¼
D & R G	12¼	14
Do pf	21¼	23
D P & L	39	50
Det & M	80	..
Do pf	90	..
Det U Ry	70	72
Dia Match	107	108
D, S S & A	5	6
Do pf	9	15¼
East Kod	500	..
Elec S B	63⅝	63⅞
Erie & P	..	70
F M & S	28	34
G'drich (B F) Co pf	110	113
Granby C	85	86
Greene-C	47½	48½
Hack Wat	25	35
Hav E Ry, L & P	94¾	96
Helme (G W) Co	160	195
Do pf	114	119
Homest'ke	126½	130
Inger-R	192	..
Do pf	102	..
I H, N J, pf	112	117¼
Int H Cor	73	76
Do pf	104	110
Int Paper	11¼	12
Iowa Cent	5	10
Do pf	10	15
K C, Ft S & M pf	63	65
Kayser (J) & Co	75	85
Do 1st pf	113	..
K & D M pf	30	..
K'gs Co El L & P	129	130
Kresge (SS) Co pf	110	112¼
Lac Gas	105	106
L E & W	13	15
Do pf	37	40
Ligg & M	252	260
Long Isl'd	21	22½
L-W B 1st pf	90	95
Do 2d pf	..	60
M'kay Cos	78½	79½
Do pf	66	67
Man B'ch	3	3½
Man Elev	130¾	131½
Man Shirt	55	60
Do pf	103	109
M Dep Sts	58	60
Do pf	102⅞	104
Mex P pf	95	100
Mich Cent	125	126
M, St P & S S M	124¾	125
Do pf	137	140
M, K & T pf	15	16
Mon Pow	76	77
Do pf	109⅞	110½
Mor & Es	81½	89
M & B pf	65	75
N, C & St L	130	140
Nat B pf	127	128
N C & S	108	112
Nat L pf	113¼	114
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	23½	27
N Y, C & St L 1st pf	83	90
Do 2d pf	64	67
N Y Dock	12½	15
Do pf	25	40
N Y, L & West	..	123
N Y S R	60	..
Norf So	24	27
N & W pf	88	90
N O T & Light	..	70
N W Tel	52½	..
Pabst B pf	..	90
Pac Coast	45	70
Do 1st pf	80	100
Do 2d pf	60	80
P T & Tel pf	94	97
Peo & E	11	14
Pett-Mull	48	60
Do 1st pf	92½	94
Phelps-D	260	..
P, C, C & St L	..	85
Do pf	88	95
P, Ft W & C	158	..
Pitts S pf	99½	100½
Pr Stl Car pf	104	105
P S, N J	116	117¾
Ry Stl Spr	38	40
Do pf	99	100
Rdg 1st pf	43½	45
Rock Isl'd	½	⅝
Rumely (M) Co ctfs	11	13
Do pf cts	20	24½
St L & S F 1st pf	8¾	10
Do 2d pf	7½	8
St L S W	..	19½
Do pf	..	50
Sears-R pf	126	..
S-S S & I pf	99	100
So P R S pf	107	107½
So R, M & O ctfs	65	75
St'd Mill	90	95
Do pf	86	88
Studeb Co pf	111	113½
Tex Pac	8½	9
T P L Tr	109	..
Top P pf	100½	101
T, St L & West	5	8
Do ctfs	5	6
Do pf	10	15
Do pf cts	10	13
T C R T	96	96½
Do pf	128¼	..
Und Type	84	90
U B & P pf	28½	29¼
Un P pf	83	83¼
Un Cig M	62½	63¾
Do pf	105	110
Un Dry G	20	..
U S C I P	21⅝	22⅞
U S Exp	45	48
U S R & Imp	35	38½
U S R & Ref pf	2¼	2¾
Va-Car Ch pf	108	112
Va I C & Coke	58	61
V R & P	47¾	48½
W F Exp	131	133½
W Md pf	40	49
W E & M 1st pf	76½	78
Weym-Bru	220	..
Do pf	114	115
Willys-Ov	218	224
Wis Cent	37½	38½
W'w'th (F W) pf	123½	124½

IMPERIAL OIL CUTS MELON.

Wall Street Hears of 100 Per Cent. Stock Dividend.

News reached the financial district yesterday in indirect fashion that the Imperial Oil Company, the Canadian subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, had declared a stock dividend of 100 per cent. The company has no office in this city, and no officer of the Standard could be reached to discuss the matter. The Standard owns approximately 80 per cent. of the Imperial Oil Company's outstanding shares.

The first intimation that some dealers in Standard Oil stocks had of the melon cutting came through the discovery that certain customers who formerly had five shares of Imperial Oil now owned ten shares. It was said that the dividend was declared a month ago, and the new stock was distributed last week.

The Imperial Company now has $22,000,000 stock outstanding. Last November the authorized capital was increased from $15,000,000 to $50,000,000 to bring it into line with the actual extent of the company's business. The declaration of a big stock dividend because of this was not unexpected in quarters where Standard Oil shares are handled.

Fire Destroys British Cotton Mills.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 20—1:35 A. M.—The Ellenroad Mills at Rochdale, the largest cotton spinning mills in Lancashire, have been party destroyed by fire caused by overheated bearing. The damage is estimated at $500,000.

Wool Prices Advancing.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—At the wool auction sales today 8,300 bales were offered. There was a good selection which met with a keen demand at strong prices. Best combing merinos and all crossbreds showed an advance of 7½ to 10 per cent., while Sydney scoureds realized 41 and Geelong greases 24. American buyers are doing nothing at present.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.09	Jacket Con	.05
Alpha Con	.03	Julia	.01
Andes	.10	Justice	.03
Best & Belcher	.04	Kentucky Con	.02
Caledonia	.32	Mexican	.17
Challenge Con	.07	Occidental Con	.75
Chollar	.02	Ophir	.29
Confidence	.20	Overman	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.16	Savage	.04
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.04
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.38
Hale & Norcross	.01	Union Con	.62
TONOPAH.		D'field B. B.	.03
Belmont	4.25	D'field Daisy	.03
Halifax	.50	Florence	.48
Jim Butler	.94	G'field C. M.	1.02½
McNamara	.03	G'field Kewanas	.19
Midway	.04	G'field Merger	.17
Mizpah Exten	.20	Jumbo Exten	1.32½
Montana	.28	Lone Star	.03
North Star	.15	Silver Pick	.04
Rescue Eula	.07	Spearhead	.11
Tonopah Exten	4.30	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.75	Man. Big Four	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.19
Atlanta	.20	Nevada Packard	.45
Booth	.40	Rochester Mines	.64
C. O. D.	.03	Round Mountain	.42
Comb. Fraction	.07		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot	11¾	12	Isabella	21½	22
Elkton	35½	36½	Jackpot	7⅝	9
El Paso	104	109	McKinney	43	45½
Findlay	3¼	4	Portland	181	189
Golden C.	202½	203	Vindicator	235	240
Gold Dol.	2	4	Rav. B. H.	2	3
Gold Sov.	5¼	5⅝			

CITY BANK REPORTS TRADE IS EXPANDING

President Vanderlip Convinced Big Business Is Assured for at Least Six Months.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC GAINS

Careful Inquiry Shows That Wholesalers Are Busy Replenshing Low Retail Stocks.

As the result of careful inquiries by the National City Bank covering trade conditions in the Eastern half of the United States, President Frank A. Vanderlip is convinced that big business is assured for the United States for at least the next six months.

A summary of the reports, as presented to Directors of the bank, indicated the early establishment of new records in many lines of trade. Business as a whole is very good at the moment, and is on the increase, according to estimates of the keenest-minded men in various industries. Wholesale trade has already established a new peak in sales volume. Reports from New England, the Middle West and the South agreed substantially with those for New York in holding that stocks of merchandise were never so low as at present.

This condition is cited as an explanation of the light demand for commercial funds. With retailers, jobbers and manufacturers all carrying the minimum amount of stock, it has not been necessary for them to ask for the customary banking accommodations. The result has been to add to the accumulation of cash in the banks.

The most hopeful sign on the business horizon to-day is the record of railroad traffic. The storms in the Northwest and the embargoes laid against export freight have operated to effect a slight check on the current freight movement, but the big roads have been showing some surprising traffic gains, and the outlook was said to be for further increases, which would establish new maximum earnings figures for many transportation systems. The gross increases themselves were regarded as less significant than the gains in net.

Most of the railroads were forced to adopt new economies by the pressure brought to bear in the years following the partial recovery in 1909. They are now showing the beneficial effects of new methods. A prominent director said yesterday that the net gains had been better than those shown in the figures, for the reason that the managers of several important systems have been charging current expenses with sums which were not actually spent, but which were being put into a reserve fund for rail renewals and other improvements next Summer.

In brief, the outlook for railroad and industrial business through the first half of 1916 was regarded by financial authorities as the best the United States has faced in about ten years.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
110	Ahmeek	97½	97½	96⅝	97
750	Alaska Gold	25	25	24⅞	24⅞
50	Algomah	1½	1½	1½	1½
220	Allouez	65	65¼	65	65
3,486	Am. Zinc	68¾	69	67¾	67¾
136	Anaconda	88½	89	88½	88½
815	Ariz. Coml	9	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞
225	Butte & Balak.	3½	3½	3½	3½
1,278	Butte & Sup.	75½	75½	74⅝	74¾
240	Cal. & Ariz.	69¼	69½	69	69
3	Cal. & Hecla	555	555	555	555
26	Chino	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
352	Cop. Range	62½	62¾	62	62½
360	Daly West	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
120	East Butte	15	15	15	15
8	Franklin	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
265	Granby	85¾	85¾	84½	85
180	Greene Can	48	48	47½	47½
18	Hancock	17½	17½	17½	17½
200	Helvetia	50c	50c	45c	45c
50	Indiana	5	5	5	5
60	Inspiration	46	46	46	46
50	Island Creek	47¼	47¼	47	47
10	do pref	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
20	Isle Royale	29	29	29	29
100	Kerr Lake	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
390	Keweenaw	3½	3½	3½	3½
11	Lake	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼
5	La Salle	5	5	5	5
2,910	Mason Valley	3½	4¼	3⅜	4
60	Mass. Con	12¼	12½	12¼	12½
50	Mayflower	4	4	4	4
35	Miami	38	38	37¾	38
605	Michigan	2	2	1⅞	2
75	Mohawk	91½	91½	91	91
45	Nev. Con	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
25	New Arc	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
3,654	New Idria	22½	24¾	22	22
20	Nipissing	7½	7½	7½	7½
450	North Butte	29⅞	29⅞	29	29
50	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
350	Ojibway	2½	2⅜	2¼	2¼
40	Old Dom	64	64½	64	64½
25	Osceola	85	85	84	84
45	Pond Creek	14⅝	14⅝	14½	14½
56	Quincy	88	88	88	88
30	Ray Cons	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
580	Santa Fe	3½	3½	3½	3½
575	Shannon	9½	9½	9½	9½
400	Shattuck	33½	33⅝	33⅛	33⅛
100	So. Utah	25c	25c	25c	25c
20	St. Mary's	62½	62½	62½	62½
715	Sup. & Bos	2	2¼	2	2⅛
25	Tamarack	54	54	53	53
3,460	Trinity	11	12⅛	11	11⅜
3,700	Tuolumne	16c	18c	16c	16c
3,515	U. S. Smelter	59	59¼	58⅜	58⅜
572	do pref	50¼	50½	50	50¼
1,000	Utah Apex	3½	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝
160	Utah Con	13½	13½	13½	13½
10	Utah Copper	78½	78⅝	78½	78½
75	Victoria	3	3	3	3
5	Winona	4½	4½	4½	4½
15	Wolverine	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
185	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½	2½

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
22	Bos. & Albany	192	192	191	191½
113	Boston Elev	87	88½	86½	88½
67	Bos. & Maine	36½	37	36	37
114	Fitchburg pf	77½	77½	77½	77½
47	Mass. Elec. pf.	35	35⅝	35	35⅝
385	New Haven	74¼	74⅜	74	74
38	Old Colony	156	156	156	156
30	Vt. & Mass.	120	120	120	120
13	West End	66	67½	66	66
20	West End pf	82	82	82	82

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
56	Am. Ag. C. pf.	97½	98	97½	98
300	Amoskeag	67	67	67	67
75	Am. Pneu. Svc.	2	2	2	2
10	Am. Sugar	115	115	115	115
60	Am. Sugar pf	118	118	117½	117½
486	Am. T. & T.	127⅞	128	127⅞	127⅞
130	A., G. & W. I.	30½	30½	30	30
230	A., G. & W. I. pf	46	46	45	45
5,450	East Bos. Land	11½	13⅝	11½	12⅜
18	Edison	244	245	244	245
49	Mass. Gas pf	86	86	86	86
10	Mergenthaler	172	172	172	172
28	N. E. Tel.	132¼	132½	132¼	132¼
40	Nipe Bay	116	116	116	116
284	Swift	126½	127	126	126
40	Torrington	38	38	38	38
366	United Fruit	140⅛	140⅛	138	138
1,151	Un. Fruit rts.	5⅞	6	5½	5½
1,185	United Shoe	55⅞	56	54¼	54½
272	Un. Shoe pf	29	29	29	29
210	U. S. Steel	85¼	85½	85	85½
870	Ventura Oil	11½	11¼	11	11¼
74	Western Union	91	91	91	91

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Am. T. & T. 4s.	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
10,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	76½	76⅞	76½	76½
13,700	Cent. Vt. 4s.	80	83½	80	83
8,000	Mass. Gas 4½s.	98	98½	98	98½
6,000	N. E. Tel. 5s.	102	102	102	102
30,000	Swift 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
9,000	West. Tel. 5s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	1	1¼	Iron Blos.	1¼	1⅝
Bay S. G.	.23	.25	La Rose	.65	.75
Bingham	7⅜	8	Majestic	1⅛	1½
Begole	.80	.95	McK.-Dar.	.37	.40
Bohemia	2	2⅜	Mex. Met.	.42	.43
Bos. & M.	.47	.48	M. of Am.	3	3¼
Boston Ely	.48	.50	N. Baltic	3¼	3½
B. & N. Y.	2⅜	3	N. Cornelia	12⅞	13
Butte & L.	.38	.41	Nevada D.	.72	.76
Calaveras	3¼	3⅜	Ohio Cop.	.20	.23
Chief Con.	1¼	1⅜	Oneco	1	1¼
Con. Ariz.	1⅜	1⅝	Onondaga	1⅞	2⅛
Cons. Cop.	1⅞	2⅛	Riker H.	5¼	5½
Cortez	.96	1	S. W. Miami	.80	.90
Crown Res.	.45	.60	Stew't M.	.52	.56
Davis-Daly	1⅞	2	U. V. Ext.	6¼	6½
Eagle & B.	1⅝	1¾	Utah Met.	9¼	9½
First N. C.	7⅛	7⅜	Tono. Bel.	4⅜	4⅝
Goldfield C	..	..	Tono. Min.	6¾	7
Houghton	2⅝	3¼	Yukon G.	2⅝	3¼

New Bedford Mills Advance Wages.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Jan. 19.—Fifteen thousand operatives are affected by a wage advance of five per cent., announced almost generally by cotton yarn mills in this city today. The Quissett, Sharp, Holmes, New England and City Mill managements posted notices of the raise this afternoon.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
70	A. C. Line	118½	118½	118	118
50	Balt. Trust	151	151	151	151
20	Con. Power	115	115	115	115
40	Con. Power pf.	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼
3,405	Cosden	16⅛	16⅝	16	16½
3,381	David. Chem.	70	71	70	70⅛
1	D. & M. Bank	205	205	205	205
50	Elkhorn Fuel	18	18	18	18
27	Equit. Trust	34	34	34	34
98	Exch. Bank	150	150	150	150
3	Fid. & Deposit	138	138	138	138
105	Houston Oil	21⅜	21⅜	21½	21½
11	Mer. Trust	222½	222½	222½	222½
20	Md. Casualty	89	89	89	89
4	North. Central	89	89	89	89
100	Penn. W. & P.	73	73	73	73
50	Sapulpa	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
238	Sapulpa pf	9½	10	9½	9½
150	Un. Rys. & El.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Ala. Coal 6s.	58	58	58	58
26,000	Ana. & Pot. 5s.	98½	99	98½	99
1,000	Balt. Elec. 5s.	99½	99½	99½	99½
2,000	C. of B. 4s, '51	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝
4,000	Con. C. ref. 5s.	93	93	93	93
1,000	Con. Coal 6s.	104½	104½	104½	104½
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s.	94	94	94	94
7,000	Con. Pow. 4½s.	90	90	90	90
1,000	Elkhorn F. 5s.	100½	100½	100½	100½
5,000	Equit. m. t. 5s.	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
1,000	Ga. & S. F. 5s.	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾
1,000	Mon. V. T. 5s.	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
1,000	Norf. & P. 5s.	81½	81½	81½	81½
5,000	P. W. & P. 5s.	90½	90½	90½	90½
5,000	Sea. A. L. 4s.	83	83	83	83
2,000	U. R. & E. inc	61¾	61¾	61½	61½
7,000	U. R. & E. 4s.	83½	83½	83½	83½
4,400	U. R. & E. ref. 5s	85⅝	85⅝	85	85
3,000	W., B. & A. 5s.	86½	86½	86½	86½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Radiator	392	393	392	392
6	Am. Shipbldg.	35	35	35	35
100	Crucible Steel	66	66	66	66
100	Chicago City & Conn. Rys. pf.	18	18	18	18
135	Chi. Pneu. T.	74	74	73	74
100	Edison	148½	148½	148	148
7	Dia. Match	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
217	Lindsay Lt.	7½	7⅝	7½	7½
45	Mt. Ward pf.	113½	113½	113½	113½
20	Nat. Carbon pf.	122	122	122	122
372	People's Gas	110	110½	109½	109⅝
25	Public Service	108½	108½	108½	108½
80	Quaker Oats	350	350	350	350
150	Sears-Roebuck	185	185	183	183
894	Stew't-Warner	89⅝	89⅝	88¼	88¼
95	Swift	126½	126⅞	126½	126½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Armour 4½s.	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
8,000	Chi. C. Rys. 5s	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
1,000	Chi. Ry. inc. 4s	36½	36½	36½	36½
1,000	Chi. Rys. 5s.	97½	97½	97½	97½
5,000	Chi. Tele. 5s.	102	102	102	102
15,000	Edison 5s.	102⅝	102⅝	102½	102⅝
1,000	Met. gold 4s.	73	73	73	73
3,000	Peo. Gas 5s.	102	102	102	102
8,000	Swift 5s.	99¼	99⅝	99¼	99⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Am. Gas	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾
488	Am. Railways	28⅞	29	28½	28⅞
19	Am. Rys. pf.	95⅞	96	95⅞	96
10	Am. Malt	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
25	Buff. & Sus.	39	39	39	39
65	Brill	39	39	39	39
4,022	Cambria Steel	74¼	74½	72⅝	73¾
850	Elec. S. Bat.	64	64	63⅝	63⅝
255	Gen. Asph. pf.	70⅞	70⅞	70	70
6	Ins. Co. of N. A.	25½	25½	25½	25½
80	Keystone Tel.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
10	Keys. Tel. pf.	69	69	69	69
110	Lake Sup. Cor.	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼
39	Lehigh Nav.	78⅜	78⅞	78¼	78¼
166	Lehigh Valley	80⅛	80¼	79¾	79¾
100	Lehigh Val. Tr.	18½	18½	18½	18½
20	Little Schuyl.	54	54	54	54
334	Penn. R. R.	58⅛	58⅜	58⅛	58¼
115	Penn. Steel pf.	81¼	81½	81	81
10	Phila. Elec.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
10	Phila. R. T.	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼
1,415	Phila. R. T. tr. ctfs.	19⅛	19¼	18⅞	19
10	Reading	81½	81½	81½	81½
237	Union Trac.	44¼	44¼	44	44
1,647	Uni. Gas Imp.	91	91	90	90
10	West. Electric	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝	68⅝
5	W. J. & S. S.	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
80	W. Cramp & S.	83	83	82½	82½

BONDS.

		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. G. & E. 5s.	92	92	92	92
5,000	Elec. & P. Tr. 4s	81½	81½	81½	81½
1,000	Har. Elec. 6s.	101¾	101¾	101¾	101¾
3,000	Harrison B. 5s.	94	94	94	94
6,000	Keys. T. 1st 5s.	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
2,000	Lehigh Nav. Imp. 4s	97½	97½	97½	97½
3,000	Penn. gen. 4½s.	101½	101½	101½	101½
4,200	Phil. Elec. 4s.	82½	83⅜	82½	83⅜
2,100	Phil. Elec. 5s.	104	104¼	103	104¼
7,000	Read. gen. 4s.	95¼	95½	95¼	95½
4,000	Stand. Gas 6s.	101	101	101	101
5,000	United Rys. 4s.	74¼	74¼	74¼	74¼

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
1,750	Am. Wn. G. M.	48¼	49½	48¼	49
60	A. W. G. M. pf.	143	143	142¾	142¾
40	Am. Sewer P.	17	17¼	17	17¼
595	Caney Riv. G.	41½	42	41½	41½
24	Cons. Ice pfd.	84¼	84¼	84¼	84¼
23	Crucible St. pf.	110	110	110	110
670	Columbia Gas.	15⅝	15⅝	15¼	15¼
185	Har. & W. pf.	100	100	100	100
40	La Belle I. & S.	51½	51½	50	50
10	La B. I. & S. pf.	123	123	123	123
375	Mfrs. L. & H.	51½	51½	51	51
35	Nat. Fire Pfg.	11	11	11	11
50	Osage & Okla.	71	71	71	71
48	Pitts. Plate Gl.	115	115	115	115
4,700	Pure Oil	19¼	19⅜	19¼	19⅜
110	Pitts. Oil & G.	8½	8½	8	8½
64	Un. Nat. Gas.	144½	144½	144⅜	144⅜
55	U. S. Glass	34⅜	34⅜	34	34
300	Westing. Elec.	68½	68½	68½	68½

BONDS.

$4,000	Ind. Brew. 6s.	58	58	58	58

EXTENDS THE STOCK LIST.

Many Railroad Issues Included in British Mobilization Scheme.

LONDON, Thursday, Jan. 20.—The Treasury Committee announces that the following stocks have been added to the list of securities which may be purchased or borrowed under the Government mobilization scheme:

Atchison, common and preferred; Baltimore & Ohio, common and preferred; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, common and preferred; Great Northern preferred, Illinois Central common, Louisville & Nashville common, New York Central, Norfolk & Western common, North Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading common, Southern Pacific common, Union Pacific, common and preferred, and United States Steel preferred.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 19.—Fifty corporations were chartered today. They had aggregate capital stocks of $2,232,550 and included:

Savannah Sugar Refining Corpn., sugar, molasses, melda, products, by-products, cultivate sugarcane, sugar refiners, to carry on business with $1,600,000; J. G. and H. T. Oxnard, J. Imbrie, New York.

The B. F. Wallace Corpn., Brooklyn, mining, trading, $100,000; A. C. Marsh, J. Glaser, B. F. Wallace, 1,106 Metropolitan Av., Brooklyn.

Gardner Textile Co., Inc., textile, $35,000; I. Gardner, D. and I. H. Weinstein, 374 West End Av.

Albemarle Realty Company, Inc., realty, brokerage, agency, construction, managerial, $50,000; D. I. Distler, H. R. Sneahan, J. S. Miller, 53 Carter St., Elmhurst.

Welcher Bros., Inc., tobacco, $100,000; P., H., and M. Welcher, 36 Lenox Av.

Stapleton Dock and Warehouse Corpn., storage, wharfage, warehousing, carry on business with $4,050; J. W. Crandall, G. C. Sprague, M. Douw Ferris, 165 Broadway.

John Scheepers, Inc., bulbs, plants, seeds, roots, horticultural commodities, $25,000; O. M. Schmelz, W. A. Van Ness, C. Barrett, 824 St. Nicholas Av.

Oneonta Sales Co., Inc., Oneonta, autos, motors, farming tools, machinery, implements, $25,000; E. B., L. N., and R. J. Warren, 12 Walnut St., Oneonta.

Saratoga Auto Supply Corpn., Albany, motors, horseless vehicles, aeroplanes, carry on business with $10,000; A. A. Franklin, J. L. Noonan, M. Vincent Ryan, 849 Park Av., Albany.

Coon & Hene, Inc., tobacconist, snuff, grinders, box merchants, $30,000; S. Freezer, O. C. Hene, A. C. Coon, 1,018 East 163d St.

Putnam Garage Co., Inc., Diamond Point, garage, repair shop, plumbers' goods, electric work, $10,000; H. A. Glassbrook, M. and A. C. Putnam, Diamond Point.

George W. Stafford Motor Co., Inc., Rochester, motors, horseless vehicles, $10,000; W. Stuart Smith, G. W. and M. E. Stafford, 34 Girard St., Rochester.

W. C. Gay Printing Co., Inc., Buffalo, printing, publishing, engraving, novelties, specialties, $10,000; G. S. Salisbury, G. Wellington Smith, W. C. Gay, 561 Bird Av., Buffalo.

Hermes & Goewey, Inc., diamonds, jewelry, gold, silverware, woodenware, silks, $10,000; J. H. Jones, C. H. Long, James A. Goewey, 17 West 45th St.

Tennis Court Implement Co., Inc., tools, implements for tennis courts, $10,000; W. P. Buckner, B. L. Allen, C. A. Robinson, 511 Park Av., East Orange, N. J.

Sheldon Advertising and Publishing Co., Inc., Syracuse, magazines, newspapers, publishers, $10,000; E. K. Heft, E. J. Lambert, B. R. Sheldon, Syracuse.

Co-respondent Co., Inc., produce, present, and perform the play, "The Co-respondent," $10,000; E. Drechsler, M. Schneider, J. Ginsburgh, 115 Broadway.

D. and D. Electric Co., Inc., motors, parts, power tables, electric cloth cutting machines, $10,000; D. Burenstein, A. Chazick, D. Strulson, 856 Whitlock Av., Bronx.

Pacific Woolen Co., Inc., dry goods, merchandise, $7,000; H. L. Zeller, A. M. Tepperberg, H. Etkin, 91 Hooper St.

Export Box Co., Inc., Brooklyn, boxes, chests, cartons, packing devices; $10,000; K. M. Devitt, T. J. Leonard, M. G. Palliser, 472 West End Ave.

Kaplan and Alper, Inc., ladies' wearing apparel; $10,000; P. Alper, H. and S. Kaplan, 25 Rutgers Place.

Bell Investing Co., Inc., personal property, investing; $10,000; F. Billeci, T. Bonomolo, V. J. Bongiorno, 1721 Linden St.

Universal Free Iced Water Co., Inc., fountains for supplying water in public places, and buildings; $10,000; A. B. Simonds, E. W. Bradbury, L. B. Forscher, 105 West 119th St.

Delaware Motor Co., Inc., Oneonta, autos, motors, farming, tools, machinery, implements; $10,000; E. B. Lillian and R. J. Warren, 12 Walnut St., Oneonta.

C. F. Corporation, realty, construction; $5,000; D. A. Lennon, J. H., A. P. White, 42 Broadway.

The M. H. Waist Co., Inc., ladies' wearing apparel; $5,000; L. J. Frey, H. D. Mencher, M. Solomon, 2366 Pitkin Ave., Brooklyn.

The Progressive Electric Light Co., Incorporated, of Franklin Springs, transportation, light, heat, power; $6,000; J. W. Dawes, C. B. Vanslyke, J. B. Coleman, Franklin Springs.

The Guaranteed Clothing Corp'n, men's hats, furnishings, clothing; $5,000; E. D. Fleck, S. H. Costuma, M. E. Loeb, 547 West 157th St.

Ernest Rubes Co., Inc., Brooklyn, electric goods, appliances; $5,000; E. and N. Rubes, L. Rannheim, 44 Court St.

Eagle Die Co., Inc., dies, die-making tools; $5,000; A. Oper, A. Dambroff, 142 Division St.

Moore Brothers, Inc., realty, construction, hardware, supplies; carry on business with $5,400; A. Pelham, T. C. Watkins, W. E. Shrewsbury, 149 Broadway.

International Industrial Laboratory Co., Inc., perfumery, liquors, wines, dyestuffs, merchandise; $5,000; J. Messana, A. Castellano, S. Marchesini, 1,312 54th St., Brooklyn.

The Chemical Color Co., Inc., chemicals, paints, treat textiles, paper, leather goods, wearing apparel, ornaments; $5,000; E. C. Prevear, J. H. Fitzsimmons, F. Schultz, 101 Wooster St.

Guido Bruno, Inc., writing, printing, publishing, syndicating stories, and fiction; $5,000; C. J. Earley, R. and C. J. Kirch, 58 Washington Sq.

The Pleasantville Press, Inc., Pleasantville, publishers, printers, booksellers, advertisers; $5,000; J. A. Hufcut, P. Dudley, Seabury C. Mastick, Pleasantville.

International Transfer Co., Inc., trucking, carting, forwarding; $5,000; M. J. Ryan, M. V. Mignot, H. C. Wytka, 1,378 Boston Rd., Bronx.

Capital increases: Rockland Light and Power Co., Nyack, $800,000 to $1,000,000; Barcalo Mfg. Co., Buffalo, $300,000 to $600,000.

Capital reduction: Forest and Stream Publishing Co., Manhattan, $100,000 to $60,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Murray Music Co., New York; S. M. Flickinger Co., Buffalo.

In noting the incorporation of the Central American Ice Cream Co., the name was inadvertently given as the Central Avenue Ice Cream Company.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 19.—Charters filed here: International Linen Ginning Company, to engage in the treatment and manufacture of flax, flax fibre, linen film, &c., $7,000,000. Incorporators, local Wilmington, Del., parties: Geo. W. Dillman, M. T. Horty, K. E. Longfield.

The American Oil and Gas Corporation, to buy, sell, and drill for oil, gas, operate pumping stations, $1,000,000. Incorporators, local Wilmington, Del., parties: same as above.

The Pittsburgh Investment Company has been changed to the Union Metal Mines Company of Pittsburgh, Penn., and the capital increased from $6,500,000 to $8,000,000.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 19.—Charters filed: Stave Silk Company, Paterson, to manufacture silk and cotton goods, $100,000; Fannie Cohen, Clifford E. Bogert, Albin Smith, Paterson.

Disc Chemical Company, Newark, to manufacture chemicals, $100,000; Henry P. Fry, William M. Coleman, Lillian A. Deltan, Newark.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Cities Service Company reports gross earnings of $4,479,800 in the year ended Dec. 31, 1915, against $3,934,453 the year before. A balance of $2,246,939 was left after preferred stock dividends had been paid, all of which was carried to the surplus and reserve accounts.

More than 95 per cent. of the common and preferred stockholders of the American Woolen Company have assented to the plan of reincorporating the concern in Massachusetts.

The Commercial and Financial Chronicle has issued its January, 1916 "Handbook of Securities." The book contains 192 pages and gives very full information concerning the various railroads and leading industrials whose securities are dealt in on the leading exchanges.

William N. Dickinson of the General Elevator Company addressed the General Forum of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking last night on "South American Trade from a Commercial Viewpoint."

Oscar L. Gubelman of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, has been elected a Director of the Washington Railway and Electric Company, the Potomac Electric Power Company, the City & Suburban Railway of Washington, and the Georgetown & Tenallytown Railway.

The City of Rochester, N. Y., has awarded to Farson, Son & Co., and J. S. Bache & Co., $1,270,000 4 and 4½ per cent. bonds.

U. S. 1930 2S AGAIN AT PAR IN WALL ST.

Several Small Lots of Issue to Secure Old Bank Currency Sell at the 100 Figure.

FIRST TIME SINCE 1913

Recent Purchases by Federal Reserve Institutions Help to Elevate the Prices of the Bonds.

Government 2 per cent. bonds of 1930, the primary issue for securing the circulation of national banks, sold in small lots yesterday in the financial district at part. This was the first time that the registered issue had sold as high as 100 since the last week of June, 1913. On the stock exchange a block of $10,000 changed hands at 99⅞, compared with the last preceding sale at 99½ on the board Dec. 9 last year. Several bids were recorded on the bond platform at 99⅞ after this sale occurred, but no bonds were offered under 100.

The 2s of 1930 were the Government securities which suffered especially while discussions of the Owen-Glass currency bill, afterward molded into the Federal Reserve Act, were under way in 1913. One of the early proposals of the lawmakers was quickly to retire outstanding national bank currency without providing measures for stablizing the market for the securities behind the bank notes At the first indication of the possibility that 2s might thereafter have little more than their investment value to recommend them to buyers, the selling of an extensive order carried them down. Starting into July, 1913, at 100, the bonds sold down before the end of the month to 95⅜. Subsequenty, bottom was struck at 94⅝, and for more than a year, until par was reached yesterday, the quotation had been fluctuating between 96½ and 99½.

The slow climb of the market in recent weeks was aided by purchases by the Federal Reserve banks. The local bank has not yet bought any, but most of the others have invested extensively in the registered 2s.

The Federal Reserve Board's report for the week ended Jan. 14 showed the Philadelphia Bank with $2,991,000 bonds, a gain of $1,018,000 over the week before; the Cleveland Bank owned $2,204,000, an increase of $47,000; the Reserve Bank at Dallas held $1,295,000, which was $425 more than the preceding weekly report showed, and the Reserve Bank at St. Louis, with $1,091,000, had added $121,000 in a week.

Some dealers in Government bonds said yesterday that individual buying by the Reserve banks had worked to advance prices. It was suggested that if the banks should buy their bonds jointly through the Federal Reserve Board, instead of making purchases separately, and thus, in effect, bidding against each other, they probably could obtain lower prices. For some time, it was pointed out, the market has been in rather scant supply of the 2s, and the buying of as small an amount as $25,000 was wont to add fractions to the price.

The national banks have bought in the market of late, partly with the view of reselling the bonds to the Federal Reserve Board under the plan for gradually retiring the issue. The Reserve act provides that $25,000,000 of the note-securing bonds might be retired each year if the Reserve Board so elects, and the national banks now are submitting to the Treasurer of the United States proposals to sell part of their holdings. On March 31, and at the end of each quarter thereafter, the Treasurer will submit to the Federal Reserve Board and the Controller of the Currency lists of applications for the sale of bonds to be apportioned among the several Reserve banks.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90
Boston	3	3½	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4½
Richmond	4	4	4	4
Atlanta	.	4	4	4
Chicago	3½	4	4	4½
St. Louis	3	4	4	4
Minneapolis	.	4	4	4½
Kansas City	3½	4	4	4
Dallas	.	4	4	4
San Francisco	3	3½	4	4½

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	3
Philadelphia	4½	3	3	3
Cleveland	5	3½	3½	3
Richmond	5	3½	4	3
Atlanta	5	3½	3½	3
Chicago	5	.	.	3
St. Louis	5	3½	3½	3
Minneapolis	5	.	.	3
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3
San Francisco	6	3	3½	*3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days....2@2¼
Ninety days....2@2¼

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	2

ON TIME.

60 days....2¼@2½ | 5 months....3
90 days....2¾@3 | 6 months....3
4 months....3

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.
4 months....2¾@3|6 months....3 @3¼
60 to 90 days....2¾@3

Other Names.
4 months....3@3½|6 months....3@3½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	4.76\frac{5}{16}$	4.76\frac{1}{16}$	4.76\frac{1}{16}$	— .00$\frac{3}{16}$
Cables	4.77$\frac{1}{16}$	4.76⅞	4.76⅞	— .00$\frac{1}{16}$

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound; German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.		Yesterday's Close— Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8665	London	4.76$\frac{1}{16}$	4.76⅞
5.1826	Paris	5.85½	5.84¾
95.28	Berlin	74.62½	74.75
20.26	Austria	12.70	12.75
19.20	Greece	19.55	19.60
26.70	Scandinavia	27.40	27.45
19.29	Spain	19.05	19.10
5.1826	Switzerland	5.16½	5.15½
40.19	Holland	44.25	44.37½
5.1826	Italy	6.68¾	6.68
51.45	Russia	...	29.50
	China—		
..	Hongkong	46.70	46.80
..	Shanghai	62.50	62.62
	India—		
32.44	Bombay	33.00	...
32.44	Calcutta	33.00	...
	Philippine Islands—		
50.00	Manila	49.75	49.87½
	South America—		
42.44	Buenos Aires	42.12½	42.25
32.44	Rio	22.12½	22.50
	Japan—		
49.84	Kobe	50.37½	50.50
49.84	Yokohama	50.37½	50.50

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	Bankers. 90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	Commercial. 90 Days.
$4.72½	$4.70¼	$4.71¼	$4.69¼

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $439,135,050; balance, $25,127,074; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $86,825.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, $3.12½ premium.

Bar Silver

Bar silver in London, 26⅞d, unchanged; New York, 56⅝c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 43⅝c.

M. RUMELY COMPANY
(Rumely Products Company)
PLAN AND AGREEMENT OF REORGANIZATION
of August 26, 1915

NOTICE

To Holders of
Certificates of Deposit representing M. Rumely Company Two-Year 6% Notes, M. Rumely Company Commission Notes and Claims against M. Rumely Company and Rumely Products Company issued by United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Depositary, or by Continental & Commercial Trust & Savings Bank, Agent of Depositary.

Securities of the **Advance-Rumely Company,** as provided in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization above mentioned, are now ready for delivery against the surrender of the above mentioned certificates of deposit, properly endorsed in blank, at the office of the undersigned, **55 Cedar Street, New York City,** with signature identified to its satisfaction by bank guaranty or a New York Stock Exchange house, or by notarial acknowledgment. Certificates, upon surrender, should be accompanied with instructions as per form to be obtained from the undersigned. Securities deliverable out of New York City will be forwarded by express, charges collect, unless instructions specify forwarding by registered mail and necessary postage is remitted.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary of Notes and Claims,
55 Cedar Street, New York City.
New York City, January 18, 1916.

To Holders of
The New York Trust Company Certificates of Deposit representing M. Rumely Company common stock and M. Rumely Company preferred stock.

Securities of the **Advance-Rumely Company,** as provided in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization above mentioned, are now ready for delivery against the surrender of the above mentioned certificates of deposit, properly endorsed in blank, **at the office of the undersigned, 26 Broad Street, New York City.** Certificates, upon surrender, should be accompanied with instructions as per form to be obtained from the undersigned. Securities deliverable out of New York City will be forwarded by express, charges collect, unless instructions specify forwarding by registered mail and necessary postage is remitted.
The interest adjustment provided for in the Plan for the interval between payment date of assessment and December 1, 1915, will be made by check in connection with the foregoing.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary of Stock,
26 Broad Street, New York City.
New York City, January 19, 1916.

12-24-15-200 (5-12852)
STATE OF NEW YORK
4 Per Cent Gold Bonds
EXEMPT FROM TAXATION, INCLUDING THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX
AMOUNTING TO
$25,000,000.00
Issued in Coupon or Registered Form
Will Be Sold THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1916, at 12 o'clock, noon
At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N. Y.
This is the only public sale of New York State bonds that is contemplated during the present calendar year
These bonds have been segregated into two classes, and bidders will be required to state clearly in the proposal the class of bonds and the amount and price for each $100 bid for, coupon bonds being issued in denominations of $1,000.00 and registered bonds in denominations of $1,000.00, $5,000.00, $10,000.00, and $50,000.00.
Class No. 1. $17,000,000.00 for the Improvement of the Erie, Champlain and Oswego canals, dated January 1, 1916, due January 1, 1966; $5,000,000.00 for the Improvement of Highways, dated September 1, 1915, due September 1, 1965.
As the bonds enumerated above are all 50-year bonds, bearing 4 per cent interest, the Comptroller will reserve the right to allot to the successful bidder, bonds of either or both of the above issues in Class No. 1, notwithstanding the specific issue may be stated in the bid.
Class No. 2. $3,000,000.00 for the construction of Barge Canal Terminals, dated January 1, 1916, due January 1, 1946.
Temporary receipts will be issued which will be exchanged for the permanent bonds when ready for delivery.
These bonds are Legal Investments for Trust Funds
No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.
All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and endorsed "Loan for Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelop directed to the "Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany."
All bids will include accrued interest.
The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not in his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.
Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding state bonds, sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to
EUGENE M. TRAVIS, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y.
Albany, January 4, 1916.

MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY
To Holders of First Mortgage Extension Five Per Cent.
Fifty Year Gold Bonds of 1944.
Interest due November 1, 1915, on the above-mentioned bonds not having been paid, the undersigned Committee, in order that it may be enabled to effectively protect and enforce the rights and security of the holders thereof, deems it essential that holders should forthwith deposit their bonds with the **Depositary, United States Mortgage & Trust Company, 55 Cedar Street, New York,** which will issue therefor Certificates of Deposit as provided in the **Deposit Agreement dated January 10, 1916,** copies of which may be obtained upon application to the Secretary of the Committee or the Depositary. Application will be made in due course to list the Certificates of Deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.
Coupon bonds must be accompanied by the coupons maturing November 1, 1915, and thereafter, and registered bonds must be accompanied by properly executed transfers thereof in blank.
Dated New York, January 20, 1916.
JOHN W. PLATTEN, Chairman, President, United States Mortgage & Trust Company.
FREDERICK H. ECKER, Treasurer, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company.
JOHN H. MASON, Vice-President, Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia.
COMMITTEE.
CROCKER & WICKES, Counsel.
CHAUNCEY H. MURPHEY, Secretary, 55 Cedar St., New York.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY, NEW YORK, Depositary.

Bonds for Investment

		Price	Yield About.
$250,000	*§New York City 4½%, due June 1, 1965	market	4.18%
100,000	*§New York City 4½%, due March 1, 1963	market	4.18%
50,000	§Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Prior Lien 3½%, due July 1, 1925	market	4.31%
200,000	§Baltimore & Ohio R. R. First 4%, due July 1, 1948	market	4.45%
100,000	*Interborough Rapid Transit Co. Refunding 5%, due Jan. 1, 1966	99½	5.02%

We are advised bonds § are Legal for New York Savings Bank.
*We are advised bonds * are Tax Exempt in New York.*
Kindly communicate with us for further information.
COLGATE, PARKER & CO.
2 Wall Street, New York

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Del., Lack. & Western Coal
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Great Northern Paper
Home Insurance
Hercules Powder
Ingersoll-Rand
Lord & Taylor
New Jersey Zinc
New York Shipbuilding
Remington Typewriter
White Rock Mineral Springs
Washington Steel & Ordnance
Winchester Repeating Arms
Yale & Towne Mfg.

J.K.Rice, Jr. & Co.
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FORD MOTOR OF CANADA

was organized in 1905 with capital of $125,000. This has been increased by stock dividends out of surplus and profits of $7,000,000. At the same time liberal cash dividends have been paid, last year amounting to 110%. The Company's business is going ahead faster than ever before. We consider it is one of the greatest opportunities offered among the Motor stocks and will give complete information upon request.

E. E. MacCrone & Co.
Members Detroit Stock Exchange
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Amer. & British Manufacturing Co.
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C.C.Kerr & Co
15 Wall St., N. Y. Phone 2622 Rector

Gulf States Steel
Stocks and Rights
Bought--Sold--Quoted
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Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

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RIGHTS
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44 Broad St., New York
'Phones Broad 6951—2—3—4—5—6.

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Members Chicago Board of Trade, Consolidated Stock Exch. of N. Y., N. Y. Coffee Exch., N. Y. Produce Exch.
Established over 19 years.

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Indian Refining Com. & Pfd.
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115 B'way, N. Y. Tel. Rec. 9272.

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Sugar Stocks
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27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

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50 Aetna Pfd.
50 Aetna Com.
CLARENCE C. PERPALL & CO.
50 BROAD ST. Telephone 1630 Broad

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Greater Activity in the Curb Market, with Prices Slightly Lower—Bonds Firm.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 320,234 shares of stock and $289,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 110,602; oils, 14,912, and mining, 194,720. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Ajax Rub., Inc.	72	72	71½	71½
1,750	Am.-B. Mfg. Co.	40	40	29	29
400	‡Am. Dr. Syn.	13¼	13¼	13	13
600	At., G. & W. I.	80½	81	80¼	80¼
100	At., G. & W. I. pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½
100	‡Can. C. & F.	70	70	70	70
250	‡C. C. & F. pf.	92	92	90	90
1,900	Can. N. G. C.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
300	‡Car. L. & P.	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
955	‡Carwen S., w. i.	8¼	*8½	8½	8½
3,100	‡Chand. Mot.	84½	85¾	84	84¾
2,000	‡Chev. M. C. Co.	120	120	120	120
200	Crocker-Wheel.	102½	103	102½	103
300	Cor. of R. & H.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
2,800	‡Cuba Cane S.	46½	46½	46	46½
10	Cuba C. S. pf.	98	98	98	98
1,500	Curtiss Aeropl. com., v. t. ctfs.	57½	58	56	56
160	Driggs-Seab.	140½	145	140½	145
535	‡Electric Gun.	1¼	1⅛	1¼	1⅛
547	Emer. Phono.	12¾	13¼	12¾	13¼
100	F. D. & C., w. i.	46	46	46	46
300	Hart. C., w. i.	74½	74½	74½	74½
400	Has. & B. Car.	50¾	50¾	50	50½
2,100	‡Hendee Mfg.	25	32	25	29½
200	Int. Rubber	14½	14½	14¼	14¼
200	‡Int. A. F. S.	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼
3,700	‡Int. Mer. Mar.	22¼	22¼	21⅜	21⅜
300	‡Int. M. M. pf.	81¼	82	81	82
5,100	‡Int. Nickel, n.	53¾	54	52⅞	53¼
1,800	Jew. T. com., w. i.	61	61¾	61	61¾
950	Jew. T. pf., w. i.	99½	*99¾	99½	99¾
500	Kath. Br. pf.	23	23	21½	21½
70	Int. Motors	20	21	20	21
30	Kelly Spr. T.	292	292	292	292
300	‡Kelly S. T., w. i.	73½	73⅞	73½	73⅞
85	Kelly S. T., n. 1st pf.	95	96½	95	96½
200	‡S. S. K., w. i.	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
500	‡Lake Tor. B.	11⅝	12	10⅞	11⅛
100	‡Lee Tire	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼
100	Lake Tor. B. 1st pf.	14	14	14	14
15,000	Manhat. Tran.	1⅝	2⅛	1⅝	2
1,100	Mar. of Am.	4⅛	4½	4	4⅛
1,600	Marlin-Arms, v. t. ctfs.	85	87½	85	87
9,300	‡Maxim Mun.	8½	9½	7	9
8,000	‡Midvale Steel.	70½	70½	69½	70
2,200	‡Nevins Elec.	¾	¾	¾	¾
100	N. Y. Trans.	15	15	15	15
485	P. T. & M. C.	29	*29	28½	28½
110	‡Poole Eng. & Mach. Co.	142	142	139	139
1,300	Red. Elec., Inc.	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾
500	‡S. M. Car Co.	68½	68½	68	68½
200	‡St. Jos. Lead.	15	15	15	15
665	‡Stand. Motors	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
3,000	Stand. Shipb.	13½	13⅝	13	13⅛
7,570	S. B., v. t. ctfs.	37⅜	39½	36⅞	38
8,000	Tex. Co. rts.	20	20	17⅞	18
150	‡Tob. Products.	31	31	31	31
10,988	T. F., v. t. ctfs.	6⅜	6⅞	6¼	6¼
1,000	Un. Pr. Shar.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
2,300	‡U. S. L. & H. Corp.	4	4⅛	3⅝	3⅞
400	‡U. S. L. & H. Corp. pf.	4⅝	4⅝	4	4
850	White Mot. Co.	49½	50	49	49⅝
5,500	W. F. Corp., v. t. ctfs.	2⅛	2⅛	2	2

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
700	Ang.-Am. Oil	17	16⅞	17	..
2	Atlantic Ref.	655	650	650	— 6
72	Illinois Pipe L.	180	178	178	— 3
250	Ohio Oil	200	198	198	— 1
25	Prairie O. & G.	428	428	428	— 2
32	Prairie Pipe L.	231	229	229	— 2
350	S. O. of Cal.	375	366	366	— 7
40	S. O. of Ind.	527	524	524	— 8
25	S. O. of N. J.	520	515	515	— 5
381	S. O. of N. Y.	217	210	210	— 8
175	Union Tank L.	85	83	85	— 2

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
6,500	‡Cosden & Co., (Oil Ref.)	16⅝	15⅞	16½	+ ⅝
935	Barnett Oil, G.	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	..
100	Empire Pet.	6	6	6	— 8
200	‡Houston Oil	21½	21¼	21¼	— ¼
2,200	‡Int. Pet.	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
325	Midwest Ref.	56	55	55	— 1
1,500	‡Sap. O. & R.	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	..
1,100	‡Victoria Oil	2⅛	2⅝	2⅜	..

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
8,000	†‡A.-C. M. Co.	23	23	20	22
10,000	†‡Am. Com.	12½	12½	11½	12
5,500	†‡Atlanta	21	21	20	21
200	†‡Big Cotton	4	4	4	4
1,700	†‡Booth	39	40	39	39½
100	Butte & N. Y.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
2,500	Butte C. & Z.	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8½
200	‡Calav. Cop.	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
2,500	†Caledonia	94	97	94	97
3,100	‡Canada Cop.	1 1/16	2	1⅞	1 1/16
1,900	Cerro de P. C.	37	37	36	36½
700	†‡Com. Tun.	13	14	13	14
4,000	Con. Ariz. S.	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	1 13/16
600	‡Con. Cop. M.	2	2	1⅞	1⅞
18,000	†‡Emma Cop.	23	27	23	26
3,000	†‡F. R. M. Co.	17	17	17	17
2,000	Florence	55	55	52	52
11,900	First Natl. C.	7⅛	8⅛	7⅛	7⅝
1,000	Goldfield Con.	1	1 1/16	1	1
500	†Gold H. Min.	20	20	20	20
2,500	†‡Gold. Merger	17½	18	17½	17½
1,250	Hoe Sound	6½	*6⅝	6½	6½
1,806	†‡Inter. Mines.	16	16	16	16
4,700	†‡Jim Butler	97	97	93	93
1,600	Jumbo Exten.	1¼	1 5/16	1¼	1 5/16
20,000	Kenne. Copper	54⅞	54⅞	53⅞	53⅞
3,000	†‡Kewanas	20	20½	20	20
1,000	†Majestic M.	1 1/16	1⅛	1 1/16	1 1/16
1,000	Mason Valley	3¾	4	3¾	3¾
4,000	†Marsh Min.	37½	38	37½	38
1,200	Magma Cop.	15⅜	15½	15¼	15⅜
1,000	†McKin.-Dar.	41	43	40	41
100	‡Mont. Con.	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
6,200	†Mother Lode.	24½	25	24½	24½
600	‡Natl. Z. & L.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,300	New Utah B.	5	*5⅛	4⅞	5
500	Nip. Mines Co.	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜
2,500	†North B. D.	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
1,000	†North Star	19½	19½	19½	19½
2,500	†‡Oatman Gold	65	65	65	65
8,400	†‡Oatman Cres.	85	85	85	85
2,600	†‡Oatman Ex.	12½	12½	12½	12½
1,000	†Peterson Lake	35	35	35	35
750	†Ray Hercules	3½	*3½	3¼	3⅜
2,100	†Rex Consol.	34	34	32	32
6,600	†Rochester M.	69	69	67	67
2,700	†San Toy	20	20	19	19½
700	Seven Troughs Coalition	46	47	46	47
600	Std. Sil.-Led.	1⅞	1⅞	1¾	1 13/16
1,500	Stewart	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8,000	†‡Success Min.	65	67	64	64
3,000	†Super. Min.	36	36	36	36
12,000	†‡Temiskaming	71	71	70	70
450	†‡Tonopah Bel.	4⅛	4⅛	4¼	4¼
2,500	Tonopah Ex.	4⅝	4⅝	4 1/16	4 1/16
2,100	†Tonop. C. Boy	4	5	4	5
1,000	†Ton. J. Butler	96	96	96	96
20	Trinity Cop.	11	11	11	11
100	Tonopah Min.	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
700	†Tonopah Miz.	21	21	21	21
1,000	Tularosa	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/16
2,000	†Tuolumne C.	23	28	23	23
2,000	†‡U. S. C. M.	8½	8½	8½	8½
1,250	†W. End Con.	76	76	73	74
100	United Verdi.	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$177,000	‡B. & O. n. 5s.	102½	102⅝	102¼	102⅝
50,000	C. de P. C. 6s.	120	120	119	119
60,000	‡E. cv. 4s, w. i.	90	90½	90	90¼
2,000	‡Erie rights.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note.—Tuesday sales in Saxon Motors were at 6½ and 69. On that day $10,000 Cerro de Pasco 6s sold at 120.

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives	80	90	80	90
Aetna Explosives pf.	82	92	82	92
American Brass	265	275	265	275
Atlas Powder	254	262	254	262
Atlas Powder pf.	100	103	100	103
Babcock & Wilcox	118	123	118	125
Bliss (E. W.)	340	360	340	360
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	78	83	78	83
Can. F'dries & Forg.	210	230	210	230
Canadian Explosives	360	390	360	390
Can. Explosives pf.	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	860	885	860	885
Du Pont Pow., new	370	380	365	375
Du Pont Powder pf.	102	105	102	105
Hercules Powder	380	390	380	390
Hercules Powder pf.	114	120	114	120
International Arms	20	22	20	22
Marlin Arms Co. pf.	79	83	79	83
Niles-Bement-Pond	184	188	180	187
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf.	100	110	100	110
Savage Arms	495	..	495	..
Scovill Mfg. Co.	470	485	470	485
Winch. Rptg. A.	2,400	2,550	2,400	2,550

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1916-'23	4 @4½	4.30	4.15
Balt. & Ohio	1916-'23	4	4.30	4.15
Buff., R. & P.	1916-'30	4½@5	4.35	4.20
Canadian Pacific	1916-'28	4½	4.50	4.38
Caro., Cl. & Ohio	1916-'24	5	4.70	4.50
Ches. & Ohio	1916-'24	4½	4.50	4.30
Chi. & East Ill.	1916-'25	5½	5.75	5.25
Chicago & N. W.	1916-'26	4½	4.25	4.12
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1916-'27	4½@5	5.35	5.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1916-'24	5	4.35	4.20
C., C., C. & St. L.	1916-'25	5	4.55	4.40
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.30	4.20
Erie	1916-'23	4½@5	4.65	4.35
Hocking Valley	1916-'23	4 @5	4.60	4.38
Illinois Central	1916-'28	4½@5	4.25	4.15
Louis. & Nash.	1916-'23	5	4.25	4.13
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1916-'23	5	5.75	5.10
Mo. Pacific	1916-'22	5	6.00	5.00
N. Y. C. Lines	1916-'28	4½@5	4.50	4.30
Norf. & West.	1916-'24	4½	4.30	4.15
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1916-'28	5	4.50	4.30
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1916-'28	4 @4½	4.20	4.10
St. L., I. M. & S.	1916-'24	5	5.50	4.80
St. L. & S. F.	1916-'22	5	6.25	5.25
Seaboard A. L.	1916-'23	5	4.65	4.45
Southern Pacific	1916-'22	4½	4.80	4.20
Southern Ry.	1916-'24	4½@5	4.60	4.40

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The market on the Consolidated Exchange was generally firm in the early trading, with special strength in some of the specialties. In the later dealings, however, a weaker tone developed.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
80	Allis-Chalmers	27½	27½	27⅜	27½
70	Am. B. Sugar	67⅝	67⅝	67½	67½
4,120	Am. Can	62⅞	63⅞	62⅝	63
270	Am. Car & F.	69¾	70	68⅜	68⅜
20	Am. H. & L. pf.	56½	56½	56⅛	56⅜
70	Am. Linseed	23⅛	23⅛	22½	22½
20	A. Linseed pf.	40⅞	40⅞	40¼	40¼
620	Am. Loco	65⅝	65⅝	63⅝	64
1,340	Am. Smelting	106½	106½	104½	104½
40	Am. T. & T.	128	128	128	128
730	Anac. Copper	88⅞	88⅞	88⅛	88⅛
500	Baldwin Loco.	111	111⅛	109	109¼
60	Balt. & Ohio	94⅞	94⅞	94⅝	94¼
120	Batopilas	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
50	B'klyn R. T.	87	87	86⅞	86⅞
60	Butte & Sup.	75¼	75¼	74⅞	74⅞
840	Calif. Petrol.	32⅞	33½	32½	32⅝
50	Cal. Petrol. pf.	67⅛	67⅛	66⅛	66⅛
90	Cent. Leather	55⅜	55⅜	54⅛	54⅛
50	Ches. & Ohio	63⅞	64¼	63⅞	64¼
80	C., M. & S. P.	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
10	Chile Copper	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
140	Col. F. & I.	48	48	47	47
370	Corn Products	22	22⅞	21¼	22¼
2,970	Crucible Steel	66	67½	65⅝	65½
620	Dist. Secur.	47⅝	48⅛	46⅛	47⅛
40	Dome Mines	28	28	27⅜	27⅜
1,240	Erie	40⅜	41⅛	40⅛	40¾
40	Erie 1st pf.	56⅞	56⅞	56⅛	56⅛
40	Goodrich Rub.	73⅛	73⅛	72⅛	72⅛
60	Gt. Nor. Ore.	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞
70	Guggen. Expl.	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞
380	Inspiration C.	46⅛	46⅛	45⅛	45⅛
150	Interboro Con.	19⅝	19⅝	18⅞	18⅞
60	Inter. Harv.	110	110	110	110
1,070	Int. Mer. Ma.	22	22⅛	21⅛	21⅛
3,080	Int. M. M. pf.	82⅞	82⅞	80⅝	81
40	Int. Paper pf.	49½	49½	49⅛	49⅛
100	Kan. City So.	29	29⅛	29	29
60	Lack. Steel	82	82	82	82
60	Lehigh Valley	80	80	79⅝	79⅞
3,960	Mex. Petrol.	114⅝	116	112⅞	112⅞
50	Miami Copper	38	38	38	38
330	Nat. Lead	72⅛	73⅛	72⅛	72⅛
970	N. Y. Central	111⅛	111⅛	110⅛	110⅛
60	N. Y., N. H. & H.	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛
40	Norf. & West.	119½	119½	119½	119½
10	Nor. Pacific	115½	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛
10	Ontario Mining	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
220	Quicksilver	6¼	6¼	6	6
60	Quicksilv. pf.	7	7	7	7
100	Ray Con.	24⅜	25	24⅜	24⅜
1,150	Reading	82¼	82¼	81⅞	81⅞
70	Rep. I. & S.	51⅝	52	51⅛	52
40	Seab. A. L. pf.	39⅞	39⅞	39⅛	39⅛
150	South. Pacific	102	102	101⅛	101⅛
50	Southern Ry.	23⅝	23⅝	22⅞	22⅞
170	Studebaker Co.	154⅞	155	154⅛	155
850	Tenn. Copper	60⅛	60⅛	58⅛	59⅛
100	Texas Co.	228	228	221	221
20	Third Avenue	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
50	Union Bag	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
500	Union Pacific	137½	137½	136⅞	136⅞
80	United Fruit	139⅞	139⅞	139⅞	139⅞
510	U. S. Ind. Alco.	147	152⅞	146	152⅞
630	U. S. Rubber	55⅛	55⅛	55	55⅛
18,420	U. S. Steel	85⅛	85⅞	84⅞	85⅛
40	Utah Copper	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞
100	Va.-Car. Chem.	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
50	W. Maryland	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
70	West. Un. Tel.	91	91	91	91
3,480	Westingh. El.	67⅛	68⅛	67⅛	68
51,570					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Atlanta	.21½	.21½	.21½	.21½
500	Isabella	.21½	.21½	.21½	.21½
300	Jim Butler	.97	.97	.97	.97
200	Jumbo Exten.	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½
1,400	Kewanas	.20	.20	.20	.20
400	Mexican	.21	.21	.21	.21
400	Montana	.33	.33	.33	.33
400	Midway	.16	.16	.16	.16
500	Silver Pick	.06	.06	.06	.06
200	Tonopah Ext.	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35
400	West End	.78	.78	.78	.78
5,200					

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT for December—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	$3,237,023	$3,000,365	$236,658
Net after taxes	1,804,591	1,635,169	169,422
Other income	57,230	54,283	2,947
Total income	1,861,821	1,689,452	172,369
Sur. aft. chgs.	941,953	776,416	165,537
Add Queens sub.	13,739	....	13,739
Surplus	955,692	776,416	179,276
Pass. carried	61,525,981	58,222,598	3,303,383
6 mos. gross	16,833,035	16,270,705	562,330
Net	9,014,265	8,866,526	147,739
Other income	294,856	283,247	11,609
Total income	9,309,122	9,149,774	159,348
Sur. aft. chgs.	3,799,971	3,689,955	110,016
Add Queens sub.	99,183	....	99,183
Surplus	3,899,153	3,689,955	209,198
Pass carried	320,294,644	315,054,698	5,239,746

PHILADELPHIA & WESTERN RAILWAY for December—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	40,057	32,510	7,547
Net	17,918	15,556	2,362
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes	5,368	3,058	2,310
12 mos. gross	463,901	383,477	80,424
Net	238,811	176,697	62,114
Sur. aft. chgs. and taxes	91,334	27,060	64,275

Miscellaneous Earnings.

CITIES SERVICE for December—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	532,195	404,807	127,388
Net after exp.	514,407	392,763	121,644
Sur. after chg.	473,573	351,930	121,643
Bal. after pfd. dividends	342,731	221,097	121,634
12 mos. gross	4,479,800	3,934,453	545,347
Net after exp.	4,306,944	3,817,545	489,399
Sur. after chg.	3,816,944	3,397,545	419,399
Bal. after pfd. dividends	*2,246,939	1,761,552	485,387

DETROIT EDISON for December—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	881,856	714,422	167,434
Net	410,553	322,466	88,087
Sur. after chg.	310,391	240,718	69,673
12 mos. gross	7,759,932	6,495,815	1,264,117
Net	2,948,713	2,301,064	647,649
Sur. after chg.	1,848,658	1,418,751	429,907

NEW YORK DOCK for December—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	243,024	204,193	38,830
Net	101,022	98,035	2,987
Sur. after chg.	20,288	18,987	1,301
6 mos. gross	1,501,636	1,150,290	351,346
Net	736,520	564,477	172,042
Sur. after chg.	250,927	89,074	161,852

PITTSBURGH STEEL CO. for the five months ended Nov. 30—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross	7,859,316	3,655,405	4,203,911
*Net	1,447,926	235,893	1,212,033
Sur. avail. for dividends	1,335,288	147,660	1,187,628

*After expenses, including repairs and maintenance of plants and depreciation.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

Following securities were sold at the auction salesrooms yesterday by A. H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

For Account of Executors.

50 shares Bankers Trust Co., $100 each, 463.

$500 Durland Company second mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due May, 1925. Interest May and November, 55.

142.86 shares Tonopah Extension Mining Co., $1 each, $4 per share.

500 shares Goldfield Consolidated Mines Co., $10 each, $1 per share.

For Account of Whom It May Concern.

$170,170 Seaboard Fisheries Co., Inc., Repayment Profit Sharing non-interest bearing bond, $1,500 lot.

5 shares Stuyvesant Insurance Co., $100 each, 125.

10 shares Warren Foundry and Machinery Co., $25 each, $90 per share.

10 shares Warren Foundry and Machinery Co., $25 each, $55 per share.

50 shares O'Rourke Engineering Construction Company, $31 per share.

2 shares Government Emprunt 5 per cent. bonds, due March 1, 1924. Interest March and September, £99.5s, each $805.

$10,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $50 lot.

$20,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $50 lot.

$75,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $100 lot.

$10,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $25 lot.

$25,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $50 lot.

$5,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $50 lot.

$6,000 West Coast Smelting and Refining Co., 6 per cent. collateral trust gold bonds, $75.

1,000 shares Colorado Anthracite Coal Co., $1 each, 39c per share.

$41,555.61 sundry notes, &c. List can be seen at our office, $50 lot.

For Account of Executors.

1 share White Plains Construction Co., common, $100, $7 lot.

15 shares White Plains Construction Co., pf., $100 each, $7 lot.

50 shares Crescent Improvement Co., $100 each, $10 lot.

56,314 shares Bankers' Mining and Development Co., common, $5 each, $175 lot.

17,463 shares Bankers' Mining and Development Co., preferred, $5 each, $175 lot.

100 shares High Standard Steel Co., common, $100 each, $125 lot.

$5,000 High Standard Steel Co., interim bond certfs, $125 lot.

12,300 shares Esmeralda Mining Co., $1 each, $125 lot.

20 shares Caswell-Massey Co., preferred, $100 each, $125 lot.

10 shares Caswell-Massey Co., common, $100 each, $125 lot.

42 shares Livingston Glass Jar Co., preferred, $100 each, $125 lot.

39 shares Livingston Glass Jar Co., common, $100 each, $125 lot.

28 shares Livingston Glass Jar Co., founders' shares, $100 each, $125 lot.

110 shares Candelaria Gold and Silver Mining Co., common, $5 each, $125 lot.

110 shares Candelaria Gold and Silver Mining Co., preferred, $5 each, $125 lot.

2,000 shares Cripple Creek Gold Mining Co., $1 each, $125 lot.

10 shares Pinebay Hotel, Land and Improvement Co., interest in the proceeds of the sale of lands, $125 lot.

40 shares Oneonta, Cooperstown and Richfield Springs Railway Co., $100 each, $125 lot.

100 shares Machuca Gold Mining Co., $5 each, $125 lot.

25 shares Spokane and Inland Empire R. R. Co., common, $100 each, $125 lot.

100 shares Spokane and Inland Empire R. R. Co., preferred, $100 each, $125 lot.

MORE TEXAS CO. CAPITAL.

Stockholders to be Asked to Vote 20 Per Cent. Increase.

Stockholders of the Texas Company, one of the largest producers and refiners of petroleum in the country, will be asked in a special meeting shortly to authorize an increase of 20 per cent. in the capital stock. The Executive Committee yesterday decided that more working capital was necessary to provide for a growing business, and recommended that the increase be proposed to the shareowners. The plan calls for the issue of 74,000 new shares to stockholders at par.

The company has under way a plan for extending its fleet of oil carriers through the leasing of a shipbuilding plant. The Sewall Shipbuilding Company of Bath, Me., a concern closed for several years, is being considered, and if the negotiations go through, the property will be leased for five years by the Texas Company. The latter now has four vessels under construction at the Newport News Shipbuilding Company.

Stock of the Texas Company was strong on the Exchange before the new issue was anounced. Then a sharp decline from 229¾ to 212 occurred, the sort of market movement which frequently follows news of a contemplated increase in the supply of shares. From the lowest quotation a recovery of 7 points occurred.

HEARN SUCCEEDS DE LEON.

Boston Man Now President of Casualty Company of America.

Edward L. Hearn, formerly First Vice President and General Manager of the Casualty Company of America, has been elected President of that company to succeed Edwin W. De Leon, who resigned. Mr. Hearn and his associates, it was learned yesterday, now have control of the company's stock.

Mr. De Leon, who, with late Andrew Freedman, organized the Casualty Company of America in 1903, has not yet announced his future plans. He has relinquished all connection with the Casualty Company, which he founded. Mr. Hearn came to New York from Boston during the 1907 panic, and two years later he became General Manager. A large part of the stock held by Mr. Freedman was acquired by Mr. Hearn in 1909, and when the company recently increased its capitalization, it is understood, Mr. Hearn and his associates again increased their holdings.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Ang.-French	5	Oct., 1920	95⅝	95¾	6.20
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	101¼	101¾	4.00
Argen. Govt.	6	May, 1920	101¼	101¾	5.58
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	101½	101⅞	4.90
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99⅞	100¼	4.95
City of Q'bec.	5	Apr., 1920	99	99½	5.20
Dom. of Can.	5	Aug., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	3.40
Dom. of Can.	5	Oct., 1917	101	101¼	3.85
French Govt.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅞	100⅛	4.40
Italian Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	99⅝	99⅞	6.35
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	100⅛	101⅛	4.50
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1917	100⅛	101⅛	5.35
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅛	101¼	4.80
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1916	100	100¼	4.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	99	100	5.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	98⅛	99	5.25

Company Issues.

Security.	Rate	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Ala. Power	6	Feb., 1918	100	101	5.60
Am. Cot. Oil	5	Nov., 1917	101¼	101⅝	4.20
Amer. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅝	101⅛	2.40
A. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.40
A. T. & T.	4½	Feb., 1918	100⅛	100⅜	4.20
Ana. Cop.	5	Mar., 1917	101¼	101⅝	3.85
Ark. Val. Ry., L. & P.	6	July 1, '19	97	98½	6.50
*Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	101¼	101½	2.25
*Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	101¼	101⅝	2.25
B. R. T.	5	July, 1918	100⅝	101	4.55
Can. No. Ry.	5	Sep., 1917	98⅝	99	5.55
Can. Pac. Ry.	6	Mar. 2, '24	103	103½	5.53
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	99⅛	99⅝	5.05
Chi. & W. I.	5	Sep., 1917	100⅛	100⅝	4.75
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	95	96	13.70
C. Gas., Balt.	5	May, 1917	99⅛	100⅛	4.67
C. P., R. & L.	6	May, 1917	102¼	103⅛	4.40
Cons. Power	6	May 1, '17	99⅝	100⅛	5⅝
E. Pr. & L. C.	5	Mar. 1, '18	85	98	6.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	101⅛	101⅝	4.10
Gen. Rubber	5	Dec., 1918	101⅛	102	4.75
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99⅝	100	5.00
Gr. Rap. Ed.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	3.44
Gr. Rap. Ry.	5	June, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	3.85
Havana E. R.	6	Sep., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	5.00
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	101⅛	101⅜	4.25
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '18	101⅛	102⅛	3.95
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1917	101	101⅝	4.80
Louisv. G. & E.	6	Apr., 1918	100	101	5.90
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	100¼	101	5.50
Mid. W. Util.	6	Jan. 1, '25	95	96⅝	6.50
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	100¼	101	5.50
Mo. Pac. Ry.	6	June, 1916	93½	95	..
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	98	99	6.85
Mor. & Wr.	5	Dec., 1918	99⅝	100⅛	4.93
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	100⅛	101	5.80
N. Y., N. H. & H.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.75
No. St. Pow.	6	June, 1917	100⅛	101⅛	5.20
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15, '21	101⅛	102	4.10
P. S. C. of N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.00
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	100	100⅛	2.00
So. Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100	100⅛	1.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	101	101¼	4.85
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	100⅝	101	4.00
U. S. S. R. & M.	5	June, 1918	100⅝	101⅛	4.65
U. S. Pub. Ser.	6	Apr., 1918	98	99½	6.20
†United Frt.	6	May, 1917	101⅝	102	2.50
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	100⅛	101⅛	4.25
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100⅝	101⅛	4.85
West. E. & M.	5	Oct., 1917	101	101⅛	4.05
W. Penn. Tr.	6	Mar., 1917	100	101	5.10
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	99¼	100⅛	6.00
West. Power	6	Mar., 1917	99⅞	100⅛	5.40
W. V. T. & E.	6	June, 1917	97	99	6.75
Winn. El. Ry.	6	Jan. 15, '18	100	100⅝	5⅝

*To be called June, 1916, at 100½ for 1917, 101 for 1918. †To be called May, 1916, at 101.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	16¾	17¼	16¼	16¾
Atlantic Refining	650	660	655	660
Borne-Scrymser	280	285	280	285
Buckeye Pipe Line	107	109	107	109
Chesebrough Mfg.	730	740	730	740
Colonial Oil	170	180	170	180
Continental Oil	270	275	270	275
Crescent Pipe Line	45	47	45	47
Cumberland Pipe L.	50	52	50	53
Eureka Pipe Line	245	250	245	250
Galena Signal Oil	160	162	160	168
Galena Signal Oil pf.	136	139	136	139
Illinois Pipe Line	178	180	179	180
Indiana Pipe Line	107	110	108	110
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd.	12½	13	12½	13
National Transit	32	33	32	33
N. Y. Transit	210	212	210	215
Northern Pipe Line	104	107	104	107
Ohio Oil	198	200	198	200
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	68	70	68	70
Prairie Oil & Gas	423	426	424	428
Prairie Pipe Line	229	231	230	232
Solar Refining	305	315	305	315
Southern Pipe Line	220	224	220	223
South. Penn. Oil	362	365	365	368
Southwest. Penn	120	125	122	125
Standard Oil of Cal.	365	368	370	375
Standard Oil of Ind.	525	530	527	532
Standard Oil of Kan.	550	555	527	532
Standard Oil of Ky.	340	350	340	350
Standard Oil of Neb.	340	350	340	350
Standard Oil of N. J.	512	515	516	519
Standard Oil of N. Y.	212	215	217	219
Standard Oil of Ohio	552	555	550	553
Swan & Finch	130	135	130	135
Union Tank	85	87	85	87
Vacuum Oil	222	225	222	225
Washington Oil	48	52	48	52

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	120	123
American Light & Traction	383	388
American Light & Traction pf.	111	114
Adirondack Electric Power	26	28
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	75	78
*American Gas & Electric	132	137
*American Gas & Electric pf.	50⅜	51¼
American Power & Light	68	69
American Power & Light pf.	86½	87
American Public Utilities	40	43
American Public Utilities pf.	72	76
American Waterworks & Electric	7⅝	8¾
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	15	18
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	54	57
Atlantic Power & Light pf.	98½	100
Cities Service	120	123
Cities Service pf.	78	80
Colorado Power	25	25¾
Colorado Power pf.	98	100
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	62	68
Commonwealth P., R. & L. pf.	85½	86½
Consumers Power Co. 5s, 1929	102	104
Consumers Power (Me.) pf.	92	95
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s	94	96½
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	74	78
Electric Bond & Share pf.	99	100
Empire District Electric pf.	81	86
Federal Light & Traction	9	12
Federal Light & Traction pf.	40	47
Gas & Electric Securities	105	..
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	85	90
Great Western Pow. Co. 5s, 1946	85	87
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	19
Northern Ontario Light & Power	17	25
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	57	63
Northern States Power	44½	45½
Northern States Power pf.	91	93
Ozark Power & Water	20	30
Pacific Gas & Electric	64	64½
Pacific Gas & Electric orig. pf.	90	92
Pacific Gas & Electric 1st pf.	88	90
Republic Ry. & Light	20	23
Republic Ry. & Light pf.	68	72
Southern California Edison	93½	94
Southern California Edison pf.	103	105
Southern P. & L. pf.	97½	100
*Standard Gas & Electric	8⅝	9½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	30½	31½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	10	10½
Tennessee Ry., Lt. & Power pf.	44	44½
United Light & Rys.	46	48
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	73½	75
Utah Securities	19½	20½
Western Power	17	18
Western Power pf.	54½	55

*Par value $50.

NORWAY'S 6S OFFERED HERE

City Bank to Place $5,000,000 on the Market at 101 1-2.

The National City Bank is offering at 101½, to yield about 5.75 per cent., the $5,000,000 of 6 per cent. bonds of the Kingdom of Norway recently purchased. Norway's external debt on June 30, 1914, amounted to $90,174,639, and the internal debt to $5,007,000. Loans subsequent to that date, including the $5,000,000 now offered, bring the total indebtedness up to $120,000,000.

It is said the war has brought increased prosperity to the country, crops have been above the average, labor is well employed, bank deposits have increased largely, and the gold reserve reached its highest point. Norway owns 2,000,000 tons of steam shipping, valued at $120,000,000, the tonnage per capita being nearly double that of Great Britain.

Reo Motor Car Company

Dividend Record
(*Cash and Stock*)

1905—	10%	1910—	30%
1906—	85%	1911—	3%
1907—	113 1-3%	1912—	20%
1908—	80%	1913—	10%
1909—	160%	1914—	87½%

1915—137½%
Capital Stock—$10,000,000.
Outstanding—$6,000,000.
Earnings for year ended Oct. 31, 1915, about
$3,500,000
Earnings on Outstanding Capitalization about
60 Per Cent.

With the increased business of this company and the demand for medium priced motor vehicles, the earnings of the Reo Company for 1916 should be over 100%, and the liberal dividend policy of this company in the past makes it almost certain that stockholders will benefit materially from their company's prosperity.

We offer a limited amount of the above stock at the market.

Descriptive Circular on Request
Hoit & McWilliam
Phone 3109 Rector 71 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED
Offerings Of
Nichols Copper Common
HOTCHKIN & CO.
Incorporated.
34 Pine St., N. Y. Phone 4161 John.
53 State St., Boston. Private Phone to Boston.

Cent. Aguirre Sugar
Cities Service
Crocker-Wheeler
Fajardo Sugar
Guantanamo Sugar
Minn. & St. L. 5s 1962
U. S. Worsted
ERNEST SMITH
25 Broad St., N. Y. Tel. 974 Broad.

Aetna Explosives
Bought—Sold—Quoted
C.C.Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. Phone 2622 Rector

Standard Gas & Elec. 6s
Utah Power & Light 5s
Southern Cal. Edison 5s
Pacific Power & Light 5s
GEO. REITH & CO
50 BROAD ST. N. Y. PHONE BROAD 3686

Carwen Steel
Now being traded in on the New York Curb around $8½ per share. (Par $10.)
Descriptive Circular N. T. on request.
E. BUNGE & CO.
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IRVING NATIONAL BANK
Strictly a Commercial Bank
Capital and Surplus $7,000,000
WOOLWORTH BLDG., NEW YORK

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Efficient Service in all Trusteeship business

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Gulf States Steel
Gen'l Baking Pfd.
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Am. Graphophone
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DAWSON & LYON
40 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. 5441 John

Standard Shipbuilding

A new concern that is in an exceptionally favorable position to benefit from the rapidly developing demand for new ship tonnage.

MARCONI WIRELESS OF AMERICA:
An excellent year's business with still better things in prospect.

Our latest **Market Circular No. 239** gives much up-to-date information about these issues.

It also gives many interesting facts about
Curtiss Aeroplane — Davison Chemical
Carwen Steel — Cuba Cane Sugar
Cons. Arizona — Nipissing
Midvale Steel
and other present active market specialties.

Sent Upon Request
Harvey A. Willis & Co.
(Established 1901)
32 B'way, N. Y. 'Phones 127-8-9 Broad.

Evansville and Terre Haute Railroad Company

Equipment Obligations, Series "C."

In pursuance of an agreement between William J. Jackson, Receiver of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, and the undersgned, dated June 25th, 1915, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the 1st day of February, 1916, the undersigned will, at its office, Nos. 16-22 William Street, New York, N. Y., purchase, at par, any or all of the Equipment Obligations which become due February 1st, 1916, issued under and secured by agreement dated February 1st, 1906, between Blair & Company, Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad Company, and Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, known as Equipment Obligations, Series "C," of said Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad Company.

The undersigned will also, on February 1st, 1916, pay out of moneys deposited with it by said Receiver under said agreement all coupons due February 1st, 1916, from said Equipment Obligations, Series "C," at the rate of 5½% per annum.

Such ownership certificates as may be required by the Federal Income Tax law must accompany said coupons.

Dated New York, January 20th, 1916.

THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO.,
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to the Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust earned by it in the year 1915, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,238.59 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 165 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the first day of March, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be indorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.
Dated, January 13, 1916.

TO HOLDERS OF NORTHWESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST AND REFUNDING 4½ PER CENT. FIFTY-YEAR BONDS.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, under the First and Refunding Mortgage or Deed of Trust of the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company, dated March 1, 1907, in accordance with the provisions thereof hereby invites written offers and tenders for the surrender to said Trustee on or before twelve o'clock noon on February 1, 1916, at its office, No. 16 William Street, in the City of New York, of bonds secured by said First and Refunding Mortgage or Deed of Trust at prices to be named in such offers, but not in excess of 110 per cent. of the par value of such bonds, and shall not exceed the sum of $11,007.94, being the amount now held in the sinking fund in said mortgage or deed of trust provided, by the use of which sum said bonds will be so redeemed.

THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By EDWIN S. MARSTON, President.
Dated January 18, 1916.

Southwestern Utilities Corporation Five-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee under Trust Agreement, dated June 15, 1912, with Southwestern Utilities Corporation, invites proposals in writing, pursuant to Article V. of said agreement, for the sale to it of Southwestern Utilities Corporation Five-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes, issued thereunder, at not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, for which purchase said Trustee has now on deposit $188,371.68. Such proposals should be delivered in sealed envelopes to the undersigned at its office, 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at any time prior to 12 o'clock noon on February 1st, 1916. Notice of purchase of notes will be mailed on or before February 2d, 1916, and the notes so purchased must be delivered to the undersigned before the close of business on February 4th, 1916, on which date interest will cease.

Bankers Trust Company, Trustee,
By H. F. WILSON, JR., Assistant Secretary.
Dated January 18, 1916.

The St. George's Lumber Company, Limited.

Notice to Bondholders

Notice is hereby given to the Bondholders of the St. George's Lumber Company, Limited, that the Sinking Fund requirements for the years 1914 and 1915, as provided in Article 12 of the Deed of Trust, dated 16th December, 1909, have not been complied with by the Company.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

To the Stockholders of United Drug Company, Inc., of New York:

A meeting of the stockholders of United Drug Company, Inc., both common and preferred, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 352 4th Av., Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon. At said meeting there will be submitted to the stockholders for their action thereon an agreement entered into on the 19th day of January, 1916, between the United Drug Company, Inc., and the Riker & Hegeman Co., a New York corporation, for the consolidation of the said corporations into a single corporation in accordance with Sections 7 and 8 of the Business Corporations Law of the State of New York. The agreement may be inspected by any stockholder at the office of the Secretary. Such other business will be transacted as may properly come before the said meeting.

Dated New York, January 19, 1916.
By order of the Board of Directors.
GEORGE M. GALES, President.
JAMES C. McCORMICK, Secretary.

JAMES H. DUNHAM & CO.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of JAMES H. DUNHAM & CO., held at the office of the Company, No. 340 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York, today, the following directors were elected for the ensuing year:

William C. Engle, Theodore W. Luling, William B. Goodwin, James M. Tappen, William A. Little.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors the following officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

William A. Little.............President
James M. Tappen.............Vice-President
John H. King.............Treasurer
William P. Douglas.............Secretary

WILLIAM P. DOUGLAS, Secretary.
340 Broadway, New York, January 19, 1916.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

The Annalist gives an extended list of securities not quoted on the Exchange. Every Monday. Articles on financial and commercial progress. 10 cents; on all news stands; $4.00 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

Fidelity Trust Company
New York City,
Chambers and Hudson Streets

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, held on the nineteenth day of January, 1916, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected Directors of the Company for the terms ending respectively:

January, 1917,
Stephen L. Viele.
January, 1919,
William C. Demorest, Alexander M. Powell, Samuel Crooks, John O. Williams, Andrew H. Mars, Vincent S. Mulford, Edward H. Titus, Stephen K. Reed, D. W. Whitmore, Frank A. Horne.

The following gentlemen were appointed Inspectors of Election to serve one year, and until and during the next meeting of stockholders for the election of Directors: Messrs. James D. Johnson, William Fellowes Morgan, and Isaac S. Vought.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, the following officers were unanimously elected:

Samuel S. Conover.............President
John W. Nix.............Vice President
George Henry Sargent.............Vice President

Andrews H. Mars was reappointed Secretary
Stephen L. Viele was reappointed Asst. Sec'y
Arthur W. Mellen was reappointed Asst. Sec'y and Trust Officer
E. Tilden Mattox was reappointed Assistant to the President.

ANDREW H. MARS, Secretary.
New York, Jan. 19, 1916.

PURSUANT TO REQUEST OF THE BOARD of Directors of The Victor-American Fuel Company, and pursuant to the provisions of a certain mortgage or deed of trust executed by said Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, bearing date February 1, 1910, and known as the First and Refunding Mortgage of the said Fuel Company the undersigned, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, hereby calls a meeting of the holders of the outstanding bonds of said The Victor-American Fuel Company, secured by said mortgage or deed of trust, to be held on the 16th day of March, 1916, at the office of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York City, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M.

The object of said meeting is to authorize the undersigned, as Trustee, to release from the lien of said mortgage or deed of trust certain tracts of land therein described, which release it is believed by the Board of Directors of The Victor-American Fuel Company will be advantageous to the interests of both said bondholders and said company; and to authorize and approve such alteration and curtailment of the said mortgage or deed of trust as may be necessary for such purpose; and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be transacted by the bondholders at such meeting, pursuant to the provisions of said mortgage or deed of trust.

Dated, this 12th day of January, 1916.
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

Lawyers Title and Trust Company,
160 Broadway.

At a Meeting of the Board of Directors held January 19th, 1916, in pursuance of the by-laws of the Company, the following officers were elected or appointed for the ensuing year:

EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, Chairman of the Board.
LOUIS V. BRIGHT, President.
FREDERIC E. GUNNISON, Vice President.
THORWALD STALLKNECHT, Vice President.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, Vice President and General Manager.
LEWIS H. LOSEE, Vice President.
ARCHIBALD FORBES, Treasurer.
WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.
ROBERT I. SMYTH, Assistant Treasurer.
FREDERICK D. REED, Assistant Secretary.
GEORGE F. PARMELEE, Assistant Secretary.
WILLIAM F. BAECK, Assistant General Manager.
JAMES A. McCORMICK, Assistant General Manager.
WILLIAM K. SWARTZ, Mgr., Brooklyn Banking Dep't.
U. CONDIT VARICK, Ass't Mgr., Brooklyn Banking Dep't.
JOSEPH P. STAIR, Trust Officer, Brooklyn Banking Dep't.

WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary.

To the Stockholders of Riker & Hegeman Co.:

A Meeting of the Stockholders of RIKER & HEGEMAN CO., both common and preferred, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 340 West 4th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 4th day of February, 1916, at three o'clock in the afternoon. At said meeting there will be submitted to the stockholders for their action thereon an agreement entered into on the 19th day of January, 1916, between the Riker & Hegeman Co. and United Drug Company, Inc., a New York corporation, for the consolidation of the said corporations into a single corporation in accordance with Sections 7 and 8 of the Business Corporations Law of the State of New York. The agreement may be inspected by any Stockholder at the office of the Secretary. Such other business will be transacted as may properly come before the said meeting.

Dated New York, January 19, 1916.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOHN S. ALLEY, President.
DANIEL J. COTTER, Secretary.

The Corn Exchange Bank.

New York, January 19th, 1916.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held on the 18th inst., the following-named gentlemen were re-elected Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS.

David Bingham, Charles W. McCutchen, William A. Nash, Andrew Mills, Clarence H. Kelsey, Philip Lehman, William R. Stewart, Henry B. Vaughan, William H. Nichols, Robert A. Drysdale, Walter E. Frew, J. Louis Schaefer, Henry Schaefer, David M. Morrison.

INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

Frederic J. Middlebrook, William A. Avis, Edwin H. Peck.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day, by unanimous vote William A. Nash was re-elected Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Walter E. Frew, President.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

FULTON TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
149 BROADWAY

At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company held on the 19th day of January, 1916, the following gentlemen were unanimously elected Trustees of the Company for the term ending January, 1919:

Edwin A. Cruikshank, Henry K. Pomroy, Robert L. Gerry, James Roosevelt Roosevelt, Alfred E. Marling, Archibald D. Russell, Charles M. Newcombe, Richard H. Williams.

and the following gentlemen as Inspectors of Election for 1917:

Newbold T. Lawrence, Percy R. Pyne, F. Ashton de Peyster.

CHARLES M. VAN KLEECK, Secretary.

Consolidated Gas Company of New York
130 East 15th Street

January 3, 1916.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 24, 1916. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 8, 1916, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 25, 1916.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

THE LACLEDE GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Laclede Gas Light Company, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of any other business which may properly be presented, will be held at the office of the Company in St. Louis, Missouri, on Tuesday, February 15, 1916, at 9:00 o'clock A. M.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed Saturday, January 15, 1916, at 12:00 o'clock noon, and will reopen Wednesday, February 16, 1916, at 10:00 o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
C. L. HOLMAN, President.
W. H. WHITTON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the American Kron Scale Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held on Wednesday, February 2nd, at 3 P. M., at the office of the Company, 39 Cortlandt Street, New York City.

I. WERTHEIMER, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Aetna Explosives Company, Inc.,
No. 2 Rector Street, New York City, N. Y.
January 6, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½% on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 25, 1916, to Stockholders of record January 20, 1916. Checks will be mailed.

F. L. BELIN, Treasurer.

The Corn Exchange Bank

New York, January 19th, 1916.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., (4%) payable February 1st, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 31st, 1916.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

FEDERAL SUGAR REFINING CO.

January 19, 1916.

The regular quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Shares of this Company will be paid January 31st, 1916, to stockholders of record at close of business January 29th, 1916. Transfer books will not close.

A. H. PLATT, Secretary.

PACIFIC BANK

470 Broadway, New York, Jan. 12, 1916.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent., payable on February 1 next, to stockholders of record of Jan. 20, 1916. The transfer books will be closed from that date to Feb. 1, 1916.

S. C. MERWIN, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

SAPULPA REFINING COMPANY.

Preferred Stock Dividend No. 3.

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF 2½ PER cent. has been declared February 1st to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 20th, 1916.

Stock transfer books will be closed January 21st, 1916, and reopen February 2d, 1916.

JAMES E. WHITNEY, Secretary.

SAPULPA REFINING COMPANY.

Common Stock Dividend No. 2.

A MONTHLY DIVIDEND OF ONE PER cent. has been declared, payable February 1st, to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 20th, 1916.

Stock transfer books will be closed January 21st, 1916, and reopen February 2d, 1916.

JAMES E. WHITNEY, Secretary.

National Zinc and Lead Company

19 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.

A dividend of four per cent. (4%) has been declared on the outstanding stock of the above-named company, payable on January 31, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 21, 1916.

Transfer books will close January 21, 1916, at 3 P. M., and reopen February 1, 1916, at 10 A. M.

JOHN J. HAMMERS, Treasurer.
Boston, December 31, 1915.

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO., PORTLAND, OREGON.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 22.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-fourths (1¾%) per cent. has been declared on the Preferred Stock of PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT COMPANY for the quarter ending January 31, 1916, payable February 1, 1916, to stockholders of record at the close of business on January 22, 1916.

E. P. SUMMERSON, Treasurer.

AMERICAN NAVIGATION COMPANY.

New York Office.

A quarterly dividend of 3% has been declared on the shares of this Company, payable on January 20th to stockholders of record on January 15th.

VICTOR HANSEN, Secretary.

Ludlow Manufacturing Associates.

Dividend No. 69.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share has been declared payable on February 1, 1916, to shareholders of record January 12, 1916.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

STATE OF NEW YORK.
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

Albany, December 30th, 1915.

Notice to Contractors:

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at his office in the Capitol at Albany, N. Y., until twelve o'clock noon of Tuesday, February 1st, 1916, at which place and hour they will be publicly opened and read, for improving the New York State canals pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 147 of the Laws of 1903, and of the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, as follows:

1.

CONTRACT NO. 21A.
Erie Canal—Section 9.

For completing the construction of the canal from about Station 2449, about 400 feet west of the Genesee River, to about Station 2566+58, about 442 feet from the east end of Contract No. 6.

Length 2.23 miles. Sheets 1 to 15 inclusive.

2.

CONTRACT NO. 29A. (Revised.)
Erie Canal—Section 4.

For completing the construction of the canal from Station 5130, near Sterling Creek, to the Herkimer-Oneida County line.

Length 4.0 miles. Sheets 1 to 20 inclusive.

And for the construction of Barge Canal terminals, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 746 of the Laws of 1911, and of the acts amendatory thereof, as follows:

3.

TERMINAL CONTRACT NO. 51.

For increasing the height of dockwall, grading and surfacing the terminal site on the south side of the Barge Canal at the end of Church Street at Medina.

Contract plans, sheets 1-2.

Plans may be seen and detailed specifications, engineer's estimate of quantities, proposal blanks, form of contract and bonds required and other information for proposers may be had at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works at Albany, N. Y., at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Middle Division at Syracuse, N. Y.; at the office of the Assistant Superintendent of Public Works for the Western Division at Rochester, N. Y., and at the canal office, Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

Copies of detailed plans or drawings may be obtained from the State Engineer and Surveyor at Albany, N. Y., upon payment to him of the cost of producing them.

Monthly estimates will be paid of ninety per centum (90 per cent.) of the work done at the contract price. Every proposal for said work must be accompanied by a money deposit in the form of a draft or certified check upon some good banking institution in the city of Albany or New York, issued by a national or State bank (or trust company, in the case of terminal contract,) in good credit within the State and payable at sight to the Superintendent of Public Works for five per centum (5 per cent.) of the amount of the proposal.

The person whose proposal shall be accepted will be required to execute a contract and furnish bonds within ten days from the date of notice of award delivered to him or them in person or mailed to the address given in the proposal.

Upon execution of the contract and approval of bonds, the certified check or draft will be returned to the proposer unless the same shall have been presented for collection prior to such time, in which case the amount of the deposit will be refunded by the Superintendent of Public Works.

The deposits of bidders other than the one to whom the award of contract shall be made will be returned immediately after the award has been made.

The amount of bond required for faithful performance will be ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, and an additional bond, known as the labor bond, in the sum of ten per centum (10 per cent.) of the amount of the estimated cost of the work according to the contract price, will be required as security that the contractor will pay in full at least once in each month all laborers employed by him upon the work specified to be done in the contract.

In the event that more than one surety company is offered as surety on said bonds, co-insurance only will be accepted.

Each proposal must be addressed to the Superintendent of Public Works, Albany, N. Y., and must be indorsed on the envelope with the name of the construction for which the proposal is made.

Award, if made, will be made to the person or persons whose proposal shall be lowest in cost to the State for doing the work and which shall comply with all provisions required to render it formal. Before any award shall be made the lowest bidder will be required to satisfy the Superintendent of Public Works of his ability to provide suitable equipment and materials for the proper performance of the work.

The right is reserved to reject all proposals and readvertise and award the contract in the regular manner if, in the judgment of the undersigned, the interests of the State will be enhanced thereby.

W. W. WOTHERSPOON,
Superintendent of Public Works.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, February 1, 1916, for CONTRACT 170, for furnishing and placing copper lining in a portion of the City tunnel of Catskill aqueduct, between Shafts 18 and 19, New York City.

The actual length to be lined is about 1,200 feet of 12-foot tunnel. The copper will be generally 5-64 inch in thickness and the sheets will be joined by brazing and attached to the surface of the existing concrete lining by bolts fastened into the masonry. After completion, the tightness of the brazed joints is to be tested by light water pressure on the back of the copper lining. The work includes the removal of certain riser-valves, covers and pavement to permit access to the tunnel and their replacement.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of Ten dollars ($10.) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars, apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
GEORGE FEATHERSTONE, Secretary.

PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until 10 o'clock A. M., January 25, 1916, for delivering bolts and nuts, ship lighting cable, ice-cream freezers, white lead, spruce, machine tools, mattress ticking, chemical sounding tubes, mixing varnish, cotton waste, and twin conductor wire at the navy yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., etc. Apply for proposals to the navy pay office, New York, N. Y., or to the Bureau. SAMUEL McGOWAN, Paymaster General of the Navy. 1-7-16.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

M. GARDNER & CO.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of M. Gardner & Co., importers and dealers in linens and kindred commodities, carried on at No. 97 Franklin Street, New York City, Manhattan Borough, which firm was composed of the undersigned, has been dissolved by mutual consent as of the 31st day of December, 1915. The undersigned, Isaac H. Weinstein, is authorized to collect and receive the outstandings, and is authorized also to sign the firm name in liquidation.

Dated New York, January 19, 1916.
HERMAN GARDNER,
ISAAC H. WEINSTEIN.

THE FIRM OF H. NYMAN & CO., COMposed of Henry Nyman and M. S. Chaitin, has this day been dissolved, Mr. Henry Nyman continuing said business at same address under said firm name.

HENRY NYMAN.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Legal Decision When a Hat Is Considered to be Blocked.

Glass sounding tubes were held dutiable yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers at the rate of 45 per cent. as blown glass articles. This action had the effect of affirming the Collector. The Frank P. Down Company, Inc., the importers, asked for a tax of only 30 per cent as "manufactures of glass not specially provided for."

Frank F. Foster of Portland, Me., was sustained in his contention that pickled cod tongues were properly free of duty under the provision for "all other fish not specially provided for." The Collector was reversed in classifying them as boneless fish with duty at three-quarters of 1 cent per pound.

The Comey & Johnson Company, Cleveland, lost in protests against the Collector's classification on straw hats. The Appraiser reported the hats to be "blocked," and on this account the Collected exacted 40 per cent duty. The importers claimed that the hats were not blocked, and should be admitted at 25 per cent. They urged that as these hats received their form during the process of manufacture they were not, in fact, "blocked" hats; that a blocked hat is one that is first made and afterward receives its form or shape by stiffening it and then manipulating or molding it into form or shape "by pounding and pressing it on a block." Judge Howell, in overruling the protest, said that the purpose of blocking a hat is to give it form and shape, and to make it ready and complete for the trimming which may be applied. He therefore held that the hats under protest in their condition as imported were in proper form and shape to have the trimming applied by the milliner without further manipulation or blocking, and consequently dutiable as assessed.

Lower rate of duty was given on knitted silk mufflers with fringes, imported by Lines & Warne and R. F. Downing & Co. Judge Howell sustained the claim for entry at 40 per cent. under the specific provision in the law for "mufflers." The Collector was reversed in classifying the goods as silk wearing apparel with duty amounting to 50 per cent.

May & Ellis objected to the Collector's assessment of 60 per cent on edgings, insertings and laces, and claimed entry at 30 per cent, as Jacquard figured manufactures of cotton. When the protests were called for hearing the importers failed to offer any evidence, but had the protests marked "submitted on official samples." It appeared that no official samples were retained. As Judge Howell had nothing but the Custom House record before him, he said he saw no reason for disturbing the Collector's return.

As the importers failed to submit evidence in support of their contentions, the board affirmed the Collector's assessment on merchandise imported by Mills & Gibb, American Forwarding Company, R. F. Lang, C. B. Richard & Co., Franklin Simon & Co., Best & Co., M. J. Corbett & Co., Seiz Bros., Hunken, Neale & Forbes, Albert Eckstein, H. Schloss, Simon Ascher & Co., Kronfeld, Saunders & Co., F. Vietor & Achelis, and the Lichtenstein Millinery Company.

Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

Merchandise.

DAVID W. BLOW & CO. 320-322 BROADWAY.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise, 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4290.

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers; mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 2248.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St., F'n 4343. Largest Cash Buyers Mdse. & Fixtures.

In BROOKLYN, It's I. SINGER, 582 Broadway. Buys mdse., all descriptions, cash.

Frank Jacobovitz, 10 Lispenard, Tel. 2950 Franklin, Buys All Kinds Stocks and Plants.

Dan'l Greenwald, Act'r to Sheriff, N. Y. County, 23 Lispenard St. Tel. Frank. 1788.

H. PERELMUTER, 208 Canal, pays liberal prices for cloaks, suits, and miscel. mdse.

Samuel Marx—Auctioneer & Appraiser. Woolworth Bldg. Telephones: 6911-12 Barclay.

LARGE wholesale or retail stocks wanted for cash. A. Schaap & Sons, 394 B'way.

Eastern Mdse. Co., 456 Broadway, Auctioneers and commission merchants.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

William Livingston, Auct., 10 Greene St., 2060 Spring. Cash buyers, high-grade mdse.

GROSS, FRANZBLAU & CO., 27 Greene St., pays cash for all kinds of merchandise, machinery and fixtures. Tel. 886 Spring.

L. L. Firuski, Actr., 70 Bowery, specialists in selling diamonds, watches, jewelry. Est. 40 yrs.

Retail.

Art, Furniture, Rugs, etc.

Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries, 1,362 B'way.

Highest prices furniture, pianos, antiques, &c. A. Kaliski, 88 Univ. Pl. 'Phone 2377 Stuyv.

WISE, Auctr., 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

J. GORDON NOAKES, Auctioneer and Appraiser. 715 6th Av. Tel. Bryant 4343.

FIFTH AVENUE AUCTION ROOMS, INC., 333-341 Fourth Av., at 25th St.

SILO'S 5TH AVE. ART GALLERIES, 546 5th Ave. Auctioneers and Appraisers.

AUCTION SALES.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.

$30,000 Worth of

FURS

CHARLES SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, WILL SELL TO-DAY,

Thursday, January 20, 1916, AT 10:30 A. M.,

at 539 Broadway, N. Y. City,

A Very Fine, Up-to-date Stock of Furs, Consisting of

COATS,

Such as Persian Lamb, Broadtail, Hudson Seal, French Seal, Karacul, Russian Pony, Mamoths, Ladies' Automobile Coats, and Children's Coats.

SETS

Mink, Russian and Hudson Bay Sable; Mole, Black, Blue and Red Foxes; natural and dyed Raccoon, Jap Mink, Hudson Seal, natural Wolverine, and others.

SKINS

Genuine Alaska Seal and dyed and natural Sables and Mink.

Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, SALESROOMS 539 BROADWAY, WILL SELL

Today, Thursday, 11 A. M., Without Reserve for Money Loaned, FINE COLLECTION OF UNFRAMED

Oil Paintings

BY VARIOUS WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOST RELIABLE

Delivery System

at public auction.

CHAS. SHONGOOD, Auctr.,

Sells To-day, Thursday, Jan. 20th, 1916, At 10:30 A. M., on Premises of Stables, Ashland Place near De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y., (opposite Brooklyn Hospital,) the entire delivery system formerly of

A. D. MATTHEWS SONS, Inc.

consisting of about

100 HIGH-GRADE HORSES, Including One Elegant Saddle Horse and One Very Fine Stallion.

200 Fine Single and Double Wagons, 1 Tally-ho in excellent condition, AND ABOUT 12 AUTOMOBILES including such as Garford Truck, Fords and Willys Knight Overlands, ALSO 200 SETS OF HARNESS, Supplies & General Equipments. Also 1 brand new Electric Oat Crusher, Motors, Office Fixtures, etc., etc.

☞ TAKE NOTICE ☜

These horses and this delivery system warrant the attendance of anyone who is in need of a reliable delivery system, or any part thereof.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

BUTTONS.—Open for a large quantity of small crochet buttons, Milan buttons, crochet balls, and fasteners. L 66 Times Annex.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses.—Open for jobs coats, suits, and dresses for cash. Handel's, 836 6th Av.

COATS, PLUSH.—Open for 1,000 plush coats. Apply Dave Schwartz, 16 East 33d.

CORDUROY REMNANTS wanted, 9" or more wide. Bleached Muslin Remnants, 5"x5"—12"x12" and upwards, large amounts. Chas. W. Becker, Commission Merchant, Amsterdam, New York.

DRESSES.—Jobbers looking for Spring style on misses' and ladies' dresses; popular prices. Call from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., Meltzer Bros., 36-38 West 25th St.

DRESSES, suits, coats, waists, skirts, petticoats, high-grade jobs desired; cash. National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St. Frank. 4343.

MERCHANDISE.—All kinds wanted to sell on commission. F. H. Shannon, West Union, W. Va.

MESSALINES AND PLAIDS wanted; any quanity; cash. 27 East 22d St., third floor.

SILKS.—Will buy silks that have become tender; light shades only. K 97 Times.

SUITS.—We will give orders to small manufacturers and supply cloth to sub-manufacturers for quantity business on better grade suits from $8.50 to $16.50 and coats from $5.00 to $15.00. Inquire fifth floor, using 36th St. entrance, 1,333 Broadway.

SUITS.—Jobber looking at popular-priced Spring suits, daily, between 4 and 6 P. M., 9th floor, 30 West 26th.

SUITS AND COATS for ladies; jobber looking at smart, snappy styles at popular prices. Call all week, tenth floor, 28-32 W. 27th St.

WEARING APPAREL.—Cash paid for jobs of ladies' and children's wearing apparel, general merchandise. Gruber, 458 B'way. Tel Spring 358.

WEARING APPAREL.—Will buy women's wearing apparel. Harris Bros., 40 West 22d St. Gramercy 2581.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS.—Closing out 75 Winter Coats at a price. J. P. Slater, 114 West 26th.

COATS, SUITS.—For January sale, to close out. Talbot Company, 114 West 27th St.

CORDUROYS, Spring shades, all widths; immediate delivery. Charles Feldman & Sons, 50 Bond St.

PLAID GINGHAMS.—Will exchange 32-inch for 32-inch Amoskeag chambray; plain shades. K 139 Times.

PRIOR TO REMOVAL will sell my stock of fancy knit goods at cost. Pasternak, 43 East 8th St.

SNAP FASTENERS for sale. United Merchandise Co., 640 Broadway. 9861—Spring.

SUITS.—American poplin, peau de cygne lined, striped taffeta trimmed, at $7; sell to jobbers only. Pressler & Schneiderman, 117 Prince St. 8163 Spring.

VOILES. — Black printed. Rosenberg, 134 Spring St.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Young man familiar with office and city trade, to sell popular priced coats and suits; salary. M. D. Kaufman, 6 West 32d St.

SALESMAN to call office trade, good line popular-priced dresses; commission. D. and E. Dress Company, 151 West 25th.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3@3¼ per cent. for the best names
Tuesday....3@3¼ " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Small Orders Appreciated.

It is easier under the present conditions in many lines to place a small order than one of larger dimensions. The manufacturers wish to do the best they can by their customers, but, while abnormal conditions prevail, the small order customer is welcomed as he never was before. A piece goods buyer was told yesterday by a mill agent that an order for fifty pieces of cloth was more acceptable than one for 200 pieces. This situation is more or less general.

Yarn Prices May Soften.

Mill agents in the woolen trade see a possible softening of the prices asked for white yarn. The reason given is that the dye scarcity is holding up transactions in yarn that otherwise might be finished and delivered. If supplies accumulate and the color shortage continues, a surplus should be created, with no relief in sight for the yarn dealers. This would tend to produce lower prices for white yarns, in view of the fact that the sale of this product would be restricted.

Heavy Sheetings in Demand.

Further unsettling reports about the burlap situation, coupled with additional price advances on those goods, resulted yesterday in an increase in demand on the part of the bag manufacturers for heavy sheetings. Forty-inch sheetings were most in demand, from all accounts, sales for nearby delivery being made on 4.25s at 5¾ cents, 3.75s at 6½ cents, and five-yard goods at 5¼ cents. On forty-inch 3.50 osnaburgs some nice business was reported from the same trade at 6¼ cents for delivery over the first half of the year. On 3.95-yard drills business was done for nearby shipment at 6 cents, with some sellers asking 6⅛ cents.

Drug Prices Tending Higher.

Weekly Drug Markets will say today that sharp rises in prices in the last week in this city covered mercurials, strychnine, quicksilver, Russian musk root, carbonate of sal soda, bichromate of soda, and blue vitriol, while moderate gains involved tartaric acid, Newfoundland, cod-liver oil, bleaching powder, cream of tartar, cod-liver oil, gentian root, napthalene, Rochelle salt, seidlitz mixture, and silver nitrate. There were fractional advances on some varieties of seeds, leaves, and spices. On the other hand, material declines in values were established, as a result of more liberal offerings, on Russian cantharides, jaborandi, and skullcap leaves, while minor reductions took place on simaruba bark, menthol, egg albumen, carbolic acid, and anise oil.

Some Undergarment Features.

Two things stand out strongly as leaders in women's undergarments for Spring and they are the petticoat and the envelope chemise. Present indications are that the former will be wider than for years, both in taffeta and cotton fabrics, and that they will be more heavily ornamented at the bottom than for some time. The envelope chemise will also be roomier than in recent seasons, this, as well as the increased width of the petticoats, being due to the breadth of the Spring dresses and skirts. Combinations of one sort or another are well up in the running, but the call for separate garments, save for some of the cheaper grades of bloomers, is reported to be not quite as active as it might be.

Sold in Alphabetical Order.

There is a humorous as well as a serious side to conditions in the woolen market. A piece goods salesman who recently made a trip to see the trade in Chicago was met at the station by a clothier who wanted to place an order at once. The salesman told him that he had orders to visit the clothiers in the alphabetical order of their names. The name of the manufacturer who was so eager to buy began with an "L." He was, consequently in about the middle of the salesman's calling list. When the woolen man finally got around to see him the price of his goods had been advanced 15 cents a yard. If conditions continue to spring surprises like this, the clothier in question says he will admit a man whose name begins with an "A" into the firm.

Tie Silks in Single Pieces.

The difficulty arising from getting adequate supplies of tie silks of the cheaper variety has produced a situation in the market where neckwear manufacturers are taking goods in single pieces. This means that the usual color ranges have been wholly discarded, and patterns in many instances are being made up from one shade alone. The dye scarcity has reached an acute stage, and cotton black dyes are practically unobtainable. This condition, and the trouble in holding weavers who are offered better inducements by the munition manufacturers, have advanced costs materially. In the cheaper goods silk cannot be bought, and samples have not been made for Spring. Shipments are made direct from the mill to the manufacturer, piece by piece as they come along. The style trend is mainly for figured designs with a sprinkling of stripes.

The Handkerchief Situation.

The difficulty of getting deliveries of imported handkerchiefs and the scarcity and high cost of linen for cutting up in this country are puzzling the trade as to how orders for the current year are going to be filled. Stocks are low as the result of heavy buying for the holiday trade, buying that was almost as late as it was heavy, but the trade is looking on the future with as much optimism as possible. Buyers seem to realize the difficulties of the situation more than in some other lines, and business has already been placed for delivery into the Fall months. The position of the cotton market is not altogether pleasing to the makers of cotton handkerchiefs in this country, as it is keeping cloth prices high and making it difficult to reconcile them with the figures buyers are willing to pay for the finished merchandise. From all accounts, it looks like a year of novelties in color and design.

Carpet and Rug Prices Rising.

Further proof of the upward trend of prices on carpets and rugs, arising principally from the scarcity and high cost of fast colors, was given yesterday when the wholesale department of W. & J. Sloane of this city announced these advances on goods made by C. H. Masland & Sons, Philadelphia: Highspire tapestry, 9x12, 40c; Rex tapestry, 9x12, 85c; Amber velvet, 9x12, $1.25; Mosaic tapestry, 27x54 inches, 5c; Fernbrook velvet, same size, 3c; Argyle wool and fibre, 9x12, 25c; same in blues and pinks, 75c; Mosaic tapestry carpet, 3c a yard; Fernbrook velvet carpet, 1c; Highspire tapestry carpet, 3c; Rex tapestry carpet, 3c, and Amber velvet carpet, figured, 7c; plain, 9c. The scarcest colors of all are said generally to be blue, scarlet, pink, and green.

Printcloths Fairly Active.

Though possibly not as active as on earlier days of the week, there was some pretty good trading done yesterday in this market on printcloths. Buying could in no sense, however, be called spectacular. Further sales of 39-inch 68-72s were made at 5¾ cents for February-March delivery, while on 38½-inch 60-52s and 60-48s January-February business was done at 4½ and 4¾ cents, respectively. For lawns, voiles, and other combed fabrics the demand was very active, and any goods that could be got out for nearby delivery commanded nice premiums. Prices are now fully 2 cents a yard higher on these goods than the low point touched some months back, and the earliest that they can be had for any kind of liberal deliveries is May. Closing printcloth prices were:

39-inch, 80-80s....6⅝c	38½-inch, 64-60s...4⅞c
39-inch, 72-76s....6¼c	38½-inch, 64-56s...4⅝c
39-inch, 68-72s....5¾c	38½-inch, 60-52s...4½c
39-inch, 56-44s....4⅝c	38½-inch, 60-48s...4¾c
38½-inch, 64-64s...5c	27-inch, 64-60s....3½c

BUSINESS NOTES.

A comparative cotton goods chart for 1915 was sent to the trade yesterday by Louis Lowinson, cotton goods broker, 72 Leonard Street. The chart shows the year's range of values on several standard constructions of printcloths and sheetings, together with the valuations of prices on spot middling uplands cotton.

The American Woolen Company, Department 1, Division A, will today open Fall lines of serges, unfinished worsteds, clays, cheviots, and French backs.

Brown & Macrae, resident buyers, 1,270 Broadway, have obtained the account of the J. E. Scase Company, Ottumwa, Iowa. The Scase buyers are now in this market.

W. M. G. Howse of the Johnson & Larimer Dry Goods Company of Wichita, Kan., President of the Jobbers' Association of Dress Fabric Buyers, was yesterday congratulated by his many friends in the downtown wholesale district owing to the announcement that his firm had created the position of Second Vice President and designated Mr. Howse for the place. This position was taken as a recognition of the services rendered the firm by Mr. Howse.

Agent Porter, in charge of the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, yesterday announced that he had received a set of samples in connection with an opportunity for the sale of cotton goods in Rio de Janeiro. The samples illustrate materials which are in use in Brazil for shirtings and similar articles.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

WILLIS & JAECKLE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Daniel J. Willis and Joseph Jaeckle, retail butchers at 3,862 and 3,864 Tenth Avenue. Liabilities are $10,000 and assets $2,500.

SAUL LEVY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Saul Levy, dealer in furniture and interior decorations at 256 West Eighty-first Street. Liabilities are $7,000 and assets $4,200.

ABRAHAM D. LUBASH.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham D. Lubash, dealer in hardware and house furnishings at 2,943 Third Avenue. Lubash made an assignment in the Bronx to M. J. Le Boyer.

HAROLD BARNES ROBERTS, an engineer at Pelham, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $11,628 and assets of $200 in a claim against the village of North Pelham for services.

JOSEPH WEISMAN, manufacturer of waists at 114 West Twenty-sixth Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $26,573 and assets $26,096. The largest creditor is the Bank of the Metropolis, $7,000.

MORRISS KARP, cloak manufacturer at 48 West Twenty-second Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities $5,016 and assets $2,928.

HANSCOM & CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed Ernest Zeek and Milton M. Sittenfeld receivers for Hanscom & Co., bakers, of 3,794 Broadway, bond $4,000, with authority to carry on business for thirty days.

TILEINE COMPANY OF AMERICA.—Judge Mayer has discharged Ferdinand McKeige as one of the receivers of the Tileine Company of America, Inc., of 559 West Thirty-sixth Street on account of illness, and Byrd D. Wise is now the sole receiver.

H. BRINBERG & BRO.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of H. Brinberg & Bro., wholesale dealers in cotton goods at 458 Broadway, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $852,513.

HIGGINS & SEITER.—Judge Mayer has made allowances in the case of Higgins & Seiter, a corporation, formerly dealers in china at 9 East Thirty-seventh Street, of $7,000 to the attorneys for the receiver, Sackett, Chapman & Stevens, and full double commissions to the receivers, J. Adams Brown and Charles H. Sherrill. Liabilities were $430,664 and assets $343,757.

JOHN PEIRCE COMPANY.—A meeting of creditors of the John Peirce Company, granite contractors, of 90 West Street, which was put into bankruptcy on Dec. 2, was held yesterday at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, at 67 Wall Street. Ten claims were filed, among them the Trustees of John Peirce, $125,000; Hatch & Sheehan, $20,086; Pietrowski & Konop Company, $7,706; Edwin W. Hatch, $7,000, and Otto J. Bloss, $6,088. Leavitt J. Hunt of Hunt, Hill & Betts was elected Trustee and his bond was fixed at $5,000. No schedules of liabilities and assets was filed, but it was unofficially stated that liabilities were more than $500,000 and normal assets over $1,000,000. The Empire Trust Company is a creditor for $37,000, unsecured, and another trust company is a creditor for $200,000, but it is secured by collateral.

FRICTION TRANSFER PATTERN COMPANY, manufacturer of patterns and toys at 113-115 University Place, has assigned to Jacob H. Hirsch.

JOSE SCHWARZ, druggist, with stores at 2,312 Seventh Avenue and 469 Central Park West, has assigned to Abraham Kutz.

BENJAMIN FLEISCHER, who had a general store at Stevensville, Sullivan County, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $21,064 and assets of $6,072. His store and home were burned on Dec. 18.

Discharge from Bankruptcy.

Judge Mayer has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Morris Kalman, real estate broker, of 810 Fox Street, who filed a petition on Feb. 24, 1911. His liabilities were $82,223.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Accounts $100 and over.)

Altman, Julius—Samuel Phillipson & Co....$113.41
Blockley, August E.—M. L. Block....$428.91
Buffalo Brewing Co.—S. Ullmann....$5,262.63
Bonetto, Guiseppe—D. Orsetti....$587.38
Barblinger, Henry T.—Flint & Horner Co., Inc....$205.45
Batterman, John J.—E. Belanger....$6,530.20
Bramm, Carl A.—L. Fischer....$350.48
Bernstein, Nathan—966-972 Fulton St. Corporation....$930.71
Bierhoff, Harry—B. Johnson et al...$2,079.08
Bordens Condensed Milk Co.—A. Danishefsky....$4,635.20
Bondy, Aaron H.—O. Schlicker....$955.61
Bondy, Aaron H.—A. Kalaf et al....$407.10
Cameron, Alpin W.—M. S. Cameron.$3,219.95
Cohen, Clothilda—Public Bank of New York....$2,920.44
Cohen, Max—P. Hunter....$111.30
Clark, John P.—Caroline and Yadkin River R. R. Co....$108.71
De Carvalho, Anna V., and Terijon Weitling, ex'rs.—E. L. Johnson & Co.$811.17
Donohue, Catherine, admx.—East River Mill and Lumber Co., costs....$540.10
Dyer, Joseph—J. Coupal....$111.91
Dupont, Harry V.—Weaver Ebling Automobile Co....$228.70
Dobbs, Wm. F.—E. Schmidt....$262.24
Engel, Erich—A. F. Spiegel....$105.77
Dachtera, William—E. S. F. Wade...$2,192.23
Ehrenwald, William—Scott & West Co.$124.13
Felbol, Speyer Co., Inc.—H. J. Rothschild....$1,185.30
Elkins, Henry W.—J. A. Bolles....$117.81
Fuchs, Emil E.—D. B. Goldsmith....$864.41
Feuring, Anna—C. Kreamer....537.55
Friedman, Morris N.—N. Stern....174.11
Henig, Michael—J. W. Gasteiger et al..240.10
Hebberd, Chas. E.—New Netherland Bank of N. Y....420.11
Herresjoff, Frances L.—J. J. Aldrich..350.00
Hunter, Paul C.—L. C. Harry....113.60
Holzderber, Florence—J. M. Gidding & Co....249.00
Hess, Mary, admx.—Inter Rapid Transit Co., costs....107.88
Henig, Solomon and Michael—M. J. Grossman et al....205.14
Hirsch Fur Co., Inc.—F. Wolter....288.62
Hunt, J. Elliott—W. W. Owen....123.07
Hilliard, Ernest C.—E. M. Gattle & Co....3,103.43
Hack, Pincus—S. Turk....129.05
Henderson, Lester R.—National Casket Co....489.82
Inglesi, Vincenzo, and National Surety Co.—People, &c....3,000.00
Kaufman, Leon D.—A. R. Kaufman, costs....106.72
Koons, John R., and L. Rufus Koons—A. Waxman....271.00
Kantrowitz, Annie—White Metal Bed Co....355.66
Lawrence, Barnum & Co.—T. Bailey..3,171.57
Lindenberg, Otto G.—M. Wellman....167.41
Lanz, Joseph—H. L. Waters....198.24
Maxwell, Chas. M.—C. H. Hennings..6,070.78
Mattila, Frederick W., and Hannes Kolehmainen—Beyer Bros. Co....180.01
Miller, Isidor R.—Philadelphia Royal Stick Co....115.32
Mecola, Francesco—Everett B. Clark Seed Co....112.17
M. Grohs Sons, Inc.—G. F. Gregory et al....434.91
Mulligan, Lawrence, and Patrick H. Sullivan, executors—A. D. Barton....3,813.20
McConnell, John E.—M. Ginzberg....194.50
Miller, Abraham E.—Texas Co....115.54
Noyes, Charles S.—S. Borchardt....232.81
Nietos Export Agency and Importing Co.—B. A. Cohen....162.29
Nabatoff, Isidor—Frank J. Lennon Co..305.64
Onyx Realty Exchange, Inc.—Guaranteed Awning Co., Inc....276.14
Pappas, Peter—A. H. Bullard, Inc....146.53
Pape, Edw. J.—O'Neill-Adams Co....165.86
Peters, Edw. H.—Chicago Auditorium Association, Inc....885.88
Ployd, Fletcher W.—H. T. Schachner..227.31
Parker, George A.—New Netherland Bank of Nek York....445.57
Rogers, Robert W. E.—Sanitary Co. of America....1,307.98
Rathbun, Wm. J.—F. Notti et al....305.49
Ryan-Parker Const. Co.—S. Chard..383,079.67
Rose, Wm. G., Frank R. Houghton, and James F. Connell—A. Kneeland.1,451.09
Rosenheim, Benjamin G.—Frank J. Lennon Co....101.07
Steele, Chas. R.—New Netherland Bank of New York....421.48
Starrett, Geo. B.—Am. Surety Co. of New York....121.28
Sire, Albert I.—Hajek Bros & Co., Inc.1,677.99
Same—Same....695.99
Steglich, Hugo, or Hugo Baer—J. Filber....108.47
Sinnott, Anna, and Thomas Toner—People, &c....300.00
Sheridan, Joseph A., and John A. Reddy—People, &c....500.00
Smulovotz, Joseph—City of New York..116.27
Stephan, Gesene and Otto A.—H. L. Meyer....189.53
Silver, Max—C. M. Britton et al....148.26
Stevens, Jeanette—H. Blau....238.11
Schmaltz, Joseph—E. Ghrke....276.41
Sargent, Alliston—Wellman Lumber Co.425.43
Seckel, Walter C. and Grace M.—E. C. Jarvis....201.00
Sorensen, Alfred & William—F. & M. Schaefer Brewing Co....136.70
Tate, Sterrett—Miller & Co....2,130.92
Thompson, Catherine—Illinois Surety Co., costs....139.72
Wernig, Francis C.—Witteman Bros., Inc....110.00
Woolf, Rachel—E. D. Webb....452.53
Webb, H. Walter—R. Pulitzer....7,195.27
Same—J. Webb....1,042.00
Klotnick, Jacob—N. H. Cohan et al...239.65
Zilver, Aaron—B. Begendorf....888.69
Young, Courtlandt H.—Realty Supervision Co....482.38
Zodikow, Ludwig—Maiden Lane Savings Bank....2,897.80

In Bronx County.

Diamond, Julius—M. Dworkin....$474.32
Dailey, William J.—G. A. Grant....26.72
Finken, Walter S.—Star Fire Proof Door and Sash Co., Inc....63.80
Grote, Florence C., Montag Construction Co., and Michael Montag—Builders' Brick and Supply Co., Inc....678.37
Same—Same....659.88
Hill, Henry A.—L. D. Compson....221.43
Horenburger, Emma—M. Hitchcock....915.54
Helburn, Hugo—A. Dauman....343.01
Same—Same....489.01
Jaffe, Isidore—L. Goldin....35.17
Miller, Henry, Jr.—M. Kaufman....124.22
Port, John—Park & Tilford....107.70
Rothschild, Fannie—H. Marx et al...3,549.34
Spitzer, Frank—M. Lowenstein et al....129.02
Standard Damp Proofing and Roofing Co.—C. L. Krakauer....108.85
Zittell, Edward J. and Matilda—Bluthenthal & Bickart, Inc....246.46

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Smith, Ella—E. L. Richards, June 24, 1915....$1,427.48
Schwarzler, Albert J.—M. Wessel, Jan. 11, 1916....126.99
Same—Same, March 11, 1914....139.28
Same—Same, Feb. 20, 1913....12,142.54
Wupperman, Josephine W.—First National Bank of Roselle, Dec. 30, 1915..274.91
Art Color Printing Co.—A. McMahon, March 11, 1915....3,136.82
Same—Same, July 23, 1915....104.60
Broadhurst, George H.—W. H. King, Jan. 3, 1916....4,216.28
Barnard, Wm. H.—J. E. Warel, June 30, 1915....396.61
Carpenter, Orlando J.—C. L. M. Greig, Aug. 4, 1914....814.37
Drysdale, Thomas—National Fireproofing Co., Jan. 17, 1916....232.20
Ehret, George—H. E. Keen, Jan. 3, 1916.844.18
Herzberg, Joseph—N. A. Elsner, Jan. 27, 1914....264.65
James, Frank E.; Henry C. Wiley, Spencer R. Hill, and Daniel W. Gurnett—J. S. Simon, Dec. 15, 1915....961.84
Lalli, Michael—Charles F. Mattlage & Sons, Dec. 4, 1915....196.18
Levingston, Harry M.—Lamb Publishing Co., Nov. 19, 1915....117.82
Maguire, Thomas F.—Empire Brick and Supply Co., Feb. 23, 1915....452.84
Pisani, Frank—National Cash Register Co., Oct. 14, 1915....204.01
Robinson, Leslie R.—Logan Trust Co. of Philadelphia, Jan. 5, 1916....570.71
Standard Mail Order Co.—H. Kaufman et al., Jan. 15, 1916....651.34
Zurkow, Max, and Meyer Rabinowitz—M. Spiro et al., June 2, 1910....603.98

AUCTION SALES.

MISCELLANEOUS.

$35,000 WHOLESALE STOCK 200,000 YARDS

DOMESTIC FLANNELS, COTTON GOODS, Linen, Toweling and Table Covers, PEDDLERS' SUPPLIES,

Lace Curtains, Portieres, Couch Covers, Bed Spreads, etc.

Frank Jacobovitz & J. Siegel, Sell To-day, Thursday, Jan. 20, 1916, 10 Lispenard St., near West B'way. For full particulars follow this paper. FRANK JACOBOVITZ, Telephone 2950 Franklin. J. SIEGEL, Telephone 2224 Orchard.

MERCHANDISE.

BURLING & DOLE, 7-11 Greene St., N. Y.—Woolens, Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Cottons; sales Tuesdays and Fridays. Tel. Spring 9944.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—Bonwit, Lennon & Co.; H. A. Lennon, ready-to-wear; Hermitage.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—Rosenwald Bros.; S. V. Rosenwald, notions, cloaks, house furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.—C. Ilfield Co.; A. Stern, dry goods; 75 Leonard; Continental.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; J. Drefenderfer, dress goods, silks; 41 Union Sq.; Murray Hill.
ALLENTOWN, Pa.—H. S. Landis & Co.; H. S. Landis, carpets; Marlborough.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—H. H. Groat, men's furnishing goods; Marlborough.
BALTIMORE—Daniel Miller Co.; J. H. Spencer, domestics; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Ochs & Frank; W. Vallerius, waistings; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; H. L. McLanahan, hats; 710 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; J. E. Berk, jobs house dresses; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Cahn, Coblens Co.; M. A. Falk, men's, boys', children's clothing; E. G. Colwell, dry goods; 1,199 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; C. S. Stackpole, clothing; 18 W. 35th.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; M. Oppenheimer, notions, wash goods, linings; M. Schneeberger, leather goods, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; O. Sedbury, dress goods; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Spear & Katz; L. Katz, mfrs.' neckwear; Netherland.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. Edelstein, men's furn. goods, 18 W. 35th.
BOSTON—Baron, Anderson & Co.; W. H. Schmitt representing; Breslin.
BOSTON—Magrane, Houston Co.; Miss E. Barrett, aces, veilings, handkerchiefs; Miss G. Chesleigh, misses' cloaks, suits; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Vincent, ladies' coats; Miss Connors, infants' coats, bonnets; Miss Killam, misses' dresses; Miss McCrossen, ladies' dresses; Miss Treed, silk waists; Mr. King, basement buyers, machine-made dresses; Mr. O'Brien, women's suits, coats; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Dreyfus & Sons; E. Feibelman, gloves, underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON, Mass.—Miss S. Blumenthal, silk waists; Miss B. Garner, ladies' coats, skirts; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—Jordan, Marsh Co.; J. A. Keogh, men's clothing, (basement;) Miss A. Kelly, women's, childrens' wear; Miss C. Sweeney, misses' suits, dresses; 31 Union Sq.
BOSTON—Farley, Harvey & Co.; F. W. Marston, dress goods, woolens; 87 Leonard.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss A. G. Tarpy, misses' coats, suits; 470 4th Av.; Algonquin.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; Miss E. Boas, dresses; 243 Church.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; S. Lowenberg, men's, boys' clothing; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; R. M. Dean, notions, leather goods, toilet goods; W. M. Litchenstein, men's furn. goods; Miss Austin, infants' wear; D. C. Theall, upholstery goods; 470 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Berger's; L. L. Berger, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; A. J. Fish, domestics, linens; J. D. Healy, dress goods; E. C. Truxes, laces, embroideries, millinery; B. A. Foote, ready-to-wear; Miss C. Herman, waists; F. E. Hochreiter, clothing, furn. goods, hosiery; G. W. Scheerer, millinery; Miss Horan, ribbons; Mr. Tracy, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear, E. Shanks, notions, fancy, leather, toilet goods; F. Hansen, neckwear, buttons, trimmings; H. D. Hosmer, carpets; B. W. Perry, furniture; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. Erion, Jr., housefurn. goods; J. A. Kraus, upholstery goods; 105 Grand.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; A. L. Hess, infants', girls' wear; I. F. Prentiss, art goods; Miss M. E. Dooley, carsets, underwear; 18 West 35th.
CAIRO, Ill.—Denison-Gohlson Dry Goods Co.; L. E. Denison, dry goods, notions, furnishing goods; Herald Square.
CAIRO, Ill.—Weber-Wolters Dry Goods Co.; H. Weber, wholesale dry goods, notions; 366 B'way; Navarre.
CHARLESTON, W. Va.—Abney, Barnes Co.; J. S. Dana, mdse. mgr.; 75 Leonard.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.—Gilmore Furniture Co.; J. A. Gilmore, furniture; Park Av.
CHESTER, Penn.—F. Tollin, carpets, furniture, glassware, clothing; Webster.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. W. Stein, hats; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—I. Tucker & Co.; I. Tucker, pants, boys' clothing; St. Denis.
CHICAGO—Hubbard, Smith & Co.; F. E. Smith, notions; Imperial.
CHICAGO, Ill.—L. Gold Cap Co.; L. Gold, mfrs. caps, cloth hats; New Strand.
CHICAGO—Ederheimer, Stein & Co.; D. A. Stein, boys', children's clothing; 215 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Montgomery, Ward & Co.; J. H. Hawkins, Miss C. Payton, hosiery, knit goods; 43 W. 23d.
CHICAGO—F. Siegel & Brother; J. P. Hovland, coats, suits; 303 5th Av.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—L. Stix & Co.; O. Steinwedel, hosiery, gloves, notions, fancy goods; 377 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Hart & Co.; J. H. Mellen, flowers, feathers; 37 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND—Oppenheim, Collins & Co.; S. C. Bachman, ready-to-wear; 35 W. 34th.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—May Co.; Miss A. McNeal, waists, petticoats; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Printz-Biedman Co.; A. Printz, woolen piece goods; 200 5th Av.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—William Taylor, Son, & Co.; C. Allen, gloves; 470 4th Av.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Clawson & Wilson Co.; R. A. Thompson, linens, white goods; 43 Leonard.
COLORADO SPRINGS, Col.—B. S. Kaufman, ready-to-wear; 43 Leonard.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; A. D. Friedman, women's, misses' coats, suits; 220 5th Av.
DENVER, Col.—Daniels & Fisher Stores Co.; H. R. Horner, carpets, rugs, Oriental rugs, oilcloths, linoleums; 71 W. 23d.
DETROIT—J. A. Strider, coats, dresses; Collingwood.
DETROIT—Crowley-Milner Co.; W. W. Weir, notions, handkerchiefs, ribbons; 116 W. 32d.
DULUTH, Minn.—F. A. Patrick & Co.; V. R. Waldo, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
FLINT, Mich.—Warrick Bros.; J. G. Warrick, ladies' garments; 31 Union Square; Gregorian.
FRESNO, Cal.—Wonder Cloak and Suit Co.; Miss Hagerman, millinery; 1,261 B'way.
GALLIPOLIS, Ohio—C. M. Adams; J. Soder, carpets, furniture; Grand.
HAMILTON, Ontario—Arcade, Limited—J. P. Whalen, general merchandise; Mr. Middleman, ready-to-wear; 47 West 34th.
HARTFORD—Crawford-Plummer Co.; C. R. McClellan, waists, skirts, serge dresses; 12 W. 31st.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Feinberg Bros.; J. Feinberg, furniture, &c.; M. J. Sullivan, rugs, carpets, furniture, draperies, blankets; 353 4th Av.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Feinberg Bros.; J. Feinberg, furniture, &c.; Webster.
HICKORY, N. C.—G. W. Hall & Co.; G. W. Hall, general mdse.; Herald Square.
HOUSTON, Texas—Foley Bros. Dry Goods Co.; J. A. Foley, dry goods, &c.; 13 E. 22d.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—Gately & Fitzgerald Furniture Co.; M. J. Bowman, carpets, stoves, furniture, &c.; Bristol.
KANSAS CITY—Jones Store Co.; E. S. Mendenhall, hosiery, underwear; 23 E. 26th; McAlpin.
LA CROSSE, Wis.—W. Doerflinger Co.; F. A. Phillips, G. Robbins, cloaks, suits, waists, women's, infants' furn. goods; 31 Union Sq.
LAREDO, Texas—E. Cruz, general merchandise; 836 Broadway; Imperial.
LEBANON, Penn.—Gehrets Furniture & Carpet House; E. Gehrets, furniture, &c.; Murray Hill.
LIMA, Ohio—Ladies' Outfitting Co.; M. Michael, Mrs. M. Michael, women's ready-to-wear; Prince George.
LIMA, Ohio—Glover & Winters Co.; C. L. Dazell, millinery; Prince George.
LOS ANGELES—J. W. Robinson Co.; Mrs. P. McCurry, muslin underwear, infants' and boys' dept.; Miss E. Treviso, waists; Miss C. Pedrorens, misses' dept.; 111 5th Av.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Jacoby Bros.; A. C. Scher, dress goods, silks, linens, white goods, blankets, &c.; 1,182 B'way, Room 607.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—A. Fusenot Co.; Miss M. Munzy, coats, suits; 470 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—A. Hamburger & Sons; S. W. Gardner, dress goods, silks; 215 4th Av.
MACON, Ga.—Waxelbaum Co.; L. J. Waxelbaum, notions, women's ready-to-wear; 31 Worth.
MARION, S. C.—Fleishman & Bros.; B. Fleishman, men's, women's clothing; 1,161 B'way.
MIDDLETOWN, Conn.—J. H. Bunce Co.; Miss A. E. Long, laces, embroideries, neckwear, buttons; 75 Spring.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Landauer & Co.; H. W. Curley, furnishing goods, underwear; 56 Worth St.; Cumberland.
MONTGOMERY, Ala.—H. Scheuer, furn. goods; New Victoria.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NEW ORLEANS—Mark-Isaacs Co.; B. M. Isaacs, millinery; 148 W. 23d.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Krauss Co.; H. Blatnikoff, millinery; 43 Leonard.
NORFOLK, Va.—Whichard Bros. Co.; H. W. Whichard, notions, furn. goods; Breslin.
NORFOLK, Va.—S. J. Ullman, clothing; Strand.
NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; Miss K. G. Gleason, women's, infants' wear; 75 Spring St.; Continental.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Copwell Co.; Miss Good, coats, suits, dresses; 110 W. 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Marymont-Upright Co.; J. A. Hayes, coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.
OAKLAND, Cal.—Mosbacher's Cloak and Suit House; L. Le Pretti, cloaks, suits, dresses, waists; 171 Greene St.
OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla.—Kerr D. G. Co.; L. D. Aldrich, shoes; 1,150 B'way.
OAKLAND, Cal.—H. C. Capwell Co.; Miss K. Good, coats, suits, dresses; M. J. O'Donnell, ready-to-wear, (basement;) 116 W. 32d.
OMAHA, Neb.—Byrne & Hammer Dry Goods Co.; J. F. Byrne, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.
PADUCAH, Ky.—The Fashion; H. J. Loewenthal, women's garments; Herald Square.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; Miss A. O'Donnell, Mrs. J. Goodrich, skirts; B'way and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; A. Silverman, ready-to-wear; 18 W. 27th.
PHILADELPHIA—L. W. Hirsch Co.; Miss Delevie, waists; 116 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. L. A. Wilkinson, skirts; B'way and 32d; Holland House.
PHILADELPHIA—B. A. Wilson & Co.; B. A. Wilson, knee pants; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA, "Blauner's;" Miss Lynch, jobs evening, serge dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—Lewin-Neiman Co.; B. Neiman, ladies', misses', children's wear; 470 4th Av.; Herald Square.
PITTSBURGH—Frank & Seder; I. Seder, ready-to-wear; 364 5th Av.; Herald Square.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—Markstein & Rosenthal; M. G. Rosenthal, cloaks; Park Avenue.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Miss M. G. Carton, women's, infants' wear, corsets; 1,140 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; B. Lehman, hockey shoes, skates, sporting goods; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; B. S. Chapin, suits; 23 E. 26th; Waldorf.
PLYMOUTH, Penn.—H. B. Davenport, general mdse.; Wallick.
PORTLAND, Me.—Bigelow-Bailey Co.; J. F. Bigelow, carpets, furniture; Wallick.
PORTLAND, Me.—L. H. Schlosberg, furs, ladies' garments; Gregorian.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; O. A. Moore, housefurn. goods; W. D. Lakeman, petticoats, kimonos; 432 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—H. L. Jacobs; N. Harrison, millinery; Cumberland.
READING, Pa.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; Miss E. Miller, infants' wear; Miss M. Bloomfield, gloves; 2 Walker.
READING, Penn.—Kaufman Furniture Co.; E. I. Kaufman, furniture, &c.; Ansonia.
READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; J. F. Rehrer, corsets, embroideries, ribbons, handkerchiefs, neckwear; 2 Walker.
RENO—Morris & Levy; Herman Levy, representing; 22 W. 21st.
RICHMOND, Va.—Dreyfuss Co.; S. B. Hazle, ready-to-wear; 1,115 B'way.
RICHMOND, Ind.—Adam H. Bartel Co.; J. M. Conte, hosiery, gloves, furn. goods; 43 Leonard; Park Av.
RICHMOND, Ind.—A. H. Bartel Co.; J. H. Saylor, domestics, silks, dress goods; 43 Leonard.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—H. S. Cohn & Co.; H. M. Cohn, men's neckwear; 200 5th Av.; Wallick's.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—L. Adler Brothers & Co.; M. S. Adler, M. Adler, woolens; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Touhey Co.; J. Marks, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
RONINSON, Kan.—Middlebrook Dry Goods Co.; H. C. Middlebrook, dry goods; Somerset.
SACRAMENTO—L. Schefman, jobs, Fall coats, Spring coats, suits, dresses; 45 W. 34th.
SAGINAW, Mich.—E. L. Gardiner Co.; E. L. Gardiner, general mdse.; Wallick.
SAGINAW, Mich.—Modart Corset Co.; H. H. Behse, corsets; 553 5th Av.
SALISBURY, Md.—Nock Bros.; J. E. Nock, men's clothing, furn. goods; Grand.
SALT LAKE CITY—Walker Bros. D. G. Co.; Mrs. E. B. Gabel, juvenile, infants', boys' clothing; Mme. E. H. Morris, millinery; 1,270 B'way.
SANDUSKY, Ohio—L. D. Alcott & Son; O. S. Alcott, hats, furn. goods; Gregorian.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—The Greater San Francisco Cloak Co.; Mrs. L. Harris, dress, skirts, waists; L. Harris, suits, coats; B'way & 29th St.
SAN FRANCISCO—The Emporium; A. C. Cronin, domestics, flannels; W. Birkett, dress goods, silks; A. Hollin, notions; Miss E. Hepburn, waists, petticoats; J. Kaufmann, men's, boys' clothing; Miss S. Harris, laces, hdkfs., neckwear; M. Malkin, umbrellas, women's gloves, hosiery, underwear; P. J. Lonergan, jewelry, silverware; P. Landsberger, leather goods, trunks, bags; S. Levinson, books; Mrs. N. Johnston, stationery; I. Whitehill, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; Miss Clayton, Miss P. Kaplan, corsets, house dresses, sweaters; Miss E. A. Gilbert, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss E. Nicolai, millinery; H. Lepman, ribbons, veilings; Miss N. Stark, millinery, basement; D. C. Leonard, ready-to-wear, basement; Mrs. E. Ezell, art needlework; E. Bishopric, toys, pictures; C. Martin, carpets, rugs, upholstery goods; P. D. Partridge, housefurn. goods, china; J. F. Reedy, shoes; 470 4th Av.
SAN JOSE, Cal.—O. A. Hale & Co.; H. A. Berkuist, neckwear, handkerchiefs, notions, stationery, gloves; 50 Union Sq.
SCHENECTADY, N. Y.—H. S. Barney Co.; J. C. Harbeck, notions, laces, trimmings, jewelry, stationery, &c.; 75 Spring; Herald Square.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Cooley D. G. Co.; H. H. Cooley, dry goods; Park Av.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—J. Freeman; furs; Herald Square.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Adaskin Furniture Co.; H. Adaskin, carpets; Wallick.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Flint & Brickett Co.; J. C. Brickett, carpets; 1,134 B'way.
ST. LOUIS—Schultz Cloak Co.; S. Schultz, cloaks, suits; 1,161 B'way.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; L. Wiley, upholstery goods; 220 5th Av.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Whaley & Anglin; F. J. Whaley, hats, caps, gloves; Imperial.
ST. PAUL—Finch, Van Slyck & McConville; J. C. Larson, notions; F. W. Pederson, women's ready-to-wear; 320 B'way; Flanders.
STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—May & Leopold; L. M. Leopold, carpets; Navarre.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse Dry Goods Co.; C. J. Barnard, manufacturing departmnet, waists; 320 Broadway.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Woodhull, Goodale & Bull; W. H. Woodhull, woolens; 200 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—L. Vinney Clothing Co.; C. Lenhardt, children's wear; Park Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. & Co.; J. Martin, shoes; 220 5th Av.; New Strand.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Syracuse Dry Goods Co.; J. A Marbes, gloves, furnishing goods; 320 B'way; Herald Square.
TEMPLE, Texas—Roddy Bros.; C. Roddy, ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; L. L. Brink, toys, pictures, wall paper, moldings; 116 W. 32d; Marlborough.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Reynolds & Monro; A. J. Reynolds, suits; 470 4th Av., 6th floor.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Tiedtke Bros. Co.; S. P. Brown, carpets; 72 Madison Av.; Brostell.
TOLEDO, Ohio—Mansbach Bros.; C. L. Fine, clothing, furn. goods; 114 5th Av.
UTICA, N. Y.—Falkner & Brink Co.; I. Brink, coats, suits; York.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—King's Palace; H. King, dry goods, general merchandise; Cumberland.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; D. L. Frank, jobs Winter suits, coats, silk cloth dresses; 15 W. 26th.
WATERLOO, Iowa—J. Black D. G. Co.; F. L. Benedict, silks, dress goods; W. J. Stevenson, cloaks, suits; Imperial.
WATERBURY, Conn.—Musler & Liebeskind; L. Liebeskind, furs; 1,161 B'way.
WHEELING, W. Va.—Stone & Thomas; H. M. Helfrich, carpets; Imperial.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—L. Rosenthal, men's clothing; Continental.
WILKES-BARRE, Penn.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; A. Latimer, cloaks, suits; 23 E. 26th.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; M. H. Briggs, ready-to-wear, furs, wrappers; 75 Spring.
WOONSOCKET, R. I.—Harris & Mowry Co.; T. A. Engelbach, upholstery, carpets; 75 Spring.
WORCESTER—American Supply Co.; T. A. Kelleher, furniture, carpets, stoves; Breslin.
WORCESTER, Mass.—Denholm & McKay Co.; A. E. Fish, colored, black dress goods; 2 Walker.
YORK, Penn.—P. Wiest's Sons; H. S. Wiest, dry goods; A. Chronister, linens; 116 W. 32d.
YORK, Penn.—J. McLean & Sons; W. R. Peters, housefurn. goods; 432 4th Av.
YOUNGSTOWN, O.—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; W. L. Breen, dress goods, silks; 351 4th Av.
ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. H. Sturtevant Co.; H. H. Sturtevant, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.

BIG SAVING IN DUTY

Will Result from a Decision on Screenings of Flaxseed.

A decision by Judge Hay of the Board of General Appraisers made yesterday saved duties to the Government variously estimated from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 annually. The merchandise involved consisted of impure flaxseed imported by the Midland Linseed Products Company, and Spencer, Kellogg & Sons from H. J. Coney of Buenos Aires. The case was before Judge Hay, sitting as a single General Appraiser in a reappraisement proceeding.

Heretofore it has been the practice at this and other ports for merchants when entering flaxseed, which is brought in in enormous quantities, to invoice the flaxseed and the screenings separately. Duty would then be paid on the flaxseed at the rate of 20 cents per bushel of fifty-six pounds. The screenings would be classified as waste, and assessed at the rate of 10 per cent. The percentage of waste was generally etstimated at from 4 to 6 per cent. of every ton of flaxseed imported, and valued at about $4 per ton. In the shipments at issue the waste was invoiced as valued at $4 per ton, while the Appraiser advanced this figure to $40 per ton, thus subjecting the importers to heavy penalties for undervaluation.

WALLSTEIN AFTER TAXIS.

Commissioner of Accounts to Take Up Meterless Cabs.

Commissioner of Accounts Leonard M. Wallstein began an inquiry yesterday into the taxicab situation with a view to finding out the need for an amendment to the ordinances which will require all vehicles engaged in the business of carrying passengers for hire to obtain licenses and be subject to regulation as to rates. It has been charged that certain companies have been running cabs from hotels without meters and exacting any rates they chose to.

"From facts now in my possession," said Commissioner Wallstein, "it appears that, since the special hack stands have been abolished, a new scheme has been devised by which the favored taxicab companies, in return for payments to resturants, hotels, and railroad companies, receive calls from those places, send hacks without meters, and charge any rate they choose. Thus, for the year ending June 30, 1915, one company paid $88,969.29 in such 'commissions' for exclusive stands in railroad terminals and for exclusive calls from restaurants and hotels.

"When Raymond B. Fosdick was Commissioner of Accounts he exposed the fact that certain cab companies paid $360,000 annually to hotels and clubs for the old special hack stands. The new practice is defended on the same ground of alleged convenience to the public and alleged superiority of service which was urged before Commissioner Fosdick at the time of his investigation. I shall see whether that defense is any better now than it was then."

INDORSE STEVENS BILL.

Druggists' Convention Wants Price Standard Maintained.

The convention of the American Druggists' Syndicate in Madison Square Garden yesterday indorsed the Stevens bill, now before Congress, intended to prevent retail merchants from cutting the standard prices of patented and copyrighted articles. Representatives from the Conference of Independent Retailers of the Metropolitan district, with members in all retail businesses, took part in the discussion.

Speakers in support of the Stevens bill were Nicholas J. Ehrlich, President of the Brooklyn branch of the Retail Tobacconists' Association of America; Dr. Paul H. Nystrom, a writer on economics and formerly of the faculty of the University of Wisconsin; Herman Weiss of Bloomingdale Brothers and W. A. McDermind, sales manager of the Gerhardt Mennen Chemical Company. All declared that the standardization of prices and their maintenance would benefit all from manufacturer to consumer.

The Board of Directors elected C. H. Goddard, who had been Secretary and General Manager of the Syndicate, to the office of permanent President.

Oppose Immigrant Literacy Test.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, 229 East Broadway, has sent a committee to appear before the House Committee on Immigration today or tomorrow in opposition to the Burnett bill, which contains a clause imposing an educational test on immigrants. The committee consists of Judge Leon Sanders, President of the society; Harry Fischell, Louis Marshall, and I. Irving Lipsitch. Others who will address the committee are W. Bourke Cockran, George Gordon Battle, and Congressman Meyer London.

Yes, we do put extraordinary value in our dresses. But our customers appreciate it. So will you.

DRESSES Prices up to $12.50



The House of Surprises Federal COSTUME COMPANY Inc.

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For Cotton Dresses, $1.00 to $7.50 Retail.



The NORTH SHORE Line of Women's and Children's Dresses for January selling. Royal Mfg. Co., 35 W. 35th St. Phone 3535 Greeley

Popular Misses' and Children's Hats



S. MAYER & SONS 584-590 Broadway Uptown Showroom 1270 Broadway Wilson Building, corner 33d St.

LIDS FOR KIDS

WHITE DRESSES, $1.50 to $3.75

SILK WAISTS, $16.50 up

SCHWARTZ BROS., 39-47 W. 19TH.

BLACK WAISTS —OUR SPECIALTY

SILK & COTTON.

J. R. WAIST & DRESS CO. 96 Spring St.

POLAR-STAR SMART SKATING WRAP Made of Cordelia. A new modish fabric. Also leather models.

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ACCOUNTS CASHED We give you cash on your outstanding accounts. Write, call or telephone Rector 5410. LICHTENSTEIN BROTHERS, Commercial Bankers, 100 Broadway.

ACCOUNTS FINANCED. Coleman & Co., 1133 Broadway. Telephone 9763 Farragut.

AFTERNOON DRESSES in meteors and taffetas, $7.50 up. Star Dress Mfg. Co., 122 West 26th St.

BARGAIN BASEMENT SPECIALTIES. Headquarters for MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, KIMONOS, DRESSING SACKS, PETTICOATS, APRONS, Etc. N. Y. MERCHANDISE CO., 540 Broadway.

BELTS for Ladies, and Leather Bags—at Popular Prices. Bienenzucht Brothers, 109-111 Spring Street.

CREPE DE CHINE Waists. Specialists in popular priced Silk Waists. Kayanee Waist & Dress Co., 536-538 Broadway.

CURTAINS LACE AND NOVELTY. Popular prices. Eugene Neumaier & Co., 3 W. 18th St.

DINNER FAVORS, novelties and paper hats. The "U-NEAK" line. SELLING DECORATIVE & NOVELTY CO., 10-12 East 23d St.

DRESSES POPULAR PRICED SERGE AND AND SILK. Great Values. Philip Mark & Co., 71 West 23d St.

DRESS TRIMMINGS AND NOVELTIES. Latest fashions always on hand. William Reiss, 121 East 24th St.

DYESTUFFS SOLD, BOUGHT, EXCHANGED N. Y. Aniline Exchange, Tel. Spring 1291. 117 Spring Street.

FURS, PELTRIES OF ALL KINDS AT JOS. STEINER & BROS., 115 WEST 30TH STREET.

HOUSE DRESSES $8.50 per dozen up. STOUTS—Sizes 39 to 51, $9 doz. up. Waldorf Bldg., 2-16 West 33rd St. SHAPIRO BROS.

LOANS ONE MILLION DOLLARS to Loan at Lowest Rate of Interest. No Other Charges. Est. Since 1880. 118 Third Ave. A. LAWRENCE Phone 2391 Stuyvesant. Near 14th Street, N. Y.

MEN'S CLOTHING SPECIALTIES. KNITTED OVERCOATS, GOLF COATS & SKATING COATS, for immediate delivery. The House of Huchberger, 93 Fifth Avenue.

MEN'S SHOES IN STOCK. GOODYEAR WELTS, $2 to $2.60. L. B. Schindler Shoe Co., 99 Duane Street.

PETTICOATS FOR SPECIAL SALES. Cotton $2 to $8; Silks $10.50 to $27.00 per doz. H. Horowitz & Co., 94 Greene St.

PILE FABRIC COATS Our 1916 Spring Line now on exhibition. Mirkin-Levitman, Inc., 26 West 17th Street.

SILK & COTTON WAISTS and Middy Blouses The American Lady Waist Co., WALDORF BULDG., 2-16 W. 33d St.

SILKS Phone 2666 Madison Sq. for Plain or Fancy PONGEES Alfred Sohland, 19 Madison Ave.

SKATING SETS WE CAN SHIP TODAY THE BRUSHED SCARFS AND CAPS that you order today. ALBERTSON, BECKHARD & ALLEN, INC., 140 Fifth Av., New York.

SHOW CARDS, Hand-made, Printed and Lithographed. Salzer & Co., 100 Nassau Street.

SKIRTS $18 doz. to $5 each. Best Values, Best Styles. Gustave Baer, 510 6th Ave., (near 31st St.)

WAISTS AND MIDDIES ($9 Doz.) BLOOM & MILLMAN 28 West 33d Street.

$ $ $ Advances made on your OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS without delay. LICHTENHEIN & STERN, 26 Exchange Place.

5c, 10c, & 25c GOODS. THE FIVE AND TEN CENT EXCHANGE, 10-12 West 20th Street.





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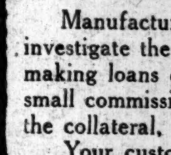
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COTTON OPENS LOW; DECLINES STEADILY

New York and Liverpool Markets Both Show Weakness in the Undertone.

GENERAL OPINION BEARISH

Southern Holders Continue Firm in Face of Scattered Demand from Spinners.

For the first time in several weeks cotton yesterday broke out of its rut and showed a rather pronounced declining tendency. Liverpool, which opened higher than due, closed sharply lower, with a weak undertone. Opening prices in New York were about five points down, but proved to be the highest of the day. Some of the bull houses gave good support, but along in the afternoon the pressure of cotton proved heavy enough to send prices down to a net loss of 14 to 16 points, with the tone barely steady.

The dullness of the market has reflected a good deal of uncertainty, and while the general opinion is bearish, it is by no means unanimously so. There is an element among the Wall Street commission houses which all along has been bullish.

Sentiment probably had a good deal to do with yesterday's decline and may influence considerable selling in the near future. Many who study the records of prices in the cotton market are committed to the idea that a decline usually disturbs the equilibrium of bull markets around the twentieth of January, and that straggling liquidation is likely to continue for a protracted period. Whether history will repeat itself or not, there is no doubt that the selling by stale longs might prove to be a big factor in bringing about lower prices.

Southern holders continue firm in their views, but demand is scattered. Spinners and exporters appear to be in the market for fair quantities of cotton, and there is some buying ahead to cover future engagements. There is very little disposition, however, on the part of spinners to buy beyond their needs.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 decline; 12.40 for middling. Sales, 400 bales. Futures closed barely steady.

	High.	Low.	Closed.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	12.28	12.19	12.19@12.20	12.33@12.36
March	12.46	12.35	12.35@12.37	12.50@12.51
May	12.70	12.58	12.58@12.60	12.74@12.75
July	12.83	12.71	12.71@12.73	12.89@12.90
Oct.	12.78	12.70	12.70@12.71	12.84@12.85
Dec.	12.90	12.86	12.83@12.85	12.97@12.98

Total port receipts, 14,872 bales; last week, 81,206 bales; last year, 63,102 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	3,828	4,326	13,962
Galveston	4,695	4,860	24,747
Mobile	457	172	1,268
Charleston	155	992	761
Savannah	2,368	3,208	11,196
Wilmington	400	857	924
Norfolk	1,651	1,668	4,448

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	442	419	2,617
Memphis	799	4,505	5,849
St. Louis	801	4,042	2,170
Houston	6,725	10,717	26,021

Exports, 13,494 bales; total thus far this season, 2,612,181; total last season, 3,259,122.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.		Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
2,187	Galveston	12.50	880,866	588,481
2,220	New Orleans	12.13	438,703	37,643
—	Mobile	11.88	23,801	59,341
—	Savannah	Holiday	227,[illegible]12	339,087
—	Charleston	Holiday	95,811	143,861
—	Wilmington	Holiday	38,913	51,250
—	Norfolk	12	128,873	78,994
1,230	Augusta	12.06	197,196	150,816
1,250	Memphis	12.38	280,875	258,264
—	St. Louis	12¾	19,265	39,070
4,021	Houston	12.40	221,989	209,292

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a moderate demand in spot cotton, with middling 1 point advance, at 8.28d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Receipts, 12,000 bales, American nil. Market closed weak.

STEEL PRICES GO HIGHER.

Large Orders Booked for Foreign Delivery Run Into 1917.

The booking of large orders for foreign delivery and a further rise of prices for important products have been the features of the week in the steel trade. The Iron Age says:

In structural lines particularly, steel at $12 to $15 a ton more than was paid in the Spring of 1915 may be expected to restrict building operations in the coming season. Yet in December the fabricating companies booked orders representing 121 per cent. of a month's capacity. Manufacturing additions in the steel and munitions industries count for much new structural work; in ordinary building lines in New York and elsewhere there is complaint that not enough is coming up.

Steel companies may be quoting higher prices to hold back business for the second half; but the fact is that from the advance to 1.85c, Pittsburgh, only recently made, one large producer has now gone to 1.90c on bars and shapes for third and fourth quarter delivery. For vessel plates for that delivery 2c is asked.

In war steel bars, a 30,000-ton sale for delivery after July has been made to the Allies' agents. On shrapnel bars such contracts can still be put through at 3c. On large steel stock 3½c and higher is asked. For France about 500,000 tons will be taken at suitable prices for deliveries running into next year.

The Iron Trade Review says:

Japan, which has a large shipbuilding program in view, is trying to place heavy tonnages in this country with small success, although it is offering very attractive prices. There are also large inquiries in the market from Argentina and China, while oil companies in the Far East are asking for important tonnages of tin plate. One foreign railroad system, not in Russia, has placed an order for 60,000 tons of rails at a price of $38 per ton, at seaboard, with the Steel Corporation, which, because of difficulty to obtain mill or freight positions, is not to be delivered until 1917.

THE DYE SITUATION.

What the Conference Committee of Industries Is Urging.

The Conference Committee of the various industries affected by the dyestuffs shortage met yesterday at the Merchants' Association and authorized sending a letter to handlers of logwood chips and extracts asking them to do all in their power to observe the conditions under which the embargo was lifted, namely, that the supply from the United States to Canada be resumed on a reasonable basis. This action was taken to prevent a repetition of the embargo. In addition to writing the logwood dealers, personal calls will be made upon them by the following committee appointed for the purpose: John P. Wood, President of the National Association of Wool Manufacturers; D. F. Waters of the Master Dyers' Association, and Albert Blum, representing the domestic dyestuff manufacturers and the silk interests.

The necessity of setting forth the actual facts concerning the dye situation to the public led to the appointment of another committee, to be known as the Publicity Committee, which will look after this phase of the situation and also continue the activities of the conference in favor of the Hill bill for a higher tariff on dyes. It is composed of H. E. Danner, Secretary of the National Association of Finishers of Cotton Fabrics; G. W. Wilkie of the Eastern Millinery Association; J. J. Nevins, Secretary of the American Association of Woolen and Worsted Manufacturers; William R. Corwine, Secretary of the National Association of Clothiers; Ramsay Peugnet, Secretary of the Silk Association of America; John W. Snowden of the United Upholstery Manufacturers' Association; H. H. Bosworth of the Cloth Manufacturers' Association of Philadelphia, and David Kirschbaum, President of the National Association of Clothiers, Chairman ex-officio.

WOOL STOCKS DEPLETED.

Supply Is Rapidly Being Taken Up—Mills Want Higher Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 19.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The wool supplies are rapidly being depleted, and those left are being held for higher prices. This is especially true of domestic wool.

"The past week saw considerably more business than the previous one, and there is much more activity now than there has been since the holiday season. The mills are making a great effort to keep up with the demand. The poor shipping facilities are impeding the movements of wool.

"All the foreign wools which arrived last week have been almost all absorbed. In the woolen and worsted goods market new offerings are being made and much buying is taking place.

"The dyestuffs situation seems to be improving somewhat. The export situation is also improving.

"The cotton goods market still continues in a strong position. Sales during the week have been reasonably large, compared with the previous week."

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was less active and price changes during the day were feverish. At the opening the May position in Chicago made a new high record, selling at $1.32, while the July position sold at $1.24¾, or within ¼c of the previous record. The opening level proved the high point of the day, however, and at one time the market was 1½@2c down from the top, and the close was 1¼@1⅜c net lower. In the local cash market No. 1 durum was quoted at $1.43½; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.48½, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.51½, free on board, New York.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	1.38⅝	1.39¾	1.50¾
July	..	..	1.31⅛	1.32½	1.32⅜

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.32	1.30	1.30¼	1.31⅝	1.43
July	1.24¾	1.23¼	1.23⅜	1.24¾	1.25⅝

CORN.

The corn market showed an easier tone, and early in the day values were down ⅝c to ¾c from the previous close, under liquidation prompted by continued predictions of larger receipts and owing to a poor cash demand. There seemed to be a better demand toward the close, however, and closing prices were ⅛c net lower. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 87½c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	79⅝	78¾	79⅛	79⅝	78⅝
July	80	79⅛	79⅛	80	79½

OATS.

New high records for the season were established in the oats market early in the day, but later prices were a little easier under selling on reports of larger country offers, and final quotations were ⅛ to ⅜c net lower. The local cash market was firm, No. 3 white being quoted at 54½ to 55c; No. 4 white, 53½ to 54c; fancy clipped white, 56½ to 58c; ordinary clipped white, 55 to 56c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	53⅝	52⅝	53⅛	53¼	55⅞
July	50⅜	49½	50⅛	50⅜	53⅝

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was firmer at the start on scattered buying, but the provision trade at large seemed to be apprehensive of reduced exports, owing to the proposed blockade to shipping, and later values eased off under liquidation. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 51,000; estimated for Thursday, 48,000. Kansas City received 19,500 and Omaha 14,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.82	10.65	10.67	10.80	10.62
May	11.16	10.92	10.95	11.07	10.80
Ribs—					
January	10.80	10.75	10.75	10.90	9.95
May	11.25	11.07	11.12	11.25	10.35
Pork—					
January	20.00	19.67	19.70	20.02	18.35
May	20.50	20.15	20.22	20.42	18.97

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was under a little more selling pressure yesterday, and as a result prices showed net losses of 4 to 7 points. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	9.10@..	9.15
January	..	..	9.10@9.35	9.15
February	..	..	9.12@9.18	9.16
March	9.17	9.12	9.14@9.15	9.18
April	9.14	9.14	9.13@9.14	9.18
May	9.20	9.13	9.14@9.15	9.21
June	..	..	9.16@9.21	9.25
July	9.26	9.22	9.24@9.25	9.30
August	..	..	9.27@9.28	9.32

COFFEE.

A firmer tone in Brazil, where milreis prices were 75 reis higher in Rio and 100 reis higher in Santos, despite an advance of 5-32d. in Rio exchange on London, gave the coffee market a firmer tone during the early operations yesterday, and first prices were 6 to 9 points net higher. Late in the session there was a partial setback, under scattered profit taking, but final quotations were 1 to 6 points net higher. Total sales for the day were 20,750 bags. The local spot market was dull and unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7⅛c and Santos 4s at 9¼c. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	..	..	6.85@6.87	6.80
February	..	..	6.93@6.95	6.87
March	7.03	7.00	7.00@7.02	6.95
April	..	..	7.04@7.06	6.99
May	7.14	7.11	7.09@7.10	7.04
June	..	..	7.13@7.15	7.09
July	7.20	7.20	7.18@7.20	7.14
August	..	..	7.23@7.25	7.19
September	7.34	7.30	7.28@7.30	7.25
October	..	..	7.32@7.34	7.30
November	..	..	7.36@7.38	7.35
December	7.50	7.50	7.41@7.43	7.90

SUGAR.

There was a rather firm opening in futures yesterday, due to the advance in refined sugar and the firmness shown in raw sugar. First prices were 2 to 8 points higher, with sales on the call of 1,900 tons. There was good buying by trade interests and operators, with heavy selling of January by Cuban interests, who bought July. At midday the market was more or less irregular but with a firm undertone, and trading was quite active. The market closed firm, net unchanged to an advance of 9 points, with sales for the day of 18,600 tons. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	3.80	3.79	3.78@3.79	3.78
February	3.69	3.66	3.68@3.70	3.62
March	3.70	3.67	3.69@3.70	3.63
April	3.75	3.75	3.75@3.76	3.69
May	3.80	3.79	3.81@3.82	3.75
June	..	..	3.86@3.88	3.77
July	3.92	3.90	3.92@3.93	3.84
August	..	..	3.94@3.96	3.87
September	3.97	3.94	3.97@3.99	3.89
October	..	..	4.00@4.02	3.91
November	..	..	4.02@4.04	3.93
December	..	..	4.04@4.06	3.95

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,426 packages. The supply of high-grade fresh creamery is shortening up and the market is firmer in consequence. The secondary grades are moving somewhat better, but there is still a large stock available. Considerable business in storage creamery, but at irregular prices. Ladles and packing stock very firm. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 33c; higher scoring, 34c; firsts, 28@32c; seconds, 25½@27½c; thirds, 23½@24½c; held, extras, (92 score,) 29@29½c; higher scoring, 30@31c; firsts, 27@28½c; seconds, 24½@26½c; thirds, 23@24c; State dairy, finest, 30@31c; good to prime, 27@29c; common to fair, 21@26½c; renovated, extras, 24½@25½c; firsts, 23@24c; lower grades, 21@22c; imitation creamery, firsts, 23@23½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 22@22½c; current make, seconds, 20½@21c; lower grades, 19@20c; packing stock, June make, fine, 20¾@21c; current make, fine, 20½c; No. 2, 20c; lower grades, 17@19½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 5,569 packages. Fresh gathered eggs quiet. Ample supply of average prime and good medium grades, and these moving slowly with prices fairly steady. Strictly fine fancy qualities are scarce and held firmly. Storage eggs meeting only a moderate demand and there is considerable pressure to sell. Prices very irregular and generally in buyers' favor. Nearby white eggs moving slowly at unchanged prices; bulk of business in range of 36@38c. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per doz., 36@37c; extra firsts, 34@35c; firsts, 32@33c; seconds, 30½@31½c; thirds and poorer, 27@30c; dirties No. 1, 22@23c; No. 2 and poorer, 19@21c; checks, good to choice, dry, 20@21c; lower grades, checks, 16@19c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 24c; firsts, 22¼@23½c; seconds, 21@22c; thirds and poorer, 16@20c; State Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 39@41c; ordinary to good, 33@38c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 33@40c; small whites, 33@35c; Western gathered whites, 33@37c; State Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 37@39c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 33@37c.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—196—Great Northern Ry. Co. v. J. H. Wiles, as administrator, &c.—Passed temporarily.

198—Erie R. R. Co. v. J. T. Welsh.—Passed temporarily.

201—Southern Express Co. v. J. Byers.—Passed temporarily.

187—W. S. Embree et al. v. Kansas City and Liberty Boulevard Road District of Clay County et al.—Argument concluded for plaintiffs and case submitted for defendants.

188—Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Ry. Co. v. The State of Texas.—Passed temporarily.

73—Banning Co. et al. v. The People of the State of California upon the information of U. S. Webb, Attorney General.—Argued.

194—Illinois Central R. R. Co. v. F. M. Skaggs.—Argument commenced for plaintiff. Adjourned until tomorrow.

Call for Jan 20: Nos. 194, 197, 199, 203, (and 320,) 205, (and 204, 9 and 12,) 206, 207, 208, (and 209,) 211, (and 210 and 190,) and 214.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, P. O. Building.
Keuffel & Esser<Dietzgen.
Grandison<Nat Bk of Commerce.
Gen Elec Co<Sundh Elec Co, (2.)
Re Rosenthal.
Cuomo<US.
Re Boessneck.
Phila & Reading Ry Co<Sherman.
Steffens<Steiner.
Wertheic<Lefkowitz, (2.)
Follette<Tug Orestes.
Guaranty Trust Co<Intl Steam Pump.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Court Room 8, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Price<Costello.
Morin<Cargo of Logs.
Red Sta T & T Co<Tugs Golden Age & Ganoga.
C RR of N J<Tug Central 8.
Products Mfg Co<Tug N Y C 25.
Hudson Towbt Co<Tug Baltimore.
Newtown Creek Nav Co<Tug Admiral.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Court Room 2, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity Calendar: United States<Corn Products Refining Co. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar. Case on—McLaughlin<Nat'l Fire Ins. Co. No day calendar.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg. Case on—Yurewicz<Singer Mfg Co.
Paslick<Cent RR of N J.
Carden<Penn RR.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 9:30 A. M., in Room 312, P. O. Bldg.—Naturalizations.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

DAY CALENDAR:
People<Scharf.
Same<Pisano.
Northeastern Const Co<CNY.
Dilg<Strauss.
Casey<CNY.
Morey et al<Schuster et al.
Rossman<Hensle Const

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Dowling, Smith, and Page, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.
Park & Tilford<Realty Adv &c Co.
Baffe<Con T &c Co.
Rogers<Voorhees.
Abraham<Am Ex Nat Bank.
Bernstein<La Fetra (2.)
Bahrenburg<Bahrenburg.
Davidson<Buchanan.
Kharas<Collier.
Kuechle<Sloane.
No. 455.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I., Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Amann<Un Booking.
Stevenson<Stevenson.
E V Morris Co<CNY.
Wackerow<Wackerow.
Dodson<Woodward.
Re Klein.
Syabo<Syabo.
Healy<Hallenbeck Hungerford Realty Corp (2.)
Iwanauskas< P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Morselli<Morselli.
Re Whole Traders.
Cobe<Balboa Amuse.
Baltrusitis<Phil R C & I Co.
Kovas<Same.
Re Schemel (Davidson.)
Lawyers Mtg Co<Barclay.
Un Tr Co<Sheridan.
Lombardi<Penn Coal.
Messina<F & J Auditore Co.
Nagy<Loose Wiles Biscuit Co.
Seaner<So Surety Co.
Carotta<Carotta.
Panitz<Harrison.
York Mfg Co<Hirsch.
Markunas<P & R Ry.
Medal<Mondscheim (2)
Paulson<Linch.
O'Hara<Same.
Buchmiller<Buchmiller.
Ross<Michel.
Wacht<Nadel.
Kramer<Kramer.
Woitele<Rus-Am Line.
Re Baldwin & Ritsert.
Am Cotton Mills Co<Bloch.
Luchain< P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Babrick<Same.
Meyer<Same.
Prusic<Swift & Co.
Cukor<McFarlan Motor Co.
Giordano<Mason Au & Magenheim Conf.
Breitung<Calhoun.
Packer<15 W 44th St.
Gottleib<Gottleib.
N Y Lub Oil Co<Mills Oil Co.
Redding<Hirshman Realty Co.
Levy<Levy.
Bloom<Hirsch.
Re Erickson.
Ybarguengvitia<N Y C R R Co.
Kobrin<Rubin (2.)
Levy<Forer.
Bailey<Duane.
Darr<Cohen.
U S Trust Co<Kramruff Realty Co.
Streeter<Moore.
Collman<Rubinstein.
Bilby<Lane.
Bertoli<Imperial Pt.
Re Wise.
Sterling<Wells.
O'Brien<Mogin.
Brown<Harrigan.
Re Cendee Smith & Howland Co.
Cohen<Abrams.
Water<Water.
Bradley & Courrier Co Ltd<Taff.
Coltons<Agnew.
Marmann<Marmann.
Re Elberger.
De Vivo<Girulani.
Emigrant Ind Sav Bk<O'Beirne.
Same<Same.
Palmer<Wilson.
Am British Mfg Co<Int Power Co.
Mills<Mills.
Re W L Weiss Co.
Thomas<Union Ry.
Nicholas Gregorio Co<A B S & Co Inc.
Fleischer<Mason & Hanger Co.
Guide Service Co Inc<Clarke.
Zoeller<Weill.
Schenke<German Artistic Weaving.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Scott<Tufts.
Man Ry<Levy.
Same<Baer.
Chiotis<Cafedgis.
People<Reilly.
Davis<Davis.
Sitanyi<Sitanyi.
People<Reilly.
Preferred causes:
R E Title Ins, &c, Co<Dahlgren.
Loeb<Gilbert.
Pollock<Sachs.
Thompson<Thompson.
General calendar:
Amal Press, Ltd<Amal Press, Inc.
Irving Nat Bk<Gray.
Helms<Armstrong.
Ruman<Nat Slav Socy.
Rubin<Low.
Purdy<Purdy.
John<Slotnick.
Seed Filter & Mfg Co<Stocking.
Reinhardt<Thompson.
Herschaft<Bedford.
Lawyers Realty Co<Sinn.
Berger<Sterling Optical Co.
Rosen<Strysower.
Case on.

PART IV.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—(November term continued.)—Davis, J.—Held in Trial Term, Part X., at 10:30 A. M. Case on—Vulcan Detinning Co.<Assman.

PART V.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VI.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VII. and VIII.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Myers<Bloom.
Banco Aleman Transatlantico<Salomon.
Midtown Con Co<Goldsticker.
Lefow<Hahne & Co.
Jamieson<Onondaga Lith Co.
Isotta<Fraschini Motors Co<Von Chorus.
Blumenthal<Malraison.
Adder Mach Co<German Fire Ins Co.
Clear.

PART III.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Mitchell<CNY.
Markowitz<B V Const.
De Carluccio<CNY.
Carmody<St Luke's H.
Palermo<N Am Brew.
Sohn<Forger.
Lerman<Ice Mfg Co.
Same<Knick Ice Co.
Dominitz<Green.
Navzenia<Haffspiegel.
Lusk<CNY.
Ardiznone<CNY, (2.)
Poggioli<Linch.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Adjourned until Monday, Jan. 24.

PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Settimo<Consol Tel, &c, Co.
Finkelstein<Grouch.
Schwarzwald<same.
Hohn<Marg.
Case on.

PART VI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Lapinsky<Kaufman.
Buchler<Kursheedt.
Martin<Fournier.
Gallagher<R Horton.
Morrison<J Pierce Co.
Ascher<Wolf.
Carle<Bodine.
Case on.

PART VII.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Gerard<McMullen-Snare-Triest Co, Inc.
McGuire<Douglas.
Hurley<Muller.
Welch<NY, NH & H.
W Kessler<N R Rty.
M Kessler<same.
Peter<Ebling Brew.
Adler<same.
Ceruso<Gibian.
Naprstek<Penn R R.
Crifo<Market & Harlem A T Co.
Oshrin<Shapiro.
Cottingham<N Y Edison Co.
Sinsheimer<Underpinning & F Co.
Maida<Kohn.
Kleiman<Tepfer.
Goldberg<Sun Fireproof S & D Co.
Roland<Wooten.
Janchenak<Silver Co.
Case on.

PART VIII.—Recess. Cases remaining on this calendar have been transferred to the Day Calendar of Part XII.

PART IX.—Clark, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Roache<I R T Co.
Puma<Masen.
Rosen<Cobert.
Binder<NY Consol RR.
Urban<Arluck.
Greenberg<Rosenfeld.
Krauth<Brenzinger.
Plumeri<Mayer.
Indursky<NY Pharmacal Assn.
Condon<Aaron Bucksbaum Co.
Case on.

PART X.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—(To be held in Trial Term, Part XIII. room.)
A Aaront<Cutler-Williams Corp.
Z. Aaront<same.
Murphy<Century Holding Co.
Stryker<Penn RR.
Goodwyn<Fry-NYC Realty Co.
Roselieb<E Rutzler.
Kowitz<CNY.
McArdle<Jankelson Realty Co.
Gershel<Gershel.
McGourty<Noon.
Martin<CNY.
Farrell<Cons. Gas Co.
Fay<Argus & Mer.
Lamkin<McCay.
Flynn<CNY.
Mullen<Rafferty Bros.
Futoransky<Nas E RR.
Manglass<Pitts. Cont.
Fischer<Meloy.
Borden's Cond Milk Co<NY Rys.
Case on.
Crames<Simpson Fox Rty Corp.
Maginne<Compagnio Franc de Nav.
Nimis<Taylor.

PART XII.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inquest—Ormando<Market Auto Gar.
R De Gregorio<Mandelmann.
Donohue<Brady.
Fahey<same.
Cladin<Hexamer.
Blumenfeld<A Sils, Inc.
Lanza<So Pac Co.
Hodgins<N Y Rys.
Preiser<same.
Chazinsky<Balford.
Forrest<N Y Rys.
Klein<Barnett.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—CNY<Wireless Liq Co.
Inq—Same<Wm Gordon & Sons.
Inq—Same<A J Fac-
Inq—Same<Arnowitz.
Inq—Same<Scott.
Inq—Same<A J Faccioli Co.
Inq—Same<Kuhn.
Inq—F A Branda Co<Wire Products Imp.
Fitch<Shubert Theat.
Automatic Trans<Fox.
Morgan<Hewitt.
McKenna<Parlaghy.
Cohrane<American Metal Package Corp.
Lewek<Kugleman.
Case on.

PART XV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
G I Wilson & Sons<Barton.
Hoisting Machine Co<Fed Terra Cotta Co.
Church<Com'l Tr Co.
Berbeck Cont Co<Schwitzer.
Fishel<Whitman.
Coltons<Agnew.
All causes remaining on this calendar are held ready. Case on.

PART XVI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Katz<Rieser.
Wolfert<Northern Assurance Co, Lim.
Springer<People Vaudeville Co.
Crocker<McDouglas.
McCarthy<Bdway Music Corp.
Wilson<Earl.
Conradson<CNY.
New Brunswick Iron Wks<Kaufman.
Sullivan<Walsh.
Sartorius<De Young.
H Kelly & Sons<Albee.
Wood<Smack.
Spencer<Williams.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Sullivan<Flanagan.
Farley<Schaefer.
McPartland<McPartland.
Rambaut<Engel.
Johnson H Co<Lowry.
Simons<Humanoro Prod Co.
Leeds<Alexander.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Adjourned for the term. Causes remaining in this part have been transferred to Part XIV.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Wills for probate:
Mary Glasser.
Thomas Smith.
Anna M. Shafer.
William H. Zinsser.
James Neil.
Leo Swatts.
Marianna Bierman.
Simon Folz.
Michael Mitchell.
Clara E. Seabury.
Carl Schur.
George Maghan.
Charles L. Jones.
Regina Maas.
William H. Zinsser.
Archelles Rose.
George S. Pike.
Walter A. Shaw.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.—Contested wills: Elias P. Shinsky. Dennis Scanlon. At 10:15 A. M.: Julius L. Rosenberg.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Lynch, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Sandler<Wexler Bros.
Rose Windsor & Bob Davis, Inc<Wagner.
Wise & Whitlock<Sudbury.
Brenner<Strulovich.
M. Mittenthal & Sons<Beck.
Durfee E F Co<Sterrett.
Whiteside<Physioc Studios.
Saks & Co<Baron.
Miner<Quirk.
London Guar, &c, Co<Rose.
Bass<Berkowitz.
Warren<Winslow.
Schneider<Union Dime Sav Bank.
Smith<Borden Milk.
Hall<Leimburg.
Dreitlein<Schumer.
Dubrowitch<Epstein.
Schmidt<Walbaum.
Halken<Int R T Co.
Wasserman<same.
Kasdan<same.
Gould<same.
P H Reilly & Bro Co<Blechman.
Powers<Garfield Nat Bank.
Greenwich Litho Co<Nonpareil F F Co.
N Y Steam Co<Williams.
Meyer<Weiss.
Krell<Abraham.
Krause<Selmas, &c, Co.
Powers<Thorpe.
Mutual Bag Co<Kassman.
Schwab<Miller.
Leezenbam<Friedman.
Bogle<Gerhardt.

PART II.—Finelite, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Paumbo<Fargo.
J Garry & Son, Inc,<Wasser.
Kane<Blood.
Goldberg<Sills.
Fussi<Bandelman, (2.)
Kenefick<N Y Rys.
Gelfon<same.
Palumbo<Fargo.
Schulman<N Y Rys.
Grunberg<B H R R.
Seipel<Vogel.
Werchung<Weil.
Weis<Tannenbaum.
Bailey<Thompson.
Bornstein<N Y Rys.
Tannenbaum<Mail & Express Co.
Claman<42d St, &c, Ry.
Weinberg<Kommel.
Einsheimer<Sherman.
Wersberg<N Y Rys.
Chowdas<Hencken.
Willenbrock Co.
Spielsinger<Oppenheim.
Sullivan<Greenblatt.
Agatstein<Stark.
Decker<5th Av Coach.
Pinkus<NY Rwys.
Goldberg<102 Norfolk St Corp.
Rosenthal<NY Rwys.
Punnett<Backer Con.
Reingold<NY Rwys.
Frawley<same.
Robertson<same.
Berkowitz<same.
Kirshblum<same.
Gelbart<same.
Pezdareck<Wolf.
Eisenman<NY Rwys.
Mulrooney<same.
Tome<Lyon.
Matych<42 St, &c, Ry.
Koretsky<Dunne.
Cohen<NY Rwys.
Bierman<H S Rty Co.
Barbery<D, L & W RR.
Resnikoff<Wenzel.
Cohen<Marco.
Ginsberg<Hornell's Cloak, &c, Co.
Hoffman<O'Connor.
Seckler<R E Rty Co.
Glucksman<Miller.
Blasi<NY Rwys.
Moore<Whelan.
Rand<Jaretzke.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Berkowitz<Geller.
Papish<Skitsky.
Rosenbaum<Moreno.
Clear.

PART II.—Allen, J.—Case on.

PART III.—Ransom, J.—Held in Brownstone Building, (Chambers St.), at 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Von Oesesen<Son.
Bernheimer & S P B Co<Goldstein.
Mercantile Lace Co<Feldheim.
Schoener<Cohn.
Horn<Gen Accidt, &c.
Wanerka<Sup C R A.
Univ Metal, &c, Co<Dur Eco Elec Co.
Fox<Brody.

The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day as of course if counsel on either side so requests. Applications for adjournment for more than one day should be made by affidavit in strict compliance with the rules of the court:
Rosenthal<Wolf.
Gen Warranty Corp<N J Fid, &c, Ins Co.
Case on.

PART IV.—Smith, J.—Case on.

PART V.—Zeller, J.—Clear.

PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—Case on.

PART VII.—McAvoy, J.—Case on.

PART VIII.—La Fetra, J.—Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Re Kronethal—Abraham Stern. Condit<Einhorn—Chas L Hoffman.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Re N E Motor Sales Co—Henry F Robbe.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Belle G Bernheimer<Abraham I Spiro—J Romaine Brown Co. The Rob't Dollar Co<Chas Talbot & Co—Ferdinand Levy.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Tierney, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.
Rosen<N Y Rys.
O'Donnell<same.
Re Brown.
Re Oven<Marks.
Franklin<Walinder.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J. At 10:30 A. M.
Cohen<Tekel.
Chesbrough<R Carvel Co, Inc.
Lifschitz<Shields.
Horowitz<Barsky.
Highest number reached in regular order 417.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Tierney, J.—No day calendar.

PART II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Demarest<Rice.
Stange<G Roberts Co.
Green<McMullen, Snare & Triest Co.
Torrance<Simplex Auto Co.
Beagen<Bendheim.
Dryhe<Dimering.
Slavig<Rogers & Hagerty, Inc.
Black<Bldg Asso of Woodlawn Club.
Barbati<Fargo.
Tweedy<Central Union Gas Co.
Freiden<Freiden.
Kandell<Schnaufer.
Highest number reached in regular order, 418.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Mack<Montegriffo.
People<Butler.
Triay<R Carvel Co, Inc.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
De Smet<Niles.
Jaeger<Erdenbrecher.
Healy<So Blvd Ry.
Greenbaum<Gordon.
United Marble Wks<So Blvd Rway.
Becker<Machat.
Enright<Inter R T.
Giaria<Angeloro.
Flynn<Rogers & Hagerty, Inc.
Steinberg<R Carvel.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Southworth<William Buhl, Inc—Ellsworth J Healy.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.

DECISIONS.

W. Blaisdell, appt., v. L. I. R. R. Co., respdt.—Motion denied.

M. A. De Carrillio, respdt., v. L. F. Carrillo, appt.—Defendant's motion to postpone hearing of the appeal granted, and case set for Feb. 29. Motion to continue stay granted on condition, otherwise motion denied and stay vacated.

E. J. Delamater, plaintiff, v. Saks & Co., def.—Motion granted, without cost.

E. T. Dempsey, plaintiff-applt., v. M. F. O'Rourke as admr., &c., def., appit., and E. R. Conly et al., respdts.—Motion granted on condition; otherwise motion denied, with $10 costs.

I. R. Doerfler, appt., v. S. E. Pottberg, indiv., &c., et al., def., and A. D. Deefley, rspdt.—Motion granted.

R. Dutcher, rspdt., v. J. Wanamaker, appit.—Motion granted and case set for March 6.

Re petition of W. W. Farley, &c., for an injunction order restraining F. C. Bolckenting, for trafficking in liquors under Tax Certificate No. 7856, &c.—Motion for reargument denied, with $10 cost.

Re application of A. O. Schoonmaker et al., for a peremptory writ of mandamus, &c., in re Star St., &c.—Motion denied, with costs.

M. Mack, rspdt., v. J. Wanamaker, appit.—Motion granted, and case set for March 6.

C. W. Martyne, appit., v. Amer. Union Fire Ins. Co., &c., rspdt., (Act, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4.)—Motion granted, and separate orders to be entered.

F. P. McNichol, as exect., &c., appit., v. A. E. Sliney, rspdt.—Motion for reargument denied, $10 costs.

M. Nauyalis, appit., v. Phila. & Rdg. Coal and Iron Co., rspdt.—Motion for reargument denied, without costs.—Motion for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeals granted.

Sanborn Map Co., rspdt., v. P. Ceder, as Pres., &c., et al., applts. (Assessments of 1914.-15-13.)—Motion to dismiss appeals granted, with $10 costs in each case.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.
Morris<Morris.
Savage<Oestreicher.
CNY<Rourke.
Re Woodhull & Burns.
Meguin<Willoughby Realty Co.
Yonkers<City Invest.
Shapiro<Zipkin.
Manhasset Mtg Co<Scofield.
Hughes<Pinelawn Cemetery (2.)
Lawlor<Lawlor.
Leeman<Haaf.
Re Church Av (Lyman.)
Brush<Boyd Const Co (2.)
Holzschuh<Palatial Homes Bldg Co.
Rahner<Gaynor.
Proudfit<Proudfit.
Davison<Norton.
Re Hoye (Gamber) US Fid & G Co.
Harrison<Higgins.
Re Rapps & Co (Arnold.)
Avona<Smith Operating Corp.
Almstaedt<CNY.
Collins<Dorsey.
Glatzer<Glatzer.
Hansen<Neary.
Freedman<Alco Bldg.
Shields<Shields.
MacRae<MacRae.
Feeher<Stein-Daires.
Draxdorf<Wendell & Evans Co.
De Haven<Trustees of Sailors Snug Har.
Egan<NY Rys.
Schaefer<Guenther (2)
McAleer<McGoldrick.
Pierson<H C Bohack.
McKeon<NY Rys.
Sloves<Sloves.
Croke<Man & Queens Traction Co.
Deslonde<same.
Re Ireland (Prendergast.)
Cooper<Vierengle.
Burke<Mass Fire & Marine Ins Co.
Schulman<Schaefer.
Goldberg<Seligman.
Heywood Bros & Wakefield Co<Avery.
City Tax Lien Co<Cull.
Quinn<Mitchell.
Schmidt<Frederickson.
Wagner<Eiseman.
Jaffe<Champagne.
De Luca<Calandra.
Hunter<Willard.

PART II.—Maddox, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Blackmar, J.
Rosenberg<N Y Cons RR.
Branch<Hinson.
Eidman<Zion Hospital, Inc.
Modern Holding Co<Kirknew Rlty Corp.
Sabine<O'Connor.
Gabrilowitz<Hankin.
Rabinowitz<Foreman.
Dickholtz<Dickholtz.
Quilty<Gibbons.
Darb<Fells.
Eagle Oil Supply Co<Herman.
Ness<Ness.
Vassalotti<Vassalotti.
Reserved calendar.
Voulo<Clevenger.
Kearns<Kearns.
Seneca Distrib Co<Fulton.
Reed<Reed.
Garlick<Wiskin.
F J D Holding Co<Fox.
Galicka<Krajewski.
Knight<Knight.
Yosco<Ciano.
Meis<Meis.
Gould<Koch.
Rahm<Rahm.
McArthur<Hoge.
Wonder Mist Co<Marvel Mist Co.
Highest number reached on the regular call, 2791.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.; Part III., Van Siclen, J.; Part IV., Callaghan, J.; Part V., Crane, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Tompkins, J.
Kesser<Blank.
Seiver<Alphonsus.
Thompson<Vacuum Oil Co.
Wilson<Cohen.
Scully<Shaw.
Goldberg<B H RR.
Lane<O'Neill.
Duhamel & Sons<Franklin Auto Co.
Silverman<Levine.
Paulsen<Murphy.
Hayes<Austin et al.
Doherty<Carvel Co.
Coblank<Thompson-Starrett Co.
McNeill<Gillen's Sons Lighterage.
Yakaitis<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Schulman<Am Tob Co.
Sullivan<Meyer et al.
Krisburg<NY Con RR.
Humphreys<Stoppani.
Williams<Turner & Blanchard.
Hevia<Wheelock.
McAuley<Jamison et al.
Brandow<Coopers Glue Factory.
Novicki<NY Rys Co.
Hennessey<Edison El Ill Co.
Richter<Luna Amuse.
Voss<C I & B R R.
Jarck<Hamburg-Am Line.
Leuci<CNY.
Koch<Lattemann.
Hauser<Barrett.
Olsen<Turner Const.
Weinmann<B H R R.
Fisher<Nas R R.
Haight<B H R R.
Morris<Aronson.
Goodman<Nas R R.
Aaron<CNY.
Pomischowsky<Hutwelker et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Quirke<B H R R.
Franson<Steel & Masonry Cont'g Co.
Schaffer<Eppig Brew.
Cropsey<Tossiny.
Travers<Briggs.
Sprintz<Viviano.
Whitney<Starrett Co.
Noyes<O'Connell et al.
Downey<Nas R R.
Tammany<CNY.
Regan<Nas R R.
Daly<Greenwood C.
Wallace<B H R R et al.
Seidenman<Nas R R.
Ohana<Saybolt.
Cubit<Johnson et al.
Bossert et al<Am Auto Aerial Road Co.
Mayer<B H R R.
Ditmas<Ditmas.
Un Plumb & Con Co<Carey Mfg Co.
James<B H R R.
Jackson<B H R R.
Nichols<Same.
Shields<Norek.
Leibowitz<Freed et al.
Knecht<Knecht.
Fleming<Hecker-Jones Mill Co & B H R R.
Merliss<Merliss.
Iraggi<B H R R.
Rich<N Y Con R R.
Johnson<Kantrowitz.
Stack<CNY.
Lewis<Robbins D D.
Rohan<Powers et al.
Kartvellyessy<Man Cooperage et al.
Martingino<Nassau R R.
Mandella<C I & B RR.
Petterson<Same.
Lambertson<Same.
Panettiere<Nas R R.
Clifton<B H R R.
Murray<C I & B R R.
Highest number reached on regular call, 2,723.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Ann Tucker.
Patrick Cummings.
Joseph Wilson.
Culver Ferguson.
Josephine Prentice.
Administration of:
Elizabeth Louis.
Accounting of:
Ann Denis.
Anna Church.
Wm Gamble.
Kunigunda Kreamer.
Thomas Kearsley.
Leah Flain.
Andrew Anderson.
Ernest Augustin.
Hannah Armstrong.
August Ludwig.
Maria Orth.
G E Beeckman.
Fred Bersey.
Meta Benning.
Augusta Barnett.
Mabel Jackson.
Emma Smith.
J S Turner.
Joanna Messenger.
Ann E Burke.
Estates of:
F A Weisbecker.
Fred Kruse.
Maru Caulfield.
Herman Popper.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Hylan, J.
Jensen<B H RR.
Fuhrman<Epstein.
Feldman<B H RR.
Ryan<Mezzarddi.
Kuner<Shames.
Kirowitz<Nas El RR.
Parzych<Meyer.
Reilly<B H RR.
Zimme<Nas Elec.
Schaefer Brewing Co<Seaboard Constr Co.
Brower<Dale Amusement Co.

The reserve calendar answered ready and passed until Monday, Jan. 24.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

PART I.—Young, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Morschauser, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Swenn<Mason-S Tran.
Nanyoko<Otis Elevator Co.
Liebfeld<Noyes.
Collender<Bradley Const Co.
Martin<Herzog.
Lovewell<Higgins.
O'Brien<N Y C & H R RR Co.
Williams<Purcell.
Hud Riv Blue Stone Co<Golding.
Daniels<Yonkers RR.
Cannon<Pitts Con.
Lucas<Benedict Rochester Bissel Co.
Hackenburg<Duffy.
Mallon<Sternan.
Fisher<Sjoberg.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over the term:
North<Eastchester Con Co, (2.)
Petitte<NY Cent RR.
Schaefer<West Co Br.
Dolan<Ellis.
Levine<West St Ry.
Le Callo<Petrotta.
Mackey<Mackey.
Sledzenskie<Dunwoodie Country Club.
Barella<West St Ry.
Hayden<City of New Rochelle.
Coffey<Alex Smith & Sons Carpet Co.
Same<Cushman.
Sempliner<Wolf.
Wohlmacher<Chase.
Silano<Ind Land Imp.
Cooley<West El RR.
Douglass<Young.
Maloney<N Y & Stamford Ry Co.
Billipp<Foss.
Borden<West Light'g.
Duffy<West El RR.
Tutino<Pennell.
Chadwick<N Y C RR.
Borup<Von Kokeritz.
Vermilya<Vermilya.
Cohen<Power.
Boyce<Rathbone.
Cohen<I R T Co.
Williams<West St RR.
McLaughlin<Mt Vernon Hospital.
Tess<Union Ry Co of N Y.
Pace<West St Ry Co.
Riddick<Jackson.
Rice<Union Ry Co (2)
Freese<Leahy Cons Co.
Marroney<Bd Educat Mount Vernon.
Kolpin<Durcan.
Seaman<N Y, N H & H RR Co.
Smith<Toch.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1,600.

PART I.—Special Term—Young, J. Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M. in Part I.
Nostro<Santoro.
Mullins<Ritacco.
Ceccolini<Madden.
Cannella<Bd of Supervisors, West Co.
American Iron Supply Co<Salzano.
Adler<Adler.
Froelich<Froelich.
West Mtg Co<Russo.
Baruch<Welher.
McLean<McLean.
Kinch<Kinch.
Weber<Weber.
City Steam Laundry<Ryer.
Same<Shoenbock.
Fish<Camplin.
Highest number reached on call, 59. The day calendar will consist of fifteen cases. Causes will be added from day to day until the calendar is exhausted.

PART II.—Short Causes—Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Esser<City of Mt Vernon.
Horton<Conforti.

County Court.

Young, J.
Schmaling<Ball.
Alworth<NY Tel Co.
Brisoce<Zibelli.
Besant<Fisk.
Fitzgerald<Gulbenkian.
Lines<Reynolds.
Gerster<West Co Brew.
Aurillo<West El RR.
Burrows Co<Utz.
Henry<NY & Stam Ry.
Thomas<same (8.)
Loeffler Land Co<Wren.
Rochelle Park Assn<Kellock.
Keeler's Vans<Swanston.
Knapp<Johnson, (Action 1.)

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Jaycox, J.—Special Term Room, ground floor, at 10 A. M.
The Endicott Building Co<Barrymore et al.
Highest number reached is 1597.

TRIAL TERM—Part I, Garretson, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.—Called in Part I at 10 A. M.
Buchman<Bartlett.
Coopersmith<C I & B RR Co.
Vedilago<Stein.
Mulvaney as admr<L I RR Co et al.
Ambrosio<Meo.
Celuso<Bauer.
Meyer<H Elias Brew.
Ellowitz<Coury.
Ulmer<Terry & Tench Co et al.
Slutsky, an infant<Biales.
Gerhold<L I RR.
Kastner<NY Con RR.
Vicchino<Esposeti.
Boyle<Duer.
Degan<NY Con RR.
Doscher<Doscher, Inc.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:
Grieco<L I R R Co et al.
Zapatka<L I R R Co.
Nolting, an infant<Corcoran, Fitzgerald & Co.
Berky<Transit Dev Co.
Sheridan<Glen Cove R R Co.
Berndt<Wandel & ano.
Simkowitz<N Y Con R R Co.
Mazz, an infant<Empire State Dairy Co.
Beyer<Sadvoransky et al.
Rosz<Keene.
Mann, as admx<Meyer.
Sienkevics<Josinsky.
Strodtbeck<B H R R.
Austin<N Y Con RR.
O'Hanlon<N Y & Q Co Ry Co.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 740.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Clark, J.—At 10 A. M. Walsikoski<Phila & Reading C & I Co.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 176th St, 199.10 to s s 177th St x100; Max Goldstein to Leona Holding Corporation, 61 Park Row, all liens, Jan. 18; attorney, J. M. Zieser, 63 Park Row $100

AVENUE D, n e corner 3d St, 48x75; Rose Bakst to Dora Green, 1,017 Simpson St, Bronx, all liens, Jan. 17; attorney, Isidor Cohn, 299 Broadway $1

BROADWAY, n e corner 91st St, 93.5x162.7; Lena F. de Martino to City Investing Co., 165 Broadway, mtg $350,000, Jan. 18 ....$1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 91st St, 93.5x162.7; Chelsea Realty Co. to Lena F. de Martino, 2,048 East 7th St, Brooklyn, mtg $350,000, Jan. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

CARMINE ST, 56-56½, s s, 25x60; 9th Av, n e corner 27th St, 24.8x77.10; 45th St, n s, 120 ft w of 1st Av, 21x100.5; George Bornemann, Reading, Penn., to Frances Bornemann, 574 High St, Newark, N. J., Nov. 29; attorney, H. Bornemann, 78 Shipman St, Newark, N. J. $1

GREAT JONES ST, 30, n s, 119.5 ft e of Lafayette St, 25.8x100, foreclosure Jan. 12; Samuel S. Koenig, referee, to New York Savings Bank, 81 8th Av, Jan. 19; attorney, John A. Dutton, 80 Maiden Lane $50,000

LEXINGTON AV, 1,490, w s, 25.11 ft n of 96th St, 25x80; Hannah Applebaum to Samuel Loewenthal, 307 Convent Av, mtg $16,500, June 18 ....$3,500

PARK AV, 1,503, e s, 74 ft n of 109th St, 26.11x80, foreclosure Jan. 13; Frank J. Ryan, referee, to Hoffman Miller, Tuxedo, N. Y., executor of Abraham Mills, Jan. 18; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway $9,000

PRESCOTT AV, e corner Bolton Road, runs n e 114.2x s e 82.3x81.9 to Seaman Av x s w 138.8 to e s of Bolton Road x n on curve 128.6 to beginning; Annie Bruns to George B. Hayes, 2,322 Andrews Av, mtg $10,000, Jan. 12; attorney, National Surety Co., 115 Broadway $1

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 44, e s, 85.3 ft s of 77th St, 18.3x94.2x18x91.3; Columbia Trust Co. et al, administrators of William H. Hall, to Thomas H. Willard, 256 West 76th St, mtg $24,000, all liens, Jan. 13; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $32,500

2D AV, 1,494, e s, 26.2 ft s of 78th St, 25x80; Harold A. Spencer, Wildwood, N. J., to Anna M. Gallagher, 471 1st Av, Astoria, Borough of Queens, mtg $16,500, Jan. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

2D AV, 939 and 941, s w corner of 50th St, (250 East,) 44.5x80; Herman and Rebecca Brill to Auguste Knoepke, 777 West End Av, Jan. 18; attorneys, Timme & Knoepke, 149 Broadway $100

5TH AV, 813, e s, 78.5 ft n of 62d St, 22x100, with all chattels; Hugh J. Jr., and Sarah C. Chisholm to Henrietta M., widow of Hugh J. Chisholm, Portland, Me., quitclaim, Nov. 8, 1912; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

6TH AV, s w corner of 19th St, runs w 303.8x s 100x w 171.2x s 84x e 475x n 184; 6th Av, n w corner of 18th St, 65.3x100; Walter C. Noyes et al, trustees, to Department Store Realty Corporation, 294 6th Av, Sept. 13, 1915, mtg $1,200,000; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway $100

6TH AV, n e corner of 18th St, runs e 510 x n 92 x w 50 x n 92 to s s of 19th St, x w 460 to e s of 6th Av, x s 184 to beginning, of which the following is leasehold: 6th Av, n e corner of 18th St, runs e 45 x n e 82.5 x e 6 x n e 5.4 x s w 92.4 to avenue, x s 67.9 to beginning; also 18th St, n s, 45 ft e of 6th Av, 64.11x67.6x26x77.11; also 6th Av, s e corner of 19th St, runs e 160 x s 9.2 x w 62.9 x s w and w 85.8 to avenue, x n 163 to beginning; Walter C. Noyes, William A. Marble, and Alfred A. Cooke, as trustees in bankruptcy of J. B. Greenhut Co., formerly Greenhut-Siegel-Cooper Co., Inc., to the Big Store Realty Corporation, 294 6th Av, all title, b. and s., mtg $1,750,000, all liens, Sept. 13, 1915; attorneys, Rose & Paskus, 128 Broadway $25,000

13TH ST, 435 to 441 East, n s, 150 ft w of Avenue A, 42.3x80x irregular; Annie Weinstein to Joseph Weinstein, 1,754 Eastburn Av, mtg $62,000, Aug. 26, 1915 ....$100

17TH ST, n s, 475 ft w of 7th Av, runs w 97.11x n 92x e 1.6x e 97.7; Walter C. Noyes et al, trustees to Big Store Realty Corporation, 294 6th Av, Sept. 13, 1915, mtg $250,000; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway $40,000

26TH ST, 222-224 East, s s, 50x100; Bertha M. Goodwin to Miss L. Goodwin, 1,920 Anthony Av, Bronx, all liens, Jan. 6 ....$1

27TH ST, 232 West, s s, 334.9 ft e of 8th Av, 24.10x98.9; Ira L. Kohn to Mallaro Distilling Co., 232 West 27th St, mtg $47,500, July 29, 1915; attorneys, Breed, A., & M., 32 Liberty St $1

56TH ST, s s, 4[illegible]0 ft e of 8th Av, 20x98.9; Mary D. Elliott to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, all liens, Jan. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

58TH ST, s s, 245 ft e of 7th Av, 20x100.5; Lewis A. Coffin to Marcaro Corporation, 135 Broadway, mtg $25,000, all liens, Nov. 1; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $1

58TH ST, s s, 495 ft w of 6th Av, 40x100.5; Callahan Estate, Inc., to Marcaro Corporation, 135 Broadway, mtg $50,000, all liens, Nov. 15; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $1

60TH ST, 246 West, s s, 200 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5, foreclosure Jan. 17; Edward C. Parish, referee, to Adele Kneeland, 10 East 79th St, executrix and trustee of Charles Kneeland, Jan. 19; attorney, H. L. Bogert, 99 Nassau St $4,500

61ST ST, 203 West, n s, 92 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.5, foreclosure Dec. 29; Sol. H. Eisler, referee, to Hyman Levin, 127 West 83d St, mtg $11,500, Jan. 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,400

65TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Lexington Av, strip 0.4x100.5; Leopold Newborg to Julia D. McKeever, 120 East 65th St, quitclaim, March 31, 1913; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

69TH ST, 243-45 West, n s, 465 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x100.5; Rosina Vollhart to 245 West Sixty-ninth Street Co., 505 5th Av, mtg $23,000, June 19; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

79TH ST, 225 West, n s, 284 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 16x102.2, foreclosure Oct. 27, 1915; James M. Vincent, referee, to Edmund Francis Realty Co., 20 Nassau St, subject to taxes $960.67, all liens, Nov. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $21,000

99TH ST, 57 East, n s, 200 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11; Frances Steinberg et al. to Herman I. Sperling, 143 West 78th St, mtg $21,000, Jan. 18; attorney, S. S. Theil, 752 Broadway $100

99TH ST, 59 East, n s, 175 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.11; Frances Steinberg et al. to Herman I. Sperling, 143 West 78th St, Jan. 18, mtg $20,000; attorney, S. S. Theil, 752 Broadway $100

109TH ST, n s, 208.9 ft e of 5th Av, 36.3x100.11; Yetta Rappaport to Samuel Rappaport, 1,018 East 163d St, b. and s., Jan. 18; attorney, Oscar Aronson, 120 Broadway $100

112TH ST, 19 and 21 West, n s, 295 ft w of 5th Av, 50x100, with all title to strip in rear to centre line of block; Aport Realty Co. to Samuel Rappaport, 1,018 East 163d St, Jan. 18; attorney, Oscar Aronson, 120 Broadway $100

117TH ST, 53 West, n s, 231 ft e of Lenox Av, 26x100.11; Frances Steinberg et al. to Herman I. Sperling, 143 West 78th St, mtg $58,000, Jan. 18; attorney, S. S. Theil, 752 Broadway $100

117TH ST, 145 West, n s, 225 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.11, foreclosure Jan. 12; Charles W. Dayton, referee, to Edward D. Webb, Red Bank, N. J., Jan. 19; attorneys, Shaw, Fisk & S., 2 Rector St $22,900

118TH ST, 344 East, s s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.10, foreclosure June 15, 1915; Robert L. Luce, referee, to Cornelia H. Hughes, at Harrow Weald Park, Harrow Weald, Middlesex Co., England, Dec. 16; attorneys, Clark, P., McC. & R., 61 Broadway $26,500

119TH ST, 40 West, s s, 478 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, foreclosure Jan. 19; Abr. B. Bremner, referee, to East River Savings Institution, 291 Broadway, Jan. 19; attorney, Omri F. Hibbard, 74 Broadway $6,000

127TH ST, n s, 340 ft e of Park Av, 16.10x100; Harriet D. Fuller of Peekskill, N. Y., executrix of Sarah O. Fuller, dec'd, to Bank for Savings of Ossining, N. Y., all liens, Nov. 30, 1915; attorney, Frank L. Young, Ossining, N. Y. $1

SAME PROPERTY; same individually and Nelson O. Fuller of Medina, Ohio, to same, b. and s., all liens, Nov. 30; attorney, same $1

130TH ST, 27 East, n s, 294 ft e of 5th Av, 16x99.11; Gertrude A. O'Brien to Jennie Oppenheimer, 500 West 175th St, b. and s. and c. a. g.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $1

145TH ST, 412 West, s s, 165.6 ft e of Convent Av, 16x99.11; Industrial Savings and Loan Co. to Eugene L. Richards as Superintendent of Banks, to Jennie S. Roll, North Plainfield, N. J., Dec. 31; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway $1

145TH ST, 320 West, s s, 114 ft e of Edgecombe Av, 18x99.11; Hy. H. Cording, executor of Pauline A. Boettcher, to Ella M. Herdman, 44 Bradhurst Av, Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $7,500

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, w s, 695 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25x33x30.2x25.2; also Anthony Av, w s, 695.5 ft n of Southern Boulevard, 25.2x84.11; Emelie Ochsner to Henry Harrens, 2,107 Jamaica Av, Richmond Hill, L. I., mtg $1,200, Jan. 14; attorney, Carl T. Flach, 154 Nassau St $1

CARPENTER AV, w s, at s s of Lot 1,123, map of Wakefield, 24.9x105, being part of Lot 1,123, same map; Edmund Hurley, referee, to Victor Gerhards, 806 East 169th St, Jan. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $4,300

CARPENTER AV, w s, at s s Lot 1,123, map Wakefield, 24.9x105, being part Lot 1,123, same map; Victor Gerhards to Henry E. Svenson, 632 East 236th St, mtg $3,500, Jan. 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

ELLIOTT AV, w s, 250 ft s of Elizabeth St, 25x125; Louise Wittmer to Ida Krenzin, 3,233 Olinville Av, mtg $1,800, Jan. 19; attorney, Ida Krenzin, 3,232 Olinville Av ..$10

GARDEN ST, 730, s s, 50x100; Pasquale Reale to Delco Holding Co., Inc., 391 East 149th St, mtgs $35,000, Jan. 17; attorneys, Kurz & K., 370 East 149th St $1

HOE AV, w s, 100 ft n of Jennings St, 25x100; Hannah Applebaum to Samuel Loewenthal, 302 Convent Av, mtg $7,200, Jan. 18; attorney, S. Loewenthal, 302 Convent Av. $1,500

LOT 33, Block 2,857, tax map Harvey Kidd et al. to John W. Bosch, 1,460 Cromwell Av, July 6 ....$1

MOUNT HOPE PLACE, 23, n s, 25x125; Frederick Hammond to Adolf C. Blechner, 677 Bergen Av, mtg $10,500, Nov. 26, 1915; attorney, Adolf Blechner, 675 Bergen Av .$1

PLOT begins 990.9 ft e of White Plains Road and 900 ft n of Morris Park Av, runs e 100x n 125x w 100x s 125; Jos. Fanniello to Antonio Riccardi and another, 1,916 Barnes Av, Jan. 3; attorney, Foster & C., 80 Maiden Lane $1

SHERIDAN AV, n w corner of 156th St, 27.6x w — to Mott Av x28.4x222.6; John B. Harrison, referee, to Broadway Savings Institution, Jan. 13; attorney, Richard B. Kelly, 233 Broadway $5,000

SUMMIT AV, w s, 367 ft n e from n s Renwick property, 25.1x92.1; Benjamin Fleischer et al to Dennis Giblin, 225 West 37th St, Jan. 19; attorney, T. G. Magee, 150 Nassau St $1

UNION AV, s e corner of Home St, 26.9x irregular; C. Lowenthal & Son, Inc., to Home-Union Building Corporation, 1,321 Boston Rd, mtgs $17,750, Jan. 15; attorney, Rudolph Loewenthal, 1,347 Boston Rd ..$100

VALENTINE AV, s e s, 480.10 ft n e of 198th St, 25x97.10; Annie E. Boyle to James F. Boyle, 953 Lexington Av, Nov. 30, 1915; attorney, Richard R. Costello, 63 Wall St .$1

SAME PROPERTY; James F. Boyle to College of Immaculate Conception, District of Columbia, Jan. 2; same attorney $1

134TH ST, 623 East, n s, 25x100; Rachel Singer to Sparta Realty Co., 406 East 149th St, mtgs $13,000, Jan. 14; attorneys, Cohn & P., 3d Av. and 149th St $100

159TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 25x98.1; Jacob Landy, referee, to Mary Hitchcock, 3 West 8th St, Jan. 17; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway $5,000

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR NEW CERTIFICATE.

Notice is hereby given that application has been made to the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company for a new certificate for 50 shares of its common stock to be issued to me individually in place of Certificate No. H. 1,347, which stood in the name of my sister, Mrs. L. Spannocchia Fritze, or Mrs. L. S. Fritze, who is now deceased, the original of said certificate having been lost or destroyed at No. 42 W. 85th St., New York City, or elsewhere on or before April 28th, 1906, and all persons are hereby notified to show cause, if any, why a new certificate should not be issued to me.

Dated New York, January 17th, 1916.

WILLIAM MARSHALL, Executor and Sole Residuary Legatee, No. 709 Lexington Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

RICHARD J. MORRISSON, Attorney for Executor, &c., No. 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Deal Pending for Seventh Avenue Corner at Thirty-sixth Street for Printing Trades Building—Heights Apartment Site Deal—Bronx and Brooklyn Buyers—Woodbury Farm Sold.

Negotiations are pending for the sale of the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-sixth Street, a plot 100 on the avenue by 140 on the street, adjoining the old New York Arsenal on the Thirty-fifth Street corner. The property is covered with ten old buildings. It is owned by the estate of Theophilie Kick, and is held, it is said, at $600,000.

Larkin Brothers are the prospective buyers, and if the deal goes through, the site will be improved with another high-class building for printing trades, similar to the new structures of that type already erected by the Larkin interests in the Pennsylvania zone vicinity. Their largest building is now nearing completion on the westerly Eighth Avenue block front between Thirty-third and Thirty-fourth Streets.

John J. Buckley, who is conducting the negotiations, declined to give any specific information.

Builders Buy Apartment House Site.

As a site for a six-story apartment house, the Trefos Construction Company, of which H. A. Lansman is President, has purchased 510 and 512 West 167th Street, two and three-story frame buildings on plot 50 by 85, between Amsterdam and Audubon Avenues.

The seller, Leopold Trier, took, in part payment, the five-story tenement house, on lot 25 by 100, at 229 East 127th Street. Weschler & Kohn represented the seller.

Alan A. Ryan Leases Residence.

Alan A. Ryan has leased, furnished, for the Winter the five-story residence at 115 East Sixty-ninth Street from Chauncey B. Spears. It covers a lot 20 by 100.5 between Park and Lexington Avenues. The lease was closed by Douglas L. Elliman & Co., in conjunction with Charles H. O'Connor & Co.

Le Marquis Hotel Leased.

The Le Marquis Hotel, a twelve-story building at 12 to 16 East Thirty-first Street, has been leased by David H. and William J. Knott, proprietors of the Holley and Judson apartment hotels on Washington Square. The lease is for ten years at an annual rental of $33,000. The property was recently purchased at foreclosure by Elizabeth M. Anderson. The lessees have incorporated a new company under the name of the Twelve East Thirty-first Street Hotel.

Bronx Sales.

Paul A. McGolrick has sold to James Crowley, 809-11 Freeman Street, a five-story new law apartment house on a plot 60 by 90. This was an all cash transaction.

H. L. Phelps sold for the William C. Oesting Company, 247-9 East Kingsbridge Road, two five-story new law apartment houses, each on plot 80 by 100; also for Mrs. C. Kern, 404 East 135th Street, southeast corner of Willis Avenue, a five-story flat, with stores, on lot 25 by 100; and for Mrs. Anna Jones, 421 and 423 East 157th Street, a five-story flat, on lot 50 by 100, the buyer giving in exchange 145 Alexander Avenue, a five-story flat on lot 25 by 100.

E. Osborne Smith sold for the Columbia Construction Company to Professor John H. Barnhart, 969 Simpson Street, a five-story new law flat, on plot 43 by 100, between 163d Street and Westchester Avenue.

Brooklyn.

Frank H. Tyler sold 27 and 29 Jefferson Street, near Broadway a five-story, brick and stone, apartment house, on a plot 44 by 100, to a non-resident for investment.

Thomas F. Fitzgerald sold for John H. Connors, 1,078 Rogers Avenue, a two-story dwelling and store to Joseph Montag for investment.

Buys Old Woodbury Farm.

The Codling farm of thirty-five acres at Woodbury, L. I., has been purchased by Philip Goodwin who is planning to erect a residence on the property and develop it into a fine country estate. It was sold by William B. Codling, and Edwin Rawley, and has been in possession of the family from Colonial days. The property has been held at $35,000, and has a large frontage on the Jericho Turnpike. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Long Island.

The T. B. Ackerson Company sold at Pine-Aire, adjoining Brightwaters, L. I., four lots on Pine Grove Boulevard to Mrs. Grace L. Shaw, three lots on Pine Grove Boulevard to Mrs. Alice B. Newman, three lots on Central Boulevard to Mrs. D. R. Eickelberg of Manhattan, and three lots on Central Boulevard to Mrs. Anna T. McCabe of Brooklyn.

L'Ecluse Washburn & Co. have sold at Plandome on Manhasset Bay a corner plot of half an acre to Henry F. Meyer of Manhattan, who will erect a brick residence.

Staten Island.

Thomas & H. K. S. Williams have increased their holdings at Stapleton by the purchase from Walter H. Crittenden of the large tract of land, formerly occupied by Waldo Asphalt Company, opposite Municipal Dock. The buyers now practically control all the waterfront and upland lying between Staten Island Railway holdings at Tompkinsville and Municipal Dock at Sapleton. D. T. Cornell negotiated the sale.

Country Sale Near Mount Kisco.

The Fox Realty Company has sold to H. L. Fry a country estate between Chappaqua and Mount Kisco, containing about twenty-five acres, with a Colonial house and outbuildings.

Commercial Leases.

Pease & Elliman leased for the Schulte Realty Company for a term of six years to the Beck Shoe Company the southerly Sixth Avenue store in the McCreery property, at the southeast corner of Sixth Avenue and Twenty-third Street.

Loton H. Slawson Company leased for Judge P. Henry Dugro, owner of the Hotel Savoy, his four-story house at 17 West Fifty-eighth Street, to Miss B. Burns, for a long term of years for a dancing school.

The Globe-Wernicke Company, now located at Broadway and White Street, has secured for an uptown branch the ground floor and basement of 6-8 East Thirty-ninth Street, extending through to 5 East Thirty-eighth Street, the former Craftsman Building owned by the Cram Estate. The lease is for ten years from April 1st, and was negotiated by Manning & Trunk, Horace S. Ely & Co. and Charles F. Noyes Company as brokers.

S. H. Raphael Company leased for the MacKay Estate the easterly store in premises 64 West 125th Street to Dachtera Brothers, opticians, for a term of years.

Porter & Co. have leased for Oscar D. and John D. Thees the store at 74 West 125th Street and for James Van Dyck Company to Edward Getzler the store at 262 West 125th Street.

Everett M. Seixas Company has leased for the owners store at 200 West Fifty-ninth Street, to Miss C. Ackerson for a restaurant.

Apartments Leased.

Robert B. Dula has leased from the plans for a term of years the eighth floor, south, in 1,000 Park Avenue, northwest corner of Eighty-fourth Street. The apartment consists of twelve rooms and four baths. This is the first lease to be signed in the building, where the erection of steel has just been started. Mr. Dula recently sold his country estate at Tarrytown-on-Hudson. Homer & Co. negotiated the lease.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for the estate of Albert Plaut the entire twelfth floor in 410 Park Avenue, southwest corner of Fifty-fifth Street, containing nineteen rooms and eight baths, for a long term of years, to Cornelius F. Kelley, Vice President of the Anaconda Copper Company. The estate of Ogden Goelet, which owns the building, was represented by Messrs. Moore & Wyckoff, managing agents of the property.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Park Avenue Improvement Company, controlled by Harry Fischel, in the new building now under construction on the entire block front on the west side of Park Avenue, from Fiftieth to Fifty-first Street, an apartment of fourteen rooms and three baths on the Fifty-first Street corner, to Abraham Bijur, who will move from Eighty-sixth Street and Central Park West.

$60,000 Theatre for New Rochelle.

A syndicate headed by B. V. Ottinger has secured a plot 73 by 168 feet on Church Street, New Rochelle, Westchester County, as a site for a vaudeville theatre.

Plans have been prepared for the structure, which will have a seating capacity of 1,600 and cost about $60,000.

Select 1917 National Convention City.

The delegates at the convention of the National Association of Realty Brokers at the Hotel McAlpin selected Wilmington, Del., as the place for next year's annual convention, Jan. 3 to 15, 1917. It was decided to hold a mid-summer conference at Buffalo on July 13, 14, and 15. Among the speakers during the day were Louis E. Wiley of THE NEW YORK TIMES and Frank McCabe of The New York World, who discussed various phases of newspaper advertising from the real estate standpoint.

Frank J. Cohen, former master of works of Glasgow, Scotland, who proposes going into the real estate business in this city, was made a member of the association.

Realty Notes.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc., the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President and Treasurer, Douglas L. Elliman; Vice President, Argyll R. Parsons; Vice President and Secretary, Roland F. Elliman, and Assistant Secretary, Herbert R. Lawrence.

The Greenhut Store properties on Sixth Avenue, Eighteenth and Nineteenth Streets, were transferred yesterday by the trustees in bankruptcy. The main Greenhut store on the easterly block was transferred to the Big Store Realty Corporation, subject to a $1,750,000 mortgage, and the westerly block to the Department Store Realty Corporation, subject to a mortgage of $1,200,000.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Park Av, s e corner of 55th St, 100.5x108.9; Park Av and 54th St Corp against Park Av and 55th St Corp; adjourned to Jan. 26.

Riverside Drive, 62, e s, 66 ft n of 78th St, 21.3x91.4x irregular, four-story dwelling; withdrawn.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Broadway, n e corner of Fairview Av, 100x102x irregular, vacant; M. Selig and another against J. A. Lynch et al.; Goldsmith, C. C. & W., attorneys; A. S. Norton, referee; due, $23,731.04; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

Broadway, e s, 100 ft n of Fairview Av, 100x100, vacant; R. C. Bondy against same; same attorneys and referee; due, $19,481.78; to the plaintiff for $16,100.

Broadway, e s, 200 ft n of Fairview Av, 100x100, vacant; R. C. Bondy and another, exrs, against same; same attorneys and referee; due, $19,481.78; to the plaintiff for $15,800.

Broadway, e s, 300 ft n of Fairview Av, 100x100, vacant; Lena Stix against same; same attorneys and referee; due, $19,481.78; to the plaintiff for $14,000.

By Samuel Marx.

119th St, 40 West, s s, 478 ft e of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; three-story dwelling; East River Savings Institution against Kassel Simon et al.; O. F. Hibbard, attorney; A. B. Brenner, referee; due, $10,516.16; taxes, &c., $116.87; to the plaintiff for $6,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Morris Av, 1,988, e s, 100 ft s of 179th St, 20x100, three-story tenement; Rudolph Seus against August Jacob et al.; Weschler & K., attorneys; Jacquin Frank, referee; due, $7,969.42; taxes, &c., $1,170.23; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

Bronx St, 2,044 and 2,046, e s, near 180th St, 63.5x74 to Bronx River x64.6x86.4, frame houses; Gustave Frey, attorney; H. A. Friedman, referee; partition; to the plaintiff for $8,000.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

Bronx Boulevard, w s, 81.3 ft n of 222d St, 76.9x100; E. J. Schaeffer against Philip Donlon et al.; Holden & C., attorneys; L. S. Greenbaum, referee; due, $1,065.15; taxes, &c., $1,337.78; to the plaintiff for $3,500.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Longfellow St, w s, 250 ft n of Lafayette Av, 50x100, vacant; Sheldon Leavitt and another, trustees, against Anna Reser; J. E. Roosevelt, attorney; J. P. Dunn, referee; due, $2,958.06; taxes, &c., $355.32; to the plaintiff for $3,000.

By James J. Donovan.

160th St, 366 East, s s, 117 ft e of Cortlandt Av, 25x100, three-story frame house; E. J. Gamble, executrix, against J. F. Muldoon et al.; W. W. Westervelt, attorney; W. J. McKeown, referee; due, $8,330.33; taxes, &c., $1,310.02; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Henry Brady.

7th Av, n e corner of 27th St, 77.9x77.11x irregular, three four-story buildings; Oceanic Investing Co. against Seventh Avenue Realty Co. et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $163,259.05; taxes, &c., $1,746.68.

Christopher St, 105, n s, 125 ft w of Bleecker St, 25x90, four-story tenement; Kate Madden against A. E. Schloffel et al.; M. P. Horan, attorney; C. P. Rogers, referee; partition.

By Joseph P. Day.

35th St, 507-509 West, n s, 100 ft w of 10th Av, 50x98.9, five-story factory; H. D. Colt, trustee, against L. H. Livingston, et al.; A. H. Mosle, attorney; Isidor Miner, referee; due $23,856.81; taxes, &c., $1,916.20.

143d St, 155-157 West, n s, 175 ft e of 7th Av, 37.6x99.11, five-story flat; H. E. Kingsland et al. against Lamont Realty Co. et al.; Cory & C., attorneys; Isidor Weis, referee; due, $33,295.35; taxes, &c., $779.20.

By L. J. Phillips & Co.

120th St, 119 East, n s, 225 ft e of Park Av, 20x100.11; four-story flat; Mutual Life Ins. Co. against S. A. Pinner et al.; F. L. Allen, attorney; L. S. Greenbaum, referee; due, $9,170.96; taxes, &c., $232.70.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

120th St, 239 East, n s, 160 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, five-story flat; House of Mercy against Nicola Capozollo et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; Sumner Gerard, referee; due, $14,859.60; taxes, &c., $382.09.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Henry Brady.

Leggett Av, n w corner Kelly St, 40x110, four-story flat; W. L. Condit against H. L. Krieger et al.; Elkus, G. & P., attorneys; M. J. Scanlan, referee; due, $35,519.33; taxes, &c., $390.48.

By Joseph P. Day.

Mapes Av, 2,077, w s, 118.1 ft s of 180th St, 22x100, four-story flat; E. K. Upham against G. Galiani et al.; Merrill, R. & T., attorneys; E. S. Booth, referee; due, $11,548.08; taxes, &c., $702.10.

By Charles A. Berrian.

Concord Av, s e corner of 151st St, 175x94, vacant; G. A. Brinkerhoff against M. B. Hofman et al.; Carrington & P., attorneys; W. D. Leonard, referee; due, $19,796.42; taxes, &c., $558.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

171st St, 703 West, for a four-story garage, 25x100; E. & C. Neus, premises, owner; E. Neus, premises, architect; cost, $14,000.

134th St, n s, 206.5 ft w of Willis Av, for a two-story brick garage, 25x83; Andrew Georgens, 383 East 134th St, owner; B. Ebeling, 2,400 Westchester Av, architect; cost, $10,000.

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, n w corner of 176th St, 199.10x100; Leona Holding Cor'n to Max Goldstein, 56 East 8th St, Brooklyn, Jan. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Charles Eno, 51 Chambers St....$11,000

AVENUE A, w s, 73.2 ft s of 8th St, 24.3x100; E. O. Gottlieb to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 19, due as per bond....$18,000

BROADWAY, n e corner of 91st St, 93.5x162.7; Lena F. de Martino to Chelsea Realty Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 18, 2 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$350,000

CORTLANDT ST, s s, 60.1 ft w of Greenwich St, 24x77; Greenwich & Cortlandt Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 18, due as per bond....$36,000

FORT WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 162d St, 102.2x161.7; Friedman Construction Co. to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av, Jan. 19, 5 years; attorney, W. M. Powell, Jr., 7 Wall St....$190,000

LOTS 98 and 106, map Dyckman Estate; James A. Lynch to Henriette Oliver, 103 West 94th St, July 1, 1915, due as per bond; attorney, J. A. Lynch, 51 Chambers St....$8,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Wm. Bradley, 305 West 74th St, Jan. 19, due as per bond; attorney, same....$3,218

LOTS 91 and 95, map Dyckman Estate; James A. Lynch to Frank Bradley, 319 West 74th St, Jan. 19, due as per bond; attorney, J. A. Lynch, 51 Chambers St....$5,500

WEST END AV, n w corner of 83d St, 59x79; West End Eighty-third Corporation to William J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St, Jan. 18, prior mtg $225,000, due as per bond; attorney, H. W. Thomas, 43 Cedar St....$100,000

2D AV, e s, 20 ft s of 81st St, 17x77; Morris Steinheimer to Frederick Hirschhorn, 171 East 83d St, Jan. 18, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$8,000

31ST ST, n s, 135 ft e of 3d Av, 18.9x98.9; Frederick W. Sherman to Frederick W. Brown et al, 154 Newton St., Brooklyn, 3 years, Jan. 11; attorney, Brown Bros., 154 Newton St., Brooklyn....$1,000

36TH ST, n s, 575 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Mary I. Meek to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Jan. 17, due Jan. 19, 1921; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$10,000

54TH ST, n s, 250.6 ft w of 6th Av, 24.6x100.5; Esthold Realty Co. to N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c., Jan. 18....$23,000

58TH ST, s s, 245 ft e of 7th Av, 60x100.5; Marcaro Corp'n to Metropolitan Life Ins. Co., 1 Madison Av, Jan. 19, 10 years; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av....$215,000

58TH ST, s s, 182 ft e of 7th Av, 21x100.5; Esthold Realty Co. to N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, 3 years, 5½ p. c., Jan. 18....$26,500

61ST ST, n s, 92 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.5; Hyman Levin to Rosie Winer, 172 East 107th St, Jan. 18, prior mtg $11,500, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1,400

69TH ST, n s, 465 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 40x100.5; 245 West 69th Street Co. to Rosina Vollbart, 250 West 82d St, Jan. 10, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$23,000

79TH ST, n s, 284 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 16x102.2; Edmund Francis Realty Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 18, due as per bond....$16,500

135TH ST, s s, 500 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 160x99.11; 135th Street Garage Corp'n to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 18, due as per bond....$90,000

145TH ST, s s, 114 ft e of Edgecombe Av, 18x99.11; Ella M. Herdman to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 18, due as per bond....$4,500

Bronx.

CARPENTER AV, w s, at s s of Lot 1,123, map of Wakefield, 24.9x105, being part of Lot 1,123, same map; Victor Gerhards to Kath. D. Arnold, 30 Bard Av, Richmond, N. Y., Jan. 18, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

CARPENTER AV, w s, at s s of Lot 1,123, map of Wakefield, 24.9x105, being part of Lot 1,123, same map; Henry E. Svenson to Victor Gerhards, 806 East 169th St, Jan. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

ELIOT AV, w s, 250 ft s of Elizabeth St, 25x125; Ida Krenzin to Louise Withner, 484 11th Av, Queens, Jan. 19, due Jan. 1, 1919, 5 p c.; attorney, Louise Wittmer, 484 11th Av, Long Island City....$1,800

LOTS 43 to 45, map of W. A. and H. C. Mapes; Mary A. Howell to Commercial Finance Co., Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 9, due as per bond; attorney, R. H. Arnold, 120 Westchester Square....$2,000

LOT 352, block J, map Mapes; estate Peter F. Guerrero to William P. Breidenboch, 1,897 Longfellow Av, Jan. 17, due as per bond; attorney, John A. Steinmetz, 1,005 East 180th St....$4,000

TRINITY AV, 971, flat on first floor; Samuel Harowitz to Harry T. Rosenthal, 971 Trinity Av, 2 years from Feb. 1, 1916; attorney, H. Rosenthal, 971 Trinity Av....$420

UNION AV, s e corner Home St, 26.9x irregular; Home-Union Building Corporation to E. Loewenthal & Son, Inc., 1,321 Boston Road, prior mtg $17,750, Jan. 15, due as per bond; attorney, R Loewenthal, 1,347 Boston Road....$1,250

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, 200 ft n of Locust Av, 25x100; James F. Waldron and another to Thomas Cheyne, 123 West 44th St, and another, executors and trustees, Jan. 17, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$7,000

134TH ST, s s, 110.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 21x100; H. M. Wiell Co. to Samuel Brandmack, 978 Metropolitan Av, Brooklyn, prior mtge $6,500, Jan. 10, due Feb. 1 1917, 6 p c.; Samuel Brandmark, 97th and Metropolitan Av, Brooklyn....$1,100

160TH ST, 435 East, store; John H. Otten to Andrew Wunner, 435 East 160th St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Andrew Wunner, 435 East 160th St....$780 to $840

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 166, store and basement; Elizabeth Flick to August Weinrich, 166 Amsterdam Av, 5 5-12 years from May 1, 1916; attorneys, Jabwig Brothers, 10 Leonard St....$2,000

AVENUE D, 88 and 90, all; Samuel Juskewitz and another, executors, to Max Reichman, 88 Avenue D, 3 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, William Weiss, 320 Broadway....$6,100

BROOME ST, 380, store and basement; John Palmieri to Louis Vassallo, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1916; attorney, L. W. Osterweis, 200 5th Av....$1,020

COLUMBUS AV, 815, store and part of basement; Philip Helzel to Paolo Odierna, 164 East 106th St, 12 years from July 1, 1914; attorney S. G. French, 38 Park Row....$600

5TH AV, 302, eleventh loft; 302 Fifth Avenue Corporation to James McCurrach & Brother, 1,384 Dean St, Brooklyn, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1916; attorneys, Cozzens & P., 315 5th Av....$4,000

9TH AV, 739; William F. Dornbusch to William Daly, 567 7th Av, extends lease to May 1, 1922; attorneys, Bernheimer & S., 128th St, and Amsterdam Av....$2,100

59TH ST, 38 West, all; 59th Street Real Estate Co. to William F. Donnelly, 400 West 22d St, 1 year from Jan. 1, 1916....$20,000

104TH ST, 21 and 23 East; Winston Holding Co. to Victor Batkin, 335 East 101st St, extends lease three years, May 1, 1916; attorney, Leo Schafian, 51 Chambers St...$1

129TH ST, 148 and 150 East, all; Richard G. Green to J. E. Linde Paper Co., 20 years from May 1, 1910; attorney, Samuel Wasserman, 51 Chambers St....$5,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

GRAND ST, 313; Sun Fireproof Sash and Door Co., Inc., against Estate of William Solomon, owner; Eagle Building and Construction Co. and A. Mugler, contractor.$150

RIVINGTON ST, 125, and Norfolk St, 117; Samuel Tauber against Louis Zimmerman and George Gotthelf, owners and contractors....$149

WEST END AV, 839; Alexander T. Koomanoff against Marian L. Lord and Arthur R. Bastian, owners; Goodale, Perry & Dwight, contractors....$8

2D ST, 274 to 280 East; Edward E. Buhler Co. against Israel Orphan Asylum, owner, renewal....$234

40TH ST, 122 East; Noonan Building Material Co., Inc., against Harold F. Patterson, owner; Michael O'Rorke, sub-contractor; Valentine Lynch Co., contractor....$344

40TH ST, n e corner of 7th Av, 60x19.9; American Metal Store Front Co., Inc., against Catherine Brady, owner; Charles Braun, agent, contractor....$52

76TH ST, 49 East; Jacob Gescheidt against estate of Robert W. Taller, owner; A. D. Bogel, contractor....$87

135TH ST, s s, 10 ft w of Madison Av, 210x99.11; Indiana Flooring Co. against James Everard's Breweries, Inc., owner; Farmers' Loan and Trust Co. et al, lessees; Harper Richardson and Palace Casino, Inc., sublessee, renewal....$1,045

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BAYARD ST, 70; Eduardo Corsino against Beckie Gross et al., April 26, 1915....$104

FORT WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 179th St; Charles W. Hall against Holyrood Church of New York et al., Dec. 1, 1915....$3,973

WEST END AV, 481 and 483; William J. Taylor Co. against West End 83d Corp. et al., Dec. 10, 1915....$100,798

SAME PROPERTY; Christian J. Jeppesen against same, Dec. 21, 1915....$500

WEST END AV, n w corner of 83d St; Frank E. Seymour, Jr., against West End 83d Corp. et al., Dec. 23, 1915, by deposit...$60

111TH ST, 66 to 70 East; Kittanning Sales Co., Inc., against Cathedral Construction Co. et al., Oct. 25, 1915, by bond....$428

232D ST, n s, 325 ft e of Bussing Av; Beith & Reilly Co. against William J. Smith et al., Nov. 6, 1913, vacated....$350

LEWIS ST, 84½; Arthur J. Panoff against Benjamin Seidenberg et al., Dec. 17, 1915....$120

SAME PROPERTY; Dreier Iron Works, Inc., against same, Dec. 13, 1915....$122

SAME PROPERTY; Paul Bernstein Co., Inc., against same, Dec. 14, 1915....$150

SAME PROPERTY; Frank E. Wise & Son, Inc., against same, Dec. 10, 1915....$167

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Horowitz against same, Dec. 17, 1915....$340

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 49.10 ft n of 125th St, 50x100; Benjamin F. Canada against Arch Amusement Co. et al., action to set aside conveyance; attorneys, Murphy & Fultz.

31ST ST, s s, 150 ft e of 8th Av, 25x34.8; William Goldstone against David A. Bath et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Myers & Sherwin.

64TH ST, 18 West; Jean Burger against Ginsburg Realty Co., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, W. F. Clare.

74TH ST, 508 and 510 East; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Hans C. Clausen et al., foreclosure of three mortgages; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.

117TH ST, 561 West; Lansford F. Chapman against Mexers et al., action to determine ownership; attorney, H. A. Sperry.

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 1,514; Bridget Hayes against Samuel Blatt et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Hogan & Ramirez.

MAPES AV, e s, 233.9 ft s of 180th St, 16.5x145.2; Mapes Av, e s, 217.4 ft s of 180th St, 16.5x145.2; Mapes Av, e s, 200.9 ft s of 180th St, 16.5x145.2; Mapes Av, e s, 184.3 ft s of 180th St, 16.6x145.2; John Hyslop against Emma A. Mayhew et al., foreclosure of mortgages; attorneys, Merrill, Rogers & Terry.

WEST FARMS ROAD, n w s, adjoining lot formerly of Albert St. John, 38x160.6; Beck Memorial Presbyterian Church of New York City against Edwin Devoe et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. C. Rickaby.

165TH ST, n s, 50.5 ft w of Carroll Place, 25.4x134.6; City Real Estate Co. against Rose A. Gaffney et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York, Plaintiff, against JULIA ROBERT, ARTHUR REMINGTON ROBERT, and THE TENEMENT HOUSE DEPARTMENT of the City of New York, Defendants.—Summons.

To the above named defendants and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer upon the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated January 3, 1916.

FREDERICK L. ALLEN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendants Julia Robert and Arthur Remington Robert:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of the Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated January 18, 1916, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York in the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, the City, County, and State of New York.

Dated January 19, 1916.

FREDERICK L. ALLEN, Attorney for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address 55 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY of New York.—FRANK L. FROMENT, as trustee of the trusts created by the will of Eugene L. Froment, deceased, plaintiff, against FRANCES HUNTER PAGE, Eugene McKinnie Froment, Frank L. Froment, individually and also as administrator of the estate of Theodore Froment, Jr., deceased; Lydia B. Froment, and Henry D. Brewster, defendants.—Summons. Trial desired in New York County.

To the above-named defendants: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated December 27, 1915.

ROBERT J. MAHON, Plaintiff's Attorney, Post Office address and office, 154 Nassau Street, New York City, N. Y.

To the defendant, Eugene McKinnie Froment, and to Mrs. A. M. Carter, his grandmother: The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court, County and State of New York, filed and entered in New York County Clerk's office in Manhattan Borough, New York City, December 28, 1915, made by Hon. M. Warley Platzek, a Justice of said court.

ROBERT J. MAHON, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

BURR, JR., MELANCTHON.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Melancthon Burr, Jr., late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribed, at their place of transacting business at the office of The Union Trust Company of New York, No. 80 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in The City of New York, on or before the 20th day of March next.

Dated, New York, the 15th day of September, 1915.

VAN RENSSELAER BURR,
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Executors.
NOBLE & CAMP, Attorneys for Executors, 2 Wall Street, New York City.

SCHMIDT, ANNA E.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ANNA E. SCHMIDT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of Carl Schurz Petrasch, No. 80 Maiden Lane, Room 302, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 3d day of April next.

Dated New York, the 21st day of Sept., 1915.

WILLIAM H. SCHMIDT, Executor.
CARL SCHURZ PETRASCH, Attorney for Executor, 80 Maiden Lane, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

GREAT NECK TO HUNTINGTON
The best information regarding
Shore Fronts, Hilltops or Farms
may be obtained from us.
L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
18 E. 34th St. Murray Hill 4030.

CHICKEN FARM
$150 CASH WILL START YOU, balance $3 weekly will buy you a poultry farm with well-built house, 6 rooms, range and stationary tubs in kitchen; large dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country, population 7,000; trolley and railroad; one hour from city; few minutes from station and beautiful harbor; healthy climate; good markets right in town; all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address B. Hughes, 349 East 14th St.

SACRIFICE BUNGALOW
At Brentwood in the Pines, L. I.—Ten Rooms, tiled bath, hot-water heat, gas, electricity and water; splendid all year home; five minutes from station; only $750 cash, balance easy. Address OWNER, Room 1,106, 1 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

Patchogue Country Place Bargain!
Beautiful 42-acre country place, Patchogue, long frontage Merrick Road; high, dry, overlooking bay; good buildings; exclusive neighborhood; $18,000, terms; worth double; bargains everywhere. Harvey B. Newins, Woolworth Building, New York.

$200 CASH BUYS
fine poultry farm, consisting of 6-room house, barn, chicken houses, etc., nearby; 2 acres of fine land; short distance to station; balance small monthly payments; title guaranteed. C BARGAIN, 243 W. 34th St.

MODERN BUNGALOW
of 5 rooms and bath, all improvements, near fine bathing beach; 40 minutes from centre of Manhattan; $250 cash, balance easy terms. C South Shore, 243 W. 34th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY SITES
On Deep Water with Railroad Facilities
Property located midway between Newark and Jersey City, N. J., 5 MILES FROM N. Y. CITY HALL, fronting on the Passaic and Hackensack Rivers; in the heart of the
World's Greatest Labor Marke
crossed by
FOUR RAILROADS
and their branches, sidings from which can be obtained:
Pennsylvania R. R.
Central R. R. of N. J.
D., L. & W. R. R.
Erie Railroad
Newark Bay and Passaic River Channels up to the property 20 feet at low tide.
Property suitable for any kind of manufacturing or commercial enterprise requiring tide water and railroad facilities.
'Phone 744—Cort. 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Joseph P. Day
Industrial Department.

YOUR RENT WILL BUY THIS CRAFTSMAN HOUSE

6 large rooms and tiled bath; open fireplace in living room; full gas kitchen; steam heat; all city improvements; in the hills of New Jersey; only 32 minutes out.
BUILDER, P. O. BOX 1041, N. Y. CITY.

COUNTRY HOUSE BARGAIN.
16 rooms and 3 baths; on large corner plot, adjoining Golf and Country Club, on summit of hill in the best residential section of a suburban city of 15,000; 5 minutes from 2 express stations and trolley. Terms arranged to suit responsible buyer. B. WILKINSON, ROOM 178, 50 CHURCH ST., NEW YORK CITY. 'PHONE, CORTLANDT 8748.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Obliged to sacrifice my beautiful private residence worth $10,000; 10 rooms, all modern imp'ts; large plot; excellent location, very convenient. Will accept $8,000 if sold within next 10 days. Apply to my broker. MURDOCH, opp. Lackawanna Terminal.

TEXAS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
One solid body, 73,000 acres, in Texas, known as the Gunter River Ranch, which it is desired to sell to a few of large means, rather than to scattered ownership. Price, $12.50 per acre; one-fourth cash, balance in ten yearly payments. Full particulars, with map, sent on application. Address Box G-277 Times Downtown.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

BEAUTIFUL BERKSHIRES.
Complete Gentleman's Estate, 85 acres, $9,500. Bargain, "Far from the Madding Crowd," accessible. Modernized residence; 24 acres pasture; near property owned by city people. ARCHER, 39 Courtlandt St., New York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Masonic Building
23RD ST. & 6TH AVE.
Three Entire Floors
14,000 sq. ft. each
One for Film Co.'s
Also Desirable Divisions
Seven Passenger Elevators — Five Freight Elevators
100% Sprinkler System — Six Fireproof Stairways
Low Rents — High Ceilings
Chas. F. Noyes Co.
Phone 2000 John 92 William St.

Nos. 78-80-82 Reade St.
N. E. Cor. Church St.
LIGHT LOFTS
For Rent
Steam Heat, Passenger and Freight Elevators.
No Manufacturing.
In Centre of Shoe Trade District
APPLY TO
HERMAN L. R. EDGAR
81 Nassau St.

132-6 W. 14th St., Near 6th Ave.
LIGHT LOFTS, 37x103, 75x103
Suitable heavy manufacturing, cheap power, live steam, sprinklers, low insurance, low rent.
LIGHT STORE, 37.6x103
Conforms with Fire and Labor Dept. Laws.

PICTURES FOR HOME.

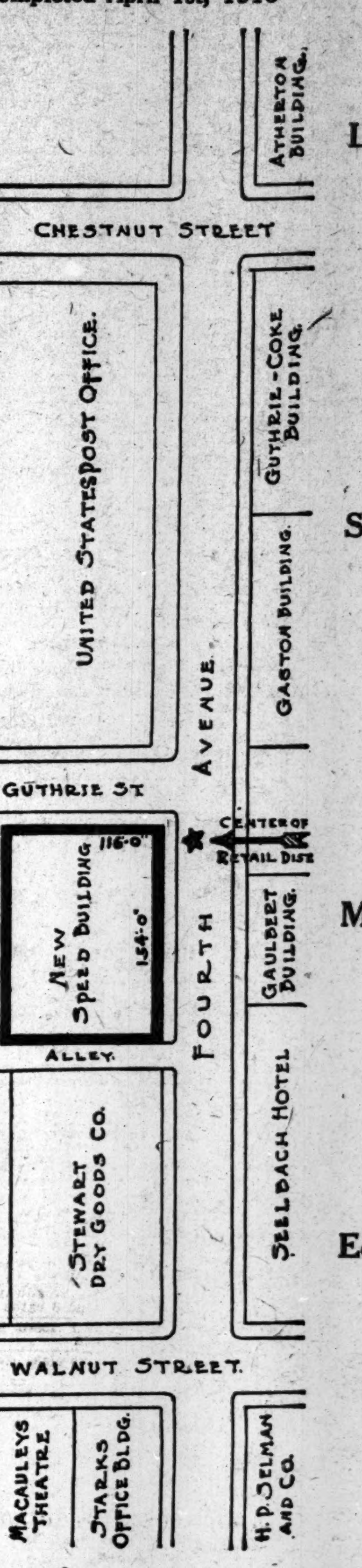
The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial contains a gallery of photographs from the fighting fronts and of home events. Best illustrated weekly. 10 cents; $5.00 a year. Times Square.—Advt.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

A Merchant's Opportunity

LARGE, NEW STORE BUILDING
IN LOUISVILLE, KY.

Completed April 1st, 1916 — Strictly First Class



Location:
Corner Fourth Avenue and Guthrie Street.
Center of Retail Shopping District.
Opposite Seelbach Hotel.
Next to Stewart Dry Goods Co., Department Store.
Next to United States Post-Office.

Size:
154 feet on Fourth Avenue.
116 feet on Guthrie Street.
20-foot Alley North, 13 ft. East.
4 Stories High and Full Basement.
Rises 80 Feet Above Sidewalk.
Light on 4 Sides.

Materials:
Concrete—Steel Columns—White Terra Cotta exterior.
Steel Trim Doors and Windows.
No Wood Used.
Sprinkler System. Completely Fire-Proof Throughout.

Equipment:
Partitions, Plumbing, Electric Elevators, Steel Stairways in quantity and location desired. Lighting and Heating Systems to suit Tenants.

Renting:
Apply to your own broker for leasing terms, or to
J. V. BECKMANN, Manager,
SPEED REALTY COMPANY,
Louisville, Ky.

Mr. Printer
Here is a Rare Opportunity!
The Hill Building, at the corner of 10th Avenue and 36th Street, is the finest building in New York City for printing purposes.
There is only
One Floor Vacant—the 8th.
and it is a real opportunity for a live, progressive printer who realizes the value of modern conveniences in his Business to secure an advantageous location.
Floor Space is 14,600 square feet (gross).
Tile and Glass constructed throughout.
78% of wall space is glass.
The Lowest Fire Insurance Rate in New York City.
Washed Fresh Air is constantly supplied.
Foul Air is sucked out.
3 Freight Elevators.
2 Passenger Elevators.
Mail Bag and Package Chute.
Electric Current for all purposes.
Investigate through your broker or
HILL PUBLISHING CO., Owner
10th Ave. at 36th St.
Send for descriptive booklet.

217-219 CENTRE ST.
LOFTS FOR PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS, LEATHER, ELECTRICAL, or HEAVY MANUFACTURING.
FIREPROOF BUILDING, GOOD LIGHT, STEAM HEAT, ELEVATOR SERVICE, LOW INSURANCE, REASONABLE RENT. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. Inquire B. GOLDEN, ON PREMISES. Phone Spring 1006.

Every Subway Terminates Here.
41 Park Row and 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce & Nassau Sts.
OFFICES TO LET
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.
16-Story Modern Office Building.
3 Sides Open on 3 Streets—Continuous Service.
(Opposite City Hall Park)

LARGE CORNER STORES
In a thickly populated neighborhood; car lines pass the door; subway one block away; new subway express station at the door. For particulars apply to
A. ARENT COMPANY,
1,014 East 163d St., or phone Intervale 4600.

39 East 19th St.
Desirable Lofts, windows on four sides.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 E. 20th St.

33 UNION SQUARE, Broadway, nr. 16th St.
Modern Fireproof Building, 3 Elevators.
LIGHT OFFICES, $25 and Upward
LIGHT SHOWROOM, 31x150

BROOKLYN.

Separate Lofts, With Power
Complying With All Factory, Labor and Fire Prevention Laws.
Sprinkler, Ample Fire Escapes.
Excellent light; elevator; steam heat.
Help Easily Obtainable.
Convenient to shipping terminals.
Lowest Fire Insurance Rate.
Willoughby Av., cor. Classon Av., Bklyn.

Manufacturing and Mercantile
Lofts, Stores, Buildings
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 East 20th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

New Buildings Now Ready
Unusually Attractive, High Class, Non-Elevator Apartments
3-4-5 Rooms & Bath
172d St., Between
B'way & Ft. Washington Ave.

PRINCE'S COURT
3920 Broadway, N. E. Cor. 164th St.
One Very Attractive 4 Room Apartment
Immediate Possession.
Rent $480.
Superintendent on premises or
J. R. BROWN CO.
299 Madison Ave. Phone 1481 Murray Hill

SOUTHWICK APARTMENTS
674 WEST 161ST ST.
THE LOYAL
894 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
4-5-6 Rooms, 2 Baths, Rents $480 to $840 yearly. Open Evenings. Renting Agent on Premises. 'Phone 9282 Audubon.
FRIEDMAN CON. CO., 189 BROADWAY

723 ST. NICHOLAS AVE.,
COR. 146TH ST.
4 and 6 large, exceptionally light rooms and bath; all modern improvements. Elevator. Rentals $35 to $60. Apply Superintendent, or
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents,
165 West 72d St. Phone Col. 8300.

25 Minutes from Grand Central to
HUBBARD APARTMENTS
Mosholu Parkway North & Hull Ave.
3 minutes to Botanical Garden, N. Y. Central Station; 6 minutes to 198th St. L Station.
3-4-5 ROOMS. $21-$37.

LA JACQUETTA
166 West 87th Street
ONE FIVE-ROOM APARTMENT.
J. AXELROD. 200 W. 72d St.

BIG CONCESSIONS
314 West 94th St. NEAR RIVERSIDE
6 AND 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS, BATH. EXTRA LAVATORY. $60 TO $82.50.

BRONX.

Park View Apartments,
2534-2550 Creston Ave.,
Fordham Heights, West Bronx.
Just Completed, Facing St. James Park.
5 Rooms & Foyer, $38.00
The Gaines-Roberts Co., on Premises.

Real Estate—Out of City.

$75 down and $14 monthly will buy my pretty up-to-date 6-room Queen Anne cottage, all modern improvements, on large plot; near trolley and station. B Cottage, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

Old house, with fruit trees and chicken run, cheap to quick buyer on very easy terms to responsible party; near New York. Bischoff, 157 Times Downtown.

Mortgage Loans
Forty-five cents an agate line.
FOR MORTGAGE MONEY SEE S. A. ISRAEL, 35 NASSAU ST.

City Property
Thirty-five cents an agate line.
Real Estate.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES, Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Av.
CHAS. F. NOYES & CO., Real Estate. 92 William St.
ARNOLD, BYRNE & BAUMANN, Real Estate and Mortgages, 115 Broadway.
LOTON H SLAWSON COMPANY, 171 Madison Avenue, New York.
JERE JOHNSON, JR., CO., AUCTIONEERS, 137 B'way, N. Y.; 193 Montague St., B'klyn.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.
Absolutely Cheap!—Dwelling, 441 East 84th, splendid neighborhood, $10,500; mortgage $6,500, 4½ per cent. Duff & Conger, Madison Av., 86th.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.
House for sale; offer wanted; northeast corner Lafayette Av. and Cumberland St., Brooklyn. J 109 Times.
Two lots near express station New York subway; $650 each to quick buyer; worth double; high ground; improvements. Hard Up, 120 Times Downtown.
Two beautiful lots, trolley, fine neighborhood, all improvements; $135 each; title insured. Refined, 110 Times Downtown.
See our ad. Sunday, easy housekeeping homes, Crown St. Realty Associates, 162 Remsen St.
Headquarters for Flatbush Real Estate, Westwood Realty Company, 685 Flatbush Av.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.
For Homesites at Little Neck Hills See Joseph P. Day, Agent, 31 Nassau Street.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.
Warm, comfortable little bungalow; splendid location, high hills Staten Island, southern exposure, $1,200; near lighthouse. "S. R.," 130 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.
Apartment house management a specialty. Hall & Bloodgood, 542 5th Av.

Real Estate for Exchange.
Will exchange excellent income property desirable section, Brooklyn, for good building lots, preferably free and clear. Income, 178 Times Downtown.

To Let For Business
Thirty-five cents an agate line.
LOFTS TO LET, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90 and 50x90; rent, $900-$1,800; steam power, heat, elevator service, automatic sprinkler and fire alarm, fire protected halls; immediate possession. Inquire engineer or owner. Samuel Hellinger, 309 Broadway. Phone Worth 4945.
CORNER BUILDING—LOFTS—POWER. 174-182 Worth Street, between subway and Third Avenue "L" Stations. Sprinklers—Elevator—High Ceilings. Apply ENGINEER or your broker.
Looking for OFFICES or a LOFT. We can save you both TIME and MONEY. Large or small space. All parts of city. Long or short terms. THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,476 Broadway, (corner 42d.) Bryant 5786.
Two-story frame building, 5,600 sq. ft. floor space, suitable for light manufacturing; one mile from P. R. R. ferries. Jersey City. John M. Hughes' Sons Co., 7 Colgate St., Jersey City.
Have some very desirable stores, including a corner, on Broadway, between 96th and 110th. For further particulars apply to Goodale, Perry & Dwight, 2,705 Broadway.
FOUR-STORY BRICK. Business centre of Bronx; suitable for light manufacturing, garage, sanitarium; will alter. Montgomery, 155th St., east of 3d Av.
ELEGANT PRIVATE OFFICE, all accommodations, $25 per month; agreeable surroundings. Suite 1,505, 395 Broadway.
Broadway pajama manufacturer has two up-to-date offices to rent reasonable. G 283 Times Downtown.
OFFICE SPACE, elegant, including service; modern building, 331 4th Ave., Holland; telephone Madison 8065.
Nice, light loft, 2,100 square feet; $50; electric elevator; steam heat. 129 Patchen Av., Brooklyn.
Attractive, light lofts, show rooms; low rent. 124 Lexington Av., near 28th.
FIFTH AVENUE Showroom, sublease. Ewing Bacon and Henry, 101 Park Av.
Offices to let—Transit Bldg. & Annex, 7 E. 42 St. & E. 43 St. Homer Foote, Jr., Agt.
Private office, nicely furnished, all accommodations. 47 West 34th, Room 450.
EXCELLENT LOFTS, $600 UP. 6 and 8 West 22d St., near 5th Av.
WM. H. WHITING & CO., 41 PARK ROW. Business Property—Sale, Rental, Management.
RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 Beekman St. 710 Madison Av.

Wanted for Business Purposes.
Office space wanted in exchange for stenographic service; full particulars. A 291 Times Downtown.

Property Out of the City
Thirty-five cents an agate line.
Westchester—For Sale or To Let.
Queen Anne stucco country house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 1 large and 1 small attic; garage, finished similar to house, has ample car and stall space and 2 rooms; plot 156 feet by over 250 feet, containing 11 city lots. Apply Libman, 34 Hamilton Av., New Rochelle. Telephone 3032.
Suburban houses and country estates in Westchester County. George Howe, 527 Fifth Av., New York.
New Rochelle Properties.—Sale, rent, and exchange. Jas. D. McCann, 221 Huguenot St.
New Houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.
Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.
Attractive bargains offered by BANKING DEPARTMENT, STATE OF NEW YORK, to builders, investors and prospective homeseekers. A large number of vacant lots at Grantwood, Morsemere, Leonia, Ridgefield, and Teaneck, New Jersey, at one-half of former owners' prices. Also a large number of two-family houses at Edgewater, Hudson Heights, Cliffside and Palisades Park, New Jersey, at about one-half of former prices. All of the above properties are within a five-cent fare zone and within thirty minutes of Manhattan. These properties must be sold quickly to close the business of two corporations now being liquidated by the Banking Department. Special inducements to contractors and builders who will purchase a considerable number of lots. For further particulars address Benj. D. Haight, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care of Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.
MOST desirable all-light factory for sale; all brick and concrete; corporation liquidation; must be sold; easy terms to responsible party; New Jersey shore, adjacent Hudson River; railroad siding; main factory, 200x200, 60,000 sq. ft.; small factory, 8,000 sq. ft.; yard space, 10,000 sq. ft.; engine, generator, motors, boilers, pumps, steam piping and appliances for producing power and heat. Wesselman & Kraus, Attorneys, 55 Liberty Street, New York.
Fanwood.—New 8-room semi-bungalow, finished in hardwood, all city improvements; delightful loaction among the trees; bargain to quick buyer; easy terms; send for photo. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.
"LEONIA, N. J." THE IDEAL SUBURB. Information and particulars furnished homeseekers. Address Secretary, Lock box 65, Leonia, N. J.
BIG BARGAIN FOR SOMEBODY. Factory, 4-story brick. 54x100, on plot 54x200. Every improvement. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.
Cranford, N. J.—If you want a home do not overlook Cranford, the most beautiful town in New Jersey; have now a few houses at a bargain price and easy terms. Droescher, 79 Warren St., New York City.
IN THE BERNARDSVILLE SECTION OF N. J. Charming Colonial Place of four acres. It is beyond criticism. Price $25,000. Details furnished by mail. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.
Builder forced to take eight-room house, all improvements, hot-water heat; best section; will sell $4,250; value $5,500. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.
ALL THE ORANGES Modern houses, every description, sale or rent. Frank H. Taylor, Op. Brick Church Station.
Atlantic Highlands.—Restricted plots at attractive prices. Navesink Park Co., 280 Broadway, N. Y.
Houses to let furnished, unfurnished, Montclair, N. J. Hughes Taylor Co., Montclair.
Write for our Vineland Farm Catalog. BRAY & MACGEORGE, VINELAND, N. J.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.
Connecticut farms and shore front; especially Westport and Greens Farms. John Crawford, 7 East 42d.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.
At Lake Mahopac.—Bungalows for $1,950. N. W. Walker, 489 5th Av.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The general depression that has been central, west of the Rocky Mountains, for the last two days has moved eastward, with principal centres of disturbance over Northern Alberta and Western South Dakota, and a secondary centre over extreme Western Texas.

Rains and snows continued west of the mountains, but were more local in character than during the last two days, and they have extended eastward into the Southwest, the upper Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, and the upper lake region.

There was no other precipitation of consequence, high pressure and generally clear weather prevailing in the Atlantic and eastern Gulf States.

Temperatures are once more above the seasonal average in the central Rocky Mountain region and the plains States, but elsewhere they remain low, with another moderate fall in Northern Montana and west of the Rockies.

There will be snow Thursday and Friday in the lake region, snow or sleet in the Ohio Valley, snow or rain in Tennessee, and rain in the eastern Gulf States Thursday, probably followed by generally fair weather Friday, except in the upper Ohio Valley.

In the Atlantic States, fair weather Thursday will be followed Friday by snow and rain over the northern, and local rains over the southern districts.

Temperatures will be somewhat higher Thursday.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be moderate southwest and south; South Atlantic Coast, moderate northeast to east.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and slightly warmer Thursday; Friday, rain or snow.

New England—Fair Thursday; Friday, probably rain or snow.

Western New York—Snow or sleet Thursday, slightly warmer; Friday, probably rain or snow.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
3 A. M.	56	15	4 P. M.	44	30
6 A. M.	57	14	6 P. M.	43	28
9 A. M.	52	15	9 P. M.	40	25
12 M.	46	24	11 P. M.	37	25

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 22; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 14; at 8 P. M. it was 27. Maximum temperature, 30 degrees, at 4 P. M.; minimum, 13 degrees, at 7:30 A. M. Humidity, 59 per cent at 8 A. M., 34 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.40 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.60 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
2:10	6 Albany St.; Joseph Bacsa	$500
2:25	75 W. 98 St.; Charles Donahue	Slight
3:05	2 W. 57 St.; Hector & Deswald	Slight
4:10	228 W. 124 St.; Edward Praeger	Slight
8:15	60 E. 134 St.; Henry Smith	Slight
8:20	2,152 2 Av.; Mrs. —— Fether	$200
9:05	65 E. 4 St.; Jacob Oster	Slight
9:55	238 E. 150 St.; Neria Rivo	Slight
P. M.		
12:25	300 W. 17 St.; Michael Delmer	Slight
1:00	414 B'way; W. & G. restaurant	Not given
1:30	Bolton Road & 214 St.; Jean Rose	$1,000
1:35	118 E. 111 St.; Mary Schaltz	$100
4:40	83 Stanton St.; Jacob Klein	Slight
6:50	70½ James St.; not given	Slight
8:20	563 W. 183 St.; John Meyer	$500
8:25	217 Broome St.; David Shapiro	Slight
9:45	100 W. 141 St.; Fred J. Reeves	Slight
9:55	2 Av. & 126 St.; Sulzer's Harlem River Park	Slight
10:03	36 W. 24 St.; S. & W. Waist Co.	Slight
10:25	213 E. 49 St.; John Lynch	Slight
10:35	35 Carmine St.; Annie Richards	$200

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—Major H. O. Williams, 2d Inf., detailed in Inspector General's Dept., Feb. 6, and on leave in this city, will report to the Inspector General of the army for duty in his office for one month.

Major B. T. Clayton, Q. M. C., from Reed Hospital, and report to commandant Army Medical School, this city, for special course of instruction.

Capt. F. R. Hill, M. C., from duty at Ft. Myer, Va., to Reed Hospital for duty.

Capt. J. de Court, Philippine Scouts, from treatment at Letterman Hospital, to Manila, leaving San Francisco about March 5.

Lt. Col. C. A. F. Flagler, Corps of Engineers, in addition to his other duties, is detailed a member of the board of officers of the Corps of Engineers appointed Feb. 20, to consider matters referred to the board relating to the organization, equipment, and instruction of engineer troops, and Col. J. E. Kuhn, Corps of Engineers, and Major W. D. Conner, General Staff, are relieved as members of said board.

Leaves: Major G. H. McManus, C. A. C., 2 months; Capt. R. S. Pratt, 1st F. A., 1 month; Major W. O. Johnson, Inspector General, 2 months; Capt. A. Greig, Jr., C. A. C., 4 days, and Capt. C. Deems, Jr., 6th F. A., 2 days.

Navy.

Ensign F. C. Beisel, to Philadelphia yard.

Gunner F. Kerr, to receiving ship at Philadelphia.

Lt. Commander O. H. Oakley died at Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 16.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Bushnell, at San Pedro; Iroquois, at San Diego, and Vulcan, at Hampton Roads.

Sailed—Chattanooga, Manzanillo for Acapulco; Glacier, San Diego for Guaymas; Nanshan, Tiburon for San Diego; Nashville, Key West for New Orleans, and Paducah, Portsmouth, N. H., for Guantanamo.

The G-3, now at New York yard, has been ordered to proceed to the submarine base, New London.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The request of the Department of Taxes and Assessments that the clerks employed in Manhattan be excepted from participating in the examination for promotion to third grade clerk has been denied. The present promotion list for third grade clerks in Manhattan will expire on May 3, 1916, for which reason it was not deemed advisable to grant the request.

The request of the Fire Department for an examination for promotion from typewriting copyist, second grade, to second grade clerk, Bureau of Fire Alarm Telegraph, has been denied, as it was not certified that the request was made to fill an actual vacancy.

The request of the Mayor for an examination for promotion from first to second grade clerk has been granted.

United States.

The commission announces for Feb. 23, at the New York Custom House, an examination for chemist, for men only, to fill vacancies as they may occur in the position of assistant chemist in the Ordnance Department at Large, Watertown Arsenal, Massachusetts, at a salary of $1,200 a year. The duties will be the analysis of iron, steels, and non-ferrous alloys, and the materials used in their production. The appointee may also be called upon to solve various problems in general inorganic chemistry, and make commercial tests of oils, cements, and other materials used in construction or ordnance manufacture. Competitors will be examined in physics, general chemistry, iron and steel analysis, and education and experience. Graduation with a bachelor's degree from a full four years' course in chemistry in a college or university of recognized standing, and, in addition, at least two years' experience in the analysis of iron and steel or the actual melting and mixing of steel are prerequisites. Applicants must not have reached their thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

A meeting of the Parents' Association of P. S. 141, Manhattan, will be held in the school at 7:45 P. M. tomorrow. District Superintendents O'Shea and Wade will be present.

There will be a spelling bee between twenty 6 B girls and twenty 6 B boys at a meeting at 8 P. M. today of the Parents' Association of P. S. 10, Manhattan, in the school building.

A license as substitute teacher of trade drawing in the vocational classes of the elementary schools has been granted to Charles H. Bertholf of 57 West 127th Street.

Temporary licenses as teacher in training to teach in high schools the subjects respectively indicated have been granted in English to Agnes England of 50 Downing Street, Brooklyn, and in Pitman stenography and typewriting to Clara A. Caswell of Elmhurst, Long Island.

The New York City Teachers' Association has voted to support the Federation of Teachers' Association in its work on a pension plan.

An additional leave of absence without pay has been granted to Thomas J. Cline, an Inspector of Repairs in the School Buildings Bureau, for restoration of health.

There will be another meeting of the Associated Evening High School Alumni of Greater New York at 8 P. M. on Jan. 22 at the Harlem Public Library, 9 West 124th Street. Various committees will be appointed to see that the evening school students receive what is due them. It is requested that each evening school, elementary and high, send three members to this meeting.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, 6:30 P. M., Jan. 20: Lieuts. A. Holtje, Traffic Div., from Subd. A to D, patrol duty; R. Kelly, Traffic Div., Subd. A, patrol duty; 4 P. M., Jan. 20: Patrol. J. E. J. Ferguson, 61, to Central Office Squad, Old Record Room, 300 Mulberry St.; (mutual,) 4 P. M., Jan. 20: Bicycle Patrol. L. F. Roos, 74 to 77; A. Knierim, 77 to 74.

Temporary assignments, to Training School from prec. indicated, 30 days, 8 A. M., Jan. 19; Lieuts. B. McGovern, 10; W. B. Gilhooly, 22; E. McAniff, 32; G. H. Merritt, 35; J. A. Howard, 156; C. A. Becker, 15; E. J. Dempsey, 28; H. Eason, 33; J. F. Thompson, 39; Sergts. M. A. Wall, 12; T. F. Walsh, 26; T. A. Robinson, 29; M. H. Bollas, 43; J. McAuliffe, 26; J. Seaton, 28; F. Sprague, 35; J. F. Carey, 174.

Leaves of absence without pay: Sergt. J. J. Healey, 22, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 20; Patrol. H. Meyer, 17, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 23; J. H. Westervelt, 32, 1 day, 8 A. M., Jan. 27; T. Harper, 277, 2 days, 8 A. M., Jan. 18.

Application for full pay approved: Patrol. L. T. Sexton, 43, 4 P. M., Dec. 24, to 7:40 A. M., Dec. 25, 1915.

Fines imposed: Patrol. P. Shea, 63, (absent from post,) 1 day; J. J. Kiernan, 65, (same,) 2 days; W. Lamond, 65, (same,) 5 days; J. J. Powers, 66, (same,) 2 days; T. B. Fahey, 68, (absent from special post,) 4 days; F. J. Dolloff, 69, (absent from post,) 2 days; E. A. Schmitt, 145, (improper patrol,) 2 days; P. F. Duane, 145, (absent without leave,) 2 days; P. J. Boyle, 145, (failed to properly patrol,) 1 day; W. F. Raleigh, 146, (absent from traffic crossing,) 2 days; L. Trebing, 146, (improper patrol,) 2 days; (absent from post,) 3 days; J. J. Clare, 148, absent from station house,) 1 day; W. W. Corbett, 148, (absent without leave,) 1 day, (absent from post,) 4 days; S. Centrello, 149, (on adjoining post,) 2 days; J. P. Timoney, 149, (in uniform and off duty, entered liquor saloon,) 1 day; E. Wintermute, 149, (improper patrol,) 2 days; S. Silverstein, 150, (same,) 2 days; C. Mohn, 151, (absent from post,) 5 days; F. W. Wenz, 151, (same,) 3 days; S. Feinstein, 152, (same,) 2 days; E. S. Franklin, 152, (absent from assignment,) 4 days; H. N. Stevenson, 152, (improper patrol,) 2 days; P. H. Bolger, 153, (absent from reserve,) 2 days; C. L. Laut, 153, (improper patrol,) 3 days; W. W. Ruege, 153, (absent from post,) 2 days; A. Wieland, 154, (same,) 2 days.

E. Beron, 155, (same,) 2 days; P. A. Ratto, 155, (carelessly handled his revolver,) ½ day; P. Fee, 156, (absent from post,) ½ day; J. T. Fagan, 157, (absent from reserve roll call,) 3 days; J. A. Pankanin, 157, (improper patrol,) 2 days; S. J. McDougal, 159, (loitering,) 1 day; P. F. McGovern, 159, (absent from post,) 2 days; A. Steigerwald, 159, (improper patrol,) 2 days; F. Gerhold, 160, (same,) 2 days; J. F. Havens, 160, (absent from post, coming from liquor saloon,) 4 days; P. J. Langan, 160, (improper patrol,) 2 days; (same,) 2 days; H. D. J. Larkin, 160, (improper patrol,) 2 days; J. Regan, 160, (did not properly patrol post,) 2 days; (improper patrol,) 2 days; R. M. Cook, 161, (smoking,) ½ day; G. R. Leonard, 161, (absent from assignment,) ½ day; T. J. Leonard, 161, (absent from duty outside polling place,) 2 days; (improper patrol,) 8 days; W. Sarvis, 161, (improper patrol,) 2 days; F. B. Ahlborn, 162, (improper patrol,) 2 days; (smoking cigarette,) ½ day; S. J. Sullivan, 162, (absent from post,) 1 day; E. H. Machel, 162, (absent from post,) 6 days; (improper patrol,) 1 day; W. Becker, 163, (improper patrol,) 2 days; W. J. Hoeffling, 163, (absent from post, standing at bar,) 7 days; F. C. Koch, 163, (absent from post,) 6 days; (improper patrol,) 2 days; J. J. McCarthy, 164, (absent from post, in the rear room of saloon,) 3 days; O. G. P. Eppler, 165, (absent from post, in rear room of saloon,) 3 days; L. B. A. Payes, 165, (improper patrol,) 2 days; J. T. Brady, 171, (failed to make arrest,) 2 days; F. W. J. Cooper, 171, (same,) 2 days; N. P. Nelson, 171, (absent from post,) 1 day; D. F. Cashman, 172, (absent without leave, reported sick,) 3 days; (failed to report,) 5 days; J. F. Murphy, 172, (absent from assignment,) 3 days; (absent from post,) 4 days; F. Muus, 172, (in uniform and off duty entered saloon,) 1 day; H. Ryan, 172, (same,) 1 day; F. E. Furey, 274, (failed to return promptly,) 2 days; C. Schad, (absent from post,) 2 days; H. Powell, 278, (was not quiet,) 2 days; W. R. Gell, 143, (absent without leave,) 3 days; J. W. McDonough, 144, (improper patrol,) ½ day; E. G. Anderson, 146, (absent from post, seated at table in rear of saloon with a woman,) 8 days; N. A. Benson, 164, (absent from post, coming from rear exit of hall at rear of saloon,) 5 days; W. H. Mowdy, 164, (sent from post, sitting in rear room adjoining saloon,) 5 days; P. A. Endress, 167, (absent from post, standing in the kitchen of a hotel and liquor saloon,) 5 days; H. A. Lockwood, 167, (same,) 5 days; J. W. Brierton, 278, (failed to respond to signal,) 2 days; J. Wahl, 285, (failed to prevent burglary and improper patrol,) 2 days on 2 charges.

Reprimanded: Lieut. J. D. Wooldridge, 157, (failed to notify Telegraph Bureau of the death of patrol.) Patrol. C. Vining, 143, (absent from post;) W. C. Mullin, 153, (same;) D. H. Cohen, 156, (same;) J. J. Concannon, 156, (same;) S. G. Patterson, 161, (improper patrol;) P. J. Murray, 167, (same.)

Charges Dismissed: Patrol. A. Wertheim, 145, (absent from post;) A. Everson, 148, (same;) S. Centrello, 149, (failed to take action removal of snow;) J. Donegan, 149, (same;) T. J. Sullivan, 149, (same;) J. Metzger, 164, (absent from post;) F. Hansen, 276, (carelessly lost his police manual;) C. Morgan, 278, (absent from post.)

Restored to Duty: Patrol. H. F. Hettrick, 35, 4.52 P. M., Jan. 18.

Fire Department.

Revocation of temporary detail, while on sick report, to take effect at 8 A. M., Jan. 21: Fire. 1st gr. J. J. Brierton, Eng. 204, to new Fire Alarm Telegraph Station, Malbone and Washington Sts. and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Temporary detail, while on sick report, to take effect at 8 A. M., Jan. 21: Fire. 1st gr. M. Morris, Eng. 235, to new Fire Alarm Telegraph Station, Malbone and Washington Sts. and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Special leave, without pay: Fire. 1st gr. J. Bostwick, Eng. 61, 12 hours, 8 A. M., Jan. 20.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful Home.—$2,500 cash; owner going abroad; fine brick and stucco house and garage, North Shore, Long Island; house has eight exceptionally large rooms and conservatory; fine corner plot, 100 by 100; fruit trees, &c.; exceptionally large veranda; view of water from front and side; twenty-five minutes from New York; splendid all-year-round residence; will sell for fourteen thousand five hundred dollars, ($14,500;) must be seen to be appreciated Address Bargain, care of Allen, 4th floor, 116 West 32d.

A great sacrifice, owner leaving city will sell handsome all year home, everything as new, gas, electric lights, large open fire-place, beautiful bath, large porch, newly decorated, big plot, shrubs, hedge, short walk to trolley, bathing beach, and depot; 45 minutes from City; price $2,700, $200 cash, title guaranteed. Room 608, Century Building, 1 West 34th St.

Owner must dispose of fine farm, with 5-room bungalow, barn and chicken house, near station and trolley to town of 5,000; good soil; can be made a profitable farm and good all-year home by right party; must have $300 cash; will arrange balance to suit. B. Owner, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn.

NEW HOTEL AT FAR ROCKAWAY. 17 bedrooms, 2 baths, 14 bath houses. One block from station, ½ block from ocean. Unfurnished. Reasonable. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

SUBURBAN HOMES, restricted and refined, 28 minutes from Manhattan; $4,900 to $7,500. Send for 1916 Spring list. Queens-Court Realty Co., 200 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 3876 Cortlandt.

NEAR HUNTINGTON BAY. Special bargain, modern all year house, 11 rooms, 3 baths, garden, trees, 2 acres. F. E. Ruland, Huntington, L. I.

FOR LOW COST, HIGH-GRADE BUNGALOWS, VISIT BRIGHTWATERS; BOOKLET 3 ON REQUEST. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 WEST 34TH ST., NEW YORK.

Neponsit.—Seashore homes in New York City. Neponsit Realty Company, 1 West 34th St.

RICKERT-FINLAY REALTY CO., Phone Greeley 5600. 1 West 34th St.

Cheapest farms on L. I. Lists mailed. Daniel Gerard, Specialist, 1,270 B'way, N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

FARM BARGAINS; cash buyers; send description. Batson Farm Agency, 489 5th Av.

CASH BUYERS FOR BARGAIN FARMS. SLOCUM FARM AGENCY, 141 Broadway.

To Let—Furnished.

For Rent.—Three large cottages with baths; furnished; open fireplaces; electric lights; hot and cold water. For particulars address Magnolia Springs Hotel Co., Magnolia Springs, Fla.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Park Av., (near 81st.)—An exquisitely furnished 8-room apartment to sublet at a sacrifice. F. L. Hurt, 30 E. 42d. Mur. Hill 5726.

West Side.

AT RIVERSIDE DRIVE & 84TH, 120. 11 all light, well furnished rooms to let, or address W. R. Stewart.

Handsomely furnished two-room apartment, kitchenette, bath. Telephone 3927 Morningside, Apartment 28.

Two to six rooms; particulars inside back cover telephone book. 215 Manhattan Av. Leon Sobel Co. Tel 7540 River.

$100—FURNISHED APARTMENTS—$500 F. L. Hurt, 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 5726.

Furnished apartments for Winter season or longer. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 W. 72d St.

Business man to share apartment with another, or will rent room. K 128 Times.

587 RIVERSIDE DRIVE, COR. 136TH ST. 7 rooms, furnished; $100 month.

56TH, 34 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; elegantly furnished; two rooms and bath.

For furnished apartments, all sizes, write J 115 Times.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

West End Av., 80's; beautiful furnished apartment, new building; 8 rooms, 3 baths; rent 3 months, longer; 3, 4 master bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms; $250 monthly. Phone Murray Hill 8422.

FURNISHED SUBLET APARTMENTS, all sizes, all desirable localities, $100 up. J. WICKLIFFE GRAY, SPECIALIST, 269 West 73d St. Columbus 3974 and 2790.

Handsomely Furnished Apartments, choice localities, long, short leases. CLARK REALTY COMPANY, 30 East 42d St. Murray Hill 5392.

Large 7-room apartment, furnished, in well kept house; 4 rooms have southern exposure; references; $125 monthly; Phone 7728 Riverside. 471 Central Park West.

TO SUBLET. VERY DESIRABLE HOTEL APARTMENT of 3 rooms and bath; furnished. Inquire office The Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.

THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 69th, (near Broadway.)—Fully rented; waiting list now open to refined and respectable people.

Near subway; exquisitely furnished, 8-room, 2-bath apartment; sublet June or longer. F. L. Hurt, 30 East 42d. Murray Hill 5726.

Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment in new building; sublet June or longer. F. L. Hurt, 30 East 42d. Murray Hill 5726.

Brooklyn.

Two rooms and bath, modern improvements, corner building, opposite Hotel Bossert; very desirable; convenient to subway; $50 to $55. Apply Davidson & Bulkley, 84 Montague St.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Doctor's Office, 115 East 53d St. Moore & Wyckoff, 546 5th Av.

6-7-8 rooms; $1,700 to $2,250. Fireproof apartments, 122 East 76th St.

Madison Av., 121.—Desirable housekeeping and non-housekeeping apartments.

The Schermerhorn, Madison Av., 82d to 83d.—9 and 10 rooms, 3 baths.

West Side.

307 WEST 79TH ST. 5 rooms and 2 baths; particularly attractive neighborhood; airy, well-lighted apartment; $1,600. Apply to Superintendent, on premises.

THE CLEBURNE, 324 WEST END AVE. HIGHEST TYPE 8, 9, 10 ROOM APARTMENTS, 3, 4 BATHS. APPLY ON PREMISES OR L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 158 BROADWAY.

THE GRAMONT, 215 West 98th St., N. E. Cor. Broadway. 6 rooms and 2 baths, $1,650; southern exposure.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Elevator apartments; 6 and 8 rooms and bath; $600 per annum.

THE KANAWAH. 111th St., 203 West—An attractive six-room elevator apartment; rent moderate.

Ask Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 B'way, N. Y. C., for illus. bklt. on The Roxborough, 251 W. 92d St.

New Apartment Booklet Now Ready. Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av.

Non-housekeeping apts.; Spencer Arms; 2, 3, & 4 rooms. S. E. cor. 69th St. & B'way, N. Y.

Grand Concourse Apartments.—See H. A. Douglas Co., 187th St. and Grand Concourse.

176TH ST., 600 WEST.—Modern fireproof building; 3 rooms; $30; 5 rooms, $48.

182 West 58th St.—An apartment most attractive; 14 rooms and 5 bathrooms.

Apartments, 5-7-8-9-10 rooms, $600 to $2,000. Riverside Drive, 156th to 157th St.

Broadway and 55th St., N. E. Corner.—Elevator apartments, 8 rooms, 2 baths.

94th St., 126 West.—Seven large, light rooms with bath; private house block.

Elevator apartments of 7 and 8 large rooms, $1,000-$1,500. 102 West 75th St.

Van Dyck and Severn Apts., Broadway and 73d St.; 8, 9, 10 rooms; 2 and 3 baths.

838-844 Riverside Drive: near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

Large corner apartments; high-class elevator apartments. 175 West 58th.

58th St., 200 West.—4-5 rooms, $1,400 to $2,000. Apply Supt.

One very attractive, 4-room apartment; $480. 3,920 Broadway.

2,128 Broadway.—2 and 3 rooms, with bath; maid service.

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Well-furnished room with private bath wanted by gentleman of responsibility. Answer at once, giving full particulars, A 288 Times Downtown.

Furnished, sunny house or apartment wanted; at least four bedrooms; west side; best references. 'Phone Fitzgerald, Schuyler 8500.

Boarders Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well heated; unexcelled board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room, private bath, electric light; table board.

58TH, 146 WEST. — Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; table guests; references.

69TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive, warm rooms, large and small; home cooking; private baths

70TH, 200 WEST, (Overlooking Broadway.)—Large front room, twin beds; running water; high-class elevator house; gentlemen; board; 72d St. subway express. Hubbell.

72D, 242 WEST. — Handsome, large, sunny room; private bathroom; electric light; references.

73D, 142 WEST.—FRENCH HOME, FRENCH CONVERSATION. — Parisian lady offers refined people beautiful, newly furnished rooms, with board, exceptional cuisine.

75TH ST., 155 WEST.—Desirable double room with board; near subway; references.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Large single room; steam, phone, water; home cooking; references.

79TH, 114 and 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second-floor rooms; private baths; electricity; French cooking.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

91ST, 149 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; also small suite; table guests; references.

83D, 5 WEST. — Suites, single, private baths, steam, electricity, excellent table; references.

93D, 21 WEST. — Comfortable rooms; "L" Park; business people desired; superior board.

93D, 109 WEST.—Front room, private bath, well heated, $8; other rooms.

106TH, 314 WEST.—In modern private residence, rooms for bachelors or married couples; meals optional; references.

THE EVELYN LODGE Charming family hotel of high standard; grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts; excellent chef and service; separate tables; delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 322, (75th St.)—Newly furnished house; convenient locality; excellent service.

Country Board

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-heated house; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

ENGLEWOOD INN, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.—Suite or double room; large, sunny, steam; table unsurpassed; single rooms; terms reasonable; train, trolley. Phone 1168 Englewood.

Connecticut.

HOTEL-SANITARIUM, (HALL-BROOKE,) Greens Farms, Conn.—For nervous, apprehensive persons; beautiful grounds; appointments of high order; expert, sympathetic treatment. Phone 140 Westport.

New Jersey.

Party of gentlemen or family is offered two large connecting rooms; very cheerful; refined surroundings; near East Orange station D., L. & W.; home table. 27 South Arlington Av., East Orange.

Delightful room, with or without board, for lady, at Atlantic City; sea views; salt water bath. Exclusive, X 215 Times Annex.

Beautiful residence; steam heated; every comfort; small family. 165 North Fulton Av., Mt. Vernon.

Florida.

THE INN AT MAGNOLIA SPRINGS, FLA., IS NOW OPEN. RATES $10.00 PER WEEK AND UP.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

CADILLAC LANDAULET, MUST BE SACRIFICED IMMEDIATELY; late model; electric starter; electric light; practically new landaulet, by MOORE & MUNGER; without a blemish of any kind; now mounted on a chassis; also 7-passenger touring body, with all appointments; demountable rims, with all excellent, nobby thread shoes and one extra inflated, BRAND NEW, that has never touched the ground; motor is in perfect condition; complete outfit to be sacrificed; any demonstration desired, day, evening, or Sunday; is on exhibition on the carriage floor of the Brighton Livery Stables, 507 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

14-20 Renault, Brewster ex. front brougham, guaranteed for one year.
Lancia Runabout, Brewster body, first-class condition.
75 Simplex, Brewster close coupled body; less than year old; A-1 condition.
38 Pierce Arrow Touring; exceptional car. 1914 Cadillac.
Ellsworth, 331 Madison Av. Phone 782 Murray Hill.

Minerva town-car, recently overhauled by Minerva shop; first class condition and a beauty; price $1,400, (no less considered;) see by appointment or at Thedfords' Garage, 96th St. and West End Av., unless in use. James Smith, chauffeur.

Stearns Knight 1913 limousine; brand new body; Gray & Davis electric system; newly painted; cowl, sloping bonnet, and radiator; factory equipment; overhauled and guaranteed by Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone 7600 Columbus.

Stearns Knight 1915 five-passenger touring, "light 4"; painted French gray; black molding; special upholstery; one-man top; Gray & Davis electric system; guaranteed. Stearns Co., 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

List with this office any cars you may have for sale; selling high-class used cars a specialty. Ellsworth, 331 Madison Av. Phone 782 Murray Hill.

Hupmobile, demi-limousine, new body, 1915 chassis, full equipment, perfect condition, $900. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Garford-Studebaker small limousine, suitable taxi, extra touring body, $300. Garage, 252 West 87th St. Owner Eckstein, 24 West 85th St.

Hupmobile, 1915, model K touring car; A1 condition; full equipment; $600. Chas. E. Riess & Co., Inc., 1,690 Broadway.

Handsome electric brougham, almost new, $1,750, cost $3,900; Edison battery. Can be seen 1,848 Broadway. Sherwood.

IF YOU NEED A GOOD USED TRUCK, see A. C. Whitefield, Used Truck Dept., 427 West 42d St. Bryant 8530.

Packard, fourteen—forty-eight, touring, overhauled, repainted. McCracken, Circle Bldg., telephone 4120 Columbus.

Packards, all styles, latest models. Packard Auto Exchange, 1,876 Broadway, (Columbus 5078.)

Limousine bodies, $25, $50, $75; (clean up.) 305 West 59th St., near Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

PIERCE-ARROWS, RENAULTS, Limousines, Landaulettes, Latest Models. Polite Liveried Chauffeurs, Excellent Service. Lowest Rates, Day, Week, Month, Year. EGIDI AUTO SERVICE, 123 West 52d St. Phone 774 Circle.

NEW TWIN-SIX PACKARD CARS or 1914-1915 cars; by month or year. Karp. 1,790 Broadway. Col. 5322.

Late Pierce-Arrow 6-48 limousine; also town car; $225 monthly. Columbus 8963.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted, second-hand "RENAULT" five passenger, open body, 1914 or 1915 model. Address Colson, 100 Produce Exchange, stating condition and price.

AUTOS WANTED.—Will pay cash or take on sale. Times Square Auto Co, southwest corner 56th St. and Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL. 225 W. 57th St. Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' Classes.

Early Spring course for owners; chauffeurs trained for positions. Write for booklet. Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., 1,121 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.

Furnished Rooms

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

30TH, 119 EAST.—Newly furnished room; modern conveniences; gentleman.

63D, 145 EAST.—Large furnished room, bath; telephone; references; private house.

68TH ST., 232 EAST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; private; convenient; reasonable; references.

West Side.

7TH AV, 2,386, (139th.)—Large rooms; bath; reasonable rates to desirable gentlemen.

21ST ST., 131 WEST.—Large front parlor; heated; reasonable; small rooms, $2 up.

23D, 258 WEST.—Large room, bath, $7; single, $3.50; steam heat; gentlemen. Cavanaugh's.

54TH, 158 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large front room and bath; large room; also small rooms; all conveniences.

50TH ST., 48 WEST.—Large and small rooms; heat, electric lights; gentlemen.

37TH, 11 WEST.—Elegant, large front room, beautifully furnished, magnificent private bathroom connecting. For particulars apply Rose, 13 West 39th.

64TH, 147 WEST.—NEW, SELECT, CONVENIENT; TELEPHONE; FRENCH; REASONABLE.

65TH, 59 WEST.—Attractive rooms; southern exposure; single, double; elevator; electricity. Howard.

72D, 248 WEST.—Parlor floor; other rooms; excellent table. Columbus 1894.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Attractive, pleasant front room; running water; all conveniences; reasonable.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; private house; all conveniences; reference.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Attractive room, southern exposure, adjoining shower bath, lavatory, select, references.

82D ST, 146 WEST, "Anderson Annex."—Large and small sunny rooms; running water; electric lights, steam, elevator.

84TH ST., 31 WEST.—Unusual rooms in newly furnished house; every convenience.

87TH, 203 WEST.—Desirable parlor suite, southern exposure; business people preferred. Mills.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, suitable two; piano, telephone; gentlemen. Gleiss.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Newly furnished residence; front parlor, connecting bedroom; $8; electricity.

91ST, 38 WEST.—Rooms; large, medium; single; private baths; electricity; $4-$7-$10.

92D, 43 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, large, front room; every convenience; private house.

93D, 253 WEST, (Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished, large, steam-heated rooms; private baths.

94TH, 153 WEST. — Beautifully furnished rooms; double and single, running water, southern exposure.

95TH, 147 WEST. — Parlor floor, complete kitchenette, bath, every convenience, suitable couple.

102D, 302 WEST.—Private house; Riverside Drive, subway; nicely furnished room, bath; telephone.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Large, attractive, sunny room; elevator apartment; private family. Phillips.

106TH, 206 WEST.—Comfortable front suite, for bachelor; elevator apartment; $10. McCoy.

111TH, 515 WEST.—Light, clean room, every convenience. Apartment 3.

134TH, 520 WEST.—One room; private family; all conveniences; references. Apt. B.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Large front; $7; electricity, shower, elevator; convenient location. 2B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244.—Duplex rooms; one, two gentlemen; elegantly furnished; reasonable. Meek, 6B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.—Outside rooms, bath, excellent service. Apartment 3A.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 285.—Desirable room; elevator apartment; private family. Wolff.

Situations Wanted, Female

Twenty cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT and general office worker, neat, energetic, conscientious, desires position where ability is appreciated; 4 years' experience; moderate salary. A 296 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 7 years' experience, trial balance, controlling accounts; $15. A 290 Times Downtown.

COMPANION. — Lady, experienced, New Thought, will visit daily or occasionally lady or elderly gentleman; reference. A 53 Times Annex.

Situations Wanted, Female

Twenty cents an agate line.

DRESSMAKER. — Artistic, expert fitter; street, reception, evening gowns; remodels; home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. 1150 Circle.

DRESSMAKER, competent, French; reasonable; remodeling. 317 West 14th. Tel. Chelsea 7816.

GOVERNESS, German, French, some English; music; references. Phone 417 Harlem.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Capable assistant to executive; experienced and qualified for responsible position; stenographer; college education. K 101 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, (22,) American, neatly dressed, painstaking, trustworthy, 4 years' experience, capable mastering technical details, tenders her services reliable house; references; $10. G 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, (24,) 7 years' experience; educated, capable, good personality; executive ability; highest credentials; $18. N 352 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good appearance; takes fast dictation; neat and rapid typist; willing and obliging; $10. Mary Farley, Stenotype Co., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER, (21,) clean cut American, 5 years' experience; good speller, accurate, rapid transcription; standard operator; $12. N 336 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; well educated; eight years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; handle mail my own volition; $15. N 337 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience, thoroughly competent, neat worker, reliable; $12. A 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent; neat appearance; good references; salary $10. A 297 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, good education, thoroughly experienced, rapid and accurate; $15. A 277 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, familiar office work; good education; $12. A 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; 6 years' commercial experience; $15. K., Suite 314, 30 Church St., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, neat, rapid and accurate; familiar with office work; $8. A 281 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS.—Serving dinners, luncheons, card parties. 131 East 45th. Telephone 5121 Murray Hill.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1890.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKERS.—Experienced colored girls, excellent cooks; investigated references. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

COOKS, Chambermaids, Nurses, Couples, Chauffeurs, Butlers, Waitresses, Laundresses, &c. Excelsior Agency, 321 Madison Av., (42d St.) Murray Hill 3971.

COOKS, $30-$35; waitresses, chambermaids, nurses, houseworkers, (25;) untrained maid. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

COOKS, houseworkers, chambermaids, houseman. Campbell Agency, 45 East 42d St. Murray Hill 9339.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St., first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

White, colored, couples, houseworkers, waitresses, chambermaids. Bryant 9264. Noel, 841 6th Ave.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ABRAHAM & STRAUS, FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

DEPARTMENT OF WRAPPING. — Requires a number of girls over 16 years of age as parcel wrappers; come with proof of age. Apply to Superintendent, Department of Wrapping, subway floor, Central Building.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER.— A1; young woman of real ability and good experience for large corporation; high grade; if you are sure you are well qualified, write full details in implicit confidence. Address National, A 276 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; short hours; call between 8:30 and 9:30 A. M. L. S. Reische. 156 West St.

CAPABLE GIRL wanted for general housework; family two adults. Call Apt. 9D, The Letchworth, northwest corner Broadway and 160th St.

GIRL for machine shop; light office work; hours 9 to 5; must be over 17 years. E. V. Baillard Co., 18 Frankfort St., N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER.--Managing, working housekeeper wanted in University of Wisconsin professor's suburban country home; conveniences; charming location; simple life ideals; only those with domestic and refined motherly instincts need apply; a good home for the congenial person. X 223 Times Annex.

MAID; general houseworker; good plain cook. Mrs. Maddock, 315 West 79th St. 'Phone 3041 Schuyler.

MARKERS AND FITTERS ON BOYS' WASH SUITS. PIDDIAN & WORMSER, 826 BROADWAY.

MILLINERY trimmers, copyists, makers, preparers, apprentices; apply all week; steady position; Mme. Lichtenstein, 25 West 42d St., Room 624-625.

MODEL.—MUST BE YOUNG AND ATTRACTIVE. APPLY, 11 TO 1, VOGUE HAT CO., 15 WEST 44TH.

MODEL, 16 or 18, good appearance. Call immediately. Julius Pollack, 36 West 25th.

MOTHER'S HELPER wanted; full or half time; full particulars, or no attention paid. Address 212 Times Annex.

NURSE.—For 21 months old boy; not over 25 years; state experience, references, wages. K., P. O. Box 37, South Orange, N. J.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, without experience; good penman and accurate at figures. McKinley Music Company, 80 5th Av., corner 14th.

OFFICE NURSE, resident. Apply, 1 to 2 or 6 to 7, 448 West 34th St.

POCKETBOOKS. — Experienced helpers on card cases; must be able to turn in; steady positions for right party. Walcutt Brothers, 141 East 25th.

STENOGRAPHER.—Neat appearance, ambitious, diligent young lady stenographer of at least 2 years' experience; neither a fashion plate or clock watcher will be interested in this opening; a thinker is required; $10 to start; hours 9-5:30; secretarial possibility; 10 A. M. Mr. Mullaly, Country Life Permanent Exposition, Grand Central Terminal, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.—Advertising department, large corporation, Queensboro; education, tact, and broad stenographic experience absolutely essential; American, 22-24, preferred, and newspaper or printing experience will help; unusual opportunity for executive training, plus expert instruction in advertising is ofered; $15-$18 to start. Address, stating experience, Box A 57 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and OFFICE ASSISTANT; Christian firm; must be bright, intelligent, and expert at stenography; $18. L 72 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; must write well; permanent position; state full particulars. K 138 Times.

TWO WELL-EDUCATED WOMEN over 25; small salary to start. Write or call, Foundation Library Society. 225 5th Av.

YOUNG LADY, between 18 and 20; must be absolutely without office experience; we want an ambitious, high-bred girl with brains; one who has her mind on future opportunity and that it will pay to teach; must come from several generations of cultured, educated parents and have a genial, sunny disposition, good health, and attractive personality; if you can fulfill all these requirements communicate in your own hand writing, otherwise save your postage; this is a splendid opening for the right girl, but we are going to be absolutely sure of the right one before we waste time training her in the details of our business; salary at the start. $8 per week. Manufacturer, K 82 Times.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

CLERK, able to figure discounts, costs, &c.; also use typewriter, $12; stenographer, high school education, uptown position, $15; bookkeeper, with knowledge of stenography, must have good education, $18; typist, must do very accurate, quick work, $10; proofreader for downtown firm, $20. Call from 9 till 1, National Employment Exchange, 30 Church St.

BOOKKEEPER and STENOGRAPHER, (2) $18-$20; DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, $14; CLERKS, (3) $8-$15; STENOGRAPHERS, (10) $12-$18; TRANSLATOR, French, Spanish and German, must also be a stenographer and typewriter, $1,800 per annum. E. N. Carpenter Exchange, Singer Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, typists, bookkeepers, office assistants, dictaphone operators; numerous vacancies; experienced and beginners. Doyle Agency, Tribune Building.

Efficient Employment Exchange, Agency, 10 East 43d Street. Six clerks, $10; typists, $8-$10; stenographers, $8-$15; file clerks, $8-$15. Miss Budenbender, Prop.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

STENOGRAPHER, Wall St. experience, $12 to $15; stenographer with knowledge of bookkeeping, $10. Wall St. Clerical Agency, R. L. Lewis, Prop., 80 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, office assistants of unquestionable character and ability supplied. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Telephone Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers wanted for permanent positions. Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey St.

BOOKKEEPERS, stenographers, switchboard operators furnished. Fulton Stenographic Agency, 93 Nassau St.; 5051 Cortlandt.

STENOGRAPHER, Brooklyn, $25; others $15. Beginners $6. Call, Diehl Agency, 20 Vesey.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MISS CONKLIN'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOL. 17th year. Booklet on request. Removed from 7 West 42nd St. to Commercial Engineers' Building, 37 WEST 39TH STREET.

FILING.—Instruction in day, evening, and correspondence courses; demand for graduates exceeds supply. N. Y. School of Filing, Singer Building.

Situations Wanted, Male

Twenty cents an agate line.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANTS.—Open, close and systematize books; audits, financial statements; charges moderate. Commercial, 71 Wall St. Hanover 5049.

A. — ACCOUNTANT. — Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematised, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 5655.

ACCOUNTANT.—Experienced all lines; books opened, closed, systems installed; tax, financial statements; special arrangements with firms, corporations not employing permanent bookkeepers. Accountant, Room 502, 35 Nassau St. Tel. Cortlandt 8391.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR.—Installs systems; show your profits and expenses daily; business run like bank; leaks stopped immediately. Fleming, 56 East 42d St. Murray Hill 2696.

ACCOUNTANT, (28,) single; two years' experience; passed C. P. A. examination; available immediately. K 117 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS-AUDITORS.—Quality service; personal attention; reasonable rates. Cronin, 200 Fifth Av.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager last 5 years, desires change; A1 references. K 123 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, general office worker; Christian; four years' experience; $11. A 279 Times Downtown.

BARBER.—A first-class barber wishes position as a valet; best references furnished. H. Schmidt, 302 East 83d St.

BELGIAN REFUGEE, with wife and child, first violin Antwerp Opera, seeks greatly needed position, orchestra or restaurant. Henri de Rudder, 765 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, and office manager open for permanent position; 10 years' experience; highest credentials. Address employer, E. G., care Raymond, 507 West 113th. 8240 Morningside.

BOOKKEEPER, (35,) experienced, capable man, good correspondent, reliable office assistant, possessing desirable qualifications, desires permanent position. A 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, CASHIER.--Young man, highly recommended. 12 years' experience, desires position, clerical or anything. Reliable, 2,960 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, (32,) office manager; wide experience; well educated; highly recommended; character, ability. F. Howard Johnson, 203 7th Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough and capable; efficient typist; age 30; steady and temperate; references; trial balances, audits, systematizer. K 124 Times.

BUTLER—MAID.—Couple, (English,) butler and parlor maid; city preferred; competent people; highest references. K 141 Times.

CASHIER.—Man with good reference and ten years' experience as cashier in stock broker's office wishes position. K 135 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, with many years' experience, wants good position; references. Write L. Panzarella, care Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Phone Col. 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Competent, reliable colored man; 10 years' reference. Harris, 226 East 127th.

CHAUFFEUR, married, expert mechanic; 10 years' experience; strictly temperate; $25. Fletcher, 100 West 74th.

CHAUFFEUR, single, large experience, seeks position; city or country. K 89 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, (23,) own repairs; A1 references. Arrian, 560 West 165th.

CLERK.—Young, Christian; ledger clerk, general assistant; thorough experience; $10. A 280 Times Downtown.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 24, clerk, salesman, correspondent, wants post with assured future—forward-looking. K 127 Times.

COMPANION.—Young man of excellent education and good address, possessed of the necessary qualifications to make an agreeable and desirable companion, thoroughly experienced in the care of nervous disorders, highly indorsed by the foremost neurologists of America, open for engagement. Reliable, K 1 Times.

DEMONSTRATOR and salesman wishes position. Louis Gottschalk, 194 Middleton St., Brooklyn.

GENTLEMAN, 25, had own business in London, good business experience and ability, desires position any capacity; good correspondent; willing to travel; references. K 136 Times.

MANUFACTURERS' REPRESENTATIVE AND SALES MANAGER, competent to conduct district office and sales staff, seeks connection with reliable manufacturer for anthracite region; best reference. R. V. B., A 252 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN.

CAPABLE, HIGHLY COMPETENT, AND THOROUGHLY EFFICIENT OFFICE MAN, FULLY CONVERSANT WITH ALL CLERICAL DETAILS AND OF DECIDED GENERAL EXECUTIVE ABILITY, DESIRES TO CONNECT WITH LARGE MERCANTILE OR FINANCIAL FIRM. A 283 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE MANAGER AND CREDIT MAN, 15 years' experience, desires to make change, but only with reputable house where on proving ability advancement is assured; highest references and bond. A 260 Times Downtown.

PORTER.—Man, strictly good habits, wishes position as porter; don't drink, smoke, chew. J. B., 519 3d Av., store.

PROOFREADER.—Educated young man, experienced stenographer, desires position. A 259 Times Downtown.

RUSSIAN, (Hebrew,) speaking four languages, graduated gymnasium, high commercial academy, experienced in banking and mortgage business, wishes position; moderate salary; banking references. K 104 Times.

SALES MANAGER, experienced office systems, machinery; good selling record; employed. A 292 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—American, (28,) 8 years of selling experience throughout United States and Canada, thoroughly acquainted with wholesale and retail trade; at present a successful life insurance man, but desires to reenter the mercantile field in a city or road capacity. Ambitious, 295 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man (33) wishes to connect with good house, selling in city or traveling; have been employed by present company for several years. K 133 Times.

SALESMAN, 24, 5 years' selling woolens, at present employed, is desirous of change. K 73 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer; legal and commercial experience; office manager; excellent references. K 131 Times.

SHIPPER, PACKER, AND STOCK CLERK, —2 years' experience with large cloak and suit house; best references. K 122 Times.

SINGLE COLLEGE GRADUATE, 29 years of age, 10 years' experience farming, care of estates, handling of men; capable, honest; best of references. A 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, competent young man, 22, high school graduate; five years' varied experience; highest recommendations. K 79 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; high school education; fast dictation; transcribes rapidly and accurately; $12. Jacob Rubin, Stenotype Co., 220 West 42d St. Bryant 1318.

STENOGRAPHER and CORRESPONDENT, (24,) wide experience, wishes position offering future. L. A., Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert Spanish; 5 years' commercial experience. Silverman, 48 Essex St., city.

TEACHER Isaac Pitman shorthand; forceful worker; day, evening; moderate; references. K 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, wishes position with reliable concern; eight years' newspaper experience, desires to make change to manufacturing or commercial line as salesman or bookkeeper; best of reference from present employer. A 55 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 7 years' practical business experience, competent stenographer, proficient at figures, unquestionable references, desires position. A 263 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) neat, desires position with chance of advancement; knowledge of bookkeeping; will do anything. A 302 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced salesman, driver, shipping, receiving, packer; reference; security; $12. G 282 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted Male

Twenty cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) neat penman, accurate at figures, desires position. A 234 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, with three years' business experience, desires position; references. K 125 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, knowledge bookkeeping, seeks clerical position. Protter, 1,685 1st Av.

YOUNG MAN (22) desires active position, reliable firm. C. K., 2,960 3d Av.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT. — MANAGING ACCOUNTANT FOR LARGE FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; ABLE TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF WORK, INTERVIEW CLIENTS, &c. A 299 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT.—THOROUGHLY CAPABLE SENIOR WANTED BY LARGE FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. A 298 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ACCOUNTANT for certified public accountant's staff, senior accountant who is thoroughly experienced in stock broker's accounts. X 226 Times Annex.

A CIRCULATION MAN wanted for a magazine; salary and liberal commission; good earnings for a wide-awake man. Write to A 56 Times Annex at once, giving credentials and experience.

A DRAUGHTSMAN wanted with engineering experience to order material from blue prints; prefer one with shipbuilding training and able to read drawings correctly; state salary. Reply P. O. Box 157, Bridgeport, Conn.

AUTOMATIC SCREW MACHINE OPERATORS, experienced. Apply, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

BOYS, in office of large mercantile establishment offering opportunity to learn business; good future for bright boys; must be well educated, of good address, and ambitious; give information regarding age, nationality, education, experience, &c. L 73 Times.

BOY, over 18, strong, familiar with shipping, to work in office; neat appearance and bright; give references and salary wanted. G 280 Times Downtown.

BOY who wants to learn Stock Exchange business; good opportunity for one who is eager to learn and anxious for advancement. Apply Room 1,052, 120 Broadway.

BOYS, must be over 16, for office work; good promotions for the right boys; apply 9:30 A. M. Western Electric Co., Inc., 463 West St.

BOY wanted in downtown law office; boy of 16 years or upward; salary $5 or more. A 295 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, selling and buying; moderate experience required; excellent opportunity and future for energetic man; early hours necessary; factory experience, Long Island City; packing house experience helpful; salary. L 71 Times.

DRAFTSMEN wanted; one experienced in factory lighting and wiring; also one mechanical draftsman of several years' experience. Reply, giving full particulars, age, and salary expected, The Moulton Engineering Corporation. New Haven, Conn.

DRAUGHTSMAN wanted, familiar with refrigerating works preferred. Shipley Construction & Supply Co., Columbia and Warren Sts., Brooklyn.

DRAUGHTSMEN, experienced in tools, jigs, and fixtures. Apply, Mergenthaler Linotype Co., 24 Ryerson St., Brooklyn.

DRUGGISTS.—Larimore & Co., chemists, No. 1 West 46th St., want several good men; must have first class references. Apply at once.

INTELLIGENT BOY in office of woolen commission house. Woolens, K 72 Times.

MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN, junior, experienced in designing of small motors and generators, interchangeable parts, familiar with metric system.

Apply in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary, under "Generator," X 221 Times Annex.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN, with designing experience on electrical apparatus; also men with designing experience on apparatus in other lines. Address Chief Clerk, Engineering Department Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co., East Pittsburgh, Penn.

MECHANICS FOR GREAT BRITAIN.—TURNERS, FITTERS, COPPERSMITHS, and BRASS FINISHERS accustomed to heavy engines; must be union men and British subjects or American citizens of British extraction. Address G. B., P. O. Box 822 New York City.

MESSENGER AND TELEPHONE OPERATOR, about 20 years old; hours, 8 A. M. until 6 P. M. one week, 12 noon until 10 P. M. alternate week; salary, $26 monthly, with meals and laundry; references required. Call after 9 A. M., Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th.

SALES MANAGER.—One thoroughly familiar with dairy bottling conditions and who can take full charge of sales end of a new sanitary cap for milk bottles. Address Saniseal, G 285 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED, TO HANDLE VARIETY OF EASY SELLING L. I. PROPERTIES. GOOD LEADS AND OPPORTUNITY TO RIGHT MEN FOR BIG MONEY. COMMISSION. THE HOUSE & HOME CO., 5 HANSON PL., BROOKLYN.

SALESMAN wanted; an experienced salesman for work in California for first-class lithographic house; must have had experience in fine offset color work such as booklets, folders, menu and post-cards, and knowledge of paper and be able to make his own estimates on the work; either commission or salary. Reply immediately in writing, stating age and experience, to Benj. Prince, 122 East 25th St.

SALESMAN (indoor) and stock clerk in women's wear department of large wholesale house; not required to work Saturdays; must have years of experience. Address, stating age, experience, references, and salary expected, G 284 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—High-grade, well-educated specialty salesmen; references required; territory assigned; leads furnished; commission basis. Encyclopedia Britannica Corp., 126 West 32d St. Inquire for Mr. Troth.

SALESMAN and buyer wanted by cloak and suit manufacturer on ready-made garments and piece goods; experience, reliability essential; salary or commission. L 65 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for New England and N. Y. State to sell ladies' suits, $16-$40; also man may carry side line of coats or dresses; salary or commission. L 67 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, for the city, to handle attractive line of ribbon; those controlling trade preferred; commission. X 224 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted, experience in French underwear, in New England States; commission basis. Badran Bros., 55 Broadway.

SALESMAN, to call office trade, good line popular-priced dresses; commission. D. and E. Dress Company, 151 West 25th.

SALESMAN.—Man of neat appearance as city salesman; good commission. Fifth floor, 6 Church St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced male stenographer wanted capable of readily translating Spanish into English; state age, experience, and salary expected. G 278 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Wanted, teacher of German, during the day; must have college degree and classroom experience. Address, with particulars, X 227 Times Annex.

WANTED. Manager for Crayfish cannery in South Africa; must thoroughly understand the processes of canning fish and have first-hand knowledge latest methods making cans; excellent opening and good remuneration for suitable applicant. Address Trube, 6 Hanover St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN of good calibre to join engineer company commanded by officers from United States Engineer Corps; facilities for every sport and chance for instructive study unexcelled; for particulars apply to Recruiting Committee, Company G, 22d Engineers, 168th St. and Broadway.

YOUNG BOYS Wanted. — Several bright young boys for office and stock rooms, between 16 and 18 years. Revillon Freres, 26 West 35th St.

Employment Agencies.

Fifty cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT executive to work under direction; machine shop experience preferred. Pace Agency for Placement, Inc., 30 Church St.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

MEN.—Earn $25 to $75 weekly in a professional trade with the greatest possibilities; learned quickly in spare time; no book study. The ONLY School of Mechanical Dentistry Licensed by the Regents. Write for Book "B," The Dentists' Laboratories, 25 W. 45th.

MEN, EARN $1,300 to $4,000 YEARLY. We teach you in 3 months. Great demand. Original School of Mechanical Dentistry. 20 years older than all others. Est. 1892. Note date. Bodee's Dental Trade School, 17 W. 44th.

SHORTHAND EVENING SPEED CLUB, law stenography, secretarial, and all commercial subjects. DAY AND EVENING. Merchants & Bankers' Business School, Madison Av., at 58th St. S. C. Estey, Principal.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR; pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

Learn photography, motion picture, art and commercial; earn $25 to $100 weekly; easy terms. New York Institute of Photography, 1,269 B'way.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line. Count six words to a line. Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Lady's open face gold watch, "M. L. W." on back, jade fob attached, while walking from 646 Park Av. to 38th St., to Madison Av., to Cushman's Bakery, 39th St. and Madison Av. Suitable reward for return to 48 East 49th St., between 5 and 6 P. M.

LOST or stolen from wagon in 7th Av., between 32d and 39th Sts., Jan. 15, red sample case containing baby coats. Liberal reward if returned to Isidor Stark, 244 West 23d St. No questions asked.

LOST—Tuesday morning at Oppenheim-Collins or 6th Av. "L" between 33d and Chambers St., small black velvet purse containing gold coin and jewelry; liberal reward. Barclay 6532.

LOST.—Diamond bar pin, platinum setting, Tuesday, St. Nicholas Av., 147th to Broadway subway, 145th to Riverside and 97th, reward. Hess, 261 Broadway. Barclay 7194.

LOST—On Wednesday, on 68th St., or on Madison Av., between 68th and 84th Sts., a silver mesh bag. Finder please return to 1,125 Madison Av. and receive reward.

LOST.—Diamond ring, sapphire centre, between Hotel Knickerbocker and 108th St.; reward. Friedman, 204 West 108th St.

LOST—Sunday morning, black onyx pin with three pearls set in gold; reward. Phone 1756 R, Hoboken.

LOST.—Broadway car, Tuesday evening, package pink silk underwear; reward. K 126 Times.

LOST—Earring, 2 diamonds, set platinum, subway or vicinity Biltmore. Columbus 5944.

LOST—Sunday night, black velvet Bag. Return 315 East 62d. Rovira. 1321—Plaza.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN. Stearns, 8 cy., 1916, limousine, motor 3,180, car 10,002; N. Y. license Y-3,086; car and upholstery dark green; all Firestone tires, non-skid in rear; stolen Jan. 18, 11:45 P. M., from southwest corner 66th St., and Broadway, Manhattan. Communicate with E. B. HOPWOOD, 55 John St., New York. Tel. John 3796.

REWARD.—Vicinity Madison Av., 52d, gold mesh bag, platinum stripes; small diamonds, square sapphires in top; name, "Ella Hartford, New York City," on inside; no questions asked. 500 Madison Av., Plaza 8664.

REWARD.—Gold watch, long chain; glass; monogram L. F. M.; vicinity Riverside, Broadway, 111th. Apartment 7C, 420 Riverside Drive.

$20 REWARD for the return of diamond pear-shaped earloop, lost Monday morning, about 11:30, on 5th Av., between 46th and 45th Sts., west side of avenue. Dreicer & Co., 560 5th Av.

$75 REWARD For button-shaped pearl earring with diamond on top, lost Saturday evening, 20th St. and 2d Av., and taxi to East 51st. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. at 48th St.

$50 REWARD for return to office Ritz-Carlton Hotel velvet bag, lost on Jan. 12 on Madison Av., containing gold watch and other articles.

Found.

FOUND—Lady's silver watch. Apply Brooks, 463 West 159th, evenings, 7 to 8.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

LARGE RETAIL CLOTHING STORE SEEKS MANUFACTURER CO-OPERATION.

Firm with assured outlet for men's popular-priced clothing in excess of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS ANNUALLY is seeking, under a reorganization, direct manufacturer cooperation and assistance in certain direction. Correspondence solicited from large manufacturers who would be interested in securing the entire volume, with proper protection for the account. Address X 222 Times Annex.

IMPORTER whose business has been greatly restricted because of war conditions is seeking additional lines, foreign or domestic; will consider only meritorious proposition that will stand investigation. The right people can get best facilities and necessary financing. Answer by letter only, in confidence. Importer, 87 Gold St.

Works manufacturing important and interesting specialty, with trial orders from foreign Governments in hand, requires $10,000 to develop; security and 40 per cent. share in business given; fine chance for investor to connect with important industry. A 54 Times Annex.

ACTIVE AMERICAN wanted as Treasurer of successful specialty company operating nationally; sales experience and willingness to travel preferred; investment of $3,000 required; proof of your ability necessary. L. A. Hunton, 1,323 Broadway.

Factory sites in Montreal, on river and canal front; best rail and water shipping facilities. Particulars, R. R. Pratt, 1,615 46th St., Brooklyn, or L. G. Dorais, 315 Transportation Building, Montreal, Canada.

A KNOWN LINGUIST wishes connections where his knowledge and experience of Latin American countries, language, and people may be advantageously employed; interview requested. K 140 Times.

Prosperous manufacturing business desires Treasurer; Dun's, Bradstreet's references; investment required. Z 349 Times Annex.

SALES LADY, experienced, wanted for retail ladies' ready-to-wear shop as partner, with $1,000 to $1,500 cash investment; no agents. A 300 Times Downtown.

PARTNER Wanted.—Exceptional opportunity to locate with established money-making business; partner retiring; reference. Certified, A 301 Times Downtown.

Young man with capital desires to invest same by acquiring an interest in profitable business; must be first class; principals only. G 281 Times Downtown.

Well-known candy manufacturers, having one of the biggest orders ever given in New York, require capital; could use a live man. X 220 Times Annex.

UNLIMITED CAPITAL TO INVEST in a first-class, established business; have 15 years' successful business experience. A 287 Times Annex.

Advertiser wants bookkeeper with three to five thousand dollars to invest in the business; exceptional opportunity. A 225 Times Downtown.

Entire or part interest, (full control,) growing, prosperous trade weekly for sale; splendid opportunity; investigate; sound. K 66 Times.

Well-known bakery-restaurants, about to open other branches in the city, requires capital; could use live man. X 219 Times Annex.

Energetic business man will buy interest in legitimate business that will stand strict investigation. A 289 Times Downtown.

Capable business man with capital seeks active interest manufacturing business. A 293 Times Downtown.

Increased business necessitates capital; will sell third interest manufacturing, $2,000. K 132 Times.

Have money and service to invest in established bathrobe business. Max Goodman, 2,313 Surf Av., Coney Island, N. Y.

PARTNER Wanted.—Experienced salesman on dresses; money necessary. L 75 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents per agate line.

Business Loans.

Money advanced on accounts. Liberal Trading Co., H. Kornreich, 51 Chambers St. Worth 360.

Printing and Multigraphing.

MULTIGRAPH TYPEWRITTEN LETTERS, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $8.50; addressing, filling-in, folding, mailing. Knickerbocker Multigraphing Co., 72 Trinity Place; Rector 5294.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

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ROYAL SNUFFBOXES IN E. C. POST ESTATE

One the Gift of Louis XVI. to the Secretary of Benjamin Franklin.

GIVEN TO WIDOW FOR LIFE

At Her Death Most of the Testator's Art Collection Is to Go to the Metropolitan Museum.

The estate of Edward C. Post, appraised at a net valuation of $298,476, includes among other things a Louis XVI. enameled snuffbox, which was presented by the Monarch to Colonel Laurens, Secretary to Benjamin Franklin, according to the report filed in the office of the State Controller yesterday by Transfer Tax Appraiser Kopp. The box is appraised at $600. It was bequeathed to the widow, Mrs. Florence Post, for life, and then to the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

Various art objects, &c., including the box, were appraised at a total valuation of $2,735. They were left to the museum on the death of the widow, who received the rest of the estate. The articles and their appraised valuations included a fifteenth century bronze, $200; a pair of Louis XVI. candelabra, $100; two silver gilt Charles II. frames, $100; two square-shaped Chinese vases, $200; an engraved Louis XVI. snuffbox, $250; two Mennecey jars and covers, $100; Sèvres server and basin, $100; an oil painting, "La Toilette," $150, and a water color by Van Ostede, $100.

The following articles were bequeathed to the widow to dispose of during her lifetime, but not by will: two Chinese porcelain and bronze mounted vases, $100; a sixteenth century marble bust, $100; six ivory miniatures by Klingstett, appraised at $120; a gold enameled George III. snuffbox, $500; four bands of Flemish tapestry, $200; a seventeenth century Flemish verdure tapestry, $500; two Chantilly jars and covers, $100, all of which were appraised at a total valuation of $11,008.

The realty owned by Mr. Post consisted of the residence at 350 West End Avenue, appraised at $38,000, and a half interest amounting to $22,000 in 353 Greenwich Street. The bank deposits amounted to $2,834, while the stocks and bonds were appraised in the aggregate at $284,537, of which $27,250 worth were New York State canal bonds and New York City corporate stock.

BAR GETS HISTORIC TABLE.

Mrs. Cox Also Leaves Relics of Judge Duane to Trinity Church.

The will of Mrs. Maria Duane Bleecker Cox, filed for probate yesterday, disposed of an estate in excess of $100,000 and made among others, the following bequests: To the Bar Association of New York, a mahogany table which belonged to her great-great-grandfather, James Duane, who was the first judge of the First District Court; a large silver bowl to Trinity Church in memory of Judge Duane and a silver sugar bowl and cream pitcher, to the New York Historical Society, the pitcher to be inscribed with the name of Samuel Jones, another great-great-grandfather of the testatrix, who was the first Recorder and first Controller of New York.

Mrs. Cox's interest in 58 West Ninth Street was bequeathed to her husband, Wilmot Townsend Cox, who was made the residuary legatee.

The instrument provided that Mrs. Cox's interest in the estate of her late cousin, Maria Brinckerhoff Pumpelly, be apportioned as follows: $3,000 each to the testatrix's sister, Mrs. Cornelia Jones Chadwick, and her husband, Rear Admiral French Ensor Chadwick, and $1,000 to the Colonial Dames of the State of New York. The latter bequest was to be used exclusively for the publication of manuscripts and documents relating to the Dutch occupation and the English Government of New York, the Dutch period and the South River provinces, down to the year 1800. The fund is to be known as the Cornelia Jones Miller Fund, in memory of the decedent's mother, a charter member of the Colonial Dames. In her house in West Ninth Street the Dames held their first meeting.

There was a further provision that the remainder of this interest should go to a niece, Cornelia Stansbury Miller of Verona, N. J. John Bleecker Miller of Verona, a brother, was to receive a life interest in realty in this city and in Utica, N. Y.

Hunt Cobbler's Hoarded Wealth.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 19.—John Yule, owner of the building at 329 Straight Street, and his counsel, Louis Grunauer, will within the next day or two make a thorough search of the old building in the expectation of finding considerable money hidden in it. In preparation for the search Mr. Yule has taken out letters of administration of the estate of James Eastwood, who for many years conducted a cobbler shop in the building. Mr. Yule said he had often seen Eastwood counting money and remonstrated with him for not keeping the money in bank. Eastwood replied he had no faith in banks.

WRITER GOING BLIND TAKES HER OWN LIFE

Dora Knowlton Ranous Tells of Dread of "Blackest Misery" in Note to Dr. Johnson.

WON FAME AS TRANSLATOR

Once a Member of Augustin Daly's Company, but Gained Chief Distinction in Literature.

Haunted by fear of blindness and a third paralytic stroke, Mrs. Dora Knowlton Ranous, a writer and translator, committed suicide yesterday morning with gas in her room at 246 West 103d Street. In a note to Dr. Rossiter Johnson, of 2 West Ninety-fifth Street, Mrs. Ranous said she had no one to care for her and that "the blackest misery" was before her.

Mrs. Caroline Viall, owner of the boarding house where Mrs. Ranous lived, smelled gas at about 9 o'clock and traced it to the writer's door. Patrolmen Ciaffa and Pryor were called, and broke down the door. The room was full of gas, coming through a tube from a chandelier, and the windows and door cracks were stuffed with cotton.

Dr. Mills of Knickerbocker Hospital was called. He brought a pulmotor and worked with it for nearly an hour in an effort to restore Mrs. Ranous, but in vain. The physician said she probably had not been dead long.

On her dresser lay a bank book of the Union Square Savings Bank, showing a balance of $207, about $25 in bills and the letter to Dr. Johnson, in which Mrs. Ranous said:

> I am so weary of my broken life. With prospects of worse to come, I cannot endure it any longer. I long for peace and rest. I will try to find again, if it is possible, my own dear daughter, Alice. I think Mr. Chubb [her son-in-law] will help pay the funeral expenses if the little that I have left is not sufficient. God will not be angry with me. I have confessed everything to Him. He knows how much I can bear, and must know that I can bear no more. My eyes are failing me, and the blackest misery is ahead of me. There is no one to take care of me. Don't reproach me, but say a kind word for your friend.

In a postscript Mrs. Ranous asked that a photograph of her daughter, Alice, be placed on her breast and buried with her. The daughter, who was Mrs. Chubb, is dead. Mr. Ranous died some years ago. The dead woman's only relative is a granddaughter, Catherine Alice Chubb, 11 years old, of Bensonhurst.

Dr. Johnson said that Mrs. Ranous had been suffering from melancholia since her discharge from St. Luke's Hospital about two weeks ago. She was taken to the hospital following a paralytic stroke, and at the same time she suffered greatly from eye trouble.

Mrs. Ranous had attained distinction as a translator of French and Italian literature. Early in her career she translated the works of de Maupassant and Flaubert. Her other translations included a twenty volume edition of "The Immortals," French fiction, published with the sanction of the French Academy. With Dr. Johnson she edited and translated "The Literature of Italy," including d'Annunzio's "The Flame" and Matilde Serao's "The Conquest of Rome." She also translated de Maupassant's complete works for the Pearson Publishing Company. She is said to have done more than any American translator to popularize French and Italian literature in this country.

In her early years Mrs. Ranous was a member of Augustin Daly's company and played with John Drew and Ada Rehan. Recently she published "The Diary of a Daly Débutante," written during her career on the stage. She also wrote "Good English in Good Form." With Dr. Johnson she edited "The Authors' Digest," in twenty volumes, for the Authors' Press.

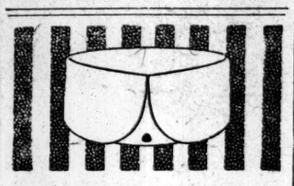
Mrs. Ranous was born at Ashfield, Mass. She was educated by private tutors there and in Packer Institute, Brooklyn. Her first literary work was editing educational text books, and at the same time she contributed to Appleton's Annual Cyclopedia and the Criterion Magazine. She married in May, 1881, William V. Ranous of New York, a stage manager.

Samuel D. Chubb, whose first wife was Mrs. Ranous's daughter, is manager for the McCall Company, publishers, at 236 West Thirty-seventh Street. He said that Mrs. Ranous's death was a great shock to him, and he declared that her wishes would be carefully carried out.

Robert Underwood Johnson, formerly the editor of The Century Magazine, in a brief tribute to the service of Mrs. Ranous, said:

"Mrs. Dora Ranous was one of my editorial assistants for about two years. She was one of the most intelligent and scholarly women I have ever known, having a fine sense of style and the very highest literary and ethical standards. Mrs. Ranous was a person not only of excellent literary judgment, but of great personal refinement and dignity.

"I am sorry I did not know of her illness and of her needs. Her death affords another instance, of which we have so many from time to time, of the desirability of the establishment of some sort of provision for literary and artistic workers against the accidents and emergencies of life."



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PACIFISTS CAN'T FIND $200,000 FORD GIFT

Leaders of Women's Committee Ask Mme. Schwimmer for Promised Funds.

BITTER OVER NON-PAYMENT

Miss Addams's Advice to Her Followers Not to Join Expedition Also Is Resented.

From a Staff Correspondent.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 20.—On the eve of a hurried departure of Henry Ford peace delegates, some of the International Women's Committee for Permanent Peace are trying to find out from Mme. Roszika Schwimmer where is the reputed $200,000 gift from Mr. Ford which she promised, but did not deliver. In this connection more causes for the cold reception of the Ford party are appearing, one of which is that it was seemingly disowned by Miss Jane Addams, President of the committee and recently chosen permanent delegate of the Ford Peace Conference.

Miss Addams enlisted to join the Ford pilgrimage, and when she was prevented by illness it was reported repeatedly in the party that she had given assurances of her intention to come to The Hague as soon as her health allowed. Now it is said by Dr. Aletta Jacobs, Vice President of the committee, and it is not denied, that Miss Christal MacMillan, its Secretary, admitted in the committee's official publication having received a cablegram from Miss Addams on Dec. 20, advising the Women's Committee to stay away from the Ford party in the circumstances.

The committee's offices in Amsterdam were about to close for lack of funds when, on Nov. 20, Mme. Schwimmer cabled from New York that Mr. Ford had given $200,000 for the work of the committee, $50,000 of which she would send at once for administrative expenses, the disposition of the rest to be decided after a conference. The committee, greatly elated, wired to members in all countries that their work could go on, and the central office spent several thousand dollars, expecting to recover from Mr. Ford, but repeated queries sent to Mme. Schwimmer while the Ford party was at sea, and in Scandinavia elicited no response.

Jeanne van Lanschot Hubrecht, the committee's Treasurer, finding the cupboard bare, resigned, expressing doubt that the expected money would ever be delivered. Other officers, with the prospect of paying a deficit, buttonholed Mme. Schwimmer on her arrival at The Hague, but she was silent. Finally she declared that she no longer was connected with the committee, having resigned when in America. When it was pointed out by Dr. Jacobs that no resignation ever had been received, Mme. Schwimmer wrote one, thenceforth dismissing the question. In the present situation Dr. Jacobs and Rosa Manus, Assistant Secretary of the committee, seeing bills unpaid, are bitter toward Mme. Schwimmer, who was supported by Miss MacMillan.

This afternoon Mrs. Frederick Holt, hearing a rumor that Dr. Jacobs was consulting a lawyer on the prospect of holding Mme. Schwimmer in Holland, came from The Hague to Amsterdam and succeeded in delaying legal action. It is said that Mr. Ford's friends feel that Mme. Schwimmer's influence is so strong that attempts to break it are useless, and under Gaston Plantiff's viziership there is no chance that she can get $200,000.

When the Ford expedition, with its nature not understood in Europe, was approaching Norway, Scandinavian adherents of the Women's committee wired to the Amsterdam office for instructions on its attitude. The Amsterdam office wired to Miss Addams. For a long time there was no reply, but finally, on the day Mr. Ford landed, Miss Addams sent a cable to Dr. Jacobs which, according to the latter, read:

"Keep distinct from Ford expedition."

The Scandinavians meanwhile were not instructed, and were hesitant. Dutch women were reluctant to greet the party, and it was not till the day before the pilgrims' arrival in Holland, according to Dr. Jacobs, that Miss Addams cabled, expressing personal sympathy with the Ford movement, but advising the committee as such to hold aloof, as advocating a different kind of mediation. One week later the Ford pacifists elected Miss Addams a delegate. All this is partly responsible for the coldness of the Dutch pacifists, which is in marked contrast with the attitude of Stockholm and even of Copenhagen. Also, peace is the standard industry in The Hague, as automobile making is in Detroit, so the new competitor finds the field full. So the delegates are getting German vises today preparatory to their return to Stockholm, despite the color thus lent to a suspicion of pro-Germanism, which seemed to be unfounded, at least among the rank and file.

ADVOCATED FORMAL VOTE.

Miss Addams's Message to Committee About Ford Party.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 19.—The full text of Miss Jane Addams's cable to Dr. Aletta Jacobs, Vice President of the Women's Peace Committee, was:

Think we should not count the "International Committee of Women for Permanent Peace" with the Ford expedition until we have a formal vote of the full committee. I hope very much that individuals will decide to co-operate with the Ford enterprise as I have done from the beginning.

Miss Addams explained that her cable was prompted only by the fact that the International Committee represented twelve different countries, and that she felt a formal vote of the committee as a whole was out fair.

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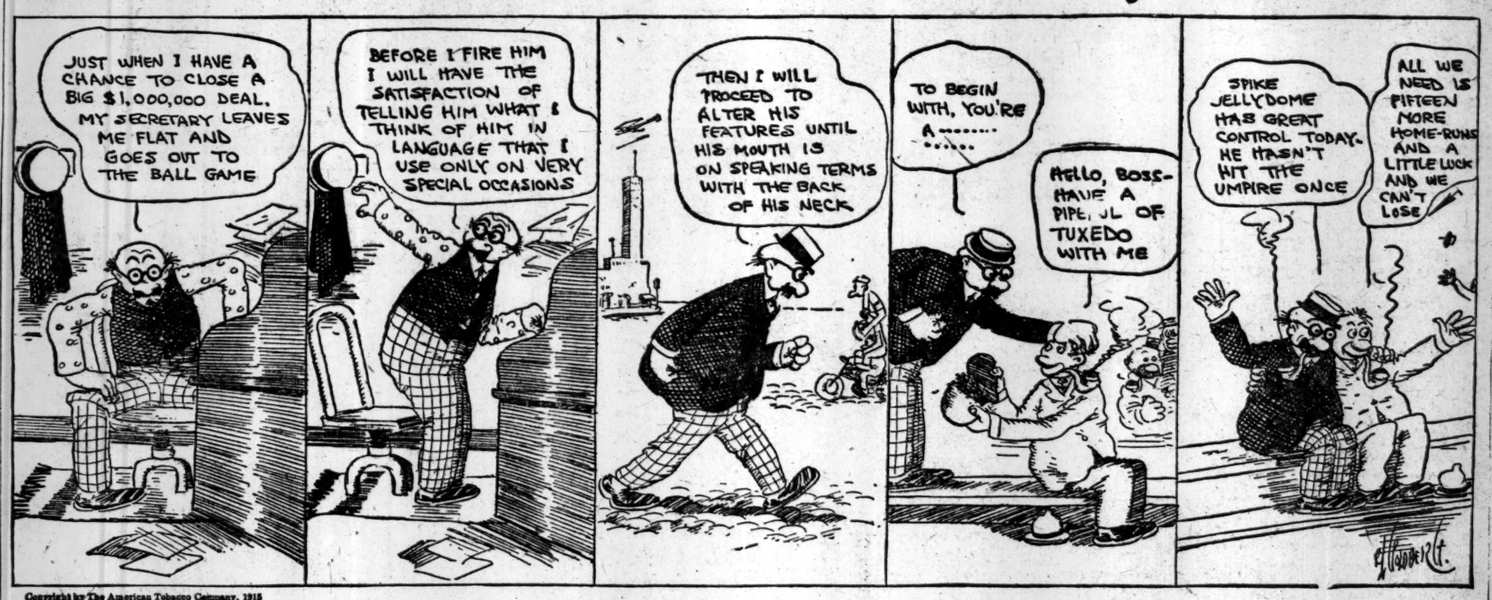
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